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**Satelitske zemeljske postaje in sistemi (SES) - Harmonizirani EN za zemeljske postaje na mobilnih platformah (ESOMP), ki oddajajo proti satelitom v negeostacionarni orbiti v pasovih od 27,5 GHz do 29,1 GHz in od 29,5 GHz do 30,0 GHz, ki zajema bistvene zahteve člena 3.2 direktive R&TTE**

Satellite Earth Stations and Systems (SES); Harmonized EN for Earth Stations on Mobile Platforms (ESOMP) transmitting towards satellites in non-geostationary orbit in the 27,5 GHz to 29,1 GHz and 29,5 GHz to 30,0 GHz frequency bands covering the essential requirements of article 3.2 of the R&TTE Directive

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Satellite Earth Stations and Systems (SES) - Harmonized EN for Earth Stations on Mobile Platforms (ESOMP) transmitting towards satellites in geostationary orbit in the 27,5 GHz to 30,0 GHz frequency bands covering the essential requirements of article 3.2 of the R&TTE Directive

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# ETSI EN 303 979 V1.1.1 (2015-07)



**Satellite Earth Stations and Systems (SES);  
Harmonised EN for Earth Stations on  
Mobile Platforms (ESOMP) transmitting towards  
satellites in non-geostationary  
orbit in the 27,5 GHz to 29,1 GHz and 29,5 GHz to 30,0 GHz  
frequency bands covering the essential requirements  
of article 3.2 of the R&TTE Directive**

## Reference

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## Keywords

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antenna, earth station, mobile, non-GSO,  
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# Contents

Intellectual Property Rights .....	7
Foreword.....	7
Modal verbs terminology.....	7
Introduction .....	7
1 Scope .....	9
2 References .....	10
2.1 Normative references .....	10
2.2 Informative references.....	11
3 Definitions, symbols and abbreviations .....	11
3.1 Definitions .....	11
3.2 Symbols.....	13
3.3 Abbreviations .....	13
4 Technical requirements specifications .....	14
4.1 General .....	14
4.1.1 Environmental profile .....	14
4.1.2 Operational configurations .....	14
4.1.3 Determination of geographic location of the ESOMP .....	14
4.1.4 EIRP <sub>Aggregate</sub> for networks of ESOMPs.....	15
4.1.5 Presentation of equipment for testing purposes .....	15
4.1.6 Choice of model for testing .....	15
4.1.7 Mechanical and electrical design .....	15
4.1.7.1 General .....	15
4.1.7.2 Marking (equipment identification) .....	15
4.1.7.3 Equipment identification .....	15
4.2 Conformance requirements .....	16
4.2.1 Off-axis spurious radiation .....	16
4.2.1.1 Justification .....	16
4.2.1.2 Specification.....	16
4.2.1.3 Conformance tests.....	17
4.2.2 On-axis spurious radiation .....	17
4.2.2.1 Justification .....	17
4.2.2.2 Specification.....	17
4.2.2.2.1 "Carrier-on" radio state.....	17
4.2.2.2.2 "Carrier-off" and "Emissions disabled" radio states .....	17
4.2.2.3 Conformance tests .....	17
4.2.3 efd Limits .....	18
4.2.3.1 Justification .....	18
4.2.3.2 Specification.....	18
4.2.3.3 Conformance tests.....	18
4.2.4 Uplink Power Control Specification .....	18
4.2.5 Carrier suppression .....	18
4.2.5.1 Justification .....	18
4.2.5.2 Specification.....	18
4.2.5.3 Conformance tests.....	18
4.2.6 Antenna pointing and polarization alignment .....	18
4.2.6.1 Antenna pointing accuracy.....	18
4.2.6.1.1 Purpose .....	18
4.2.6.1.2 Pointing accuracy specification .....	18
4.2.6.1.3 On-axis cross polarization isolation specification .....	19
4.2.6.1.4 Conformance tests .....	19
4.2.6.2 Antenna Pointing Error Detection.....	19
4.2.6.2.1 Purpose .....	19
4.2.6.2.2 Pointing error detection specification .....	19

