INTERNATIONAL STANDARD



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Plastics laboratory ware — Single-use Petri dishes for microbiological procedures

Matériel de laboratoire en matière plastique — Boîtes de Petri à usage unique pour méthodes microbiologiques

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO 24998 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 48, *Laboratory equipment*, Subcommittee SC 6, *Laboratory and volumetric ware*.

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Plastics laboratory ware — Single-use Petri dishes for microbiological procedures

1 Scope

This International Standard specifies requirements and test methods for plain, single-use Petri dishes for microbiological use.

This International Standard does not apply to products of similar design which may be used for cell or tissue culture purposes. Neither does it apply to dishes supplied ready loaded with microbiological media.

NOTE Petri dishes are used for microbiological routine purposes in very large numbers and consequently, are often handled by robotic equipment. Users of such equipment should satisfy themselves that the Petri dishes of any given manufacturer are suitable for use with such equipment and, if obtained from several sources, are compatible if mixed.

2 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

2.1

Petri dish

combination of a dish with an accompanying loose fitting lid, intended to preserve the microbiological integrity of its unused or in-use enclosed, interior space tandards/sist/2318d896-ba83-40af-9d7f-1932c106a4e8/iso-24998-2008

2.2

dish

shallow, cylindrical or square, open-topped container comprising a plane base with an integral outer wall

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NOTE The dish can be subdivided with internal dividers to form separate compartments.

2.3

lid

cover of similar shape to, and larger size than the dish, over which it is placed, inverted, to enclose a working volume

NOTE The underside of the lid can incorporate one or more small protuberances (venting protrusions) to facilitate free circulation of environmental gases. Lids without such protrusions are designed to impede such free circulation.

3 Principle of use

Under environmentally controlled conditions, selected to avoid introduction of unwanted micro-organisms, the lid of the Petri dish is lifted and a quantity of microbiologically nutrient medium introduced (poured) into the dish. The dish is recovered and allowed to equilibrate with a predetermined environment.

Under similarly suitable conditions, the lid is lifted again and a sample under investigation is then introduced onto the medium in the dish. Following closure and a period of storage under predetermined conditions, growth of any microorganisms originating from the sample may have occurred, enabling further study.

NOTE Attention is drawn to potential national or regional regulations in respect of safe and environmentally compatible disposal of used Petri dishes.

4 Types

Four types of dish are specified in this International Standard.

Type A: circular dishes, without internal dividers, with or without venting protrusions in the lid

Type B: circular dishes, with internal dividers, with or without venting protrusions in the lid

Type C: square dishes, without internal dividers, with or without venting protrusions in the lid

Type D: square dishes, with internal dividers, with or without venting protrusions in the lid

NOTE There can be variants of Type A to Type D in respect of design and construction as given in Clause 6. In that case, detailed specifications are given by the manufacturer.

5 Material

The Petri dish shall be made from microbiologically inert transparent plastic and may be self-coloured for batch identification purposes, or colourless.

The finished dish shall be free from colour variation or discolouration and physical defects such as striations which may impair its use in microbiology.

Design and construction **STANDARD PREVIEW** (standards.iteh.ai)

6.1 General

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When subjected to visual examination the apetri dish shall have snot sharp edges, projection or surface roughness capable of cutting, puncturing or abrading the sking of gloves of the user, or damaging the packaging.

The Petri dish shall be free of holes which would permit leakage or compromising of microbiological integrity.

The base of the dish and the closed face of the lid shall be planar, within the limits given in Table 1.

6.2 Dimensions

The dimensions of the Petri dish shall conform to those given in Table 1 and, where applicable, to other detailed dimensions given in 6.3 to 6.5.

NOTE Manufacturing techniques are capable of yielding products conforming to very tight dimensional tolerances – frequently closer than $\pm 0,02$ mm on products of this order of size. It is for that reason, and to allow manufacturers' freedom to innovate designs, that dimensional tolerances are not specified for the major dimensions in Table 1, but ranges are given from within which manufacturers may choose their basic dimensions. This also allows for innovative wall designs incorporating rims or multiple angles to facilitate automated handling.

Dimensions in millimetres

	Nominal size	Range for external dimension of dish		Range for	Pango for	Range for lateral clearance	Flatness: maximum
Туре		Diameter	Length of side	external height of dish	Range for external height of lid	between lid and dish (assembled) at point of contact	permitted departure of base of dish and face of lid from plane
A (circular)	60	54 to 65	_	13 to 17	7,5 to 10,5	1 to 3	1,0
	90	85 to 91	_	13 to 17	7,5 to 10,5	1 to 3	1,0
A and B (circular)	100	95 to 105	_	13 to 17	7,5 to 10,5	1 to 3	1,5
(,	140	138 to 144	_	13 to 21	7,5 to 10,5	2 to 4	1,5
C and D	100	_	101 to 104	17 to 21	7,5 to 10,5	1 to 3	1,5
(square)	120	_	121 to 129	13 to 21	7,5 to 10,5	2 to 4	1,5

Table 1 — Dimensions of Petri dishes

The flatness (see Table 1) shall be measured as:

- the maximum distance between any part of the top face of the base and a horizontal plane touching that face;
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- the maximum distance between any part of the top face of the lid and a horizontal plane touching that face.

