



Network Functions Virtualisation (NFV) Release 3; Management and Orchestration; Report on Os-Ma-Nfvo reference point - application and service management use cases and recommendations

Disclaimer

The present document has been produced and approved by the Network Functions Virtualisation (NFV) ETSI Industry Specification Group (ISG) and represents the views of those members who participated in this ISG. It does not necessarily represent the views of the entire ETSI membership.

ReferenceDGR/NFV-IFA012

KeywordsMANO, network, NFV, service, use case

ETSI

650 Route des Lucioles
F-06921 Sophia Antipolis Cedex - FRANCE

Tel.: +33 4 92 94 42 00 Fax: +33 4 93 65 47 16

Siret N° 348 623 562 00017 - NAF 742 C
Association à but non lucratif enregistrée à la
Sous-Préfecture de Grasse (06) N° 7803/88

Important notice

The present document can be downloaded from:

<http://www.etsi.org/standards-search>

The present document may be made available in electronic versions and/or in print. The content of any electronic and/or print versions of the present document shall not be modified without the prior written authorization of ETSI. In case of any existing or perceived difference in contents between such versions and/or in print, the only prevailing document is the print of the Portable Document Format (PDF) version kept on a specific network drive within ETSI Secretariat.

Users of the present document should be aware that the document may be subject to revision or change of status.

Information on the current status of this and other ETSI documents is available at

<https://portal.etsi.org/TB/ETSIDeliverableStatus.aspx>

If you find errors in the present document, please send your comment to one of the following services:

<https://portal.etsi.org/People/CommiteeSupportStaff.aspx>

Copyright Notification

No part may be reproduced or utilized in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying and microfilm except as authorized by written permission of ETSI.

The content of the PDF version shall not be modified without the written authorization of ETSI.

The copyright and the foregoing restriction extend to reproduction in all media.

© ETSI 2018.

All rights reserved.

DECT™, **PLUGTESTS™**, **UMTS™** and the ETSI logo are trademarks of ETSI registered for the benefit of its Members.

3GPP™ and **LTE™** are trademarks of ETSI registered for the benefit of its Members and of the 3GPP Organizational Partners.

oneM2M™ logo is a trademark of ETSI registered for the benefit of its Members and of the oneM2M Partners

GSM® and the GSM logo are trademarks registered and owned by the GSM Association.

Contents

Intellectual Property Rights	7
Foreword.....	7
Modal verbs terminology.....	7
1 Scope	8
2 References	8
2.1 Normative references	8
2.2 Informative references.....	8
3 Definition of terms and abbreviations	8
3.1 Terms.....	8
3.2 Abbreviations	9
4 Application & service management in NFV context	10
4.1 Introduction	10
4.2 Relation to other NFV group specifications	10
5 General use cases	10
5.1 Introduction	10
5.2 NS lifecycle management in Broadband Network	10
5.2.1 Use case description.....	10
5.2.2 Trigger	11
5.2.3 Actors and roles	11
5.2.4 Pre-conditions	12
5.2.5 Post-conditions	12
5.2.6 Flow description	12
5.3 NS monitoring in Broadband Network.....	13
5.3.1 Use case description.....	13
5.3.2 Trigger	14
5.3.3 Actors and roles	14
5.3.4 Pre-conditions	14
5.3.5 Post-conditions	15
5.3.6 Flow description	15
5.4 Notification about a lack of capacity during NS LCM operation.....	16
5.4.1 Use case description.....	16
5.4.2 Trigger	16
5.4.3 Actors and roles	16
5.4.4 Pre-conditions	17
5.4.5 Post-conditions	17
5.4.6 Flow description	17
5.5 Virtual Converged IP Messaging NS deployment.....	17
5.5.1 Use case description.....	17
5.5.2 Actors and roles	18
5.5.3 Pre-conditions	18
5.5.4 Post-conditions	18
5.5.5 Flow description	19
5.6 OSS requests an NS instance update from the NFVO.....	19
5.6.1 Use case description.....	19
5.6.2 Actors and roles	19
5.6.3 Pre-conditions	20
5.6.4 Post-conditions	20
5.6.5 Flow description	20
5.7 On-board NSD from OSS/BSS	21
5.7.1 Use case description.....	21
5.7.2 Actors and roles	23
5.7.3 Pre-conditions	23
5.7.4 Post-conditions	23
5.7.5 Flow description	23

