

### SLOVENSKI STANDARD SIST EN 13024-2:2005 01-marec-2005

### Steklo v stavbah – Toplotno kaljeno borosilikatno varnostno steklo – 2. del: Ovrednotenje skladnosti/standard za izdelek

Glass in building - Thermally toughened borosilicate safety glass - Part 2: Evaluation of conformity/Product standard

Glas im Bauwesen - Thermisch vorgespanntes Borosilicat-Einscheibensicherheitsglas -Teil 2: Konformitätsbewertung/Produktnorm

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Verre dans la construction - Verre borosilicaté de sécurité trempé thermiquement - Partie 2: Evaluation de la conformité

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<u>ICS:</u> 81.040.20

SIST EN 13024-2:2005

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## EUROPEAN STANDARD NORME EUROPÉENNE EUROPÄISCHE NORM

### EN 13024-2

October 2004

ICS 81.040.20

English version

### Glass in building - Thermally toughened borosilicate safety glass - Part 2: Evaluation of conformity/Product standard

Verre dans la construction - Verre borosilicaté de sécurité trempé thermiquement - Partie 2: Evaluation de la conformité Glas im Bauwesen - Thermisch vorgespanntes Borosilicat-Einscheibensicherheitsglas - Teil 2: Konformitätsbewertung/Produktnorm

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 27 May 2004.

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EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

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Ref. No. EN 13024-2:2004: E

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### Foreword

This document (EN 13024-2:2004) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC TC 129 "Glass in building", the secretariat of which is held by IBN.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by April 2005, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by July 2006.

This document has been prepared under a mandate given to CEN by the European Commission and the European Free Trade Association, and supports essential requirements of EU Directive(s).

For relationship with EU Directive(s), see informative Annex ZA, B, C or D, which is an integral part of this document.

According to the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and United Kingdom.

'ANDARD PREVIEW

No existing document is superseded

(standards.iteh.ai) This part of the document does not stand-alone; it is a part of one document:

- EN 13024-1: Glass in Building - SThermally toughened borosilicate safety glass - Part 1: Definition and description 8c2a16c2e059/sist-en-13024-2-2005

– EN 13024-2: Glass in Building - Thermally toughened borosilicate safety glass – Part 2: Evaluation of conformity/Product standard

This document has been prepared under a mandate given to CEN by the Commission of the European Commission and the European Free Trade Association, and supports the essential requirements of EC Directive(s).

This document contains other aspects of importance of trade.

#### 1 Scope

This document covers the evaluation of conformity and the factory production control of flat thermally toughened borosilicate safety glass for use in buildings.

Note: For glass products with electrical wiring or connections for, e.g. alarm or heating purposes, other directives, e.g. Low Voltage Directive, may apply.

#### 2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

EN 356, Glass in building - Security glazing - Testing and classification of resistance against manual attack

EN 410, Glass in building - Determination of luminous and solar characteristics of glazing

EN 673, Glass in Building – Determination of thermal transmittance (U value) – Calculation method

EN 1063, Glass in building - Security glazing - Testing and classification of resistance against bullet attack (standards.iteh.ai)

EN 1096-1, Glass in building - Coated glass - Part 1: Definitions and classification SIST EN 13024-2:2005

EN 1096-2, Glass in building coated glass st Part 2. Requirements and test methods for class A, B and S coatings 8c2a16e2e059/sist-en-13024-2-2005

EN 1096-3, Glass in building - Coated glass - Part 3: Requirements and test methods for class C and D coatings

EN 1748-1-1, Glass in building - Special basic products -Borosilicate glasses - Part 1-1: Definition and general physical and mechanical properties

EN 12600, Glass in building - Pendulum test - Impact test method and classification for flat glass

EN 12758, Glass in building - Glazing and airborne sound insulation – Product descriptions and determination of properties

EN 12898, Glass in building - Determination of the emissivity

EN 13024-1:2002, Glass in building – Thermally toughened borosilicate safety glass – Part 1: Definition and description

prEN 13474, Glass in building - Design of glass panes

EN 13501-1, Fire classification of construction products and building elements – Part 1: Classification using test data from reaction to fire tests

EN 13501-2, Fire classification of construction products and building elements – Part 2: Classification using data from fire resistance tests, excluding ventilation services

prEN 13501-5, Fire classification of construction products and building elements - Part 5: Classification using test data from external fire exposure to roof tests

EN 13541, Glass in building - Security glazing - Testing and classification of resistance against explosion pressure