4.2.6.2.3	Polarization angle alignment specification .....	19
4.2.6.2.4	Conformance tests .....	20
4.2.7	Cessation of emissions .....	20
4.2.7.1	Justification .....	20
4.2.7.2	Specification .....	20
4.2.7.2.1	Specification 1: Mode of cessation of emissions .....	20
4.2.7.2.2	Specification 2: Conditions under which the ESOMP shall cease emissions .....	20
4.2.7.2.3	Specification 3: Cessation of emissions .....	21
4.2.7.2.4	Specification 4: Fault conditions .....	21
4.2.7.3	Conformance tests .....	21
4.2.8	Identification of the ESOMP .....	21
4.2.8.1	Justification .....	21
4.2.8.2	Specification .....	21
4.2.8.3	Conformance tests .....	21
4.2.9	Control and Monitoring Functions (CMFs) .....	22
4.2.9.1	ESOMP States .....	22
4.2.9.1.1	General .....	22
4.2.9.1.2	CMF state diagram .....	23
4.2.9.2	Processor monitoring .....	24
4.2.9.2.1	Justification .....	24
4.2.9.2.2	Specification .....	24
4.2.9.2.3	Conformance tests .....	24
4.2.9.3	Transmit subsystem monitoring .....	25
4.2.9.3.1	Justification .....	25
4.2.9.3.2	Specification .....	25
4.2.9.3.3	Conformance tests .....	25
4.2.9.4	Power-on/Reset .....	25
4.2.9.4.1	Justification .....	25
4.2.9.4.2	Specification .....	25
4.2.9.4.3	Conformance tests .....	25
4.2.9.5	Control Channel (CC) and Response Channel (RC) .....	25
4.2.9.5.1	Justification .....	25
4.2.9.5.2	Specification .....	25
4.2.9.5.3	Conformance tests .....	26
4.2.9.6	Network control commands .....	26
4.2.9.6.1	Justification .....	26
4.2.9.6.2	Specification .....	26
4.2.9.6.3	Conformance tests .....	27
4.2.9.7	Initial burst transmission .....	27
4.2.9.7.1	Justification .....	27
4.2.9.7.2	Specification .....	27
4.2.9.7.3	Conformance tests .....	27
4.2.9.8	Inhibition of transmissions .....	27
4.2.9.8.1	Justification .....	27
4.2.9.8.2	Specification .....	27
4.2.9.8.3	Conformance tests .....	27
5	Testing for compliance with technical requirements .....	28
5.1	Environmental conditions for testing .....	28
5.2	Essential radio test suites .....	28
6	Test methods for all aspects of the ESOMP .....	28
6.1	General .....	28
6.1.1	General requirements .....	28
6.1.2	Interpretation of measurement results .....	28
6.1.3	Measuring receiver .....	29
6.2	Off-axis spurious radiation .....	30
6.2.1	General .....	30
6.2.2	Test method .....	30
6.2.2.1	General .....	30
6.2.2.2	Multi-carrier operation .....	31
6.2.3	Measurements up to 1 000 MHz .....	31

