# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD



Second edition 2002-08



Part 2-4: Particular requirements for the safety of cardiac defibrillators

Appareils électromédicaux –

Partie 2-4. Règles particulières de sécurité pour les défibrillateurs cardiaques

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## INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

## MEDICAL ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT -

## Part 2-4: Particular requirements for the safety of cardiac defibrillators

## FOREWORD

- 1) The IEC (International Electrotechnical Commission) is a worldwide organization for standardization comprising all national electrotechnical committees (IEC National Committees). The object of the IEC is to promote international co-operation on all questions concerning standardization in the electrical and electronic fields. To this end and in addition to other activities, the IEC publishes International Standards. Their preparation is entrusted to technical committees; any IEC National Committee interested in the subject dealt with may participate in this preparatory work. International, governmental and non-governmental organizations liaising with the IEC also participate in this preparation. The IEC collaborates closely with the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) in accordance with conditions determined by agreement between the two organizations.
- 2) The formal decisions or agreements of the IEC on technical matters express, as nearly as possible, an international consensus of opinion on the relevant subjects since each technical committee has representation from all interested National Committees.
- 3) The documents produced have the form of recommendations for international use and are published in the form of standards, technical specifications, technical reports or guides and they are accepted by the National Committees in that sense.
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6) Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this International Standard may be the subject of patent rights. The JEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

International Standard EC 60601-2-4 has been prepared by sub-committee 62D: Electromedical equipment, of EC technical committee 62: Electrical equipment in medical practice.

This second edition of IEC 60601-2-4 cancels and replaces the first edition published in 1983 of which it constitutes a technical revision.

The text of this standard is based on the following documents:

FDIS	Report on voting
62D/455/FDIS	62D/460/RVD

Full information on the voting for the approval of this standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

Annexes AA and BB are for information only.

In this Particular Standard the following print types are used:

- requirements, compliance with which can be tested, and definitions: roman type;
- notes, explanations, advice, introductions, general statements, exceptions and references: smaller type;
- test specifications, headings of subclauses and headings of items: italic type;

– TERMS DEFINED IN CLAUSE 2 OF THE GENERAL STANDARD OR THIS PARTICULAR STANDARD: SMALL CAPITALS.

The committee has decided that the contents of this publication will remain unchanged until 2007-08. At this date, the publication will be

- reconfirmed;
- withdrawn;
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

The contents of the corrigendum of April 2004 have been included in this copy.

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## INTRODUCTION

This Particular Standard concerns the safety of CARDIAC DEFIBRILLATORS. It amends and supplements IEC 60601-1 (second edition, 1988): *Medical electrical equipment – Part 1: General requirements for safety*, including its amendments 1 (1991) and 2 (1995), hereinafter referred to as the General Standard.

A first edition of this Particular Standard, based on the first edition (1977) of IEC 60601-1 was published in 1983. The aim of this second edition is to bring this Particular Standard up to date with reference to the publications and documents mentioned above through minor changes to the technical content.

The requirements are followed by specifications for the relevant tests.

A rationale for the more important requirements, where appropriate is given in Annex AA. It is considered that a knowledge of the reasons for these requirements will not only facilitate the proper application of this Particular Standard but will, in due course, expedite any revision necessitated by changes in clinical practice or as a result of developments in technology. However this annex does not form part of the requirements of this standard.

Clauses and subclauses for which a corresponding rationale statement is given in Annex AA are marked with an asterisk \* before their number in the text.

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## MEDICAL ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT

## Part 2: Particular requirements for the safety of cardiac defibrillators

## SECTION ONE – GENERAL

The clauses and subclauses of this section of the General Standard apply except as follows:

## 1 Scope and object

This clause of the General Standard applies except as follows:

#### \*1.1 Scope

Addition:

This Particular Standard specifies requirements for the safety of CARDIAC DEFIBRILLATORS as defined in 2.1.101, hereinafter referred to as EQUIPMENT.