#### 3 Definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in EN 13024-1:2002 and the following apply.

#### 3.1

#### initial type testing

determination of the performance of a product (characteristic, durability), on the basis of either actual tests or other procedures (such as conventional, standardised, tabulated or general accepted values, standardised or recognised calculation methods, test reports when made available, ...), in accordance with this standard that demonstrates compliance with this standard

#### 3.2

#### test report

document that covers the results of tests undertaken on a representative sample of the product from production or on a prototype design of the product

3.3

### product description iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW

document that details the relevant parameters, e.g. process conditions, structure, etc., for defining a product that complies with the standard. It includes specific reference(s) to characteristics that are modified by the production process

3.4

SIST EN 13024-2:2005 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/2a767054-0fb7-41dc-bc75significant change 8c2a16e2e059/sist-en-13024-2-2005 variation in performance beyond the permitted tolerance for the characteristic

#### Requirements 4

#### 4.1 Product description

For conformity purposes the thermally toughened glass manufacturer is responsible for the preparation and maintenance of the product description. This description shall describe the product and/or product families.

Disclosure of the product description shall be at the discretion of the thermally toughened glass manufacturer or his agent except in the case of regulatory requirements.

The description shall contain at least a normative part. The description may also contain an informative part, when the manufacturer foresees further development of the product.

The normative part of the description shall contain the following minimum information:

- a reference to EN 13024 parts 1 and 2 and all other standards with which the manufacturer claims compliance.
- the radiometric properties and durability of coated glass, i.e. coated glass that conforms with EN 1096-1, EN 1096-2, EN 1096-3, when those properties are changed, intentionally or unintentionally, by the thermal toughening process.

The definition of product families shall be consistent with the normative part of the product description.

The substitution of materials shall maintain the conformity with the product description. The substituting material can be added to the product family and also the product description when compliance has been demonstrated.

#### 4.2 Conformity with the definition of thermally toughened borosilicate safety glass

Products shall conform to the definition and fulfil the requirements of thermally toughened borosilicate safety glass as defined in EN 13024-1.

#### 4.3 Determination of the characteristic's performances

#### 4.3.1 Characteristics of thermally toughened borosilicate safety glass

#### 4.3.1.1 General

The characteristics of thermally toughened borosilicate safety glass are in general those of the glass substrate (see 4.3.1.2).

# 4.3.1.2 Characteristics of the borosilicate glass panes used for the production of thermally toughened borosilicate safety glass

Panes shall be made of borosilicate glass according to EN 1748-1-1. The panes may be coated according to EN 1096 –1, EN 1096-2, EN 1096-3 and/or enamelled according to EN 13024-1.

For the characteristics listed in Table 1, for the borosilicate glass panes, generally accepted values or calculated values may be used.

Since the majority of the characteristics of Table 1 are not changed significantly by the thermal toughening process they shall be used for thermally toughened borosilicate safety glass. The exceptions shall be the characteristic bending strength ( $f_{g,k}$ ) and the resistance against sudden temperature changes and temperature differentials.

Characteristic	Symbol	Unit
- density	ρ	kg/m³
- hardness	HK <sub>0,1/20</sub>	GPa
- Young's modulus	E	Ра
- Poisson's ratio	μ	Dimensionless
- Characteristic bending strength	f <sub>g,k</sub>	Ра
- Resistance against sudden temperature changes and temperature differentials		к
- Specific heat capacity	с	J/(kg.K)
- Coefficient of linear expansion	α	к <sup>-1</sup>
- Thermal conductivity (for U-value)	λ	W/(m.K)
- Mean refractive index to visible radiation	n	Dimensionless
- Emissivity <b>iTeh STANDAR</b>	D PREV	Dimensionless
- Light transmittance (standards	itehvai)	Dimensionless
- Solar direct transmittance	$\tau_{e}$	Dimensionless
- Total energy transmittance SIST EN 13024	<u>-2:2005 g</u>	Dimensionless
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# Table 1: Information on the characteristics of borosilicate glass panes, according to EN 1748 1-1, used for the production of thermally toughened borosilicate safety glass

If some coatings, i.e. coated glass conforming with the EN 1096 series, when thermally toughened, change their radiometric properties the manufacturer shall refer to the following for the determination of the appropriate characteristics, etc.:

- 4.3.2.11 for the emissivity;
- 4.3.2.12 for the light transmittance and reflectance;
- 4.3.2.13 for the solar energy transmittance;
- EN 1096-2 for the durability of A, B and S coatings;
- EN 1096-3 for the durability of C and D coatings.

