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Foreword

This Technical Specification (TS) has been produced by ETSI Technical Committee Smart Card Platform (SCP).

The contents of the present document are subject to continuing work within TC SCP and may change following formal TC SCP approval. If TC SCP modifies the contents of the present document, it will then be republished by ETSI with an identifying change of release date and an increase in version number as follows:

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Introduction

Work on Machine-to-Machine (M2M) applications has given rise to the possibility of having a UICC that is embedded in a communication device in such a way that the UICC is not easily accessible or replaceable. The ability to change network subscriptions on such devices becomes problematic, thus necessitating new methods for securely and remotely provisioning access credentials on these Embedded UICCs (eUICC) and managing subscription changes from one MNO to another.

In its current state, the present document is to be considered as a "work in progress". It contains a restricted set of requirements related to the provisioning of profiles in an eUICC as well as general requirements on the architecture of the eUICC. As a consequence, some of the elements required to specify a complete technical solution are missing, among which are requirements for:

- management of profiles;
- management of credentials;
- the policy control function;

which will be defined in further versions of the present document.

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1 Scope

The present document defines the use cases and requirements for an embedded UICC.

2 References

References are either specific (identified by date of publication and/or edition number or version number) or non-specific. For specific references, only the cited version applies. For non-specific references, the latest version of the reference document (including any amendments) applies.

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2.1 Normative references

The following referenced documents are necessary for the application of the present document.

- [1] ETSI TS 102 221: "Smart Cards; UICC-Terminal interface; Physical and logical characteristics".
- [2] ETSI TS 102 671: "Smart Cards; Machine to Machine UICC; Physical and logical characteristics".
- [3] ETSI TS 102 223: "Smart Cards; Card Application Toolkit (CAT)".
- [4] ETSI TS 102 241: "Smart Cards; UICC Application Programming Interface (UICC API) for Java Card (TM)".

2.2 Informative references

The following referenced documents are not necessary for the application of the present document but they assist the user with regard to a particular subject area.

- [i.1] Recommendation ITU-T E.212: "The international identification plan for public networks and subscriptions".
- [i.2] ETSI TR 102 216: "Smart cards; Vocabulary for Smart Card Platform specifications".

3 Definitions and abbreviations

3.1 Definitions

For the purposes of the present document, the terms and definitions given in TR 102 216 [i.2] and the following apply:

Embedded UICC: UICC which is not easily accessible or replaceable, is not intended to be removed or replaced in the terminal, and enables the secure changing of subscriptions

Enabled Profile: profile, the files and/or applications (e.g. NAA) of which are selectable over the UICC-Terminal interface

eUICC Management Credentials: credentials used to verify the authorization for the establishment of Profile Management Credentials and Profile Provisioning Credentials

eUICC Supplier: supplier of the eUICC modules and resident software (such as firmware and operating system)

Mobile Network Operator (MNO): entity providing communication services to its customers through mobile networks

Network Access Application (NAA): application residing on an eUICC that provides authorization to access a network

EXAMPLE: A USIM application.

NOTE: Copied from TR 102 216 [i.2], to be deleted when the current document is finalised.

Network Access Credentials (NAC): data required to authenticate to an ITU E.212 [i.1] Network

NOTE: Network Access Credentials may include data such as Ki/K, and IMSI stored within a NAA.

Operational Profile: profile containing one or more network access applications and associated network access credentials

Operational Subscription: subscription that enables a device to access an ITU E.212 [i.1] network for the purpose of accessing telecommunication and related services

Policy: principles reflected in a set of rules that govern the behaviour of an eUICC and/or entities involved in the remote management of the eUICC

Policy Control Function: function that defines, updates or removes policy rules to implement a policy

Policy Enforcement Function: function that executes policy rules to implement a policy

Policy Rule: defines the actions required to implement a policy and the conditions under which they are executed

eUICC Policy Control Credentials: credentials used for authorisation and authentication for the establishment and update of the Policy Rules defined on the eUICC outside Profiles

NOTE: This definition might be refined according to the decision about the need to have Policy Rules defined inside and/or outside Profiles.

Profile: combination of a file structure, data and applications to be provisioned onto, or present on, an eUICC

Profile Access Credentials: data required to exist within a profile so that secured communication can be set up between an external entity and the eUICC in order to manage that profile's structure and its data (e.g. operator OTA keys)

Profile Container: logical container for a profile on an eUICC providing security services, enabling separation of profiles and providing secure communication

Profile Container Initialisation: process of preparing a Profile Container so that it is ready for Profile Installation

Profile Transport: download of a Profile to the eUICC

Profile Loading: transfer of a profile into the eUICC

Profile Installation: process of allocating resources and registering parameters for a profile to bring it to a state where it can be enabled

Profile Provisioning Credentials: data required to exist within an eUICC so that a profile downloaded from an external entity can be decrypted and installed on the eUICC

Profile Management Credentials: data required to exist within an eUICC so that a secured communication can be set up between an external entity and the eUICC in order to manage the profiles on the eUICC

