



**Electromagnetic compatibility
and Radio spectrum Matters (ERM);
ElectroMagnetic Compatibility (EMC)
standard for radio equipment and services;
Part 4: Specific conditions for fixed radio links
and ancillary equipment**

Reference

REN/ERM-EMC-325

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Foreword

This draft Harmonized European Standard (EN) has been produced by ETSI Technical Committee Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio spectrum Matters (ERM), and is now submitted for the combined Public Enquiry and Vote phase of the ETSI standards EN Approval Procedure.

The present document has been produced by ETSI in response to mandate M/284 issued from the European Commission under Directive 98/34/EC [i.2] as amended by Directive 98/48/EC [i.11].

The title and reference to the present document are intended to be included in the publication in the Official Journal of the European Union of titles and references of Harmonized Standard under the Directive 1999/5/EC [i.1].

The present document is part 4 of a multi-part deliverable. Full details of the entire series can be found in part 1 [1].

Proposed national transposition dates

Date of latest announcement of this EN (doa):	3 months after ETSI publication
Date of latest publication of new National Standard or endorsement of this EN (dop/e):	6 months after doa
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Modal verbs terminology

In the present document **"shall"**, **"shall not"**, **"should"**, **"should not"**, **"may"**, **"may not"**, **"need"**, **"need not"**, **"will"**, **"will not"**, **"can"** and **"cannot"** are to be interpreted as described in clause 3.2 of the [ETSI Drafting Rules](#) (Verbal forms for the expression of provisions).

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Introduction

The present document is part of a set of standards developed by ETSI and is designed to fit in a modular structure to cover all radio and telecommunications terminal equipment within the scope of the R&TTE Directive [i.1]. The modular structure is shown in ETSI EG 201 399 [i.10].

1 Scope

The present document, together with ETSI EN 301 489-1 [1], covers the assessment of Fixed Radio Links, and ancillary equipment in respect of ElectroMagnetic Compatibility (EMC).

Technical specifications related to the antenna port of the radio equipment are not included in the present document. Such technical specifications are found in the relevant product standards for the effective use of the radio spectrum.

The present document specifies the applicable test conditions, performance assessment and performance criteria for Analogue and Digital Fixed Radio Links operating as fixed Point-to-Point, and Point-to-Multipoint systems as defined in annex A, including the associated ancillary equipment.

Examples of Fixed Radio Links are given in annex A.

In case of differences (for instance concerning special conditions, definitions, abbreviations) between the present document and ETSI EN 301 489-1 [1], the provisions of the present document take precedence.

The processing and protection switch, (de)modulator, transmitter, receiver, RF filters, branching networks, feeders are covered by the present document. The multiplexing and/or de-multiplexing elements are covered if they form part of the transmitter, receiver and/or transceiver.

The environmental classification and the emission and immunity requirements used in the present document are as stated in ETSI EN 301 489-1 [1], except for any special conditions included in the present document.

2 References

2.1 Normative references

References are either specific (identified by date of publication and/or edition number or version number) or non-specific. For specific references, only the cited version applies. For non-specific references, the latest version of the reference document (including any amendments) applies.

Referenced documents which are not found to be publicly available in the expected location might be found at <http://docbox.etsi.org/Reference>.

NOTE: While any hyperlinks included in this clause were valid at the time of publication, ETSI cannot guarantee their long term validity.

The following referenced documents are necessary for the application of the present document.

- [1] ETSI EN 301 489-1 (V1.9.2) (09-2011): "Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio spectrum Matters (ERM); ElectroMagnetic Compatibility (EMC) standard for radio equipment and services; Part 1: Common technical requirements".

2.2 Informative references

References are either specific (identified by date of publication and/or edition number or version number) or non-specific. For specific references, only the cited version applies. For non-specific references, the latest version of the reference document (including any amendments) applies.

NOTE: While any hyperlinks included in this clause were valid at the time of publication, ETSI cannot guarantee their long term validity.

The following referenced documents are not necessary for the application of the present document but they assist the user with regard to a particular subject area.