5.8	BSS/OSS Queries VNFs	24
5.8.1	Use case Description.....	24
5.8.2	Actors and roles	24
5.8.3	Pre-conditions	25
5.8.4	Post-conditions	25
5.8.5	Flow description	25
5.9	BSS/OSS is notified of VNF Package on-boarding	25
5.9.1	Use case Description.....	25
5.9.2	Actors and roles	25
5.9.3	Pre-conditions	26
5.9.4	Post-conditions	26
5.9.5	Flow description	26
5.10	BSS/OSS Queries NSDs	27
5.10.1	Use case Description.....	27
5.10.2	Actors and roles	27
5.10.3	Pre-conditions	27
5.10.4	Post-conditions	27
5.10.5	Flow description	28
5.11	NFVO updates BSS/OSS with NSD information after NSD on-boarding	28
5.11.1	Use case Description.....	28
5.11.2	Actors and roles	28
5.11.3	Pre-conditions	28
5.11.4	Post-conditions	29
5.11.5	Flow description	29
5.12	OSS requests a QoS update in connection with an NSD	29
5.12.1	Use case Description.....	29
5.12.2	Trigger	30
5.12.3	Actors and roles	30
5.12.4	Pre-conditions	30
5.12.5	Post-conditions	30
5.12.6	Flow description	30
5.13	Instantiate Multiple Concatenated NSs	31
5.13.1	Use case Description.....	31
5.13.1.1	Introduction	31
5.13.1.2	Parallel vs Sequential NS Instantiation requests	32
5.13.1.3	NS instantiation requests to different NFVOs	32
5.13.1.4	Utilizing an existing NS instantiation	33
5.13.2	Actors and roles	33
5.13.3	Pre-conditions	33
5.13.4	Post-conditions	34
5.13.5	Flow description	34
5.14	Use Case for OSS/BSS instantiation of hybrid PNF/VNF NS	35
5.14.1	Use case Description.....	35
5.14.2	Actors and roles	37
5.14.3	Pre-conditions	37
5.14.4	Post-conditions	37
5.14.5	Flow description	37
5.15	VNF Configuration from OSS/BSS	38
5.15.1	Use case Description.....	38
5.15.2	Trigger	40
5.15.3	Actors and roles	40
5.15.4	Pre-conditions	40
5.15.5	Post-conditions	40
5.15.6	Flow description	41
5.16	E2E service healing	41
5.16.1	Use case Description.....	41
5.16.2	Trigger	42
5.16.3	Actors and roles	42
5.16.4	Pre-conditions	42
5.16.5	Post-conditions	43
5.16.6	Flow description	43
5.17	End to End Service Termination from the OSS/BSS	44

5.17.1	Use case Description.....	44
5.17.1.1	Introduction.....	44
5.17.1.2	Parallel vs Sequential NS Termination requests	45
5.17.1.3	Network Service Termination requests to different NFVOs	45
5.17.2	Trigger	46
5.17.3	Actors and roles	46
5.17.4	Pre-conditions	47
5.17.5	Post-conditions	47
5.17.6	Flow description	47
5.18	Switching from several active Nsa instances to new NSb instances	48
5.18.1	Use case Description.....	48
5.18.2	Trigger	48
5.18.3	Actors and roles	48
5.18.4	Pre-conditions	48
5.18.5	Post-conditions	48
5.18.6	Flow description	49
5.19	Deletion of NSD by the OSS.....	50
5.19.1	Use case Description.....	50
5.19.2	Trigger	50
5.19.3	Actors and Roles.....	50
5.19.4	Pre-conditions	50
5.19.5	Post-conditions	50
5.19.6	Flow Description	50
5.20	Deletion of a specific version of NSD by the OSS.....	51
5.20.1	Use case Description.....	51
5.20.2	Trigger	51
5.20.3	Actors and Roles.....	51
5.20.4	Pre-conditions	51
5.20.5	Post-conditions	52
5.20.6	Flow Description	52
5.21	Partial failure of concatenated service instantiation from OSS/BSS	52
5.21.1	Use case Description.....	52
5.21.2	Trigger	53
5.21.3	Actors and Roles.....	53
5.21.4	Pre-conditions	53
5.21.5	Post-conditions	53
5.21.6	Base Flow	53
5.22	OSS Requests a NS Scale In	54
5.22.1	Use case Description.....	54
5.22.2	Trigger	55
5.22.3	Actors and Roles.....	55
5.22.4	Pre-conditions	55
5.22.5	Post-conditions	55
5.22.6	Flow Description	55
5.23	OSS Copies VNF Package from one NFVO to another NFVO	56
5.23.1	Use case Description.....	56
5.23.2	Trigger	56
5.23.3	Actors and Roles.....	56
5.23.4	Pre-conditions	57
5.23.5	Post-conditions	57
5.23.6	Flow Description	57
5.24	Use Case for an Application Function overlaying the NFV Ecosystem.....	57
5.24.1	Use case Description.....	57
5.24.2	Trigger	59
5.24.3	Actors and Roles.....	59
5.24.4	Pre-conditions	59
5.24.5	Post-conditions	60
5.24.6	Flow Description	60
6	Reference point and interface recommendations	60
6.1	Introduction	60
6.2	Recommendations	61