This Particular Standard does not apply to implantable defibrillators, remote control DEFIBRIL-LATORS, external transcutaneous pacemakers, or separate stand alone CARDIAC MONITORS (which are standardized by IEC 60601-2-27). Cardiac monitors which use separate ECG monitoring electrodes are not within the scope of this standard unless they are used as the sole basis for AED rhythm recognition detection or beat getection for synchronized cardioversion.

Defibrillation waveform technology is evolving rapidly. Published studies indicate that the effectiveness of waveforms varies. The choice of a particular waveform including waveshape, delivered energy, efficacy, and safety has been specifically excluded from the scope of this 2002 standard.

However, due to the critical importance of the therapeutic waveform, comments have been added to the rationale which address considerations in waveform selection.

1.2 Object

Replacement:

The object of this Particular Standard is to establish particular requirements for the safety of CARDIAC DEFIBRILLATORS as defined in 2.1.101.

#### **1.3 Particular Standards**

Addition:

This Particular Standard refers to IEC 60601-1 (1988): *Medical electrical equipment – Part 1: General requirements for safety* as amended by its amendment 1 (1991) and amendment 2 (1995).

For brevity, Part 1 is referred to in this Particular Standard either as the "General Standard" or as the "General Requirement(s)".

The numbering of sections, clauses and subclauses of this Particular Standard corresponds with that of the General Standard. The changes to the text of the General Standard are specified by the use of the following words:

"Replacement" means that the clause or subclause of the General Standard is replaced completely by the text of this Particular Standard.

"Addition" means that the text of this Particular Standard is additional to the requirements of the General Standard.

"Amendment" means that the clause or subclause of the General Standard is amended as indicated by the text of this Particular Standard.

Subclauses or figures which are additional to those of the General Standard are numbered starting from 101, additional annexes are lettered AA, BB, etc., and additional items aa), bb), etc.

The term "this Standard" is used to make reference to the General Standard and this Particular Standard taken together.

Where there is no corresponding section, clause or subclause in this Particular Standard, the section, clause or subclause of the General Standard, although possibly not relevant, applies without modification.

Where it is intended that any part of the General Standard, although possibly relevant, is not to be applied, a statement to that effect is given in this Particular Standard.

The requirements of this Particular Standard take priority over those of the General Standard.

#### 1.5 Collateral Standards

## Addition:

The following Collateral Standards apply.

IEC 60601-1-1:2000, Medical electrical equipment – Part 1-1: General requirements for safety – Collateral standard, Safety requirements for medical electrical systems

IEC 60601-1-2:2001, Medical electrical equipment – Part 1-2: General requirements for safety – Collateral standard: Electromagnetic compatibility – Requirements and tests

IEC 60601-1-4:1996, *Medical electrical equipment – Part 1: General requirements for safety – 4. Collateral Standard: Programmable electrical medical systems* 

## 2 Terminology and definitions

This clause of the General Standard applies except as follows:

Additional definitions:

#### 2.1.101

#### CARDIAC DEFIBRILLATOR

MEDICAL ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT intended to defibrillate the heart by an electrical pulse via electrodes applied either to the PATIENT's skin (external electrodes) or to the exposed heart (internal electrodes). May be referred to as DEFIBRILLATOR or EQUIPMENT

NOTE Such EQUIPMENT may also include other monitoring or therapeutic functions.

## 2.1.102

#### MONITOR

part of a DEFIBRILLATOR providing a visual display of the electrical activity of the PATIENT's heart

NOTE The term is used within this Particular Standard to distinguish such a MONITOR from one which forms a separate EQUIPMENT in its own right even in cases where the separate stand-alone monitor is able to provide synchronization signals to the DEFIBRILLATOR, used as basis for AED rhythm recognition detection or providing control signals to the DEFIBRILLATOR.

