

Designation: F922 – 01 (Reapproved 2006)

An American National Standard

Standard Test Method for Motor Life Evaluation of an Electric Motorized Nozzle¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation F922; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ε) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

1. Scope

- 1.1 This test method covers the motorized nozzle used with household or commercial vacuum cleaner systems, that is, combination cleaners.
- 1.2 This test method provides a test for determining operating motor life in hours by an accelerated laboratory procedure. The motors are tested while mounted and operated in the motorized nozzle.
- 1.3 This test method covers only the motorized nozzle. The system used to provide the airflow source is not under consideration.
- 1.4 This test method is limited to the determination of motor life for an electrically powered household or commercial motorized nozzle.
- 1.5 The values stated in inch-pound units are to be regarded as the standard. The values given in parentheses are for information only.
- 1.6 This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.

2. Referenced Documents at a log/standards/sist/8698335

2.1 ASTM Standards:²

D75 Practice for Sampling Aggregates

E337 Test Method for Measuring Humidity with a Psychrometer (the Measurement of Wet- and Dry-Bulb Temperatures)

F431 Specification for Air Performance Measurement Plenum Chamber for Vacuum Cleaners

F608 Test Method for Evaluation of Carpet Embedded Dirt

Removal Effectiveness of Household/Commercial Vacuum Cleaners

F655 Specification for Test Carpets and Pads for Vacuum Cleaner Testing

3. Terminology

- 3.1 Description of Term Specific to This Standard:
- 3.1.1 *motor life*—limited by failure of the motor. Failure is motor stoppage.
- 3.1.1.1 *Discussion*—Any failure integral with the motor such as armature assembly, field assembly, housing(s) bearings, motor cooling fan, carbon brush assemblies, motor-mounted nonresettable thermal protective devices, or any other component judged to be integral with the motor shall be judged as motor stoppage.

4. Significance and Use

4.1 The test results provide an indication of the motor life of an electric motorized nozzle. End of motor life will be judged in accordance with Section 3.

5. Apparatus and Materials

- 5.1 *Voltage Regulator System*, to control the input voltage to the vacuum cleaner. The regulator system shall be capable of maintaining rated voltage ± 1 % and rated frequency ± 1 Hz of the motorized nozzle having a wave form that is essentially sinusoidal with 3 % maximum harmonic distortion for the duration of the test.
- 5.2 *Voltmeter*, to provide measurements accurate to within ± 1 %.
- 5.3 *Timer and Switch*, having the capacity to control the off/on duty cycle of the nozzle and air flow source during the life test.
- 5.4 Wattmeter, to provide measurements accurate to within 1 %
- 5.5 Sharp-Edge Orifice Plate, a 1½-in. (32-mm) diameter shall be in accordance with the orifice plate illustrated in Specification F431.
- 5.6 *Plenum Chamber*, conforming to the plenum chamber specifications in Specification F431.
- 5.7 *Water Manometer*, or equivalent instrument measuring in increments of 0.1 in. (2.54 mm).

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ This test method is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee F11 on Vacuum Cleaners and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee F 11.30 on Durability-Reliability.

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² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