- [i.1] Directive 1999/5/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 9 March 1999 on radio equipment and telecommunications terminal equipment and the mutual recognition of their conformity (R&TTE Directive).

- [i.2] Directive 98/34/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 22 June 1998 laying down a procedure for the provision of information in the field of technical standards and regulations.
- [i.3] Recommendation ITU-R F.1191-1: "Bandwidths and unwanted emissions of digital radio-relay systems".
- [i.4] Recommendation ITU-R F.746-3: "Radio-frequency channel arrangements for radio-relay systems".
- [i.5] ETSI EN 302 217-2-2: "Fixed Radio Systems; Characteristics and requirements for point-to-point equipment and antennas; Part 2-2: Digital systems operating in frequency bands where frequency co-ordination is applied; Harmonized EN covering the essential requirements of article 3.2 of the R&TTE Directive".
- [i.6] ETSI EN 302 217-3: "Fixed Radio Systems; Characteristics and requirements for point-to-point equipment and antennas; Part 3: Equipment operating in frequency bands where both frequency coordinated or uncoordinated deployment might be applied; Harmonized EN covering the essential requirements of article 3.2 of the R&TTE Directive".
- [i.7] ETSI EN 302 326-2: "Fixed Radio Systems; Multipoint Equipment and Antennas; Part 2: Harmonized EN covering the essential requirements of article 3.2 of the R&TTE Directive for Digital Multipoint Radio Equipment".
- [i.8] ETSI EN 301 460-1: "Fixed Radio Systems; Point-to-multipoint equipment; Part 1: Point-to-multipoint digital radio systems below 1 GHz - Common parameters".
- [i.9] ETSI EN 301 997-1: "Transmission and Multiplexing (TM); Multipoint equipment; Radio Equipment for use in Multimedia Wireless Systems (MWS) in the frequency band 40,5 GHz to 43,5 GHz; Part 1: General requirements".
- [i.10] ETSI EG 201 399: "Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio spectrum Matters (ERM); A guide to the production of Harmonized Standards for application under the R&TTE Directive".
- [i.11] Directive 98/48/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 20 July 1998 amending Directive 98/34/EC laying down a procedure for the provision of information in the field of technical standards and regulations.

3 Definitions and abbreviations

3.1 Definitions

For the purposes of the present document, the terms and definitions given in ETSI EN 301 489-1 [1], clause 3 and the following apply:

Base Station (BS): alternative name for Central Station

Central Station (CS): which can be subdivided into two units:

- the exchange unit, also called Central Controller Station (CCS) - (interface to the local switch); and
- the radio unit, also called Central Radio Station (CRS) - (central base band/radio transceiver)

NOTE: In some deployments the term Base Station is also used in place of Central Station. For the purposes of the present standard either terms are assumed and are completely interchangeable.

CHannel Separation (CHS): CHannel Separation (CHS) is taken as $XS/2$ for alternated frequency channel arrangements according to Recommendation ITU-R F.1191-1 [i.3] and XS for co-channel and interleaved frequency channel arrangements as defined by Recommendation ITU-R F.746-3 [i.4], XS is the radio-frequency separation between the centre frequencies of adjacent radio-frequency channels on the same polarization and in the same direction of transmission.

operating frequency range: range(s) of radio frequencies covered by the Equipment Under Test (EUT) without any change of units

Repeater Station (RS): radio repeater outstations with or without subscriber interfaces

Terminal station (TS): outstations with subscriber interfaces

3.2 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the following abbreviations apply:

AC	Alternating Current
BER	Bit Error Ratio
BS	Base Station
CCS	Central Controller Station
CHS	Channel Separation
CR	Continuous phenomena applied to Receivers
CRS	Central Radio Station
CS	Central Station
CT	Continuous phenomena applied to Transmitters
DC	Direct Current
EM	ElectroMagnetic
EMC	ElectroMagnetic Compatibility
EUT	Equipment Under Test
RF	Radio Frequency
RS	Repeater Station
TR	Transient phenomena applied to Receivers
TS	Terminal Station
TT	Transient phenomena applied to Transmitters

4 Test conditions

For the purposes of the present document, the test conditions of ETSI EN 301 489-1 [1], clause 4, apply as appropriate. Further product related test conditions for fixed radio links are specified in the present document.