#### 2.1.103

#### **CHARGING CIRCUIT**

circuit within the DEFIBRILLATOR intended for charging the ENERGY STORAGE DEVICE. This circuit includes all parts conductively connected to the ENERGY STORAGE DEVICE during the charging period

#### 2.1.104

#### DEFIBRILLATOR ELECTRODES

electrodes intended to deliver an electrical pulse to the PATIENT for the purpose of cardiac defibrillation

NOTE DEFIBRILLATOR ELECTRODES may also provide other monitoring (e.g. ECG acquisition) or therapeutic (e.g. transcutaneous pacing) functions and may be disposable or reusable.

#### 2.1.105

#### **DISCHARGE CIRCUIT**

circuit within the DEFIBRILLATOR which connects the ENERGY STORAGE DEVICE to the DEFIBRILLATOR ELECTRODES. This circuit includes all switching connections between that device and the DEFIBRILLATOR ELECTRODES

## 2.1.106

#### DISCHARGE CONTROL CIRCUIT

circuit including the manually operated discharge controls and all parts conductively connected to them

## 2.1.107

internal discharge circuit and rds ecologia (2007) and rds ecological and respectively and

energizing the DEFIBRILLATOR ELECTROPES

#### 2.1.108

#### SYNCHRONIZER

device allowing the DEFIBRILLATOR discharge to be synchronized with a specific phase of the cardiac cycle

#### 2.1.109

#### AUTOMATED EXTERNAL DEFIBRILLATOR (AED)

a DEFIBRILLATOR that, once activated by the OPERATOR, analyses the ECG obtained from electrodes placed on the chest surface, identifies shockable cardiac rhythms, and automatically operates the DEFIBRILLATOR when a shockable rhythm is detected, hereinafter referred to as an AED

NOTE AEDs may provide varying levels of automation and be referred to by various terms. See Annex BB.

## 2.1.110

#### ENERGY STORAGE DEVICE

the component (for example a capacitor) that is charged with the energy necessary to deliver an electrical defibrillation pulse to the PATIENT

## 2.1.111

#### SEPARATE MONITORING ELECTRODES

electrodes applied to the PATIENT for the purpose of monitoring the PATIENT. These electrodes are not used to apply defibrillation pulses to the PATIENT

#### 2.1.112

#### RHYTHM RECOGNITION DETECTOR (RRD)

a system that analyzes the ECG and identifies whether a cardiac rhythm is shockable. The algorithm in an AED is designed for sensitivity and specificity for the detection of arrythmias for which a defibrillation shock is clinically indicated. May be referred to as RRD

#### 2.12.101

#### DELIVERED ENERGY

energy which is delivered through the DEFIBRILLATOR ELECTRODES and dissipated in the PATIENT or in a resistance of specified value

## 2.12.102

#### STAND-BY

mode of operation in which the EQUIPMENT is operational except that the ENERGY STORAGE DEVICE is not yet charged

#### 2.12.103

#### STORED ENERGY

energy which is stored in the DEFIBRILLATOR ENERGY STORAGE DEVICE

## 2.12.104

#### DUMMY COMPONENT

test replacement for moulded components like transformers, semiconductors etc. The DUMMY COMPONENT has a geometry equal to that of the component it will replace during the test. The moulded volume does not incorporate parts of the original components (ex-semiconductor dye, transformer cores and windings). The DUMMY COMPONENT makes it possible to test creepage, clearance and dielectric strength with the correct geometry without exceeding the internal maximum voltage of the part being replaced

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#### 2.12.105

#### ENERGY METER / DEFIBRILLATOR TESTER

an INSTRUMENT capable of measuring the energy output from a CARDIAC DEFIBRILLATOR while generating a simulated ECG output to the CARDIAC DEFIBRILLATOR

#### 2.12.106

#### SELECTED ENERGY

energy which the defibrillator is intended to deliver, as determined by the setting of a manual control or by an automatic protocol

#### 2.12.107

#### FREQUENT USE

term used to describe a DEFIBRILLATOR designed to endure more than 2 500 discharges (see 103)

#### 2.12.108

#### INFREQUENT USE

term used to describe a DEFIBRILLATOR designed to endure less than 2 500 discharges (see 103)

#### 2.12.109

#### MANUAL DEFIBRILLATOR

DEFIBRILLATOR capable of being manually operated by the OPERATOR for selection of energy, charging and discharging

## 4 General requirements for tests

This clause of the General Standard applies except as follows:

## \*4.5 Ambient temperature, humidity, atmospheric pressure

Additional item:

aa) The test required in 102.2 and 102.3 shall be performed at an ambient temperature of 0 °C  $\pm$  2 °C.