6.2.3.1	Test site .....	31
6.2.3.2	Measuring receivers .....	31
6.2.3.3	Procedure .....	31
6.2.4	Measurements above 1 000 MHz .....	32
6.2.4.1	General .....	32
6.2.4.2	Identification of the significant frequencies of spurious radiation .....	32
6.2.4.2.1	Test site.....	32
6.2.4.2.2	Procedure.....	32
6.2.4.3	Measurement of radiated power levels of identified spurious radiation.....	32
6.2.4.3.1	Test site.....	32
6.2.4.3.2	Procedure.....	33
6.2.4.4	Measurement of conducted spurious radiation at the antenna flange.....	34
6.2.4.4.1	Test site.....	34
6.2.4.4.2	Procedure.....	34
6.3	On-axis spurious radiation.....	35
6.3.1	Test method .....	35
6.3.1.1	General .....	35
6.3.1.2	Test site .....	35
6.3.1.3	Method of measurement.....	35
6.3.1.3.1	General .....	35
6.3.1.3.2	Method of measurement at the antenna flange .....	35
6.3.1.3.3	Method of measurement for an EUT with antenna.....	37
6.4	epfd limits.....	38
6.5	Carrier suppression.....	38
6.5.1	Test method .....	38
6.6	Antenna pointing .....	38
6.6.1	General.....	38
6.6.2	Test method .....	38
6.7	Polarization angle alignment capability.....	39
6.7.1	General.....	39
6.7.2	Test method .....	39
6.8	Cessation of emissions of the ESOMP.....	39
6.8.1	General.....	39
6.8.2	Test Method.....	39
6.8.2.1	Required documentation .....	39
6.8.2.2	Cessation of emissions from the "Transmission enabled" state .....	39
6.8.2.3	Cessation of emission from the "Transmission disabled" state .....	40
6.8.2.4	Cessation of emission from the "Initial Phase" state.....	40
6.8.2.4.1	EUTs transmitting initial bursts.....	40
6.8.2.4.2	EUTs not transmitting initial bursts.....	40
6.8.2.5	"Single action" means of cessation of emissions.....	41
6.8.2.6	Fault conditions .....	41
6.9	Identification of ESOMP.....	42
6.9.1	Test arrangement .....	42
6.9.2	Test method .....	42
6.10	Control and monitoring functions .....	42
6.10.1	General.....	42
6.10.2	Test arrangement .....	42
6.10.3	Processor monitoring- Test method .....	42
6.10.4	Transmit subsystem monitoring-Test method.....	42
6.10.5	Power-on/Reset-Test method.....	43
6.10.6	Control Channel and Response Channel -Test method.....	43
6.10.7	Network Control commands-Test method.....	44
6.10.8	Initial burst transmission-Test method.....	45
6.10.9	Inhibition of transmission-Test method .....	45
<b>Annex A (normative):</b>	<b>HS Requirements and conformance Test specifications Table (HS-RTT).....</b>	<b>47</b>
<b>Annex B (informative):</b>	<b>Linear Polarization Alignment Error Calculation .....</b>	<b>49</b>
<b>Annex C (normative):</b>	<b>Radiated measurement.....</b>	<b>50</b>

C.1	Test sites and general arrangements for measurements involving the use of radiated fields .....	50
C.1.1	General .....	50
C.1.2	Anechoic Chamber .....	50
C.1.3	Anechoic Chamber with a conductive ground plane .....	51
C.1.4	Open Area Test Site (OATS) .....	52
C.1.5	Minimum requirements for test sites for measurements above 18 GHz.....	53
C.1.6	Test antenna.....	53
C.1.7	Substitution antenna .....	54
C.1.8	Measuring antenna .....	54
C.2	Guidance on the use of radiation test sites .....	54
C.2.1	General .....	54
C.2.2	Verification of the test site .....	54
C.2.3	Preparation of the EUT.....	54
C.2.4	Power supplies to the EUT .....	54
C.2.5	Range length.....	55
C.2.6	Site preparation .....	55
C.3	Coupling of signals.....	56
C.3.1	General .....	56
C.4	Standard test methods.....	56
C.4.1	General .....	56
C.4.2	Calibrated setup.....	56
C.4.3	Substitution method.....	56
<b>Annex D (normative):</b>	<b>Conducted measurements .....</b>	<b>58</b>
<b>Annex E (informative):</b>	<b>General Requirements for RF Cables.....</b>	<b>59</b>
<b>Annex F (informative):</b>	<b>RF Waveguides .....</b>	<b>60</b>
<b>Annex G (informative):</b>	<b>Bibliography.....</b>	<b>61</b>
History .....	<a href="https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/48cdac3d-2c20-4486-a0f5-b29507dc5fbb/sist-en-303-979-v1-1-1-2015">https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/48cdac3d-2c20-4486-a0f5-b29507dc5fbb/sist-en-303-979-v1-1-1-2015</a>	62



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## Foreword

This Harmonised European Standard (EN) has been produced by ETSI Technical Committee Satellite Earth Stations and Systems (SES).

The present document has been produced by ETSI in response to mandate M/284 issued from the European Commission issued under Directive 98/34/EC [i.1] as amended by Directive 98/48/EC [i.5].

