

## SLOVENSKI STANDARD SIST ISO 730:2015

01-april-2015

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Kmetijski kolesni traktorji - Zadnje tritočkovno priključno drogovje - Kategorije 1N, 1, 2N, 2, 3N, 3, 4N in 4

Agricultural wheeled tractors - Rear-mounted three-point linkage - Categories 1N, 1, 2N, 2, 3N, 3, 4N and 4

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Tracteurs agricoles à roues - Attelage trois points monté à l'arrière - Catégories 1N, 1, 2N, 2, 3N, 3, 4N et 4<sup>https://standards.iteh.av/catalog/standards/sist/4e3e8ac3-f42c-4904-95ec-</sup>7bec548eab64/sist-iso-730-2015

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#### <u>ICS:</u>

65.060.10 Kmetijski traktorji in prikolice Agricultural tractors and trailed vehicles

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# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 730

First edition 2009-01-15

## Agricultural wheeled tractors — Rear-mounted three-point linkage — Categories 1N, 1, 2N, 2, 3N, 3, 4N and 4

Tracteurs agricoles à roues — Attelage trois points monté à l'arrière — Catégories 1N, 1, 2N, 2, 3N, 3, 4N et 4

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## Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO 730 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 23, *Tractors and machinery for agriculture and forestry*, Subcommittee SC 4, *Tractors*.

This first edition of ISO 730 cancels and replaces ISO 730-1:1994 and ISO 730-2:1979, of which it constitutes a technical revision. It also incorporates the Technical Corrigendum ISO 730-1:1994/Cor 1:1995.

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## Agricultural wheeled tractors — Rear-mounted three-point linkage — Categories 1N, 1, 2N, 2, 3N, 3, 4N and 4

#### 1 Scope

This International Standard specifies the dimensions and requirements of the three-point linkage for the attachment of implements or equipment to the rear of agricultural wheeled tractors.

#### 2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 789-1:1990, Agricultural tractors — Test procedures — Part 1: Power tests for power take-off ITeh STANDARD PREVIEW

ISO 2332:2009, Agricultural tractors and machinery — Connection of implements via three-point linkage — Clearance zone around implement **Standards.iten.ai** 

ISO 8759-1:1998, Agricultural wheeled tractors 50 500 mounted equipment — Part 1: Power take-off and three-point linkage https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/4e3e8ac3-f42c-4904-95ec-7bec548eab64/sist-iso-730-2015

#### 3 Terms and definitions

For the purpose of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

#### 3.1 General

#### 3.1.1

#### linkage

combination of one upper link and two lower links, each articulated to the tractor and the implement at opposite ends, in order to connect the implement to the tractor

#### 3.1.2

#### hitch point

articulated connection between link and implement

NOTE For geometrical purposes, the hitch point is the centre of the articulated connection between the link and the implement.

#### 3.1.3

#### link point

articulated connection between link and tractor

NOTE For geometrical purposes, the link point is the centre of the articulated connection between link and tractor.

#### 3.1.4

#### three-point hitch coupler

device which facilitates the connection of the tractor three-point linkage to the implement

NOTE For examples, see References [5] to [8].

#### 3.1.5

#### narrow-hitch

#### Ν

standard hitch in all dimensions except for the lower hitch point span, which is that of the next smallest category

**EXAMPLE** A category 3N hitch can also be a category 2 hitch in all dimensions excepting the upper and lower hitch point pin diameters, which are category 3.

#### Three-point linkage components and dimensions (see Figure 1) 3.2

#### 3.2.1

#### upper link

upper linkage element, fitted with an articulated connection at both ends

#### 3.2.2

lower link

lower linkage element, fitted with an articulated connection at both ends

#### 3.2.3

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#### upper hitch point

## articulated connection between the upper (ink and the implement eh.ai)

#### 3.2.4

SIST ISO 730:2015 lower hitch point ndards/sist/4e3e8ac3-f42c-4904-95ec-

## articulated connection between a lower link and the inplement

#### 3.2.5

upper link point

articulated connection between the upper link and the tractor

#### 3.2.6

#### lower link point

articulated connection between a lower link and the tractor

#### 3.2.7

#### upper hitch attachment

pin, usually detachable and forming part of the upper link assembly, by which an upper link is secured

#### 3.2.8

#### lower hitch attachment

pin, or clevis and pin, usually attached to the implement, by which a lower link is secured

#### 3.2.9

#### upper link attachment

pin by which the upper link is connected to the tractor

#### 3.2.10

#### linchpin

pin, usually fitted with a spring-retaining device, by which an articulated connection is retained in position

NOTE See Reference [4].