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### 4.6 Other conditions

Additional item:

aa) Unless otherwise specified in this Standard all tests apply to all kinds of defibrillator types (manual, AED`s, infrequent use and frequent use defibrillators)

### 4.11 Sequence

Addition:

The endurance test required in Clause 103 shall be performed after the test for excessive temperatures (see Clause C.20 of the General Standard).

The tests required in Clauses 101, 102, 104, 105 and 106 shall be performed after test C.35 of Appendix C of the General Standard.

## \*5 Classification

https: This clause of the General Standard applies except as follows: 1ef-cf5a941afb8f/iec-60601-2-4-2002

**5.2** According to the degree of protection against electric shock:

Amendment:

Delete TYPE BAPPLIED PART

## 6 Identification, marking and documents

This clause of the General Standard applies except as follows:

## 6.1 Marking on the outside of EQUIPMENT or EQUIPMENT parts

## \*j) Power input

Replacement (paragraph beginning "If the rating of EQUIPMENT includes ...".):

The RATED power input of mains operated EQUIPMENT shall be the maximum value attained by averaging the power input over any period of 2 s.

Additional items:

\*aa) Concise operating instructions

Instructions for defibrillating, and where relevant, monitoring a PATIENT'S ECG, shall be provided by means of either clearly legible markings, or clearly understandable auditory commands.

Compliance shall be checked by either of the following tests:

Markings shall be clearly legible to a person of normal vision from a distance of 1 m in an ambient illumination of 100 lux. The observer shall have a visual acuity of not less than 20/40 or corrected to not less than 20/40 as determined by a standard eye chart or by other appropriate means, such as the Titmus Vision Test Series.

Auditory commands shall be clearly understandable to a person of normal hearing from a distance of 1 m in an ambient white noise (defined as flat  $\pm 10$  % over the range 100 Hz to 10 kHz) level of 65 dB, as measured with a Type 2 A-weighted sound level meter (see IEC 60651).

\*bb) Internally powered EQUIPMENT

INTERNALLY POWERED EQUIPMENT and any separate battery charger shall be marked with brief instructions for, as appropriate, the re-charging or replacement of the battery.

In the case of such EQUIPMENT also capable of connection to the SUPPLY MAINS or to a separate battery charger, the EQUIPMENT shall be marked to indicate any limitations of operation when the EQUIPMENT is connected to the SUPPLY MAINS or to the battery charger. Such instructions shall include the case of a discharged or missing battery.

cc) Disposable DEFIBRILLATOR electrodes

The labeling accompanying the electrode package shall include, at a minimum, the following information:

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  - symbols (in accordance with ISO 15223) or a statement indicating the date the electrodes will expire (e.g, "use before\_\_\_\_") and the lot number or the date of manufacture;
  - 2) appropriate cautions and warnings, including limits on duration of electrode application and a caution that the unit package shall not be opened until immediately prior to use, if applicable,
  - 3) appropriate instructions for use, including procedures for skin preparation;
  - 4) instructions concerning storage requirements, if applicable.

#### 6.3 Marking of controls and INSTRUMENTS

#### Additional items:

\*aa) The DEFIBRILLATOR shall be provided with a control for selection of the SELECTED ENERGY, unless the EQUIPMENT provides an automatic protocol for the SELECTED ENERGY.

The SELECTED ENERGY (including any means for selection in a programming mode/menu) or the relevant indicating means shall be expressed as the nominal DELIVERED ENERGY in joules to a resistive load of 50  $\Omega$ .

The DEFIBRILLATOR shall give a clear indication of when the SELECTED ENERGY has been reached.

Compliance shall be checked by inspection.