

SLOVENSKI STANDARD SIST EN 487:1998

01-april-1998

Aluminij in aluminijeve zlitine - Brame za valjanje - Specifikacije

Aluminium and aluminium alloys - Rolling ingots - Specifications

Aluminium und Aluminiumlegierungen - Walzbarren - Spezifikation

Aluminium et alliages d'aluminium - Plaques de laminage - Spécifications

Ta slovenski standard je istoveten z: EN 487:1993

SIST EN 487:1998

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/711a9f6f-ae14-4852-8583c69f5fff27fd/sist-en-487-1998

ICS:

77.150.10 Aluminijski izdelki Aluminium products

SIST EN 487:1998 en

SIST EN 487:1998

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

SIST EN 487:1998

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/711a9f6f-ae14-4852-8583-c69f5fff27fd/sist-en-487-1998

EUROPEAN STANDARD

EN 487

NORME EUROPÉENNE

EUROPÄISCHE NORM

December 1993

UDC 669.71-147:669.715

Descriptors:

Metallurgical product, aluminium, aluminium alloys, metal plates, metal rolling, order sale document, surface condition, dimensional tolerances, inspection, test, delivery, marking

English version

Aluminium and aluminium alloys - Rolling ingots - Specifications

Aluminium et alliages d'aluminium plaques de DARD PR Aluminium une Aluminium legierungen - Walzbarren laminage - Spécifications - Spezifikationen (standards.iteh.ai)

<u>SIST EN 487:1998</u> https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/711a9f6f-ae14-4852-8583c69f5fff27fd/sist-en-487-1998

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 1993-12-10. CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration.

Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the Central Secretariat or to any CEN member.

The European Standards exist in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the Central Secretariat has the same status as the official versions.

CEN members are the national standards bodies of Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and United Kingdom.

CEN

European Committee for Standardization Comité Européen de Normalisation Europäisches Komitee für Normung

Central Secretariat: rue de Stassart, 36 B-1050 Brussels

Page 2 EN 487:1993

| Cont | ents list | Page |
|--|---|--------------------------------------|
| Forev | word | 3 |
| 1 | Scope | 4 |
| 2 | Normative references | 4 |
| 3 3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4 3.5 3.6 3.7 3.8 3.9 3.10 | Definitions Rolling ingot Heat Cast Top butt Bottom butt Top end Bottom end Edge Rolling face Corner ITCH STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai) | 4 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 |
| 4 | Orders or callings for tenders SIST EN 487:1998 | 5 |
| 5 5.1 5.2 5.3 5.4 5.5 5.6 5.7 5.8 | Requirements https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/711a9f6f-ae14-4852-8583-Production and manufacturing processes ist-en-487-1998 Aluminium alloys Chemical composition Surface and internal quality Tolerances on dimensions Tolerances of form Sawing Scalping | 6 6 7 7 7 7 9 9 |
| 6 6.1 6.2 6.3 | Test procedures Analysis of chemical composition Inspection of physical and metallurgical properties Other tests | 12 12 12 13 |
| 7 7.1 7.2 | Inspection documents Certificate of mass and analysis Other inspection documents | 13 13 13 |
| 8 8.1 8.2 8.3 | Marking General Edge marking Top end marking | 14 14 14 15 |
| 9 | Packaging, transport and storage | 15 |
| 10 | Complaints | 15 |

Page 3 EN 487:1993

Foreword

This European Standard has been drawn up by Technical Committee CEN/TC 132 "Aluminium and aluminium alloys", of which the secretariat is held by AFNOR.

The text of the draft was submitted to the formal vote and approved as European Standard.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by June 1994, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by June 1994.

In accordance with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations, following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and United Kingdom.

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

<u>SIST EN 487:1998</u> https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/711a9f6f-ae14-4852-8583c69f5fff27fd/sist-en-487-1998 Page 4 EN 487:1993

1 Scope

This Standard specifies the general requirements to be met by rolling ingots of aluminium or aluminium alloys obtained by semi-continuous vertical casting.

2 Normative references

This European Standard incorporates by dated and undated reference, provisions from other publications. These normative references are cited in the appropriate places in the text and the publications are listed hereafter. For dated references, subsequent amendments to or revisions of any of these publications apply to this European Standard only when incorporated in it by amendment or revision. For undated references, the latest edition of the publication referred to applies.

