

### SLOVENSKI STANDARD SIST EN ISO 6946:2017

01-september-2017

Nadomešča:

**SIST EN ISO 6946:2008** 

Gradbene komponente in gradbeni elementi - Toplotna upornost in toplotna prehodnost - Računske metode (ISO 6946:2017)

Building components and building elements - Thermal resistance and thermal transmittance - Calculation methods (ISO 6946:2017)

Bauteile - Wärmedurchlasswiderstand und Wärmedurchgangskoeffizient - Berechnungsverfahren (ISO 6946:2017) (Standards.iteh.ai)

Composants et parois de bâtiments <u>Résistance therm</u>ique et coefficient de transmission thermique <u>Méthode de dalcul (ISO:6946:2017)</u>b-43d5-aaf2-431b5ee8b6c2/sist-en-iso-6946-2017

Ta slovenski standard je istoveten z: EN ISO 6946:2017

ICS:

91.060.01 Stavbni elementi na splošno Elements of buildings in

general

91.120.10 Toplotna izolacija stavb Thermal insulation of

buildings

SIST EN ISO 6946:2017 en

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SIST EN ISO 6946:2017

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/89eaa041-072b-43d5-aaf2-431b5ee8b6c2/sist-en-iso-6946-2017

EUROPEAN STANDARD NORME EUROPÉENNE

**EUROPÄISCHE NORM** 

**EN ISO 6946** 

July 2017

ICS 91.120.10

Supersedes EN ISO 6946:2007

### **English Version**

## Building components and building elements - Thermal resistance and thermal transmittance - Calculation methods (ISO 6946:2017)

Composants et parois de bâtiments - Résistance thermique et coefficient de transmission thermique - Méthodes de calcul (ISO 6946:2017)

Bauteile - Wärmedurchlasswiderstand und Wärmedurchgangskoeffizient - Berechnungsverfahren (ISO 6946:2017)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 27 February 2017.

CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration. Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre or to any CEN member.

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This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

CEN members are the national standards bodies of Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and United Kingdom.



EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

CEN-CENELEC Management Centre: Avenue Marnix 17, B-1000 Brussels

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### **European Foreword**

This document (EN ISO 6946:2017) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 163 "Thermal performance and energy use in the built environment" in collaboration with Technical Committee CEN/TC 89 "Thermal performance of buildings and building components" the secretariat of which is held by SIS.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by January 2018 and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by January 2018.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document has been prepared under a mandate given to CEN by the European Commission and the European Free Trade Association.

This document is part of the set of standards and accompanying technical reports on the energy performance of buildings and has been prepared under a mandate given to CEN by the European Commission and the European Free Trade Association (Mandate M/480, see reference [EF3] below).

Directive 2010/31/EU recasting the Directive 2002/91/EC on energy performance of buildings (EPBD, [EF4]) promotes the improvement of the energy performance of buildings within the European Union, taking into account all types of energy uses (heating, lighting, cooling, air conditioning, ventilation) and outdoor climatic and local conditions, as well as indoor climate requirements and cost effectiveness (Article 1).

The directive requires Member States to adopt measures and tools to achieve the prudent and rational use of energy resources. In order to achieve those goals, the EPBD requires increasing energy efficiency and the enhanced use of renewable energies in both new and existing buildings. One tool for this is the application by Member States of minimum requirements on the energy performance of new buildings and for existing buildings that are subject to major renovation, as well as for minimum performance requirements for the building envelope if energy-relevant parts are replaced or retrofitted. Other tools are energy certification of buildings, inspection of boilers and air-conditioning systems.

The use of European standards increases the accessibility, transparency and objectivity of the energy performance assessment in the Member States facilitating the comparison of best practices and supporting the internal market for construction products. The use of EPB standards for calculating energy performance, as well as for energy performance certification and the inspection of heating systems and boilers, ventilation and air-conditioning systems will reduce costs compared to developing different standards at national level.

The first mandate to CEN to develop a set of CEN EPBD standards (M/343, [EF1]), to support the first edition of the EPBD ([EF2]) resulted in the successful publication of all EPBD related CEN standards in 2007-2008.