6.2.1	Test recommendations	61
6.2.2	Notification recommendations	61
6.2.3	Heartbeat recommendations	62
6.2.4	PM Job recommendations	62
6.2.5	Threshold recommendations related to NS Performance Management	62
6.2.6	General interface recommendations for the Os-Ma-Nfvo reference point	63
Annex A (informative): NS Nesting		64
A.1	Overview of Nested NSs	64
A.2	Principles concerning Nested NS	66
A.3	Composite vCDN Example	66
A.4	Virtual Customer Premises Equipment (vCPE) NS Example with Connectivity	67
A.5	Geographically Distributed virtual Content Delivery Network (vCDN) Example	68
Annex B (informative): Authors & contributors		70
Annex C: Bibliography		71
Annex D: Change History		72
History		78

ITeH STANDARD PREVIEW
 (standards.iteh.ai)
 Full standard:
<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/09096053-ccab-46ef-b2b0-423bd2-d12829/etsi-gr-nfv-ifa-012-v3.1.1-2018-10>

Intellectual Property Rights

Essential patents

IPRs essential or potentially essential to normative deliverables may have been declared to ETSI. The information pertaining to these essential IPRs, if any, is publicly available for **ETSI members and non-members**, and can be found in ETSI SR 000 314: "*Intellectual Property Rights (IPRs); Essential, or potentially Essential, IPRs notified to ETSI in respect of ETSI standards*", which is available from the ETSI Secretariat. Latest updates are available on the ETSI Web server (<https://ipr.etsi.org/>).

Pursuant to the ETSI IPR Policy, no investigation, including IPR searches, has been carried out by ETSI. No guarantee can be given as to the existence of other IPRs not referenced in ETSI SR 000 314 (or the updates on the ETSI Web server) which are, or may be, or may become, essential to the present document.

Trademarks

The present document may include trademarks and/or tradenames which are asserted and/or registered by their owners. ETSI claims no ownership of these except for any which are indicated as being the property of ETSI, and conveys no right to use or reproduce any trademark and/or tradename. Mention of those trademarks in the present document does not constitute an endorsement by ETSI of products, services or organizations associated with those trademarks.

Foreword

This Group Report (GR) has been produced by ETSI Industry Specification Group (ISG) Network Functions Virtualisation (NFV).

Modal verbs terminology

In the present document "**should**", "**should not**", "**may**", "**need not**", "**will**", "**will not**", "**can**" and "**cannot**" are to be interpreted as described in clause 3.2 of the [ETSI Drafting Rules](#) (Verbal forms for the expression of provisions).

"**must**" and "**must not**" are **NOT** allowed in ETSI deliverables except when used in direct citation.

1 Scope

The present document provides the use cases and recommendations associated with the Os-Ma-nfvo reference point from the perspective of application and service management on top of Network Services (NSs).

2 References

2.1 Normative references

Normative references are not applicable in the present document.

2.2 Informative references

References are either specific (identified by date of publication and/or edition number or version number) or non-specific. For specific references, only the cited version applies. For non-specific references, the latest version of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

NOTE: While any hyperlinks included in this clause were valid at the time of publication, ETSI cannot guarantee their long term validity.

The following referenced documents are not necessary for the application of the present document but they assist the user with regard to a particular subject area.

