

### SLOVENSKI STANDARD SIST EN 61000-4-8:1997

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Elektromagnetna združljivost (EMC) - 4-8. del: Preskusne in merilne tehnike - Preskus odpornosti proti magnetnemu polju omrežne frekvence (IEC 61000-4-8:1993)

Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) - Part 4-8: Testing and measurement techniques - Power frequency magnetic field immunity test

Elektromagnetische Verträglichkeit (EMV) - Teil 4-8: Prüf- und Meßverfahren - Prüfung der Störfestigkeit gegen Magnetfelder mit energietechnischen Frequenzen (standards.iteh.ai)

Compatibilité électromagnétique (CEM) - Partie 4-8; Techniques d'essai et de mesure - Essai d'immunité au champ magnétique à la fréquence du réseau-bace-

fcc4de603b64/sist-en-61000-4-8-1997

Ta slovenski standard je istoveten z: EN 61000-4-8:1993

ICS:

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<u>SIST EN 61000-4-8:1997</u> https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/81b75862-18f9-465b-bace-fcc4de603b64/sist-en-61000-4-8-1997 EUROPEAN STANDARD

EN 61000-4-8

NORME EUROPEENNE

EUROPÄISCHE NORM

September 1993

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Descriptors: Electromagnetic compatibility, tests, measuring techniques, electromagnetic field

#### ENGLISH VERSION

Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) Part 4: Testing and measurement techniques Section 8: Power frequency magnetic field immunity test - Basic EMC Publication (IEC 1000-4-8:1993)

Compatibilité électromagnétique

Partie 4: Techniques d'essai et

de mesure

Section 8: Essai d'immunité au champ magnétique à la fréquence

du réseau - Publication

fondamentale en CEM en STANDARDenergietechnischen Frequenzen

Elektromagnetische Verträglichkeit (EMV) Teil 4: Prüf- und MeBverfahren Hauptabschnitt 8: Prüfung der Störfestigkeit gegen Magnetfelder mit

EMV-Grundnorm (standards.itcec.adoo-4-8:1993)

(CEI 1000-4-8:1993)

SIST EN 61000-4-8:1997

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Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the Central Secretariat or to any CENELEC member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CENELEC member into its own language and notified to the Central Secretariat has the same status as the official versions.

CENELEC members are the national electrotechnical committees of Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and United Kingdom.

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European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization Comité Européen de Normalisation Electrotechnique Europäisches Komitee für Elektrotechnische Normung

Central Secretariat: rue de Stassart 35, B-1050 Brussels

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Page 2 EN 61000-4-8:1993

### FOREWORD

The text of document 77B(CO)7, as prepared by Sub-Committee 77B: High frequency phenomena, of IEC Technical Committee 77: Electromagnetic compatibility, was submitted to the IEC-CENELEC parallel vote in September 1991.

The reference document was approved by CENELEC as EN 61000-4-8 on 16 June 1992.

The following dates were fixed:

- latest date of publication of an identical national standard
- (dop) 1994-06-01
- latest date of withdrawal of conflicting national standards
- (dow) 1994-06-01

Annexes designated "normative" are part of the body of the standard.

Annexes designated "informative" are given only for information.

In this standard annexes A, B and ZA are normative and annexes C and D are informative.

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### ENDORSEMENT NOTICE

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The text of the International Standard IEC 1000-4-8:1993 was approved by CENELEC as a European Standard without any modification.

#### ANNEX ZA (normative)

## OTHER INTERNATIONAL PUBLICATIONS QUOTED IN THIS STANDARD WITH THE REFERENCES OF THE RELEVANT EUROPEAN PUBLICATIONS

This European Standard incorporates by dated or undated reference, provisions from other publications. These normative references are cited at the appropriate places in the text and the publications are listed hereafter. For dated references, subsequent amendments to or revisions of any of these publications apply to this European Standard only when incorporated in it by amendment or revision. For undated references the latest edition of the publication referred to applies.

NOTE: When the international publication has been modified by CENELEC common modifications, indicated by (mod), the relevant EN/HD applies.

