## INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

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# Rotary-shaft lip-type seals incorporating elastomeric sealing elements —

Part 5: Identification of visual imperfections

Bagues d'étanchéité à lèvres pour arbres tournants incorporant des iTeh STéléments d'étanchéité en élastomère Partie 5: Identification des imperfections visuelles (standards.iteh.ai)

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### Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO 6194-5 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 131, *Fluid power systems*, Subcommittee SC 7, *Sealing devices*.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 6194-5:1990) which has been technically revised. (standards.iteh.ai)

ISO 6194 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Rotary-shaft lip-type seals incorporating* elastomeric sealing elements:

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- Part 1: Nominal dimensions and tolerances<sup>360</sup>ea2345c5c/iso-6194-5-2008
- Part 2: Vocabulary
- Part 3: Storage, handling and installation
- Part 4: Performance test procedures
- Part 5: Identification of visual imperfections

### Introduction

Rotary-shaft lip-type seals are used to retain fluid, e.g. lubricant, in equipment where the differential pressure is relatively low. Typically, the shaft rotates and the housing is stationary, although in some applications the shaft is stationary and the housing rotates.

Dynamic sealing is normally the result of a designed interference fit between the shaft and a flexible element incorporated in the seal.

Similarly, a designed interference fit between the outside diameter of the seal and the diameter of the housing bore retains the seal and prevents static leakage.

Careful storage, handling, and proper installation of all seals are necessary to avoid hazards, both prior to and during installation, which can adversely affect service life.

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# Rotary-shaft lip-type seals incorporating elastomeric sealing elements —

# Part 5: Identification of visual imperfections

### 1 Scope

This part of ISO 6194 describes seals utilizing elastomeric sealing elements. They are normally considered suitable for use only at low pressures (see ISO 6194-1:2007, 6.1).

This part of ISO 6194 defines and classifies typical surface imperfections that can impair the function of the seals and is intended as a convenience for purchasers and manufacturers in their discussions concerning the importance of these imperfections in different applications.

NOTE ISO 6194 (all parts) is complementary to ISO 16589 (all parts), which covers seals incorporating thermoplastic sealing elements.

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### 2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 5598, Fluid power system and components — Vocabulary

ISO 6194-2, Rotary-shaft lip-type seals incorporating elastomeric sealing elements — Part 2: Vocabulary

### 3 Terms and definitions

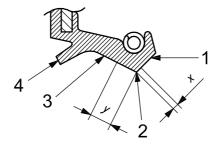
For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO 5598 and ISO 6194-2 apply.

### 4 Characteristic imperfections

### 4.1 Definition of sealing lip critical area

See Figure 1 and Table 1.

Dimensions *x* and *y* were chosen because, in cases of wear, imperfections in this area can impair the function of the rotary-shaft lip-type seal during its lifetime.



### Key

- 1 lip fluid side
- 2 sealing edge
- 3 lip air side
- 4 optional protection lip

NOTE The values for *x* and *y* are given in Table 1.

### Figure 1 — Sealing lip critical area

#### Table 1 — Typical dimensions of sealing lip critical area

		Dimensions in millimeters
Shaft diameter		y <sup>a</sup>
$d_1 \leqslant 50$	0,6	1,2
50 < <i>d</i> <sub>1</sub> ≤ 120	(standoards.iteh	<b>ai)</b> 1,5
<i>d</i> <sub>1</sub> > 120	1	2
<sup>a</sup> These are typical values; specifi	c values shall be agreed to between p	purchasers and suppliers.

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### 4.2 Type and name of imperfections

See Figure 2.

### 4.3 Typical sealing edge imperfections

See Figure 2 and Figures 3 to 14 for the following types of imperfections; keyed elements are identified in Figure 2:

- inclusion (see Figures 3, 4, and 5);
- crack (see Figure 6);
- rough trim (see Figure 7);
- step trim (see Figure 8);
- nick (see Figure 9);
- knit line (see Figure 10);
- tear (see Figure 11);
- cut (see Figure 12);
- filler projection (see Figure 13);
- stuck flash (see Figure 14).

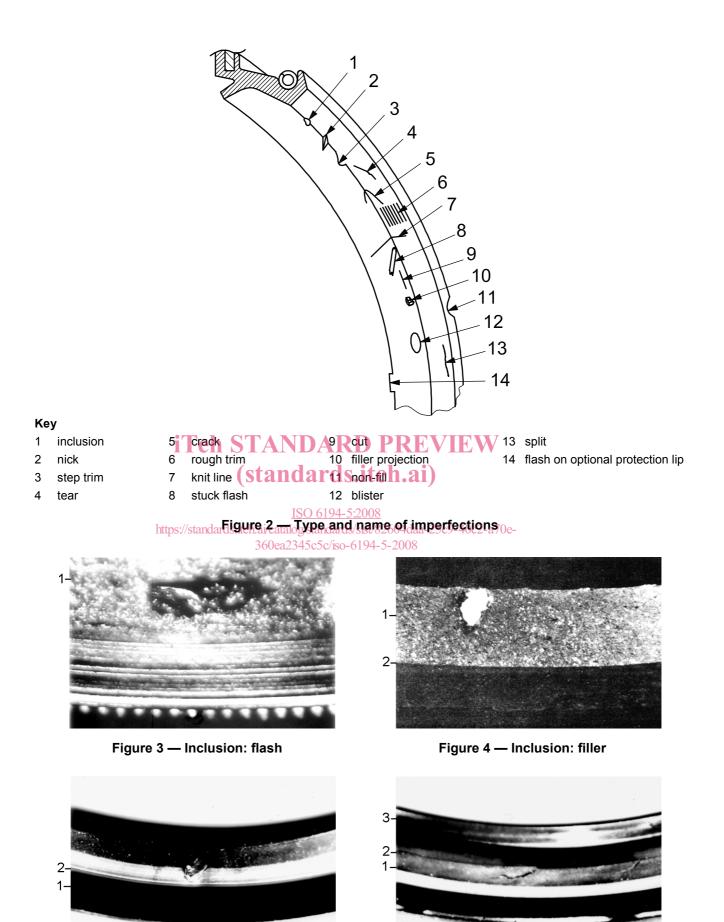


Figure 5 — Inclusion: foreign material