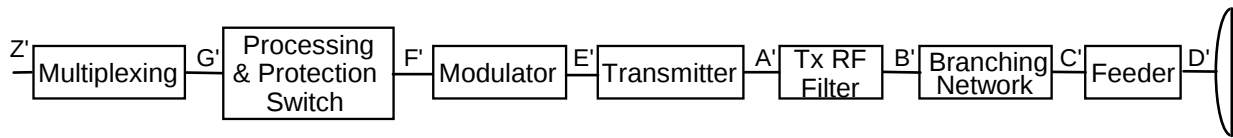
4.1 General

For emission and immunity tests the test modulation, test arrangements, etc., as specified in the present document, clauses 4.1.1 to 4.3.2, shall apply.

4.1.1 Test conditions and configurations

This clause defines the test conditions and configurations for the emission and immunity tests as follows:

- a transmitter shall, as a minimum, comprise the element between E' and A' of figure 1. Additionally the transmitter may comprise any of the other elements from the transmitter chain shown in figure 1. If these additional elements are part of the transmitter or system they shall also meet the requirements of the present document;

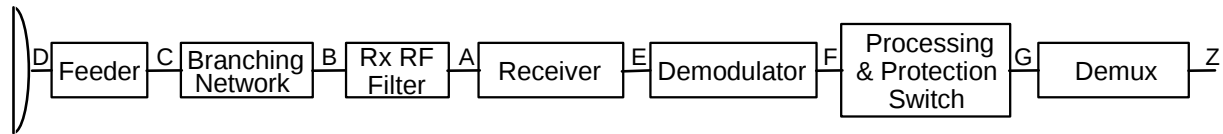


NOTE 1: For the purposes of defining the reference points, the branching network (B' to C') does not include a hybrid.

NOTE 2: Points B' and C' may coincide, dependent on the equipment configuration.

Figure 1: Elements of a transmitter

- a receiver shall, as a minimum, comprise the element between A and E of figure 2. Additionally the receiver may comprise any of the other elements from the receiver chain shown in figure 2. If these additional elements are part of the receiver or system they shall also meet the requirements of the present document;



NOTE 1: For the purposes of defining the reference points, the branching network (B to C) does not include a hybrid.

NOTE 2: Points B and C may coincide, dependent on the equipment configuration.

Figure 2: Elements of a receiver

- a transceiver shall comprise as a minimum the elements E' to A' and A to E shown in figures 1 and 2, and additionally it may comprise any combinations of the other elements. If these additional elements are part of the transceiver they shall also meet the requirements of the present document;
- the equipment shall be tested under conditions which are within the manufacturer's declared range of humidity, temperature and supply voltage;
- the test configuration shall be as close to normal intended use as possible;
- if the equipment is part of a system, or can be connected to ancillary equipment, then it shall be acceptable to test the equipment while connected to the minimum configuration of ancillary equipment necessary to exercise the ports;
- ports which in normal operation are connected to ancillary or other equipment shall be either connected to such equipment, or to a representative termination to simulate the input/output characteristics of the ancillary or other equipment. Radio Frequency (RF) input/output ports shall be correctly terminated;
- if the equipment has a large number of ports, then a sufficient number shall be selected to simulate actual operation conditions and to ensure that all the different types of termination are tested;
- ports which are not connected to cables during normal intended operation, e.g. service connectors, programming connectors, temporary connectors etc. shall not be connected to any cables for the purpose of ElectroMagnetic Compatibility (EMC) testing. Where cables have to be connected to these ports, or interconnecting cables have to be extended in length in order to exercise the EUT, precautions shall be taken to ensure that the evaluation of the EUT is not affected by the addition or extension of these cables;
- the test conditions, test configuration and mode of operation shall be recorded in the test report.

4.1.2 Emission tests

The provisions ETSI EN 301 489-1 [1], clause 8 shall apply with the following modification.

For Point-to-Multipoint systems a communications link shall be established, which shall comprise of the Central Station and a minimum of one Terminal Station. These stations are tested separately.