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Vesoljska tehnika - SpaceWire - Povezave, vozlišča, usmerjevalniki in omrežja

Space engineering - SpaceWire - Links, nodes, routers and networks

Raumfahrttechnik - SpaceWire - Verbindungen, Knoten, Router und Netzwerke

Ingénierie spatiale - SpaceWire - Liens, nœuds, routeurs et réseaux

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Space engineering - SpaceWire - Links, nodes, routers and networks

Ingénierie spatiale - SpaceWire - Liens, nœuds,
routeurs et réseaux

Raumfahrttechnik - SpaceWire - Verbindungen,
Knoten, Router und Netzwerke

This draft European Standard is submitted to CEN members for unique acceptance procedure. It has been drawn up by the Technical Committee CEN/CLC/JTC 5.

If this draft becomes a European Standard, CEN and CENELEC members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration.

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Recipients of this draft are invited to submit, with their comments, notification of any relevant patent rights of which they are aware and to provide supporting documentation.

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European Foreword

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This document (FprEN 16603-50-12:2019) originates from ECSS-E-ST-50-12C Rev.1.

This document is currently submitted to the UAP.

This document has been developed to cover specifically space systems and will therefore have precedence over any EN covering the same scope but with a wider domain of applicability (e.g. : aerospace).

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1**Scope**

SpaceWire technology has grown from the needs of spacecraft on-board data handling applications. This Standard provides a formal basis for the exploitation of SpaceWire in a wide range of future on-board processing systems.

One of the principal aims of SpaceWire is the support of equipment compatibility and reuse at both the component and subsystem levels. In principle a data-handling system developed for an optical instrument, for example, can be used for a radar instrument by unplugging the optical sensor and plugging in the radar one. Processing units, mass-memory units and down-link telemetry systems developed for one mission can be readily used on another mission, reducing the cost of development, improving reliability and most importantly increasing the amount of scientific work that can be achieved within a limited budget.

Integration and test of complex on-board systems is also supported by SpaceWire with ground support equipment plugging directly into the on-board data-handling system. Monitoring and testing can be carried out with a seamless interface into the on-board system.

SpaceWire is the result of the efforts of many individuals within the European Space Agency, European Space Industry and academia.

This standard may be tailored for the specific characteristics and constraints of a space project in conformance with ECSS-S-ST-00.

2**Normative references**

The following normative documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this ECSS Standard. For dated references, subsequent amendments to, or revision of any of these publications do not apply. However, parties to agreements based on this ECSS Standard are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the more recent editions of the normative documents indicated below. For undated references, the latest edition of the publication referred to applies.

EN reference	Reference in text	Title
EN 16601-00-01	ECSS-S-ST-00-01	ECSS system - Glossary of terms
EN 16602-70-08	ECSS-Q-ST-70-08	Space product assurance - Manual soldering of high-reliability electrical connections
EN 16602-70-26	ECSS-Q-ST-70-26	Space product assurance - Crimping of high-reliability electrical connections
	ESCC 3401	Connectors, electrical, non-filtered circular and rectangular, ESCC Generic Specification no. 3401, Issue 5, March 2018
	ESCC 3401/029:2017	Connectors, Electrical, Rectangular, Microminiature, based on type MDMA, ECSS Detail Specification no. 3401/029, Issue 15, November 2017.
	ESCC 3401/077:2016	Connectors, Electrical, Rectangular, Microminiature, Removable Crimp Contacts, based on type MDMA, ECSS Detail Specification no. 3401/077, Issue 7, April 2016.
	ESCC 3902/003:2014	Cable, "SpaceWire", Round, Quad using Symmetric Cables, Flexible, -200 to +180 °C, Detail Specification no. 3902/003, Issue 4, November 2014.
	ESCC 3902/004:2014	Cable, Low Mass, "SpaceWire", Round, Quad using Symmetric Cables, Flexible, -100 to +150 °C, Detail Specification no. 3902/004, Issue 1, October 2014.
	MIL-DTL-17J:2014	Military Specification: Cables, Radio, Frequency, Flexible and Semirigid, General Specification for, 10 th February 2014.
	TIA-644-A:2012	TIA-644-A, Electrical Characteristics of Low Voltage Differential Signalling (LVDS) Interface Circuits, Revision A, Reaffirmed 12/07/12, Telecommunications Industry Association, 2012.

3

Terms, definitions and abbreviated terms

3.1 Terms from other standards

For the purpose of this Standard, the terms and definitions from ECSS-S-ST-00-01 apply.

3.2 Terms specific to the present standard

The UML diagrams of Figure 5-22, Figure 5-26, Figure 5-27 and Figure 5-28 in clause 5.6 illustrate the relationships between various terms used within this standard.

3.2.1 allocated output port

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output port that a packet is routed through

3.2.2 after 6,4 µs

delay of 6,4 µs (nominal) measured from when a state is entered

3.2.3 after 12,8 µs

delay of 12,8 µs (nominal) measured from when a state is entered

3.2.4 AutoStart

management parameter set by hardware or software which when asserted allows an enabled SpaceWire port to start the SpaceWire link only when a Null is received

3.2.5 bit error rate

ratio of the number of bits received in error to the total number of bits sent across a link

3.2.6 broadcast code

time-code or distributed interrupt code

3.2.7 broadcast code identifier

two-bit code that identifies the type of broadcast code: 0b00 identifies a time-code and 0b10 identifies a distributed interrupt code

3.2.8 byte

eight bits

3.2.9 cargo

some information for transfer from a **source** to a **destination** which is encapsulated in a **packet**

3.2.10 character

control character or **data character**

3.2.11 coding

act of translating a set of bits into another set of bits which are more appropriate for transmitting across a medium

3.2.12 configuration port

port in a **routing switch** or **node** that gives access to a **configuration node**

3.2.13 configuration node

type of **node** whose purpose is to configure the **routing switch** or **node** that it is part of

3.2.14 control character

ESC, FCT, EOP or EEP **character** that is used to pass control information across a **link**

3.2.15 control code

sequence of an ESC followed by an FCT forming a **Null** which is used to keep a **link** active, or a sequence of an **ESC character** followed by a **data character** forming a **broadcast code** which is used to broadcast **time-codes** and **distributed interrupt codes** over a **SpaceWire network**

3.2.16 control symbol

control character encoded in 4-bits for transfer across a **link**

3.2.17 data character

character that is used to pass 8 bits of data across a **link**

3.2.18 data link layer

protocol layer which is responsible for the initialisation of a SpaceWire **link**, for transferring **packets** and **broadcast codes** over the **link** and for recovery from errors on the **link**

3.2.19 data rate

rate at which the application data is transferred across a **link**

3.2.20 data signalling rate

rate at which the bits constituting **control** and **data symbols** are transferred across a **link**