# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

# ISO 11298-3

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# Plastics piping systems for renovation of underground water supply networks —

Part 3: Lining with close-fit pipes

Systèmes de canalisations en plastique pour la rénovation de réseaux iTeh STANDARY Partie 3: Tubage par tuyau continu sans espace annulaire (standards.iteh.ai)

<u>ISO 11298-3:2010</u> https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/e34b75b2-dc75-4432-bc49-3e19044aa384/iso-11298-3-2010



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### Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO 11298-3 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 138, *Plastics pipes, fittings and valves for the transport of fluids*.

ISO 11298 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Plastics piping systems for renovation of underground water supply networks*: (standards.iteh.ai)

— Part 1: General

ISO 11298-3:2010

- Part 3: Lining with close-fit pipes 3e19044aa384/iso-11298-3-2010

Lining with continuous pipes is to form the subject of a part 2; lining with cured-in-place pipes is to form the subject of a part 4; lining with adhesive-backed hoses is to form the subject of a part 6.

#### Introduction

This part of ISO 11298 is a part of a System Standard for plastics piping systems of various materials used for the renovation of existing pipelines in a specified application area. System Standards for renovation deal with the following applications:

- Plastics piping systems for renovation of underground non-pressure drainage and sewerage networks;
- Plastics piping systems for renovation of underground water supply networks;
- Plastics piping systems for renovation of underground gas supply networks;
- Plastics piping systems for renovation of underground drainage and sewerage networks under pressure.

These System Standards are distinguished from those for conventionally installed plastics piping systems by the requirement to verify certain characteristics in the as-installed condition, after site processing. This is in addition to specifying requirements for plastics piping systems components as manufactured.

This System Standard comprises a:

#### — Part 1: General **iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW**

and all applicable renovation technique family-related parts from the following:

- Part 2: Lining with continuous pipes <u>ISO 11298-3:2010</u>
- https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/e34b75b2-dc75-4432-bc49-
- Part 3: Lining with close-fit pipes<sub>3e19044aa384/iso-11298-3-2010</sub>
- Part 4: Lining with cured-in-place pipes
- Part 6: Lining with adhesive-backed hoses

The requirements for any given renovation technique family are given in part 1, applied in conjunction with the relevant other part. For example, ISO 11298-1 and this part of ISO 11298 together specify the requirements relating to lining with close-fit pipes. For complementary information, see ISO 11295. Not all technique families are pertinent to every area of application and this is reflected in the part numbers included in each System Standard.

A consistent structure of clause headings has been adopted for all parts of ISO 11298, in order to facilitate direct comparisons across renovation technique families.

Figure 1 shows the common part and clause structure and the relationship between ISO 11298 and the System Standards for other application areas.

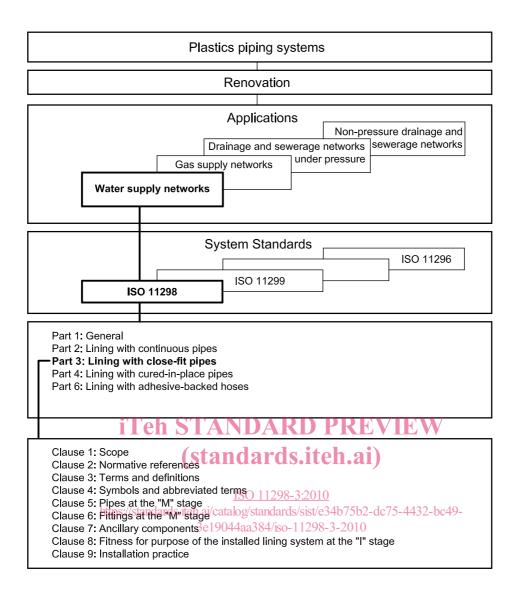


Figure 1 — Format of the renovation System Standards

# Plastics piping systems for renovation of underground water supply networks —

## Part 3: Lining with close-fit pipes

#### 1 Scope

This part of ISO 11298, in conjunction with ISO 11298-1, specifies requirements and test methods for close-fit lining systems intended to be used for the renovation of water supply networks, which transport water intended for human consumption, including raw water intake pipelines.

