
Železniške naprave - Zgornji ustroj - Prekovane prehodne tirnice

Railway applications - Track - Forged rail transitions

Bahnanwendungen - Oberbau - Geschmiedete Schienenübergänge

Applications ferroviaires - Voie - Rails forgés

Ta slovenski standard je istoveten z: EN 16273:2014

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ICS:

45.080

Tračnice in železniški deli

Rails and railway
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Railway applications - Track - Forged rail transitions

Applications ferroviaires - Voie - Rails forgés

Bahnanwendungen - Oberbau - Geschmiedete
Schienenübergänge

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 25 October 2014.

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EN 16273:2014 (E)**Foreword**

This document (EN 16273:2014) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 256 “Railway applications”, the secretariat of which is held by DIN.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by June 2015 and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by June 2015.

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Introduction

This European Standard has three main topics:

- requirements of a forged part;
- procedure approval;
- forged rail production following approval.

This European Standard satisfies the needs of the railway authority and the manufacturer should achieve the specified requirements of this standard.

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1 Scope

This European Standard specifies the requirements for the approval of a process wherein a rail of one profile has part of its length forged to a different profile, together with the requirements for subsequent forging production and product acceptance.

This European Standard applies to new railway rails according to EN 13674-1, and to switch and crossing rails used in conjunction with railway rails 46 kg/m and above according to EN 13674-2, to be welded or fish plated to make up switch rails or transition rails intended for use on railway infrastructures.

2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

EN 13232-5:2005+A1:2011, *Railway applications – Track – Switches and crossings – Part 5: Switches*

EN 13674-1:2011, *Railway applications – Track – Rail – Part 1: Vignole railway rails 46 kg/m and above*

EN 13674-2, *Railway applications – Track – Rail – Part 2: Switch and crossing rails used in conjunction with Vignole railway rails 46 kg/m and above*

EN ISO 3452-1, *Non-destructive testing – Penetrant testing – Part 1: General principles (ISO 3452-1)*

EN ISO 9934 (all parts), *Non-destructive testing – Magnetic particle testing (ISO 9934)*

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3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

3.1

manufacturer

company that produces forged switch and transition rails

3.2

purchaser

buyer of the forged switch or transition rails

3.3

railway infrastructure

permanent way of national or private railways

3.4

specimen

portion detached from a forged rail transition and prepared as required for testing

3.5

profile finishing

operation by which the rail or relevant part of the component is returned to required profile

Note 1 to entry: This operation can be by grinding, milling, planing or any other suitable means.

3.6**finished condition**

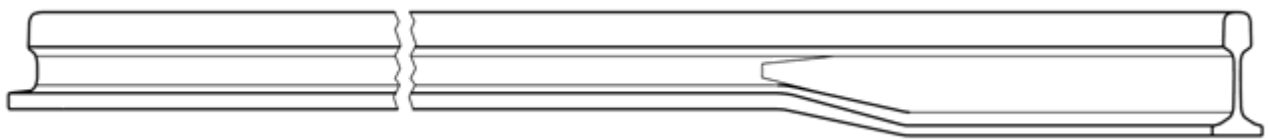
finished component

3.7**railway authority (RA)**

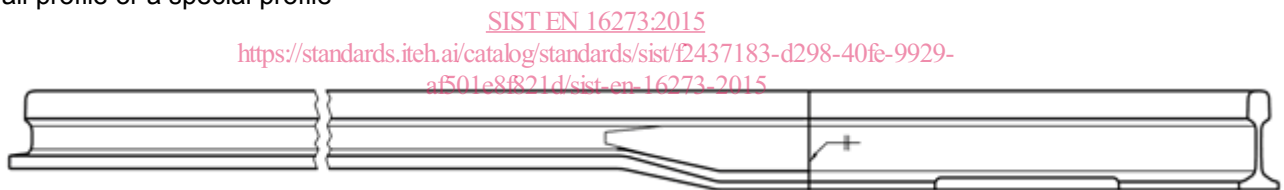
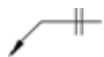
either the railway regulator or the owner of the railway infrastructure or the custodian with a delegated responsibility for a railway infrastructure

3.8**forged switch rail – flexible switch rail**

the switch rail in the movable area of the switch is made of one profile only. This can be either a standard rail profile or a special profile