- [i.1] ETSI GS NFV 003: "Network Functions Virtualisation (NFV); Terminology for Main Concepts in NFV".
- [i.2] ETSI GS NFV-IFA 009: "Network Functions Virtualisation (NFV); Management and Orchestration; Report on Architectural Options".
- [i.3] ETSI GS NFV-IFA 010: "Network Functions Virtualisation (NFV) Release 3; Management and Orchestration; Functional requirements specification".
- [i.4] ETSI GS NFV-IFA 013: "Network Functions Virtualisation (NFV) Release 3; Management and Orchestration; Os-Ma-Nfvo reference point - Interface and Information Model Specification".
- [i.5] ETSI GS NFV-IFA 008: "Network Functions Virtualisation (NFV) Release 3; Management and Orchestration; Ve-Vnfm reference point - Interface and Information Model Specification".
- [i.6] ETSI GS NFV-IFA 011: "Network Functions Virtualisation (NFV) Release 3; Management and Orchestration; VNF Descriptor and Packaging Specification".
- [i.7] ETSI GS NFV-IFA 014: "Network Functions Virtualisation (NFV) Release 3; Management and Orchestration; Network Service Templates Specification".

3 Definition of terms and abbreviations

3.1 Terms

For the purposes of the present document, the terms given in ETSI GS NFV 003 [i.1] and the following apply:

end-to-end service: service spanning at least two end points which contains one or more Network Services

NOTE 1: End points can be user devices or network functions, virtualised or non-virtualised.

NOTE 2: This definition applies to the NFV context only.

NS Adjacency: ability for NSs to directly communicate with each other

NOTE 1: A set of NSs that can directly communicate with each other are said to be "adjacent."

NOTE 2: Two NSs are said to directly communicate with each other if there is no intervening NS between the two NSs.

NOTE 3: It is possible to further qualify NS adjacency, e.g. "NS adjacency among the nested NSs within a composite".

NOTE 4: By extension, a composite NS is said to be adjacent to a nested NS if at least one of its constituent NFs communicate with at least one of the constituent NFs of the nested NS.

NS Adjacency Graph: graph that shows adjacency relationships among a set of NSs

NOTE: NS adjacency graphs can be constructed for different purposes such as an adjacency graph for the nested NSs within a composite NS, or the adjacency graph for an NS that is shared by several composite NSs.

3.2 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the abbreviations given in ETSI GS NFV 003 [i.1] and the following apply:

BSS	Business Support Systems
CFS	Customer Facing Service
CP	Connection Point
CPE	Customer Premises Equipment
CPM	Converged IP Messaging
CSP	Communication Service Provider
DB	DataBase
E2E	End-to-End
EvCPE	Enterprise virtual Customer Premises Equipment
IaaS	Infrastructure as a Service
KPI	Key Performance Indicator
KQI	Key Quality Indicator
LCM	LifeCycle Management
MVNO	Mobile Virtual Network Operator
NID	Network Interface Device
NSD	Network Service Descriptor
OSS	Operational Support Systems
PaaS	Platform as a Service
PE	Provider Edge
PNFD	Physical Network Function Descriptor
QoS	Quality of Service
RFS	Resource Facing Service
SAP	Service Access Point
SLA	Service Level Agreement
SQM	Service Quality Management
vBRAS	virtual Broadband Remote Access Server
vCDN	virtual Content Delivery Network
vCPE	virtual Customer Premises Equipment
vCS	virtual Content Server
VIM	Virtual Infrastructure Manager
vIMS	virtual IP Multimedia Subsystem
VL	Virtual Link
VLD	Virtual Link Descriptor
VNFFGD	VNF Forwarding Graph Descriptor
VRF	Virtual Routing and Forwarding
vVAS	virtual Value Added Service
WIM	Wide area network Infrastructure Manager

4 Application & service management in NFV context

4.1 Introduction

The present document provides a set of use cases that describe scenarios relating to application and service management associated with an OSS/BSS interacting with the NFVO over the Os-Ma-Nfvo reference point. When an OSS/BSS is managing an application or service that depends on a Network Service or Network Services that are provided by an NFVO, the OSS/BSS will use a combination of operations within the interfaces provided by the NFVO over the Os-Ma-Nfvo reference point to manage those Network Services.

The use cases described in the present document cover scenarios related to NS Creation, NS Monitoring, NS Updating, NS Querying, NS Healing, and NS Scaling in the context of a higher level service. Some of the use cases provide examples of specific application scenarios, such as vIMS, or a virtualised Home Network. Some use cases describe scenarios that attempt to clarify potentially ambiguous uses of the operations defined by the various interfaces provided by the Os-Ma-Nfvo reference point.

The present document also includes recommendations that have been created where a functionality has been identified in the use case that is not presently covered by the interfaces or information models defined in the Os-Ma-Nfvo reference point document ETSI GS NFV-IFA 013 [i.4].

4.2 Relation to other NFV group specifications

The present document is referencing information from the following NFV Group Specifications:

- Management and Orchestration - Report on Architectural Options ETSI GS NFV-IFA 009 [i.2].