Mandate M/480 was issued to review the mandate M/343 as the recast of the EPBD raised the need to revisit the standards and reformulate and add standards so that they become on the one hand unambiguous and compatible, and on the other hand a clear and explicit overview of the choices,

#### EN ISO 6946:2017 (E)

boundary conditions and input data that need to be defined at national or regional level. Such national or regional choices remain necessary, due to differences in climate, culture and building tradition, policy and legal frameworks. Consequently, the set of CEN EPBD standards published in 2007-2008 had to be improved and expanded on the basis of the recast of the EPBD.

The EPB standards are flexible enough to allow for necessary national and regional differentiation and facilitate Member States implementation and the setting of requirements by the Member States.

Further target groups are users of the voluntary common European Union certification scheme for the energy performance of non-residential buildings (EPBD article 11.9) and any other regional (e.g. pan European) parties wanting to motivate their assumptions by classifying the building energy performance for a dedicated building stock.

This document supersedes EN ISO 6946:2007.

According to the CEN-CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and the United Kingdom.

### References: iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW

[EF1] EPBD, Directive 2002/91/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2002 on the energy performance of buildings

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- [EF2] EPBD Mandate M/343, Mandate to GEN; GENELEC and ETSI for the elaboration and adoption of standards for a methodology calculating the integrated energy performance of buildings and estimating the environmental impact, in accordance with the terms set forth in Directive 2002/91/EC, 30 January 2004
- [EF3] Mandate M/480, Mandate to CEN, CENELEC and ETSI for the elaboration and adoption of standards for a methodology calculating the integrated energy performance of buildings and promoting the energy efficiency of buildings, in accordance with the terms set in the recast of the Directive on the energy performance of buildings (2010/31/EU), 14 December 2010
- [EF4] EPBD, Recast of the Directive on the energy performance of buildings (2010/31/EU). 14 December 2010

#### **Endorsement notice**

The text of ISO 6946:2017 has been approved by CEN as EN ISO 6946:2017 without any modification.

**SIST EN ISO 6946:2017** 

### INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 6946

Third edition 2017-06

# Building components and building elements — Thermal resistance and thermal transmittance — Calculation methods

Composants et parois de bâtiments — Résistance thermique et coefficient de transmission thermique — Méthodes de calcul

### iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

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Reference number ISO 6946:2017(E)

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<u>SIST EN ISO 6946:2017</u> https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/89eaa041-072b-43d5-aaf2-431b5ee8b6c2/sist-en-iso-6946-2017



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#### Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see <a href="www.iso.org/directives">www.iso.org/directives</a>).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see <a href="https://www.iso.org/patents">www.iso.org/patents</a>).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation on the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: <a href="https://www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html">www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html</a>. (standards.iteh.ai)

ISO 6946 was prepared by the ISO Technical Committee ISO/TC 163, Thermal performance and energy use in the built environment, Subcommittee SC 2, Calculation methods, in collaboration with the European Committee for Standardization (CEN) Technical Committee CEN/TC 89, Thermal performance of buildings and building components, in accordance with the Agreement on technical cooperation between ISO and CEN (Vienna Agreement).

This third edition cancels and replaces the second edition (ISO 6946:2007), which has been technically revised.

The changes in this third edition are mostly editorial. This document has been re-drafted according to CEN/TS 16629:2014.

### Introduction

This document is part of a series aimed at the international harmonization of the methodology for assessing the energy performance of buildings. Throughout, this series is referred to as a "set of EPB standards".

All EPB standards follow specific rules to ensure overall consistency, unambiguity and transparency.

All EPB standards provide a certain flexibility with regard to the methods, the required input data and references to other EPB standards, by the introduction of a normative template in <u>Annex A</u> and <u>Annex B</u> with informative default choices.

For the correct use of this document, a normative template is given in  $\underline{Annex\ A}$  to specify these choices. Informative default choices are provided in  $\underline{Annex\ B}$ .