The title and reference to the present document are intended to be included in the publication in the Official Journal of the European Union of titles and references of Harmonised Standard under the Directive 1999/5/EC [i.2].

The requirements relevant to Directive 1999/5/EC [i.2] are summarized in annex A.

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## Modal verbs terminology

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## Introduction

The present document is part of a set of standards developed by ETSI and is designed to fit in a modular structure to cover all radio and telecommunications terminal equipment within the scope of the R&TTE Directive [i.2]. The modular structure is shown in ETSI EG 201 399 [i.3].

The present document is largely based on ETSI EN 303 978 [i.7], for ESOMPs operating with GSO satellites.

The present document may also be applicable to the frequency bands 30,0 GHz to 31,0 GHz (Earth-to-space) and 20,2 GHz to 21,2 GHz (space-to-Earth) subject to national regulation.

Annex A (normative) provides HS Requirements and conformance Test specifications Table (HS-RTT).

Annex B (informative) provides information on Linear Polarization Alignment Error Calculation.

Annex C (normative) provides specifications concerning radiated measurements.

Annex D (normative) provides specifications concerning conducted measurements.

Annex E (informative) provides general information concerning RF cables.

Annex F (informative) provides information concerning RF waveguides.

Annex G (informative) Bibliography covers other supplementary information.

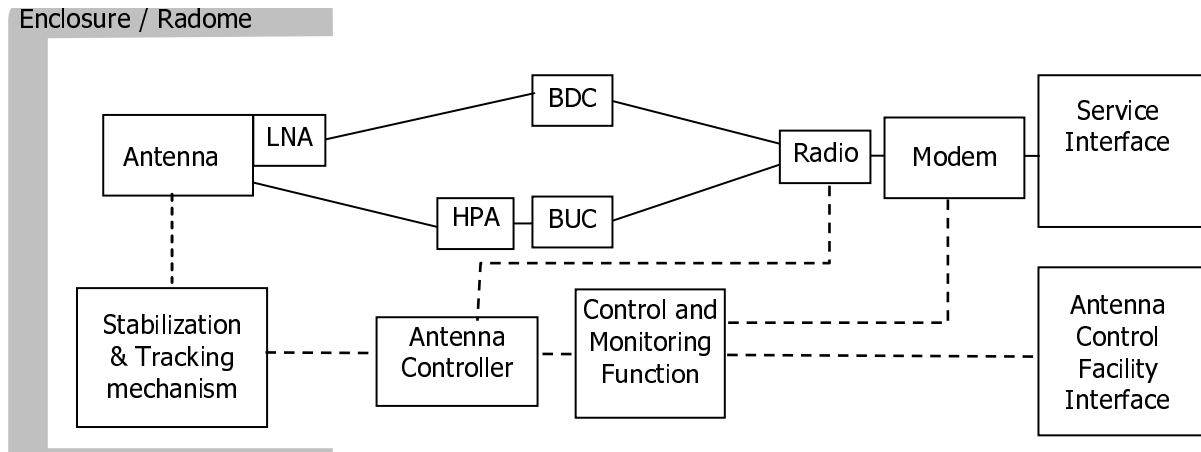
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# 1 Scope

The present document applies to Earth Stations on Mobile Platforms (ESOMP), which have the following characteristics.



**Figure 1: ESOMP System Overview**

- The ESOMP is designed for both mobile and stationary operation.
- The ESOMP operates on various mobile platforms such as trains, maritime vessels, aircraft and other vehicles and, therefore, may be subject to occasional disturbances and interruptions in the satellite link.
- The ESOMP is operating as part of a satellite network (e.g. star, mesh or point-to-point) used for the distribution and/or exchange of information.
- The ESOMP is comprised of all the equipment, electrical and mechanical, from the antenna itself to the interface with other communications equipment on a mobile platform (usually referred to as the terrestrial interface).
- The ESOMP comprises of one or more emitters and the system overview given in figure 1 should be interpreted accordingly.
- The transmit and receive frequencies are shown in table 1.