The present document provides architectural options that can influence the way some of the Os-Ma-nfvo interfaces are used or might even suggest the need for extension.

- Management and Orchestration - Functional requirements specification ETSI GS NFV-IFA 010 [i.3].

The key functional recommendations from the present document will provide the guidance that might influence the functional requirements defined in ETSI GS NFV-IFA 010 [i.3].

- Management and Orchestration - Os-Ma-Nfvo reference point - Interface and Information Model Specification ETSI GS NFV-IFA 013 [i.4].

The ETSI GS NFV-IFA 013 [i.4] covers the Os-Ma-nfvo reference point, specifying interfaces related to NSs and VNFs. Work on application and end-to-end services done in the present document might directly impact requirements defined for the interfaces and information models within the ETSI GS NFV-IFA 013 [i.4] specification.

5 General use cases

5.1 Introduction

Some few general use cases will be described. These are a help concerning explorations, descriptions, recommendations and definitions regarding the Os-Ma-nfvo reference point.

5.2 NS lifecycle management in Broadband Network

5.2.1 Use case description

The main goal of this use case is to illustrate how NS lifecycle management related to the Os-Ma-nfvo reference point are used in the context of E2E Service Management.

Based on an order from the order management, OSS sends a request to NFVO to instantiate a NS "Internet" consisting of the following three NSs to establish an E2E service called "Home Internet":

- NS "Internet (Data)" which includes VNF virtual Broadband Remote Access Server (vBRAS), VNF vRouter (Internet Gateway Router)
- NS "Secure Internet Connection" which includes VNF "vFirewall", VNF "vParentControl"
- NS "Video Performance Optimization" which includes VNF "vVideoOptimizer"

