

Designation: D 6580 - 00 (Reapproved 2005)

# Standard Test Method for The Determination of Metallic Zinc Content in Both Zinc Dust Pigment and in Cured Films of Zinc-Rich Coatings<sup>1</sup>

This standard is issued under the fixed designation D 6580; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon  $(\epsilon)$  indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

### 1. Scope

- 1.1 This test method covers the determination by differential scanning calorimetry of the metallic zinc content of both zinc-dust pigment, and of dried films of zinc-rich coatings. This test method is applicable to both inorganic and organic zinc-rich coatings
- 1.2 The values stated in SI units are to be regarded as the standard. The values given in parentheses are for information only.
- 1.3 This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.

### 2. Referenced Documents

- 2.1 ASTM Standards: <sup>2</sup>
- D 521 Test Methods for Chemical Analysis of Zinc-Dust (Metallic Zinc Powder)
- E 691 Practice for Conducting an Interlaboratory Study to Determine the Precision of a Test Method

# 3. Summary of Test Method g/standards/sist/8

3.1 Samples of either zinc-dust pigment or of cured films of zinc-rich coatings are ground in a mortar and pestle, then carefully weighed into standard differential scanning calorimetry (DSC) sample pans. The pans are then crimped shut, and analyzed in a differential scanning calorimeter in a single

dynamic heating step, ranging from 370 to 435°C at 10°C per min, under a nitrogen purge. The percent metallic zinc in the sample is determined by measuring the energy associated with the endothermic peak near 419°C caused by the melting of the metallic zinc, and comparing this value to the heat of fusion of pure zinc.

# 4. Significance and Use

4.1 This test method is useful for determining the amount of metallic zinc in zinc dust pigment, and also in dried films of both inorganic and organic zinc-rich coatings. Test Methods D 521 is an appropriate method for analyzing zinc dust, but has shortcomings when applied to samples of cured coatings.

#### 5. Interferences

- 5.1 An increase or decrease in heating rate from those specified may slightly alter the results. However, the variation would be expected to be minimal, so long as the zinc reference standard and the samples are subjected to the same heating rate.
- 5.2 Daily calibration of the calorimeter with high purity zinc foil results in improved results. Reagent grade zinc granules or zinc powder are of insufficient purity to properly calibrate the instrument. Furthermore, the high purity-zinc foil should only be used one time as a calibration standard. **Warning:** Using the same piece of foil more than once can result in inaccurate results, due to oxidation of the zinc at the high temperatures in the calorimeter, coupled with the alloying effects of zinc with the aluminum sample pans.
- 5.3 Important steps in achieving accurate and reproducible results are very gentle tapping of the pan in order to distribute the sample evenly over the bottom of the pan, and careful placement of the pan lid to avoid expulsion of the fine powder during crimping.

Note 1—Round-robin testing has shown no evidence that pyrolysis of the binder interferes with the measurement of the heat of fusion. Either pyrolysis does not occur, occurs during stabilization of the instrument

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm I}$  This test method is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee D01 on Paint and Related Coatings, Materials, and Applications , and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee D01.21 on Chemical Analysis of Paints and Paint Materials.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.