**Table 1: Frequency bands**

	Frequency Bands/frequencies
Transmit (Earth-to-space)	27,5 GHz to 29,1 GHz and 29,5 GHz to 30,0 GHz
Receive (space-to-Earth)	17,30 GHz to 20,20 GHz

- The ESOMP transmits within the frequency range from 27,5 GHz to 29,1 GHz and 29,5 GHz to 30,0 GHz, which is a band allocated to the Fixed Satellite Services (FSS) (Earth-to-space) among other services. National regulations will specify the bands available for the operation of the ESOMP. Such regulations may designate some parts of the frequency range 27,5 GHz to 29,1 GHz to terrestrial services such as the Fixed Service. However, the operation of the ESOMP may be permitted under national regulations in the 29,50 GHz to 30,00 GHz band since this band is allocated on a primary basis to the Fixed-Satellite Service.
- The ESOMP receives in one or more frequencies within the range from 17,30 GHz to 20,20 GHz (FSS).
- The ESOMP uses linear or circular polarization.
- The ESOMP operates through non-geostationary satellites.
- The ESOMP is designed for unattended operation.

- The ESOMP is controlled and monitored by a Network Control Facility (NCF). This function may be performed centrally (e.g. for a network of ESOMPs with a central hub) or it could be performed within the ESOMP for autonomous control. The NCF is outside the scope of the present document.
- The ESOMP operating in the 27,5 GHz to 28,6 GHz and 29,5 GHz to 30 GHz bands: epfd limits given in Article 22 of the ITU Radio Regulations [i.6] apply for the ESOMPs operating with the NGSO system for the protection of the GSO networks (see No 22.5D of the ITU RR).
- ESOMP operating in the 28,6 GHz to 29,1 GHz band: No 9.11A of the ITU RR applies to the NGSO network of the ESOMP, meaning that the NGSO will be required to coordinate with earlier filed GSO networks or NGSO systems (See No. 5.523A of the ITU RR).

The present document applies to the ESOMP with its ancillary equipment and its various telecommunication ports, and when operated within the boundary limits of the operational environmental profile as declared by the applicant and when installed as required by the applicant's declaration or in the user documentation.

The present document is intended to cover the provisions of Directive 1999/5/EC [i.2] (R&TTE Directive) article 3.2, which states that "... radio equipment shall be so constructed that it effectively uses the spectrum allocated to terrestrial/space radio communications and orbital resources so as to avoid harmful interference".

NOTE 1: Operational requirements are defined by national administrations and by relevant ECC Decisions.

In addition to the present document, other ENs that specify technical requirements in respect of essential requirements under other parts of Article 3 of the Directive 1999/5/EC [i.2] (R&TTE Directive) may apply to equipment within the scope of the present document.

NOTE 2: A list of such ENs is included on the web site <http://www.newapproach.org/>.

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## 2 References (standards.iteh.ai)

### 2.1 Normative references

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Referenced documents which are not found to be publicly available in the expected location might be found at <http://docbox.etsi.org/Reference>.

NOTE: While any hyperlinks included in this clause were valid at the time of publication, ETSI cannot guarantee their long term validity.

The following referenced documents are necessary for the application of the present document.

- [1] ETSI TR 100 028 (all parts) (V1.4.1) (12-2001): "Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio spectrum Matters (ERM); Uncertainties in the measurement of mobile radio equipment characteristics".
- [2] ETSI TR 102 273 (all parts) (V1.2.1) (12-2001): "Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio spectrum Matters (ERM); Improvement on Radiated Methods of Measurement (using test site) and evaluation of the corresponding measurement uncertainties".
- [3] ANSI C63.5 (2006): "American National Standard for Calibration of Antennas Used for Radiated Emission Measurements in Electro Magnetic Interference".
- [4] CISPR 16-1-1 Ed.3.0 (2010): "Specification for radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus and methods - Part 1-1: Radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus - Measuring apparatus".
- [5] CISPR 16-1-4 Ed.3.0 (2010): "Specification for radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus and methods - Part 1-4: Radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus - Antennas and test sites for radiated disturbance measurements".

