



Designation: D1562 – 05

# Standard Specification for Cellulose Acetate Propionate Molding and Extrusion Compounds<sup>1</sup>

This standard is issued under the fixed designation D1562; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon ( $\epsilon$ ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

*This standard has been approved for use by agencies of the Department of Defense.*

## 1. Scope\*

1.1 This specification covers requirements for plasticized cellulose acetate propionate thermoplastic compounds suitable for injection molding and extrusion. These compounds have a propionyl content less than 48 % and an acetyl content less than 3 % and may or may not contain dyes and pigments. Cellulosic plastic materials, being thermoplastic, are reprocessable and recyclable. This specification allows for the use of those cellulosic materials, provided that all specific requirements of this specification are met.

1.2 The properties included in this specification are those required to identify the compositions covered. There may be other requirements necessary to identify particular characteristics important to specialized applications. These may be specified by using the suffixes as given in Section 5.

1.3 This classification system and subsequent line call out specification are intended to provide a means of calling out plastic materials used in the fabrication of end items or parts. It is not intended for the selection of materials. Material selection should be made by those having expertise in the plastic field after careful consideration of the design and performance required of the part, environment to which it will be exposed, fabrication process to be employed, costs involved, and inherent properties of the material other than those covered by this specification.

1.4 The values stated in SI units are to be regarded as standard.

1.5 The following safety hazards caveat pertains only to the test method portion, Section 11, of this specification. *This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.*

<sup>1</sup> This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee D20 on Plastics and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee D20.15 on Thermoplastic Materials.

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NOTE 1—There is no equivalent or similar ISO standard.

## 2. Referenced Documents

### 2.1 ASTM Standards:<sup>2</sup>

- D149 Test Method for Dielectric Breakdown Voltage and Dielectric Strength of Solid Electrical Insulating Materials at Commercial Power Frequencies
- D256 Test Methods for Determining the Izod Pendulum Impact Resistance of Plastics
- D257 Test Methods for DC Resistance or Conductance of Insulating Materials
- D570 Test Method for Water Absorption of Plastics
- D618 Practice for Conditioning Plastics for Testing
- D635 Test Method for Rate of Burning and/or Extent and Time of Burning of Plastics in a Horizontal Position
- D638 Test Method for Tensile Properties of Plastics
- D790 Test Methods for Flexural Properties of Unreinforced and Reinforced Plastics and Electrical Insulating Materials
- D792 Test Methods for Density and Specific Gravity (Relative Density) of Plastics by Displacement
- D883 Terminology Relating to Plastics
- D1003 Test Method for Haze and Luminous Transmittance of Transparent Plastics
- D1600 Terminology for Abbreviated Terms Relating to Plastics
- D1729 Practice for Visual Appraisal of Colors and Color Differences of Diffusely-Illuminated Opaque Materials
- D3641 Practice for Injection Molding Test Specimens of Thermoplastic Molding and Extrusion Materials
- D3892 Practice for Packaging/Packing of Plastics
- D4000 Classification System for Specifying Plastic Materials
- D5740 Guide for Writing Material Standards in the Classification D 4000 Format
- E308 Practice for Computing the Colors of Objects by

<sup>2</sup> For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

\*A Summary of Changes section appears at the end of this standard.

## Using the CIE System

### 3. Terminology

3.1 *Definitions*—The terminology used in this specification is in accordance with Terminologies **D883** and **D1600**.

### 4. Classification

4.1 This specification covers the following groups, classes, and grades (see Table CAP):

4.1.1 *Group 01*—High impact strength.

4.1.2 *Group 02*—High tensile strength.

4.1.3 *Class*—According to plasticizer content and properties specified in Table CAP.

4.1.4 *Grade 1*—For injection molding (general purpose).

4.1.5 *Grade 2*—For extrusion.

### 5. Suffixes

5.1 When requirements are needed that are not covered in Table CAP, they shall be indicated through the use of suffixes.

5.2 A list of suffixes can be found in Classification System **D4000** (Table 3) and may be used for additional requirements as appropriate. Additional suffixes will be added to that classification system as test methods and requirements are developed and requested.

5.3 Color and opacity shall be within the limits defined in **6.3**

5.4 Some of the more commonly used suffixes for cellulose acetate propionate are shown as follows:

E = electrical requirements (see Table 1) as designated by the following digits:

*First Digit*

1 = volume resistivity—Test Methods **D257**.

2 = dielectric strength—Test Method **D149** (short-time/ step-by-step).

*Second Digit*

1 = volume resistivity and dielectric strength meet property requirements as shown in Table 1.

T = transmittance requirements as designated by the following digits:

*First Digit*

1 = total luminous transmittance Procedure A of Test Method **D1003**.

*Second Digit*

1 = total luminous transmittance, 80 % min.

5.5 An example of this classification system for a high-impact cellulose acetate propionate formulation would be as follows:

CAP0122FA053 (1)

CAP = Table CAP property requirements  
 01 = Group 1—High impact strength  
 2 = Class 2—Plasticizer range from 8 to 20 % (see Table CAP, Footnote 1)  
 2 = Grade 2—Extrusion application

FA053 = Flammability requirement from Classification System **D4000**—Burn rate maximum of 50 mm/min with 3 mm minimum thickness, when tested in accordance with Test Method **D635**

NOTE 2—CAP0122 corresponds to the following physical property requirements in Table CAP:

Specific gravity: 1.19-1.20.

Tensile stress at yield: 19 MPa min.

Flexural modulus: 1 000 MPa min.

Izod impact strength: 200 J/m min.

Water absorption: 2.0 % max.

Weight loss on heating: 2.0 % max.

### 6. Materials and Manufacture

6.1 Materials supplied shall be as uniform in composition and size, and as free of contamination, as can be achieved by good manufacturing practice.

6.2 These materials may contain colorants in the nominal amounts ordinarily employed, but such additives shall not alter the ability of the materials to meet the specified properties.

6.3 The color of material supplied shall be comparable, within commercial match tolerances, to the color of standard samples prepared by the manufacturer.

### 7. Physical Requirements

7.1 Test specimens of the material shall conform to the requirements prescribed in Table CAP.

7.2 Molded specimens, for those tests requiring them, shall be prepared in accordance with Section **10**.

7.3 Conformance to the requirements of this specification shall be determined in accordance with Section **11**.

### 8. Sampling

8.1 Sampling shall be statistically adequate to satisfy the requirements of **12.4**

8.2 A batch or lot shall be constituted as a unit of manufacture as prepared for shipment and may consist of a blend of two or more “production runs.”

### 9. Number of Tests

9.1 Routine testing of each batch or lot shall be limited to properties designated in Table CAP of this specification.

9.2 One set of samples for those tests that are designated (Section **12**) shall be considered sufficient for testing the batch or lot. The average results from those samples shall comply with the requirements prescribed in this specification.

9.3 If any failure occurs, the materials are not to be certified to this specification.

### 10. Specimen Preparation

10.1 Physical property requirements in Table CAP are based on injection molded specimens 3.2 mm thick. Specimens machined from compression-molded blanks or extruded strips may be used, provided it can be shown that the results are comparable.

10.2 Prior to molding cellulose acetate propionate, dry the material to a moisture content of 0.2 % or less. The primary reason for drying the material is to eliminate visual defects such as surface imperfections and bubbles. Material spread in