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Welding consumables — Solid wires and rods for fusion welding of copper and copper alloys — Classification

Produits consommables pour le soudage — Fils pleins et baguettes pleines pour le soudage par fusion du cuivre et des alliages de cuivre — Classification

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Foreword

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International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO 24373 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 44, *Welding and allied processes*, Subcommittee SC 3, *Welding consumables* **h STANDARD PREVIEW**

Requests for official interpretations of any aspect of this International Standard should be directed to the Secretariat of ISO/TC 44/SC 3 via your national standards body, a complete listing of which can be found at www.iso.org.

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Introduction

For copper-welding consumables, there is no unique relationship between the product form (solid wire or rod) and the welding process used (e.g. gas-shielded metal arc welding, gas tungsten arc welding, plasma arc or other welding processes). For this reason, the solid wires or rods may be classified on the basis of any of the above product forms and can be used, as appropriate, for more than one of the above processes.

ISO 24373 is based on EN 14640:2005.

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Welding consumables — Solid wires and rods for fusion welding of copper and copper alloys — Classification

1 Scope

This International Standard specifies requirements for classification of solid wires and rods for fusion welding of copper and copper alloys. The classification of the solid wires and rods is based on their chemical composition.

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 31-0:1992, Quantities and units - Part 0: General principles

ISO 544, Welding consumables — **Technical delivery conditions for** welding filler materials — Type of product, dimensions, tolerances and markings

ISO 4063, Welding and allied processes --- Nomenclature of processes and reference numbers

a0c45c6f23b9/iso-24373-2008 ISO 14344, Welding and allied processes — Flux and gas shielded electrical welding processes — Procurement guidelines for consumables

3 Classification

The classification is divided into two parts:

- a) the first part indicates the product form, solid wires or rods (see 4.1);
- b) the second part gives a numerical symbol indicating the chemical composition of the solid wire or rod (see Table 1).

4 Symbols

4.1 Symbol for the product form

The symbol for the solid wire and rod shall be S.

NOTE One product form may be used for more than one welding process.

4.2 Symbol for the chemical composition

The numerical symbol in Table 1 indicates the chemical composition of a solid wire or rod, determined under conditions given in Clause 6.

- NOTE 1 In addition the chemical symbol may be used.
- NOTE 2 Corresponding national classifications are shown in Annex A.

5 Mechanical properties of the weld metal

The mechanical properties of the weld metal are not part of the classification.

6 Chemical analysis

Chemical analysis shall be performed on specimens of the product or the stock from which it is made. Any analytical technique can be used; but, in case of dispute, reference shall be made to established published methods, agreed between the contracting parties.

7 Rounding-off procedure

For purposes of determining compliance with the requirements of this International Standard, the actual test values obtained shall be subjected to the rounding-off rules of ISO 31-0:1992, Annex B, Rule A. If the measured values are obtained by equipment calibrated in units other than those of this International Standard, the measured values shall be converted to the units of this International Standard before rounding off. If an average value is to be compared to the requirements of this International Standard, rounding off shall be done only after calculating the average. In the case where the testing standard cited in the normative references of this International Standard, the rounding off requirements of the testing standard shall apply. The rounded-off results shall fulfil the requirements of the appropriate table for the classification under test.

8 Retest

If any test fails to meet a requirement, that test shall be repeated twice. The results of both retests shall meet the requirement. Specimens for the retest may be taken from the original test sample or from a new test sample. For chemical analysis, retests need only be for those specific elements that failed to meet their test requirement. If the results of one or both retests fail to meet the requirement, the material under test shall be considered as not meeting the requirements of this International Standard for that classification.

In the event that, during preparation or after completion of any test, it is clearly determined that prescribed or proper procedures were not followed in preparing the sample or test specimen(s), or in conducting the tests, the test shall be considered invalid, without regard to whether the test was actually completed, or whether the test results met, or failed to meet, the requirement. That test shall be repeated, following proper prescribed procedures. In this case, the requirement for doubling the number of test specimens does not apply.

9 Technical delivery conditions

Technical delivery conditions shall meet the requirements in ISO 544 and ISO 14344.