**Figure 1 — Forged switch rail – flexible switch rail****3.9****forged switch rail – spring rail switch – rail**

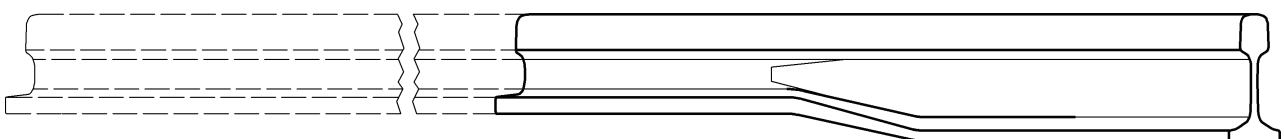
the switch rail in the movable area of the switch is made of two different profiles. The transition and the weld between one to the other profile takes place in the movable part of the switch rail and can be either a standard rail profile or a special profile

**key**

Flash butt weld

Figure 2 — Forged switch rail – spring rail switch – rail**3.10****forged switch rail – forged part**

the forged part is the end section of a switch rail with the transition. It is made of one profile only

**Figure 3 — Forged switch rail – forged part**

3.11**forged transition rail**

part of a symmetrical vignole rail profile 1 forged to another symmetrical vignole rail profile 2

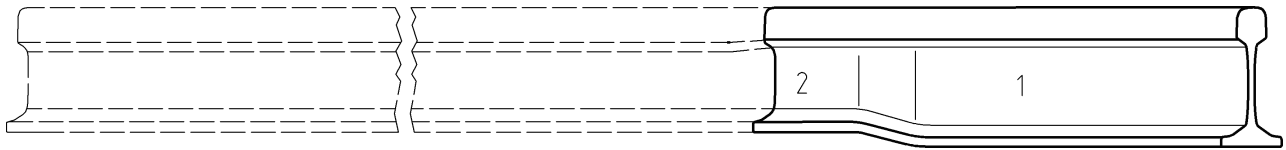


Figure 4 — Forged transition rail

3.12**forged rail transition**

a rail of one profile having part of its length forged to a different profile. A rail with an asymmetrical profile forged to a symmetrical profile is a forged switch rail (see 3.8, 3.9 and 3.10). A rail with a symmetrical profile forged to another symmetrical profile is termed a forged transition rail (see 3.11)

3.13**heat affected zone (HAZ)**

part of the rail heated to a temperature affecting the hardness

4 Information to be supplied for approval

4.1 By the purchaser

The following information shall be supplied by the purchaser, agreed with the manufacturer and shall be fully documented:

- the initial and final rail profiles, length of the switch rail or transition rail and geometrical requirements of the rail transition;
- the rail grade;
- the profile class of the rail leg-end extension as specified in EN 13674-1 and EN 13674-2.

4.2 By the manufacturer

The following information shall be supplied by the manufacturer, agreed with the purchaser and shall be fully documented:

- a drawing of the switch or transition rail.

5 Approval of the manufacturer

The manufacturer shall operate an independently approved quality assurance system or an other quality assurance system accepted by the purchaser.

6 Requirements for the forging process

6.1 General

All heating, forging, cooling and dressing shall be carried out in a controlled process.

6.2 Forging parameters

The forging process and any post heat treatment, including the working ranges, shall be determined during procedural trials. Once approval has been granted they shall not be changed without prior purchaser approval.

The parameters shall be monitored and checked against approval limits. These records shall be referenced to the relevant products.

6.3 Post heat treatment

Post heating or controlled post cooling may be required and shall in such case be monitored.

6.4 Profile finishing

The finishing shall be carried out in the longitudinal direction using machining and optionally additional grinding. The roughness limit shall be maximum 6,3 Ra.

The profile finishing shall not cause any thermal or mechanical damage. The rail profile in the wheel contact area shall be maintained during profile finishing.

The profile finishing shall not end in the zone S (see Figure 8).

6.5 Cutting to length

The switch rails shall be cut square, in accordance with Table 9 in EN 13674-1:2011, to the requested length. Burrs shall be removed from all edgings. Flame cutting is not allowed for the final cut.

6.6 Identification

The identification shall permit traceability to production records. Every forged rail blank shall be encoded by:

- the sign of the manufacturer;
- the year of manufacturing;
- the identification number for the forged part.

The identification shall permit the traceability of the product for at least the guarantee period.

7 Procedure approval

7.1 General

Procedure approval tests shall be done for the production of switch and transition rails by the manufacturer as described in chapter 7 of this standard. For grade R260 rails, approval is granted by grade (not per profile). For grade R350HT rails, approval is granted by grade (not per profile) and by rail manufacturer.

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Procedure approval shall be carried out by testing samples produced in accordance with this standard; the samples shall be representative of those carried out in production. One failure during the approval tests described in 7.4 and 7.5 involves the rejection of the approval.

Refer to 7.7 for re-qualification requirements.

7.2 Test specimen preparation

The test specimens shall be produced and inspected by the same method used for production pieces.