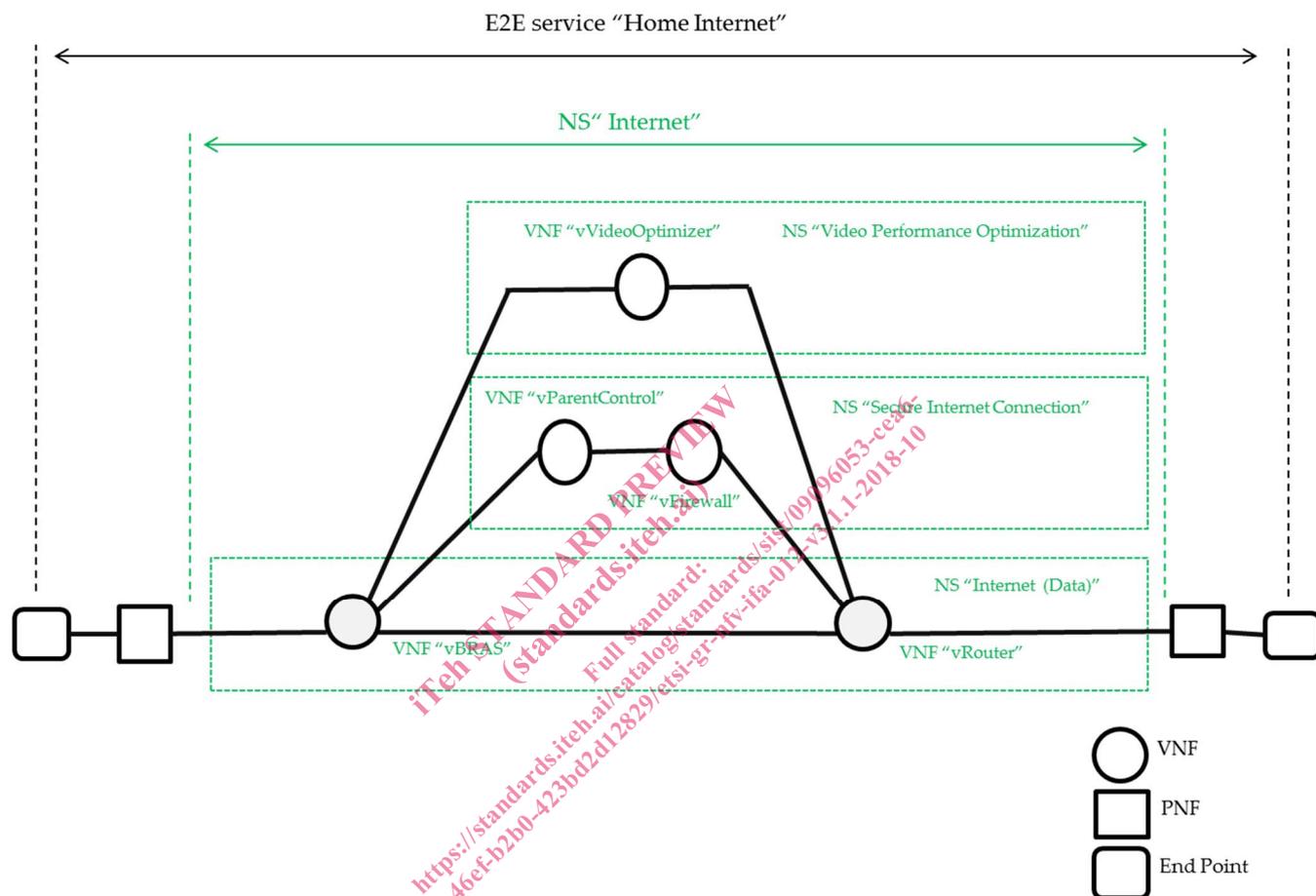


Figure 5.2.1-1

5.2.2 Trigger

The order management orders an E2E service "Home Internet" with a NS "Internet" consisting of the following three NSs:

- NS "Internet (Data)"
- NS "Secure Internet Connection"
- NS "Video Performance Optimization"

5.2.3 Actors and roles

Table 5.2.3-1 describes the use case actors.

Table 5.2.3-1: Actors and roles

#	Actors and roles
1	Operational Support Systems (OSS) E2E Service Fulfillment
2	NFVO

5.2.4 Pre-conditions

Table 5.2.4-1 describes the use case pre-conditions.

Table 5.2.4-1: Pre-conditions

#	Pre-conditions	Comment
1	Network Service Descriptor (NSD) for NS "Internet" is onboarded.	

5.2.5 Post-conditions

Table 5.2.5-1 describes the use case post-conditions.

Table 5.2.5-1: Post-conditions

#	Post-conditions	Comment
1	The NS "Internet" has been successfully instantiated by NFVO. Afterwards OSS concatenated them with existing access service and Customer Premises Equipment (CPE) in legacy domain (it is out of scope of this use case).	
2	The CSP provides an E2E service "Home Internet" which connects CPE, access service and NS "Internet" consisting of the following three NSs: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • NS "Internet (Data)". • NS "Secure Internet Connection". • NS "Video Performance Optimization". 	

5.2.6 Flow description

Table 5.2.6-1 describes the use case flow.

Table 5.2.6-1: Base Flow

#	Actor	Action/Description
1	OSS E2E Service Fulfillment	OSS derives from the service order the appropriate request concerning the NSs, ready to send to the NFVO for fulfillment.
2	OSS E2E Service Fulfillment -> NFVO	The OSS sends an NS "Internet" instantiation request to the NFVO. <i>Interface - Os-Ma-nfvo</i>
3	NFVO	Validate the NS instantiation request against the onboarded NSD. This activity verifies the NS request in relation to the corresponding NSD for consistency.
4	NFVO -> Virtual Network Function Manager (VNF Manager)	Request to instantiate the VNFs involved concerning the NS "Internet", and based on the following internal NSs in parallel: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • NS "Internet (Data)". • NS "Secure Internet Connection". • NS "Video Performance Optimization". See note. <i>Interface - Or-Vnfm</i>
5	NFVO -> VIM	Request to instantiate Virtual Links (VLs), which connect VNFs instances according to the NS "Internet" VNF-FG. <i>Interface - Or-Vi</i>
6	NFVO -> OSS E2E Service Fulfillment	The NFVO will send a positive acknowledgment concerning the instantiation request for the NS "Internet" including the three nested NSs, if this was successful. Otherwise the NFVO will send a failure indication to the OSS. <i>Interface - Os-Ma-nfvo / NS lifecycle management</i>
NOTE: The sequential instantiation is another use case in this context.		

5.3 NS monitoring in Broadband Network

5.3.1 Use case description

The main goal of this use case is to illustrate how NS lifecycle management and NS performance management related to the Os-Ma-nfvo reference point are used in the context of E2E Service Management.

The OSS provides an E2E service monitoring and detects a SLA threshold violation concerning the E2E service "Home Internet".

Afterwards the OSS initiates immediately a scale out procedure for the NS "Internet" especially for the nested NS "Secure Internet Connection" to eliminate or minimize the performance degradation.