Table 1 — Symbol for the chemical composition of solid wires and rods

-									_	_	_				_		_			
	Others total		0,2 Ag:0,8 to 1,2	0,50	0,2		0,5	0,5	0,5		0,5	0,2	0,2	0,5	0,4		0,2	0'2 _C	0,2	0.5 ^C
	S		I	1	1		Ι	1	Ι		Ι	I	Ι	Ι	Ι		Ι	Ι	Ι	
	Ξ		I	1	1		Ι	1	Ι		Ι	I	Ι	Ι	Ι		Ι	Ι	Ι	I
	U		I	I	1		Ι	1	Ι		Ι	I	Ι	Ι	Ι		Ι	Ι	Ι	I
	As		0,05	1	1		Ι		Ι		Ι		I	Ι	Ι		Ι	Ι	Ι	I
	Zn		I	1			0,2	0,4	1,5		Ι	0,1	0,2	0,1	0,05		bal.	bal.	bal.	bal.
is fraction ^{a, b}	Sn		I	1,0	0,5 to 1,0		0,1 to 0,3	0,2	1,5		4,0 to 6,0	4,0 to 7,0	7,5 to 8,5	9,0 to 10,0	11,0 to 13,0		1,0	0,25 to 1,00	0,2 to 0,5	0,8 to 1,1
sition, % mas	Si		iŤe	0,5	0 ,1 to 0,4	ΓA	1,5 to 2,0	2,8 to 4,0	2.0 to 2,8	R	D	P	R	0,1 to 0,5		E	0,1 to 0,5	*	0,15 to 0,4	0,04 to 0,20
ical compo	Pb		0,01	0,02	0,01	ta	0,02	0,02	0,02	ds	0,02	0,02	0,02	0,02	0,02		0,03	0,05*	0,02	0,05*
Chem	ď	httj	os#sand	atels	0,015	1.ai/c a0c	a84 :43c	<u>ISO</u> 9831 612.3	<u>243</u> and: b9/	3 <u>73:</u> 1rds/ 1so-2	0.1 to	0,01 100,4	0.001	1-8 0	0,01 🗛0,4	4310	1-8c	ld3-		I
	Ni incl. Co		0,3	I	0,1		I	I	-		-	I	0,2	I	-		-	Ι	Ι	0,2 to 0,8
	ЧМ		0,2	0,50	0,1 to 0,4		0,5 to 1,5	0,5 to 1,5	1,5		Ι	Ι	Ι	0,1 to 0,5	Ι		0,3	*	0,05 to 0,25	0,01 to 0,50
	Fe		0,05	Ι	0,03		0,1	0,5	9'0		Ι	0,1	0,1	0,1	Η		0,2	*	0,25	0,25 to 1,20
	А		0,01	0,01	0,01		0,01	0,02	I		0,01	0,01	I	0,01	0,005		0,01	0,01*	0,01	0,01*
	Cu		min. 99,5 incl. Ag	min. 98,0	bal.	NZE)	bal.	bal.	bal.	BRONZE)	bal.	bal.	bal.	bal.	bal.		58,0 to 62,0	57,0 to 61,0	58,5 to 61,5	56,0 to 60,0
symbols	Chemical	/ ALLOYED	CuAg1	CuSn1	CuSn1MnSi	CON (SILICON BRC	CuSi2Mn1	CuSi3Mn1	CuSi2Mn1Sn1Zn1	(INCL. PHOSPHOR	CuSn5P	CuSn6P	CuSn8P	CuSn10MnSi	CuSn12P	(BRASS)	CuZn40SnSi	CuZn40Sn	CuZn40SnSiMn	CuZn40Ni
Alloy	Numerical	COPPER-LOW	Cu 1897	Cu 1898 (Cu 1898A (COPPER-SILIC	Cu 6511	Cu 6560	Cu 6561	COPPER-TIN	Cu 5180	Cu 5180A (Cu 5210	Cu 5211 (Cu 5410 (COPPER-ZINC	Cu 4641 (Cu 4700 (Cu 4701 (Cu 6800 (