The main target groups for this document are architects, engineers and regulators.

Use by or for regulators: In case the document is used in the context of national or regional legal requirements, mandatory choices may be given at national or regional level for such specific applications. These choices (either the informative default choices from Annex B or choices adapted to national/regional needs, but in any case following the template of Annex A) can be made available as national annex or as separate (e.g. legal) document (national data sheet).

#### NOTE 1 So in this case:

- the regulators will specify the choices, NDARD PREVIEW
- the individual user will apply the document to assess the energy performance of a building, and thereby use the choices made by the regulators.

Topics addressed in this document can be subject to public regulation. Public regulation on the same topics can override the default values in Annex B. Public regulation on the same topics can even, for certain applications, override the use of this document. Legal requirements and choices are in general not published in standards but in legal documents. In order to avoid double publications and difficult updating of double documents, a national annex may refer to the legal texts where national choices have been made by public authorities. Different national annexes or national data sheets are possible, for different applications.

It is expected, if the default values, choices and references to other EPB standards in <u>Annex B</u> are not followed due to national regulations, policy or traditions, that:

- national or regional authorities prepare data sheets containing the choices and national or regional values, according to the model in <u>Annex A</u>. In this case a national annex (e.g. NA) is recommended, containing a reference to these data sheets;
- or, by default, the national standards body will consider the possibility to add or include a national
  annex in agreement with the template of <u>Annex A</u>, in accordance to the legal documents that give
  national or regional values and choices.

Further target groups are parties wanting to motivate their assumptions by classifying the building energy performance for a dedicated building stock.

More information is provided in the Technical Report (ISO/TR 52019-2)[1] accompanying this document.

The subset of EPB standards prepared under the responsibility of ISO/TC 163/SC 2 cover inter alia:

- calculation procedures on the overall energy use and energy performance of buildings;
- calculation procedures on the internal temperature in buildings (e.g. in case of no space heating or cooling);
- indicators for partial EPB requirements related to thermal energy balance and fabric features;

 calculation methods covering the performance and thermal, hygrothermal, solar and visual characteristics of specific parts of the building and specific building elements and components, such as opaque envelope elements, ground floor, windows and facades.

ISO/TC 163/SC 2 cooperates with other technical committees for the details on appliances, technical building systems, indoor environment, etc.

This document provides the means (in part) to assess the contribution that building products and services make to energy conservation and to the overall energy performance of buildings.

This document provides calculation methods for the thermal transmittance of walls and roofs

- to allow comparisons between different constructions,
- to help in judging compliance with regulations, and
- to provide input data for calculation of annual energy use for heating or cooling buildings.

<u>Table 1</u> shows the relative position of this document within the set of EPB standards in the context of the modular structure as set out in ISO 52000-1.

NOTE 2 In ISO/TR 52000-2, the same table can be found, with, for each module, the numbers of the relevant EPB standards and accompanying technical reports that are published or in preparation.

NOTE 3 The modules represent EPB standards, although one EPB standard could cover more than one module and one module could be covered by more than one EPB standard, for instance, a simplified and a detailed method, respectively. See also Clause 2 and Tables A.1 and B.D. PREVIEW

Table 1 — Position of this document (in casu M2-5) within the modular structure of the set of EPB standards

	Overarchir	ıg	Buildi (aș su	Building SIST EN ISO 6946:2017   tapsuch) indards iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/Technical Building Systems 12-431b5ee8b6c2/sigr-en-iso-6946-2017										
Sub module	Descriptions		Descrip- tions		Descrip- tions	Heat- ing	Cool- ing	Venti- lation	Hu- midifi- cation	Dehu- midifi- cation	Do- mestic hot water	Light- ing	Building automa- tion and control	PV, wind,
sub1		M1		M2		М3	M4	M5	М6	M7	М8	М9	M10	M11
1	General		General		General									
2	Common terms and definitions; symbols, units and subscripts		Building energy needs		Needs								a	
3	Applications		(Free) indoor conditions without systems		Maximum load and power									

