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Designation: B643 - 00 (Reapproved 2005)

Standard Specification for Copper-Beryllium Alloy Seamless Tube¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation B643; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ε) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

This standard has been approved for use by agencies of the Department of Defense.

1. Scope*

- 1.1 This specification establishes requirements for copperberyllium alloy seamless tube in straight lengths. Copper Alloy UNS C17200 will be the alloy furnished whenever Specification B643 is specified.
- 1.2 *Units*—The values stated in inch-pound units are to be regarded as standard. The values given in parentheses are mathematical conversions to SI units that are provided for information only and are not considered standard.
- 1.3 The following safety hazard caveat pertains only to the test methods described in this specification.
- 1.4 This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.

2. Referenced Documents

- 2.1 The following documents of the issue in effect on date of material purchase form a part of this specification to the extent referenced herein:
 - 2.2 ASTM Standards:²
- B194 Specification for Copper-Beryllium Alloy Plate, Sheet, Strip, and Rolled Bar
 - B251 Specification for General Requirements for Wrought Seamless Copper and Copper-Alloy Tube
 - B601 Classification for Temper Designations for Copper and Copper Alloys—Wrought and Cast
 - B846 Terminology for Copper and Copper Alloys
 - E3 Guide for Preparation of Metallographic Specimens
 - E8 Test Methods for Tension Testing of Metallic Materials
- ¹ This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee B05 on Copper and Copper Alloys and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee B05.04 on Pipe and Tube.
- Current edition approved Oct. 1, 2005. Published October 2005. Originally approved in 1978. Last previous edition approved in 2000 as $B643-00^{c1}$. DOI: 10.1520/B0643-00R05.
- ² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

- E18 Test Methods for Rockwell Hardness of Metallic Materials
- E29 Practice for Using Significant Digits in Test Data to Determine Conformance with Specifications
- E112 Test Methods for Determining Average Grain Size
- **E255** Practice for Sampling Copper and Copper Alloys for the Determination of Chemical Composition
- E527 Practice for Numbering Metals and Alloys in the Unified Numbering System (UNS)

3. General Requirements

- 3.1 The following sections of Specification B251 (as noted) constitute a part of this specification:
 - 3.1.1 Workmanship, Finish and Appearance,
 - 3.1.2 Significance of Numerical limits,
 - 3.1.3 Inspection,
 - 3.1.4 Rejection and Rehearing,
 - 3.1.5 Certification,
 - 3.1.6 Mill Test Report, and
 - 3.1.7 Packaging and Package Marking.

IM B643-00**4. Terminology**

- 4.1 *Definitions*—For terms relating to copper and copper alloys, refer to Terminology B846.
 - 4.2 Definitions of Terms Specific to This Standard:
- 4.2.1 average diameter (for round tubes only), n—the average of the maximum and minimum outside diameters, or maximum and minimum inside diameters, whichever is applicable, as determined at any one cross section of the tube.
 - 4.2.2 *lengths*, *n*—straight pieces of the product.
- 4.2.2.1 *ends*, *n*—straight pieces, shorter than the nominal length, left over after cutting the product into mill lengths, stock lengths, or specific lengths. They are subject to minimum length and maximum weight requirements.
- 4.2.2.2 specific, adj—straight lengths that are uniform in length, as specified, and subject to established length tolerances.
- 4.2.2.3 *specific with ends, adj*—specific lengths, including ends.

- 4.2.2.4 *stock*, *n*—straight lengths that are mill cut and stored in advance of orders. They are usually 8, 10, 12, or 20 ft (2.44, 3.05, 3.66, or 6.10 m) and subject to established length tolerances.
 - 4.2.2.5 stock with ends, adj—stock lengths, including ends.
- 4.2.3 *tube*, *n*—a hollow product of round or any other cross section having a continuous periphery.
- 4.2.3.1 *tube*, *seamless*, *adj*—a tube produced with a continuous periphery in all stages of the operations.