(continued)
~
Table

All	oy symbols						Chemica	l composit	ion, % mass f	iraction ^{a, b}						
Numerical	Chemical	Cu	AI	Fe	Mn	Ni incl. Co	Р	Pb	Si	Sn	Zn	As	С	Τi	S	Others total
Cu 6810	CuZn40Fe1Sn1	56,0 to 60,0	0,01*	0,25 to 1,20	0,01 to 0,50	I		0,05*	0,04 to 0,15	0,8 to 1,1	bal.	Ι	I		Ι	0,5 ^C
Cu 7730	CuZn40Ni10	46,0 to 50,0	0,01*		I	9,0 to 11,0	0,25	0,05*	0,04 to 0,25	I	bal.	I	I	I	I	0,5 ^C
COPPER-A	- השואוחש (ארחשואור	JM BRONZE)														
Cu 6061	CuAI5Ni2Mn	bal.	4,5 to 5,5	0,5	0,1 to 1,0	1,0 to 2,5	 http	0,02	0,1	Ι	0,2		Ι	-	Ι	0,5
Cu 6100	CuAI7	bal.	6,0 to 8,5	*	0,5	*	l is://st	0,02	0,2	*	0,2	-	Ι	-	Ι	0,4 ^C
Cu 6180	CuAl10Fe	bal.	8,5 to 11,0	1,5	Ι	Ι	 anda	0,02	0,1	Ι	0,02	Ι	Ι	-	Ι	0,5
Cu 6240	CuAI11Fe3	bal.	10,0 to 11,5	2,0 to 4,5	Ι	I	ırds.	0,02	0,1	I	0,1	I	I	I	Ι	0,5
Cu 6325	CuAl8Fe4Mn2Ni2	bal.	7,0 to 9,0	1,8 to 5,0	0,5 to 3,0	0,5 to 3,0	l iteh.	02	0,1	Ι	0,1		Ι	-	Ι	0,4
Cu 6327	CuAI8Ni2Fe2Mn2	bal.	7,0 to 9,5	0,5 to 2,5	0,5 to 2,5	0,5 to 3,0 👸	ai/ca	00	0,2	I	0,2	I	I	I	I	0,4
Cu 6328	CuAI9Ni5Fe3Mn2	bal.	8,5 to 9,5	3,0 to 5,0	0,6 to 3,5	4,0 to 5,5	litalo	0,02	0,1	I	0,1	1	I	I	I	0,5
COPPER-M	ANGANESE					123	SO g/sta	la								
Cu 6338	CuMn13Al8Fe3Ni2	bal.	7,0 to 8,5	2,0 to 4,0	11,0 to 14,0	1,5 to 3,0	243 Inda	0,02	0,1	Ι	0,15	Ι	Ι	-	Ι	0,5
COPPER-N	ICKEL					0-2	7 <u>3:2</u> rds/s	ls.	DI							
Cu 7061	CuNi10	bal.	I	0,5 to 2,0	0,5 to 1,5	9,0 to 11,0 5	0 <u>88</u> ist/4	0,02	0,2	Ι			0,05	0,1 to 0,5	0,02	0,4
Cu 7158	CuNi30Mn1FeTi	bal.		0,4 to 0,7	0,5 to 1,5	29,0 to 32,0	05 04a	1 005	0,25			Ι	0,04	0,2 to 0,5	0,01	0,5
a out to deter	Analysis shall be made mine that the total of th	e for the eleme hese other eler	ents for which ments does no	specific value ot exceed the	s are shown ir given maximu	n this table. If, m level.	however, the	b bresence	of other eleme	ents is indica	ted in the co	ourse of rou	itine analysi	is, further an	alyses sha	all be carried
م	Single values shown a	re maxima, un	less otherwis€	e noted.			c87-	♥ _■	71							
c (and *)	The total of all other el	ements, includ	ing those for ∿	which the may	kimum value ol	r an asterisk (*	s 'uwoysi (,	hall not exc	eed the value	specified in	"Others tota	".				
NOTE	Consumables not liste	d in the table c	an be symbol	ized by Cu Z.	The chemical	symbol establ	lished by the	manufactu	er may be add	ded in bracke	ets.					
							d3-									

10 Designation

The designation of solid wires and rods shall follow the principle given in the example below.

EXAMPLE A solid wire (S) for fusion welding that has a chemical composition within the limits for the alloy symbol Cu 6560 (CuSi3Mn1) of Table 1 is designated:

Solid wire ISO 24373 - S Cu 6560

or

Solid wire ISO 24373 - S Cu 6560 (CuSi3Mn1)

where:

ISO 24373	is the number of this International Standard;
S	is the product form (see 4.1);
Cu 6560	is the chemical composition of welding consumable (see Table 1);
CuSi3Mn1	is the optional chemical composition of welding consumable (see Table 1).

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