	Overarching		Building (as such)		Technical Building Systems											
Sub module	Descriptions		Descriptions		Descrip- tions	Heat- ing	Cool- ing	Venti- lation	Hu- midifi- cation	Dehu- midifi- cation	Do- mestic hot water	Light- ing	Building automa- tion and control	PV, wind,		
sub1		M1		M2		М3	M4	M5	M6	M7	M8	М9	M10	M11		
4	Ways to ex- press energy performance		Ways to ex- press energy performance		Ways to express energy perfor- mance											
5	Building categories and building boundaries		Heat transfer by transmis- sion	ISO 6946	Emission and control											
6	Building occupancy and operating conditions		Heat transfer by infiltra- tion and ventilation	STA (stai	Distribution and control	RD ls.it	PR		EW	7						
7	Aggregation of energy services and energy carriers	htt	ps://standard Internal heat gains	s.iteh.ai/ca	ST EN ISO alog/standa 8 Storageist and control	rds/sist/	89eaa04		-43d5-a	af2-						
8	Building zoning		Solar heat gains		Generation and control											
9	Calculated energy per- formance		Building dynamics (thermal mass)		Load dispatch- ing and operating conditions											
10	Measured energy per- formance		Measured energy per- formance		Measured energy perfor- mance											
11	Inspection		Inspection		Inspection											

### Table 1 (continued)

	Overarchin	ıg	Build (as su			Technical Building Systems									
Sub module	Descriptions		Descrip- tions		Descrip- tions	Heat- ing	Cool- ing	Venti- lation	Hu- midifi- cation	Dehu- midifi- cation	Do- mestic hot water	Light- ing	Building automa- tion and control	PV, wind,	
sub1		M1		М2		М3	M4	М5	М6	М7	М8	М9	M10	M11	
12	Ways to ex- press indoor comfort				BMS										
13	External environment conditions														
14	Economic calculation														
a The	The shaded modules are not applicable. Teh STANDARD PREVIEW														

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### Building components and building elements — Thermal resistance and thermal transmittance — Calculation methods

### 1 Scope

This document provides the method of calculation of the thermal resistance and thermal transmittance of building components and building elements, excluding doors, windows and other glazed units, curtain walling, components which involve heat transfer to the ground, and components through which air is designed to permeate.

The calculation method is based on the appropriate design thermal conductivities or design thermal resistances of the materials and products for the application concerned.

The method applies to components and elements consisting of thermally homogeneous layers (which can include air layers).

This document also provides an approximate method that can be used for elements containing inhomogeneous layers, including the effect of metal fasteners, by means of a correction term given in Annex F. Other cases where insulation is bridged by metal are outside the scope of this document.

NOTE <u>Table 1</u> in the Introduction shows the relative position of this document within the set of EPB standards in the context of the modular structure as set out in ISO 52000-1.

### 2 Normative references SIST EN ISO 6946:2017 Normative references siteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/89eaa041-072b-43d5-aaf2-

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 7345, Thermal insulation — Physical quantities and definitions

ISO 10211, Thermal bridges in building construction — Heat flows and surface temperatures — Detailed calculations

ISO 10456, Building materials and products — Hygrothermal properties — Tabulated design values and procedures for determining declared and design thermal values

ISO 13789, Thermal performance of buildings — Transmission and ventilation heat transfer coefficients — Calculation method

ISO 52000-1:2017, Energy performance of buildings — Overarching EPB assessment — Part 1: General framework and procedures

NOTE 1 Default references to EPB standards other than ISO 52000-1 are identified by the EPB module code number and given in  $\underline{Annex\ A}$  (normative template in  $\underline{Table\ A.1}$ ) and  $\underline{Annex\ B}$  (informative default choice in Table B.1).

EXAMPLE EPB module code number: M5–5, or M5–5,1 (if module M5–5 is subdivided), or M5–5/1 (if reference to a specific clause of the standard covering M5–5).

NOTE 2 In this document, there are no choices in references to other EPB standards. The sentence and note above is kept to maintain uniformity between all EPB standards.