5. Ordering Information

- 5.1 Include the following information:
- 5.1.1 Quantity, number of pieces or pounds,
- 5.1.2 Copper (Alloy) UNS number (see 1.1),
- 5.1.3 Temper (see Section 8),
- 5.1.4 Dimensions, including length if applicable,
- 5.1.5 How furnished, stock lengths with or without ends, specific lengths with or without ends,
 - 5.1.6 ASTM designation and year of issue,
 - 5.1.7 Special tests or exceptions, if any,
 - 5.1.8 Hardness tests, if required,
- 5.1.9 Special tests such as tension test or grain size, if required,
 - 5.1.10 Special marking or packaging, if required,
 - 5.1.11 Inspection, if required (see Specification B251),
- 5.1.12 Certification, if required (see Specification B251), and
 - 5.1.13 Mill test report, if required (see Specification B251).
- 5.2 When material is purchased for agencies of the U. S. government, this shall be specified in the contract or purchase order, and the material shall conform to the Supplementary Requirements as defined in the current issue of Specification B251.

6. Materials and Manufacture

- 6.1 Material:
- 6.1.1 The material of manufacture shall be Alloy C17200, cast and worked into tubular form, and of such purity and soundness as to be suitable for processing into the products prescribed herein.
 - 6.1.2 The tube shall have heat traceable identity.
- 6.2 *Manufacture*—The product shall be manufactured by a combination of hot and cold working, annealing, or precipitation heat treatment, or both, as to produce a uniform wrought structure in the finished product, to meet the temper specified.

7. Chemical Composition

7.1 The material shall conform to the chemical requirements shown in Table 1.

TABLE 1 Chemical Requirements

Element	Composition, %		
Element	Copper Alloy UNS No. C17200		
Beryllium	1.80–2.00		
Additive elements:			
Nickel + cobalt, min	0.20		
Nickel + cobalt + iron, max	0.6		
Aluminum, max	0.20		
Silicon, max	0.20		
Copper	remainder		

7.2 These composition limits do not preclude the presence of other elements. Limits may be established and analysis required for unnamed elements by agreement between the manufacturer and purchaser. Copper may be given as remainder and may be taken as the difference between the sum of all elements analyzed and 100 %. When all elements in Table 1 are analyzed, their sum shall be 99.5 % minimum.

8. Temper

- 8.1 Tempers available under this specification are solution heat-treated TB00 (A) and cold drawn hard TD04 (H), to be precipitation heat-treated by the user (see Table 2). Also available are products already precipitation heat-treated by the manufacturer, tempers TF00 (AT) and TH04 (HT). These products meet property requirements in Table 3 and normally require no further heat treatment by the user.
- 8.2 Tempers available under this specification are defined in Classification B601.

9. Precipitation Heat Treatment

- 9.1 When material is purchased in the TB00(A) or the ASTM B643-0(TD04(H) tempers, the precipitation heat treatment is performed by the purchaser.
 - 9.2 When testing for conformance to the TF00(AT) and the TH04(HT) property requirements shown in Table 3 for products supplied in the TB00(A) and TD04(H) tempers, the appropriate test specimens shall be heat treated for times and temperatures within those stated in Table 4. The times and temperatures used by the manufacturer to qualify the material will be stated on the mill test report. The use of other times and temperatures, within the allowable ranges, shown in Table 4, may produce properties other than those stated on the mill test report. This will not be cause for rejection.
 - 9.3 This material may be heat-treated at other times and temperature for specific applications. These special combinations of properties, such as increased ductility, dimensional accuracy, endurance life, may be obtained by special

TABLE 2 Mechanical Property Requirements Before Precipitation Heat Treatment

Temper Designation ^A		Diameter Distance Between Cross-Sectional	Rockwell Hardness. ^B -	Tensile Strength ^C	
Standard	Former	Parallel Surfaces, in. (mm)	B Scale	ksi ^D	(MPa)
TB00	Solution-heat treated (A)	3/4 (19.1) and over	45–85	60–85	(410–570)
TD04	Hard (H)	3/4 (19.1) and over	88-103	85-115	(590-800)

^A Standard designations defined in Classification B601.

^B Hardness values shown apply only to direct determinations, not converted values.

^C Hardness is the normal commercial acceptance criterion. Mechanical properties apply only when specifically required.

^D ksi = 1000 psi.