- EN 573-1 Aluminium and aluminium alloys Chemical composition and form of wrougth products Part 1: Numerical designation system
- iTeh form of wrought products Part 2: Chemical symbol based designation system

 (standards.iteh.ai)
- EN 573-3 Aluminium and aluminium alloys Chemical composition and form of wroughts products Part 3: Chemical https://standards.mit.ion.andards/sist/711a9f6f.ae14-4852-8583-
- EN 573-4 Aluminium and aluminium alloys Chemical composition and form of wrought products Part 4: Form of products
- EN 10204 Metallic products Types of inspection documents.
- EN 29000 Quality management and quality assurance standards Guidelines for selection and use (ISO 9000:1987)
- EN 29004 Quality management and quality system elements Guidelines (ISO 9004:1987)

3 Definitions

For the purposes of this standard, the following definitions apply :

3.1 rolling ingot : Metal cast in a form suitable for rolling.

- 3.2 heat: Quantity of liquid metal that has simultaneously undergone the same preparatory treatment in the furnace before the casting operation.
- 3.3 cast: Quantity of products cast simultaneously from the same heat.

NOTE: The different pieces of a cast may have different dimensions.

- 3.4 top butt: End of the unsawn rolling ingot corresponding to the end of the cast.
- 3.5 bottom butt: End of the unsawn rolling ingot corresponding to the start of the cast.
- 3.6 top end: End of a sawn rolling ingot corresponding to the end of the cast.
- 3.7 bottom end: End of a sawn rolling ingot corresponding to the start of the cast.
- 3.8 edge: One of the narrow faces (plane or of a specific geometry) of the rolling ingot, parallel to the casting axis.
- 3.9 rolling face 1 one of the wide faces of the rolling ingot, parallel to the casting axis.
- 3.10 cornerds in Junction of majoralling faces with an edge.
- c69f5fff27fd/sist-en-487-1998 4 Orders or callings for tenders

The order or calling for tender shall define the product required and shall contain the following information:

- a) the form of the product (rolling ingot);
- b) the designation of the aluminium and aluminium alloy according to EN 573-1 and 573-2 (or the customer alloy designation after agreement between supplier and puchaser). Tighter limits may be specified as required;
- c) whether as cast or homogeneized. The homogenizing parameters should be agreed between the customer and the producer;

Page 6 EN 487:1993

- d) the number of this European Standard;
- e) the dimensions and shape of the product :
 - 1) nominal thickness;
 - 2) nominal width;
 - 3) nominal length and tolerance if different from standard;
 - 4) cross sectional profile details or drawing number.
- All dimensions shall be expressed in millimetres.
- f) sawing code (see 5.7.4);
- g) whether rolling ingots are to be supplied scalped or not;
- h) whether the rolling ingots will be scalped or not before hot rolling ;
- i) end use (e.g. foil, packaging,) (see 5.1);
- j) quantity:
 - 1) mass (in metric tonnes) or number of pieces, 2) quantity tolerances if required;
- k) any requirements for inspection documents (see 7);
- 1) any additional requirements agreed between supplier and purchaser (see 7) standards/sist/711a9f6f-ae14-4852-8583-c69f5fff27fd/sist-en-487-1998
- 5 Requirements
- 5.1 Production and manufacturing processes

The product requirements as formulated in this clause normally are not sufficient for rolling ingots to meet the customer's requirements for rolled products. Therefore, the customer shall give the producer full details concerning the end use requirements so the manufacturing conditions of the producer may best be adjusted to fulfill the requirements.

It is recommended that trial quantities be produced to confirm that the end use requirements are met. It is also recommended that the customer asks the producer to advise of any significant change in the manufacturing processes which may affect the quality of the final product.

It is recommended that a quality assurance system be implemented as described in EN 29000 and EN 29004.

Page 7 EN 487:1993

5.2 Aluminium alloys

The main aluminium alloys used for rolling ingots are given in EN 573-4.

5.3 Chemical composition

The chemical composition of the ingots shall conform to the compositions specified in EN 573-3.

It is recommended that tighter composition limits than those given in EN 573-3 be agreed between customer and producer as required.

Control of alkali metals is recommended:

- sodium and calcium for magnesium alloys;
- lithium for foil end use alloys.

It is recommended that the hydrogen level should not exceed $0.15~\mathrm{ml}$ per $100~\mathrm{g}$ of aluminium. The analysis method will be defined by agreement between supplier and purchaser.

5.4 Surface and internal quality REVIEW

Rolling ingots shandards.iteh.ai)

- a) be free of casting surfaces defects, protruding metal, handling marks, oil dirt and corresion 1966ae14-4852-8583-
- b) be free of inclusions, porosity, shrinkage cavities and cracks;
- c) have a suitable metallurgical structure (e.g. grain size, shell zone depth, fir-tree structure);

to a standard agreed between customer and producer to be suitable for rolling, after scalping or not as required, and subsequent processing.

5.5 Tolerances on dimensions

5.5.1 Cross-section

The shape of the cross-section is left to the discretion of the customer, who shall give the supplier a dimensional drawing.