#### 3.2.11

#### lift rods

connections that transmit force to the lower links for raising and lowering

#### 3.2.12

#### mast

component that provides the location of the upper hitch point on the implement

#### 3.2.13

#### mast height

vertical distance between the upper hitch point and the common axis of the lower hitch points

#### 3.2.14

#### lower hitch point height

height of the centre of the lower hitch points above the ground level when they are fully lowered using the full extent of manual adjustment provided in the lift rods in conjunction with the movement range, and when the lower hitch point axis is maintained horizontal to the ground in a transverse plane

#### 3.2.15

#### levelling adjustment

movement allowing inclination of the implement, measured vertically and with one lower link horizontal, so that either lower hitch point can be moved higher or lower than the other

#### 3.2.16

#### lower hitch point span

distance between the shoulders of the lower hitch pins, against which the sides of the lower link ball joints abut

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## 3.2.17

#### linchpin hole distance

distance from the centreline of the linchpin hole to the shoulder of the hitch pin

#### 3.2.18

#### movement range

vertical movement of the lower hitch points corresponding to the power travel of the lift, excluding any adjustment in the lift rod linkage

#### 3.2.19

#### transport height

total height of the lower hitch points above the ground using the full extent of manual adjustment provided in the lift rods in conjunction with the movement range, with the lower hitch point axis maintained horizontal to the ground in a transverse plane

#### 3.2.20

#### lower hitch point clearance

clearance, expressed as a radial dimension, from the lower hitch point axis to the outside diameter of the tyre, mudguard or other part of the tractor, measured in a longitudinal vertical plane with the implement raised to transport height and all side-sway prevented

#### 3.2.21

#### pitch

angle of the mast to the vertical, considered positive when viewed anticlockwise from the left-hand side of the tractor

#### 3.2.22

#### mast adjustment

usable range of pitch of the mast from a vertical plane, measured at the maximum and minimum heights of the lower hitch points above the ground between which the mast, at the specified mast height, can be adjusted to

any inclination between  $+5^{\circ}$  and  $-5^{\circ}$  from the vertical for categories 1, 2N, 2, 3N, 3, 4N and 4, and between the vertical and 10° to the vertical towards the rear for category 1N

Mast adjustment is not shown in Figure 1. NOTE 1

NOTE 2 Adjustment of the mast controls the pitch of the implement. Specifying the mast adjustment to be provided enables the tractor designer to determine the minimum acceptable adjustment of the length of the top link in relation to the points of attachment of the linkage. It also permits the implement designer to determine the range of operating depths of the implement over which pitch adjustment can be obtained.

#### 3.2.23

#### torsional free float distance

vertical distance over which either of the lower hitch points can move freely relative to the other to allow the implement to roll, with lower links initially horizontal

#### 3.2.24

#### transport pitch

pitch reached by the mast when lifted to standard transport height from a position with lower links horizontal and mast vertical

#### 3.2.25

#### horizontal convergence distance

horizontal distance from the lower hitch points to the point of convergence of the lower links when the lower links are horizontal and laterally symmetrical, seen in a plan view

NOTE See Annex A. **iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW** 

#### 3.2.26

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vertical convergence distance horizontal distance from the lower hitch points to the point of convergence formed in the vertical longitudinal SIST ISO 730:2015

plane by the top link and the lower links

NOTE See Annex A. https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/4e3e8ac3-f42c-4904-95ec-7bec548eab64/sist-iso-730-2015



#### Key

b) Dimensions

- 1 upper link
- 2 lower link
- 3 upper hitch point
- 4 lower hitch point
- 5 upper link point
- 6 lower link point
- 7 upper hitch attachment
- 8 lower hitch attachment upper link attachment
- 9
- linchpin 10
- lift rods 11
- mast 12
- mast height 13
- 14 lower hitch point height

- 15 levelling adjustment
- lower hitch point span 16
- 17 linchpin hole distance
- 18 movement range
- 19 transport height
- 20 lower hitch point clearance

Each of the key items listed above is numbered so that its corresponds to the last element in the number of NOTE the term as defined in 3.2. For example, item 1, "upper link", is defined in 3.2.1, while item 20, "lower hitch point clearance", is defined in 3.2.20.

#### Figure 1 — Components and dimensions of three-point linkage