# 4.3.2 Determination of characteristics of thermally toughened borosilicate safety glass products

If the thermally toughened glass manufacturer wishes to claim that any performance characteristic is independent of the production equipment used then the factory production control system shall be in accordance with this standard including his specific process control conditions.

#### 4.3.2.1 Safety in the case of fire - Resistance to fire

Fire resistance shall be determined and classified in accordance with EN 13501-2.

Note: EN 357 may be used as a classification reference specific to fire resistant glazed elements.

#### 4.3.2.2 Safety in the case of fire - Reaction to fire

Reaction to fire shall be determined and classified in accordance with EN 13501-1.

Thermally toughened borosilicate safety glass products are products/materials that do not require to be tested for reaction to fire (e.g. Products/materials of Classes A1\* according to Commission Decision 96/603/EC, as amended 2000/605/EC).

#### 4.3.2.3 Safety in the case of fire - External fire behaviour

Where the manufacturer wishes to declare external fire performance (e.g. when subject to regulatory requirements), the product shall be tested and classified in accordance with prEN 13501-5.

Note: Compliance with this requirement is not possible until a version of prEN 13501-5 later than 2002 becomes available.

#### 4.3.2.4 Safety in use - Bullet resistance: shatter properties and resistance to attack

Bullet resistance shall be determined and classified in accordance with EN 1063.

#### 4.3.2.5 Safety in use - Explosion resistance: impact behaviour and resistance to impact

Explosion resistance shall be determined and classified in accordance with EN 13541.

### 4.3.2.6 Safety in use - Burglar resistance: shatter properties and resistance to attack

Burglar resistance shall be determined and classified in accordance with EN 356.

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# 4.3.2.7 Safety in use - Pendulum body impact resistance? shatter properties (safe breakability) and resistance to impact

Pendulum body impact resistance shall be determined and classified in accordance with EN 12600.

# 4.3.2.8 Safety in use - Mechanical resistance: Resistance against sudden temperature changes and temperature differentials

The resistance against sudden temperature changes and temperature differentials is a generally accepted value that is given in EN 13024-1 and shall be ensured by compliance with this standard.

# 4.3.2.9 Safety in use - Mechanical resistance: Resistance against wind, snow, permanent load and/or imposed loads of the glass unit

The mechanical resistance of thermally toughened borosilicate safety glass is a characteristic value that is given in EN 13024-1 and shall be ensured by compliance with this standard.

As long as on the concerned construction or building site no part of prEN 13474 is applicable then the current method of determining mechanical resistance in the country of destination shall be applied.

The manufactured or supplied thickness of thermally toughened borosilicate safety glass shall conform to the ordered thickness.

#### 4.3.2.10 Protection against noise - Direct airborne sound reduction

The sound reduction indexes shall be determined in accordance with EN 12758. However, the information supplied with the incoming glass may be used as the thermal toughening process does not alter the values.

#### 4.3.2.11 Energy conservation and heat retention - Thermal properties

The thermal transmittance value (*U*-value) shall be determined by calculation in accordance with EN 673 with:

- emissivity  $\mathcal{E}$ : the declared value of the glass manufacturer. If the information is not available, the emissivity shall be determined in accordance with EN 12898.
- nominal thickness of the glass panes

Subject to 5.2.1 the information supplied about the thermal properties of the incoming glass may be used if the thermal toughening process does not alter the values.

## 4.3.2.12 Energy conservation and heat retention - Radiation properties: Light transmittance and reflectance

The light transmittance and reflectance shall be determined in accordance with EN 410. Subject to 5.2.1 the information supplied about the radiation properties of the incoming glass may be used if the thermal toughening process does not alter the values. D PREVIEW

# 4.3.2.13 Energy conservation and heat retention - Radiation properties: Solar energy characteristics

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The solar energy transmittance and reflectance shall be determined in accordance with EN 410. Subject to 5.2.1 the information supplied about the radiation properties of the incoming glass may be used if the thermal toughening process does not alter the values.

#### 4.4 Durability

When products conform to the definition of thermally toughened borosilicate safety glass as 4.2, the characteristics' performances in 4.3.2 are ensured during an economically reasonable working life.

The durability of glass products, including their characteristics shall be ensured by the following:

- Compliance with this standard
- Compliance with instructions from the glass product manufacturer or supplier

The manufacturer shall supply specific installation instructions or make reference to appropriate technical specifications.

Note 1: The durability of glass products depends on:

- building and construction movements due to various actions;
- building and construction vibrations due to various actions;
- deflection and racking of the glass support due to various actions;