It is applicable to polyethylene (PE) pipe for both independent and interactive pressure pipe liners as well as associated fittings and joints for the construction of the lining system.

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# 2 Normative references (standards.iteh.ai)

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies<u>s(For2undated)</u> references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) appliestandards/sist/e34b75b2-dc75-4432-bc49-

3e19044aa384/iso-11298-3-2010

ISO 3126, *Plastics piping systems — Plastics components — Determination of dimensions* 

ISO 4427-1:2007, Plastics piping systems — Polyethylene (PE) pipes and fittings for water supply — Part 1: General

ISO 4427-2, Plastics piping systems — Polyethylene (PE) pipes and fittings for water supply — Part 2: Pipes

ISO 4427-3, Plastics piping systems — Polyethylene (PE) pipes and fittings for water supply — Part 3: Fittings

ISO 4427-5:2007, Plastics piping systems — Polyethylene (PE) pipes and fittings for water supply — Part 5: Fitness for purpose of the system

ISO 11298-1:2009, *Plastics piping systems for renovation of underground water supply networks — Part 1: General* 

ISO 12176-1, Plastics pipes and fittings — Equipment for fusion jointing polyethylene systems — Part 1: Butt fusion

ISO 12176-2, Plastics pipes and fittings — Equipment for fusion jointing polyethylene systems — Part 2: Electrofusion

EN 12201-4, Plastics piping systems for water supply — Polyethylene (PE) — Part 4: Valves

#### Terms and definitions 3

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO 4427-1 and ISO 11298-1 and the following apply.

#### 3.1 General

#### 3.1.1

close fit

situation of the outside of the installed liner relative to the inside of the existing pipeline, which may either be an interference fit or include a small annular gap resulting from shrinkage and tolerances only

#### 3.1.2

#### close-fit pipe

continuous lining pipe of thermoplastic material reshaped or otherwise expanded after insertion to achieve a close fit to the existing pipeline

#### Techniques 3.2

No additional definitions apply.

#### Geometrics 3.3

#### 3.3.1

## maximum mean outside diametereh STANDARD PREVIEW

dem, max

## "em, max maximum value of the outside diameter as specified for a given nominal size

#### 3.4 Materials

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No additional definitions apply.

#### 3.5 Product stages

No additional definitions apply.

#### Service conditions 3.6

#### 3.6.1

### maximum operating pressure

MOP maximum effective pressure of the fluid in the piping system, expressed in bar<sup>1</sup>), which is allowed in continuous use

It takes into account the physical and the mechanical characteristics of the components of a piping system. NOTE 1

NOTE 2 It is calculated using the following equation:

 $(MOP) = \frac{20 \times (MRS)}{C \times (SDR-1)}$ 

<sup>1) 1</sup> bar = 0,1 MPa =  $10^5$  Pa; 1 MPa = 1 N/mm<sup>2</sup>.

#### 3.7 Joints

#### 3.7.1

#### electrofusion joint

joint between a PE socket or saddle electrofusion fitting and a pipe or fitting with spigotted ends, made by heating the electrofusion fittings by the Joule effect of the heating element incorporated at their jointing surfaces, causing the material adjacent to them to melt and pipe and fitting surfaces to fuse

#### 3.7.2

#### butt fusion joint

joint made by heating the planed ends of matching surfaces by holding them against a flat heating plate until the PE material reaches fusion temperature, quickly removing the heating plate and pushing the two softened ends against one another

#### 3.7.3

#### mechanical joint

joint made by assembling a PE pipe to another PE pipe, or any other element of the piping system that generally includes a compression part, to provide for pressure integrity, leaktightness and resistance to end loads

NOTE A support sleeve inserted into the pipe bore can be used to provide a permanent support for the PE pipe to prevent creep in the pipe wall under radial compressive forces.

#### 3.7.4

#### fusion compatibility

ability of two similar or dissimilar PE materials to be fused together to form a joint which conforms to the performance requirements of this part of ISO 11298

## (standards.iteh.ai)

## 4 Symbols and abbreviated terms <u>11298-3:2010</u>

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#### 4.1 Symbols

For the purpose of this document, the symbols given in ISO 11298-1 and the following apply.