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6.3 Rim on lid https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/2318d896-ba83-40af-9d7f-

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A slight rim may be provided on the outer, closed face of the lid, close to its circumference or, if square, its outer edge. This rim shall not exceed 1 mm in height.

NOTE Such a rim is to discourage dishes within stacks from sliding over one another laterally.

6.4 Compartments

If the dish has dividers to create internal compartments, the height of the dividers shall be between 50 % and 100 % of the height of the dish and shall not allow leakage between compartments. The number of compartments shall be stated in the labelling of primary packaging, see Clauses 10 and 11.

6.5 Venting

As referred to in 2.3, one or more venting protuberances (protrusions) may be moulded on the inside face of the lid, close to its wall. Such venting protrusions shall extend radially from the wall to exceed the maximum lateral clearance possible between the edge of the dish and the lid.

Single venting protrusion shall have a height within the range 0,12 mm to 0,35 mm.

Multiple venting protrusions shall be symmetrically disposed on the lid and shall have a height within the range 0,25 mm to 0,7 mm.

The provision of venting shall be designated by the letter "V" in the marking of primary packages. See Clauses 10 and 11.

7 Performance

7.1 Rigidity

7.1.1 Lid

When tested by the method described in Annex A, the internal diameter (for Type A and B) or the internal width (for Type C and D) of the lid, measured in the direction of the applied force, shall not decrease by more than 1 mm.

7.1.2 Dish

When tested by the method described in Annex A, the internal diameter (for Type A and B) or the internal width (for Type C and D) of the dish, measured in the direction of the applied force, shall not decrease by more than 2 mm.

7.2 Resistance to thermal distortion

After being subjected to the test method described in Annex B, the dish shall retain the degree of flatness given in Table 1 and the dish shall not rock or spin on a flat surface.

7.3 Resistance to fracture

7.3.1 Lid

When tested by the method described in Annex C, the lid shall neither fracture nor permanently deform under a load of 9,81 N. (standards.iteh.ai)

7.3.2 Dish

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When tested by the method described in Annex C, the dish shall neither fracture nor permanently deform under a load of 7,36 N.

7.4 Stability in stacking

When tested by the method described in Annex D, it shall be possible to tilt a stack of 10 Petri dishes at an angle of 12° from the vertical without the stack collapsing.

8 Limitation of contamination

Petri dishes shall be free from contamination by loose particles greater than 100 μ m in diameter, as assessed by visual inspection by an observer with usual, or corrected-to-usual, vision without magnification, under a uniform illumination of 300 lx to 750 lx.

9 Sterility and special microbiological states

If a manufacturer claims that an unopened and unused dish is sterile, or has a special microbiological state, the dish shall have been subjected to a validated process designed to achieve that claim. Validation of the sterilisation process is the responsibility of the manufacturer.

NOTE 1 For the validation and routine control of sterilisation procedures, see ISO 11137-1 and ISO 17665-1.

NOTE 2 For cleanrooms and associated controlled environments, see ISO 14644 (parts 1 to 8).

10 Packaging

Petri dishes shall be supplied, assembled, in sealed bags, the permeability of which shall be such as to prevent microbiological contamination of the dishes under usual conditions of storage and handling. All Petri dishes shall be arranged with the same orientation with a maximum of 30 dishes in each bag. The bagged Petri dishes shall be assembled in quantities convenient for sale, storage and handling, in outer cartons (primary packaging) to protect the bags and minimize the risk of compromising the microbiological integrity of the Petri dishes.

If the bags are made of polyethylene film, the thickness should be not less than 70 μ m.

11 Marking

As appropriate, the primary packaging (outer cartons, see Clause 10) shall bear the following particulars, which may, where applicable, take the form of a symbol in accordance with regional or national standards:

- a) the name and address of the manufacturer;
- a description of the product detailing shape, and nominal dimension, whether vented and number of compartments, if subdivided e.g. "Petri dishes, circular, 90 mm, un-vented", or "Petri dishes, square, 100 mm, 4-compartment, vented";
- c) where appropriate, the word "STERILE", or a statement indicating any special microbiological state or state of cleanliness;
- d) the batch code, preceded by the word "LOT";
- e) if necessary, an indication of the date by which the Petri dish should be used, in safety, without degradation of performance, expressed as the year, the month and, where relevant, the day, in that order; in the format YYYY MM or YYYY MM DD, 24998:2008 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/2318d896-ba83-40af-9d7f-
- f) where appropriate, a statement indicating the *"in vitro"* use of the dish;
- g) any particular storage and/or handling conditions required.