- 5.8 *Barometer*, with an accuracy of ± 0.05 in. Hg (1.27 mm Hg), capable of measuring uncorrected barometric pressure with scale divisions of 0.02 in. (0.51 mm) or finer.
- 5.9 *Thermometer*, having a range of at least 18 to 80°F (-8 to +27°C) and graduated in 1°F (0.5°C) increments.
- 5.10 *Psychrometer*, meeting the requirements of Test Method E337 with thermometers graduated in increments of $1^{\circ}F$ (0.5°C).
- 5.11 *Test Carpet*, conforming to the level loop carpet as described in Specification F655. A carpet that provides equivalent nozzle loading results may be used.
- 5.12 *Carpet Padding (optional)*, if used, the test carpet padding will conform to the padding described in Specification F655.
- 5.13 Test Cleaner or Airflow Source—The motorized nozzle motor life evaluation tests shall be conducted using the airflow source and voltage resulting from the components which comprise the combination system with which the motorized nozzle is to be used. If used with several systems, the one with the maximum airflow shall be used.
- 5.13.1 *Option*—A simulated airflow source and adjusted voltage may be used if they are equal to or exceed the combination system with which the motorized nozzle is to be used.
- 5.14 Test Fixture—A moving surface, covered by the test carpet supported on the test pad, which moves with a horizontal reciprocating motion, for a stroke distance of 27 in. (686 mm) in each direction at the average rate of 1.8 ft/s (0.55 mps), which results in 24 cpm (forward and back). This motion shall be generated by rotating a 13.5-in. (343-mm) radius arm that shall be connected to the platform with an arm at least 24 in. (610 mm) long or equivalent. This device shall provide means to hold the motorized nozzle fixed by its handle stationary in the operating position while it is in contact with the reciprocating surface.
- 5.14.1 Option—The motorized nozzle can be moved through the same cycle as stated in 5.14 while the carpeted platform is held stationary. See Fig. 1. For either option, the reciprocating motion shall follow the same duty cycle as specified for the vacuum cleaner or airflow source and motorized nozzle in 7.7. For the optional test fixture of Fig. 1, the reciprocating arm must be at either end of its horizontal motion at the start of each "on" portion of the cycle. The vacuum

cleaner or airflow source shall be stationary and positioned so that the hose will be submitted to minimum stresses.

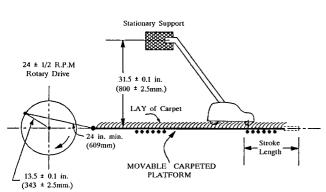
5.15 Test Dirt. Wedron sand/talc mixture. See Annex A1.

6. Sampling

6.1 Test a minimum of three units (or a larger sample size if desired) of similar models using the same motor style and amperage. Select all samples at random in accordance with good statistical practice. Results shall provide an 80 % confidence level within ± 10 % of the mean value. If not, test additional samples or reduce the results by the penalty factor as calculated in 7.12.

7. Procedure

- 7.1 Determine initial performance. The suction of the cleaner or airflow source with the motorized nozzle attached is to be determined to ensure that no leaks develop to reduce load on the nozzle. For the test, the nozzle opening is to be sealed to the ASTM plenum chamber with manometer (or equivalent) connected to the chamber, and with the sharp-edge orifice plate in the holder. The motorized nozzle is to have the agitator drive belt connected and a new filter bag in the cleaner or airflow source. The agitator shall be operating freely with the handle in operating position as shown in Fig. 1.
- 7.1.1 With the motorized nozzle opening sealed to the plenum chamber and without an orifice plate in the holder, energize the cleaner and motorized nozzle at rated voltage 1% and rated frequency 1 Hz for 5 min to stabilize motor temperatures. See 5.13 if an optional airflow source is used.
- 7.1.2 With the motorized nozzle operating at rated voltage ± 1 % and rated frequency ± 1 Hz and the airflow source at the required voltage, insert the sharp-edge orifice plate into the holder on the orifice box, in accordance with 5.5 and 5.6.
- 7.1.3 Record the manometer reading of the combined power nozzle and airflow source as soon as the reading stabilizes.
- 7.1.4 Record the wattage of the nozzle on the plenum chamber. The wattage reading is used to monitor the nozzle load.
- 7.1.5 Repeat the test, recording the manometer and wattage reading of the cleaner or airflow source connected only to the plenum chamber.
- 7.1.6 The airflow and wattage reading shall be measured every 168 h to determine if some component has failed and



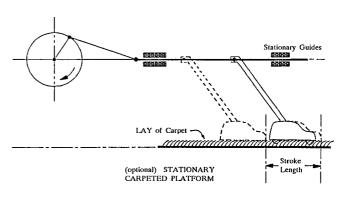


FIG. 1 Test Fixture