Profile Management Operations: consists of Profile Transport, Profile deletion, Profile enabling, and Profile disabling

Provisioning: container creation and initialisation, loading, and installation of a profile into an eUICC

Provisioning Profile: profile containing one or more network access applications, and associated network access credentials which, when installed on an eUICC, enables access to communication network(s), to provide transport capability for eUICC management and profile management between the eUICC and an SM-SR

Provisioning Subscription: subscription, with its associated provisioning profile, that enables a device to access a mobile network for the purpose of management of operational profiles on the eUICC

Subscriber: entity that has a subscription with a telecommunications service provider

Subscription: commercial relationship for the supply of services between the Subscriber and Telecommunications Service Provider

Subscription Manager: combination of the functions of the SM-SR and the SM-DP

Subscription Manager - Data Preparation (SM-DP): role that prepares operational and provisioning profiles to be securely provisioned on the eUICC e.g. encryption of profile

NOTE: "securely" is felt to relate to requirements captured in an appropriate section of the present document. The term "securely" may be removed from this definition once those requirements are specified.

Subscription Manager - Secure Routing (SM-SR): role that securely performs functions which directly manage the operational and provisioning profiles on the eUICC

NOTE: "securely" is felt to relate to requirements captured in an appropriate section of the present document. The term "securely" may be removed from this definition once those requirements are specified.

Telecommunications Service Provider: MNO, or party trusted by the MNO acting on behalf of the MNO, which provides services to the subscriber

3.1a Definitions for further study

Definitions are required for the following terms:

- **Initialised State:**

NOTE: This definition is required. Best proposal so far: "refers to the state the eUICC is in when an operational profile is either not active or not present, and the eUICC is only accessible for the purpose of management of operational profiles".

3.2 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the following abbreviations apply:

ATR	Answer To Reset
CAT	Card Application Toolkit
eUICC	embedded UICC
FFS	For Further Study
IMSI	International Mobile Subscriber Identity
M2M	Machine to Machine (communication)
MNO	Mobile Network Operator
NAA	Network Access Application
NAC	Network Access Credentials.
OEM	Original Equipment Manufacturer
OTA	Over-The-Air
PCF	Policy Control Function
SM	Subscription Manager
SM-DP	Subscription Manager - Data Preparation
SM-SR	Subscription Manager - Secure Routing
SP	Service Provider

4 Abstract (informative)

The present document enables remote management of an embedded UICC (eUICC) for purposes of changing an MNO subscription without requiring a physical removal and replacement of the UICC in the end Device.

The present document develops use cases and requirements for the "enhanced, remote management" of a UICC, which is embedded in a communication device, i.e. where the UICC is not intended to be removed. This type of embedded UICC (eUICC) is compatible with Machine-to-Machine (M2M) applications. The eUICC may be embedded at the manufacturing site in advance, depending on the country and network operator, and is compatible for use in a variety of end-user equipment. In these scenarios there may be a requirement to remotely change a subscription easily, similar to what is currently achieved by physically changing the UICC.

The purpose for defining these requirements is to provide ease of use and deployment benefits for end users/consumers and thereby stimulate the M2M sector. A further intent is to enable the creation of common standards and processes for remote management of profiles on an eUICC, such that interoperability is ensured.

It is noted that new business models and usage scenarios, primarily driven by M2M, struggle when supported by the traditional UICC/SIM card. For example:

- By installing a physical UICC, the user is connected to a specific network, as the card only provides access to one network. Should the user wish to (or need to) use another network, then they or the M2M Service Provider has to fit another card in the user's device.
- Changing a UICC may be problematic since that M2M equipment may be remotely located and/or hermetically sealed. It should be noted that where the UICC is not intended to be sealed and inaccessible, the portability of traditional form factor UICC cards is perceived to be a user benefit.
- Non-standard provisioning and re-provisioning methods are being defined and used. These present security implications and a risk of fragmentation within the industry.

New remote provisioning/re-provisioning mechanisms are required to support the new business models and usage scenarios.

5 Background (informative)

5.1 Overview of the use cases

A range of use cases is identified in this clause to derive requirements for the development of a trusted framework for the management of an embedded UICC (eUICC). This is not intended to be an exhaustive list of use cases and applications, but a set of examples to ensure requirements will be flexible enough to securely support current and future use cases.

Use cases are provided as a means to understand and add context to the overall requirements.

5.2 Use Case: 1 - Provisioning of multiple eUICCs for M2M

A Machine-to-Machine Service Provider (M2M SP) sets-up subscriptions for a number of connected M2M devices to start telecommunication services with a first MNO. While it is expected that there will be a very great range of M2M applications, and many of these will have different parties and business models, it is likely that the key technical requirements will become clear through examining a few examples of this use case; the following examples are considered further in this clause:

- a) Provisioning for a first subscription, and optional later change of subscription, for communication services for automated reading of utility (electricity, water, gas) meters; a M2M Service Provider will contract these subscriptions.
- b) Provisioning for a first subscription and optional later change of subscription for a security camera.