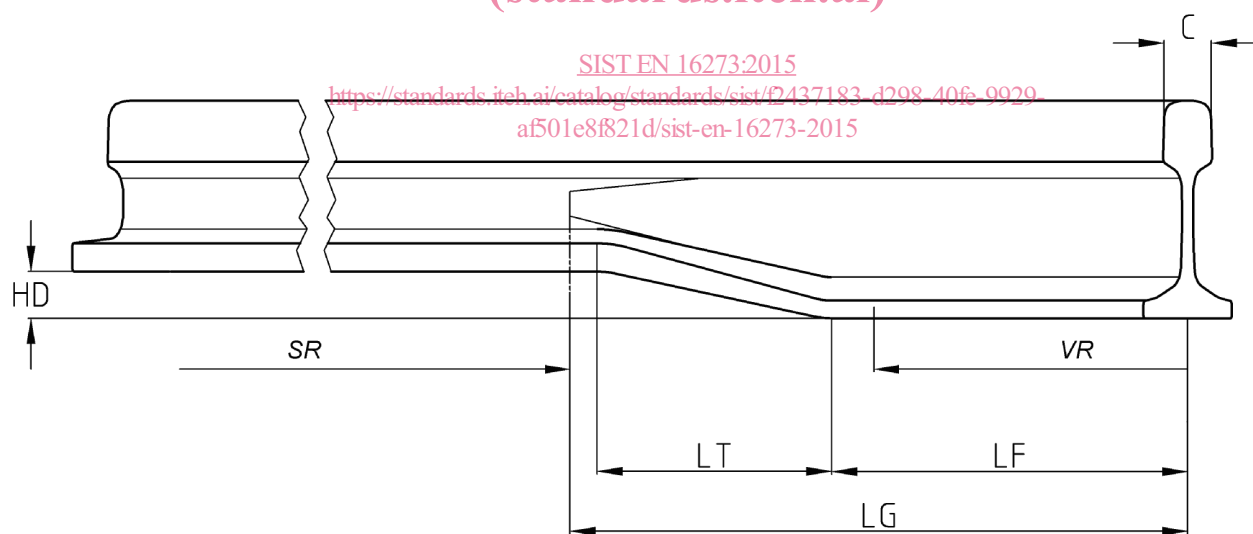
7.3 Number of specimens

Four test specimens in the finished condition (see 3.6) shall be manufactured.

7.4 Non-destructive approval tests**7.4.1 Geometry and dimensions****7.4.1.1 Switch rails**

The dimension of the forged rail head and the profile of the vignole rail at the heel of the switch rail shall comply with the tolerances in Table 1.

Figure 5 indicates the parts of the forged rail that shall be checked according to Table 1.

**Key**

SR switch rail

VR vignole rail

NOTE For further terms shown in this Figure, see Table 1.

Figure 5 — Dimensions of forged switch rail

Table 1 — Length and tolerances for the forged switch rail

Dimension	Length [mm]	Measurement equipment
Length of the forged rail transition LT	Minimum 3 x HD	Measuring stick, tape or gauge
Dimension	Admissible tolerance [mm]	Measurement equipment
Length that ends where the switch rail profile begins LG	±20	Measuring stick, tape or gauge
Length of the vignole part measured on the foot LF	±20	Measuring stick, tape or gauge
Vertical alignment across the running surface along the longitudinal centre line starting at the forged rail end until 1500 mm, measured by moving a 1 m straight edge and a thickness gauge.	- 0,1 / + 0,2	1 m straight edge and a thickness gauge
Horizontal alignment on the running edge at 14 mm below the running surface, starting at the forged rail end until 1500 mm measured by moving a 1 m straight edge and a thickness gauge.	±0,4	1 m straight edge and a thickness gauge
Head profile concavity (EN 13232-5:2005+A1:2011, Figure 18) HC	An area of concavity may exist only on the opposite of the running edge. This shall not exceed 2 mm	1 m straight edge and a thickness gauge
Vertical twist (twist base length 1 m) HT	±0,5	Method agreed between the manufacturer and the purchaser
Head profile C	+0,6 / -0,3	Gauge E.4 according to EN 13674-1:2011 dependent on the rail profile
Height difference from one rail foot to the other rail foot (Figure 5) HD	±1,1	Method agreed between the manufacturer and the purchaser
Other measuring methods can be used but in case of dispute, the equipment described above shall be used.		

Other tolerances for the vignole profile shall be in accordance with EN 13674-1:2011, Table 7, profile class X.

Figure 6 shows the definitions of the algebraic sign in the alignment measurement.