IEC Publication	Date	Title	EN/HD	Date
68-1	1988		HD 323.1 S2	1988
		Part 1: General and guidance		

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## NORME INTERNATIONALE INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

CEI IEC 1000-4-8

> Première édition First edition 1993-06

### Compatibilité électromagnétique

### Partie 4:

Techniques d'essai et de mesure Section 8: Essai d'immunité au Ten champ magnétique à la fréquence du réseau Publication fondamentale en CEM

SIST EN 61000-4-8:1997

### https://standardElectromagnetic@compatibility@(EMC)

### Part 4:

Testing and measurement techniques Section 8: Power frequency magnetic field immunity test Basic EMC Publication

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PRICE CODE



Pour prix, voir catalogue en vigueur For price, see current catalogue

### CONTENTS

	Page	ge					
	EWORD						
INTF	RODUCTION	9					
Clause							
1	Scope	1 1					
•	Normative references						
2	General						
3	, and the second						
4	Definitions						
	4.1 EUT						
	4.2 Induction coil						
	4.3 Induction coil factor						
	4.4 Immersion method						
	4.5 Proximity method						
	4.6 Ground (reference) plane						
	4.7 Decoupling network, back filter  Test levels . ITeh STANDARD PREVIEW	5					
5	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
6	Test equipment (standards.iteh.ai)	17					
	6.1 Test generator	17					
	6.2 Induction coil <u>SIST EN 61000-4-8:1997</u>	21					
	6.3 Test and auxiliary instrumentation.	23					
7	Test set-up	25					
	7.1 Ground (reference) plane	25					
	7.2 Equipment under test						
	7.3 Test generator	27					
	7.4 Induction coil	27					
8	Test procedure	27					
	8.1 Laboratory reference conditions	27					
	8.2 Carrying out the test	29					
9	Test results and test report	31					
A							
Annex							
	nduction coil calibration method						
B - 0	B - Characteristics of the induction coils						
C - 8	C - Selection of the test levels						
D - I	nformation on power frequency magnetic field strength	57					

ures	r ago
Example of application of the test field by the immersion method	. 33
Schematic circuit of the test generator for power frequency magnetic field	. 33
Example of test set-up for table-top equipment	. 35
Example of test set-up for floor-standing equipment	. 35
Example of investigation of susceptibility to magnetic field	
by the proximity method	. 37
Illustration of Helmholtz coils	. 37
1. Characteristics of the field generated by a square induction coil (1 m side)	
in ite plane	. 45
2 - 3 dB area of the field generated by a square induction coil (1 m side) in its plane	. 45
3 - 3 dB area of the field generated by a square induction coil	
/d == =!d=\ := Aho moon orthogonal niang	47
	• -
1. /4 ida) 0.0 m anaged in the mean orthogonal	
nlane (component orthogonal to the plane of the colls)	47
.5 - 3 dB area of the field generated by two square induction	
coils (1 m side) 0,8 m spaced, in the mean orthogonal	49
coil (1 m x 2 6 http://ptargarylaine.ai/catalog/standards/sist/81b75862-18f9-465b-bace	49
TC4dc003004/SRF-ch-0100-4-5-1997.	
coil (1 m x 2,6 m) in its plane (ground plane as a side of the induction coil)	51
8 - 3 dB area of the field generated by a rectangular induction	
ooil (1 m v 2 6 m) with ground plane in the mean	5
	Example of application of the test field by the immersion method  Schematic circuit of the test generator for power frequency magnetic field.  Example of test set-up for table-top equipment.  Example of investigation of susceptibility to magnetic field  by the proximity method.  Illustration of Helmholtz coils  1 - Characteristics of the field generated by a square induction coil (1 m side) in its plane.  2 - 3 dB area of the field generated by a square induction coil (1 m side) in the mean orthogonal plane (component orthogonal to the plane of the coil)  4 - 3 dB area of the field generated by two square induction coils (1 m side) 0,6 m spaced, in the mean orthogonal plane (component orthogonal to the plane of the coils)  5 - 3 dB area of the field generated by two square induction coils (1 m side) 0,8 m spaced, in the mean orthogonal plane (component orthogonal to the plane of the coils)  5 - 3 dB area of the field generated by two square induction coils (1 m side) 0,8 m spaced, in the mean orthogonal plane (component orthogonal to the plane of the coils)  5 - 3 dB area of the field generated by a rectangular induction coil (1 m x 2.6 m) in its plane incubes and and several plane (1 m x 2.6 m) in its plane incubes and and several plane (1 m x 2.6 m) in its plane incubes and and several plane (1 m x 2.6 m) in its plane incubes and and several plane (1 m x 2.6 m) in its plane incubes and and several plane (1 m x 2.6 m) in its plane incubes and and several plane (1 m x 2.6 m) in its plane incubes and and several plane (1 m x 2.6 m) in its plane incubes and and several plane (1 m x 2.6 m) in its plane incubes and and several plane (1 m x 2.6 m) in its plane incubes and and several plane (2 m x 2.6 m) in its plane incubes and and several plane (2 m x 2.6 m) in its plane incubes and and several plane (2 m x 2.6 m) in its plane (2 m x 2.6 m) in its plane (2 m x 2.6 m) in its plane (2 m x 2 m

### . INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

### **ELECTROMAGNETIC COMPATIBILITY (EMC)**

Part 4: Testing and measurement techniques
Section 8: Power frequency magnetic field immunity test
Basic EMC Publication

#### **FOREWORD**

- 1) The IEC (International Electrotechnical Commission) is a world-wide organization for standardization comprising all national electrotechnical committees (IEC National Committees). The object of the IEC is to promote international cooperation on all questions concerning standardization in the electrical and electronic fields. To this end and in addition to other activities, the IEC publishes International Standards. Their preparation is entrusted to technical committees; any IEC National Committee interested in the subject dealt with may participate in this preparatory work. International, governmental and non-governmental organizations liaising with the IEC also participate in this preparation. The IEC collaborates closely with the International Organization (ISO) in accordance with conditions determined by agreement between the two organizations.
- 2) The formal decisions or agreements of IEC on technical matters, prepared by technical committees on which all National Committees having a special interest therein are represented, express, as nearly as possible, an international consensus of opinion on the subjects dealt with.
- 3) They have the form of recommendations for international use published in the for of standards, technical reports or guides and they are accepted by the National Committees in that sense.
- 4) In order to promote international unification, the IEC National Committees undertake to apply IEC International Standards transparently to the maximum extent possible in their national or regional standards. Any divergence between the IEC Standards and the corresponding national or regional standards shall be clearly indicated in the latter.

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fcc4de603b64/sist-en-61000-4-8-1997

International Standard IEC 1000-4-8 has been prepared by sub-committee 77B: High frequency phenomena, of IEC technical committee 77: Electromagnetic compatibility.

It forms section 8 of part 4 of IEC 1000. It has the status of a basic EMC publication in accordance with IEC guide 107.

The text of this standard is based on the following documents:

DIS	Report on Voting
77B(CO)7 .	77B(CO)13

Full information on the voting for the approval of this standard can be found in the Voting Report indicated in the above table.

Annexes A and B form an integral part of this standard.

Annexes C and D are for information only.

- 9 -

### INTRODUCTION

This standard is part of the IEC 1000 series, according to the following structure:

Part 1: General

General considerations (introduction, fundamental principles) Definitions, terminology

Part 2: Environment

Description of the environment Classification of the environment Compatibility levels

Part 3: Limits

Emission limits Immunity limits (in so far they do not fall under the responsibility of the product committees)

Part 4: Testing and measurement techniques

Measurement techniques

Testing techniques

Testing techniques

Testing techniques Teh STANDARD PREVIEW

Part 5: Installation and mitigation guidelines rds. iteh.ai)

Installation guidelines

Mitigation methods and devices SIST EN 61000-4-8:1997

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Part 9: Miscellaneous

Each part is further subdivided into sections which are to be published either as international standards or as technical reports.

These standards and reports will be published in chronological order and numbered accordingly.

This part is an international standard which gives immunity requirements and test procedures related to "power frequency magnetic field".

### ELECTROMAGNETIC COMPATIBILITY (EMC)

## Part 4: Testing and measurement techniques Section 8: Power frequency magnetic field immunity test Basic EMC Publication

### 1 Scope

This international standard relates to the immunity requirements of equipment, only under operational conditions, to magnetic disturbances at power frequency related to:

- residential and commercial locations:
- industrial installations and power plants;
- medium voltage and high voltage sub-stations.

The applicability of this standard to equipment installed in different locations is determined by the presence of the phenomenon, as specified in clause 3.

This standard does not consider disturbances due to capacitive or inductive coupling in cables or other parts of the field installation.

Other IEC standards dealing with conducted disturbances cover these aspects.

The object of this standard is to establish a common and reproducible basis for evaluating the performance of electrical and electronic equipment for household, commercial and industrial applications when subjected to magnetic fields 4 at 1 power frequency (continuous and short duration field).

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fcc4de603b64/sist-en-61000-4-8-1997

#### The standard defines:

- recommended test levels:
- test equipment;
- test set-up;
- test procedure.

Other kinds of magnetic fields would be object of standardization:

- fields at other power frequencies (16 2/3 20 or 30 400 Hz);
- fields of harmonic currents (100 Hz to 2000 Hz);
- fields of higher frequencies (up to 150 kHz, e.g. for mains signalling systems);
- D.C. fields.