- C overall service (design) coefficient
- *d*<sub>e</sub> outside diameter (at any point)

dem, max maximum mean outside diameter

*d*<sub>manuf</sub> original circular outside diameter of the pipe (before processing for insertion)

#### em. max maximum mean wall thickness

- *T* temperature at which stress rupture data have been determined
- t time to occurrence of a leak in the pipe
- *t*<sub>y</sub> wall thickness tolerance
- $\sigma_{\rm s}$  design stress

#### 4.2 Abbreviated terms

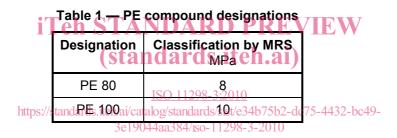
- LPL lower confidence limit of the predicted hydrostatic strength
- MFR melt mass-flow rate
- MOP maximum operating pressure
- MRS minimum required strength
- PE polyethylene
- R series of preferred numbers, conforming to the Renard series

#### 5 Pipes at the "M" stage

#### 5.1 Materials

#### 5.1.1 Virgin material

The virgin material used shall be in accordance with one of the PE compound designations given in Table 1.



The compound shall conform to ISO 4427-1.

#### 5.1.2 Reprocessable and recyclable material

In accordance with ISO 4427-1, own reprocessable material may be used, provided that it is derived from the same compound as used for the relevant production.

Reprocessable material obtained from external sources and recyclable material shall not be used.

#### 5.2 General characteristics

#### 5.2.1 Appearance

When viewed without magnification, the internal and external surfaces of the pipe shall be smooth, clean and free from scoring, cavities and other defects, which would prevent conformity to this part of ISO 11298.

#### 5.2.2 Colour

The pipes shall be blue or black with blue identification stripes.

#### 5.3 Material characteristics

The material from which the pipes are made shall conform to the requirements specified in Tables 1 and 2 of ISO 4427-1:2007.

#### 5.4 Geometric characteristics

The pipe diameter, wall thickness and shape in the "M" stage depend on the specific close-fit lining technique. "M" stage dimensions needed to obtain "I" stage dimensions (see 8.4) shall be declared, with their tolerances, by the manufacturer.

NOTE In the case of factory-folded pipes, variations in wall thickness in one cross-section can be present. This is acceptable, as long as the folded pipe has the property to obtain a wall thickness in accordance with 8.4 when installation is complete.

#### 5.5 Mechanical characteristics

When tested in accordance with the method given in Table 2, the pipe shall conform to the requirements in the table.

Characteristic	Requirement	Test parameters		Test method			
ondracteristic		Parameter	Value	rest method			
Hydrostatic strength at 80 °C	ISO 4427-2ª						
<sup>a</sup> The pipe shall be reverted in the case of factory-folded pipes.							

#### Table 2 — Mechanical characteristics of pipes

#### **iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW** 5.6 Physical characteristics

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Physical characteristics shall conform to those specified in ISO 4427-2. In the case of factory-folded heat-reverted pipes, the pipe shall additionally conform to the requirement for memory ability specified in Annex A.

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#### 5.7 Jointing

Butt fusion joints shall conform to ISO 4427-2 and ISO 4427-5. Butt fusion joints shall not be made between folded pipes prior to reversion.

NOTE The joining of circular pipes to form a string prior to site processing is considered as part of the "M" stage.

#### 5.8 Marking

Pipes shall be marked in accordance with ISO 11298-1:2009, 5.8.

Under item c) specified in ISO 11298-1:2009, 5.8, the nominal size marked shall be DN/OD.

Under item d) specified in ISO 11298-1:2009, 5.8, the dimension marked shall be SDR.

NOTE In addition, the pipe can be marked with the following optional information: MFR.

#### 6 Fittings at the "M" stage

Fittings shall conform to the requirements of ISO 4427-3.

NOTE It is possible for some fittings conforming to ISO 4427-3 to not be compatible with the dimensional tolerances given in Table 3.