## 2.2 Informative references

References are either specific (identified by date of publication and/or edition number or version number) or non-specific. For specific references, only the cited version applies. For non-specific references, the latest version of the reference document (including any amendments) applies.

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The following referenced documents are not necessary for the application of the present document but they assist the user with regard to a particular subject area.

- [i.1] Directive 98/34/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 22 June 1998 laying down a procedure for the provision of information in the field of technical standards and regulations.
- [i.2] Directive 1999/5/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 9 March 1999 on radio equipment and telecommunications terminal equipment and the mutual recognition of their conformity (R&TTE Directive).
- [i.3] ETSI EG 201 399: "Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio spectrum Matters (ERM); A guide to the production of Harmonized Standards for application under the Radio & Telecommunication Terminal Equipment Directive 1999/5/EC (R&TTE) and a first guide on the impact of the Radio Equipment Directive 2014/53/EU (RED) on Harmonized Standards".
- [i.4] ETSI TS 103 052: "Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio spectrum Matters (ERM); Radiated measurement methods and general arrangements for test sites up to 100 GHz".
- [i.5] Directive 98/48/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 20 July 1998 amending Directive 98/34/EC laying down a procedure for the provision of information in the field of technical standards and regulations.
- [i.6] ITU Radio Regulations (edition 2012).
- [i.7] ETSI EN 303 978 (V1.1.2): "Satellite Earth Stations and Systems (SES); Harmonized EN for Earth Stations on Mobile Platforms (ESOMP) transmitting towards satellites in geostationary orbit in the 27,5 GHz to 30,0 GHz frequency bands covering the essential requirements of article 3.2 of the R&TTE Directive".

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## 3 Definitions, symbols and abbreviations

### 3.1 Definitions

For the purposes of the present document, the terms and definitions given in Directive 1999/5/EC [i.2] and the following apply:

**ancillary equipment:** equipment used in connection with an ESOMP

NOTE: Equipment is considered as ancillary if the three following conditions are met:

- the equipment is intended for use in conjunction with the ESOMP to provide additional operational and/or control features (e.g. to extend control to another position or location); and
- the equipment cannot be used on a stand alone basis, to provide user functions independently of the ESOMP; and
- the absence of the equipment does not inhibit the operation of the ESOMP.

**antenna controller:** equipment used to maintain antenna stabilization and tracking accuracy based on inputs from the Control and Monitoring Function

**applicant:** manufacturer or his authorized representative within the European Community or the person responsible for placing the apparatus on the market

**carrier-off radio state:** radio state in which the ESOMP may transmit and does not transmit any carrier

NOTE 1: The phrase "the ESOMP may transmit" means that all the conditions for transmission are satisfied (e.g. in a state where transmissions are permitted, no failure detected, and the ESOMP is correctly pointed towards the satellite).

NOTE 2: The existence of a "Carrier-off" radio state depends on the system of transmission used. For ESOMPs designed for continuous transmission mode there may be no "Carrier-off" state.

**carrier-on radio state:** radio state in which the ESOMP may transmit and transmits a carrier

**Control Channel (CC):** channel or channels by which ESOMPs receive control information from the NCF

**EIRP<sub>Aggregate</sub>:** the sum of the EIRP (Watts) within the nominated bandwidth of the ESOMP network

**EIRP<sub>max</sub>:** maximum EIRP capability of the ESOMP as declared by the applicant

**emissions disabled radio state:** radio state in which the ESOMP shall not emit

NOTE: Examples of cases where the ESOMP is in this radio state: before system monitoring pass, before the control channel is received, when a failure is detected, when an ESOMP is commanded to disable, and when the ESOMP is in a location requiring cessation of emissions.

**equivalent power flux density:** as defined in the ITU Radio Regulations footnote 22.5C.1, the sum of the power flux-densities produced at a geostationary-satellite system receive station on the Earth's surface or in the geostationary orbit, as appropriate, by all the transmit stations within a non-geostationary-satellite system, taking into account the off-axis discrimination of a reference receiving antenna assumed to be pointing in its nominal direction

**external control channel:** control channel which is either:

- (i) carried by the ESOMP network via the same or another satellite, but not within the internal protocol of the ESOMP system; or
- (ii) carried by any other radio communication system

**external response channel:** response channel which is either:

- (i) carried by the ESOMP network via the same or another satellite, but not within the internal protocol of the ESOMP system; or
- (ii) carried by any other radio communication system

**integral antenna:** antenna which may not be removed during the tests according to the applicant's statement

**internal control channel:** control channel which is carried by the ESOMP network via the same satellite as used for transmission of user data and within the internal protocol structure of the ESOMP system

**internal response channel:** response channel which is carried by the ESOMP network via the same satellite as used for transmission of user data and within the internal protocol structure of the ESOMP system

**mobile platform:** any non-stationary platform such as a train, a vessel, an aircraft or other vehicles

**Network Control Facility (NCF):** set of functional entities that, at system level, monitor and control the correct operation of the ESOMP and, if appropriate, all of the ESOMPs in a network

**nominated bandwidth:** bandwidth of the ESOMP radio frequency transmission nominated by the applicant

NOTE 1: The nominated bandwidth is centred on the transmit frequency and does not exceed 5 times the occupied bandwidth.

NOTE 2: The nominated bandwidth is wide enough to encompass all spectral elements of the transmission which have a level greater than the specified spurious radiation limits. The nominated bandwidth is wide enough to take account of the transmit carrier frequency stability. This definition is chosen to allow flexibility regarding adjacent channel interference levels which will be taken into account by operational procedures depending on the exact transponder carrier assignment situation.

**occupied bandwidth (Bo):**

- for a digital modulation scheme: the width of the signal spectrum 10 dB below the maximum in-band density;
- for an analogue modulation scheme: the width of a frequency band such that, below the lower and above the upper frequency limits, the mean power emitted is equal to 0,5 % of the total mean power of the emission

**off-axis angle:** angle between the direction of the axis of the antenna main beam and the considered direction

**removable antenna:** antenna which may be removed during the tests according to the applicant's statement

**Response Channel (RC):** channel by which ESOMP transmit monitoring information to the NCF

**spurious radiation:** any radiation outside the nominated bandwidth

**transmission disabled state:** radio state in which the ESOMP is not authorized to transmit by the NCF

**transmission enabled state:** radio state in which the ESOMP is authorized to transmit by the NCF

## 3.2 Symbols

For the purposes of the present document, the following symbols apply:

dB <sub>i</sub>	ratio of an antenna gain to the gain of an isotropic antenna, expressed in decibels
dBW	ratio of a power to 1 watt, expressed in decibels
dBpW	ratio of a power to 1 picowatt, expressed in decibels
dB <sub>μ</sub> V/m	ratio of an electric field to 1 μV/m, expressed in decibels (20 log(electric field / 1 μV/m))

**iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW**

## 3.3 Abbreviations (standards.iteh.ai)

For the purposes of the present document, the following abbreviations apply:

BDC	Block Down Converter
Bo	occupied Bandwidth
BUC	Block Up Converter
CC	Control Channel
CCF	Control Channel reception Failure
CCR	Control Channel correctly Received
CENR	Cessation of Emissions Not Required
CEPT	Conférence Européenne des Postes et Télécommunications (European Conference of Postal and Telecommunications)
CER	Cessation of Emissions Required
CISPR	Comité International Spécial des Perturbations Radioélectriques (International Special Committee on Radio Interference)
CMF	Control and Monitoring Functions
DC	Direct Current
ECC	Electronic Communications Committee (of CEPT)
EEA	European Economic Area
EIA	Electronic Industries Alliance
EIRP	Equivalent Isotropically Radiated Power
EMC	Electro-Magnetic Compatibility
epfd	equivalent power flux-density
epfd <sub>↑</sub>	Uplink equivalent power flux-density
ESOMP	Earth Station On Mobile Platform
EUT	Equipment Under Test
FEC	Forward Error Correction
FSS	Fixed Satellite Service
GSO	Geostationary Satellite Orbit
HPA	High Power Amplifier
IEC	International Electrotechnical Commission
IPR	Intellectual Property Rights
LNA	Low Noise Amplifier