

Designation: B 265 – $05^{\epsilon 1}$

Standard Specification for Titanium and Titanium Alloy Strip, Sheet, and Plate¹

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This standard has been approved for use by agencies of the Department of Defense.

 ϵ^1 Note—Silicon residual max in Grade 25 in Table 2 was corrected editorially in January 2006.

1. Scope

1.1 This specification² covers annealed titanium and titanium alloy strip, sheet, and plate as follows:

1.1.1 Grade 1-Unalloyed titanium,

1.1.2 Grade 2-Unalloyed titanium,

1.1.3 Grade 3—Unalloyed titanium,

1.1.4 Grade 4-Unalloyed titanium,

1.1.5 *Grade* 5—Titanium alloy (6 % aluminum, 4 % vanadium),

1.1.6 Grade 6—Titanium alloy (5 % aluminum, 2.5 % tin),

1.1.7 *Grade* 7—Unalloyed titanium plus 0.12 to 0.25 % palladium,

1.1.8 *Grade 9*—Titanium alloy (3.0 % aluminum, 2.5 % vanadium),

1.1.9 *Grade 11*—Unalloyed titanium plus 0.12 to 0.25 % palladium,

1.1.10 *Grade* 12—Titanium alloy (0.3 % molybdenum, 0.8 % nickel),

1.1.11 *Grade 13*—Titanium alloy (0.5 % nickel, 0.05 % ruthenium),

1.1.12 *Grade 14*—Titanium alloy (0.5 % nickel, 0.05 % ruthenium),

1.1.13 *Grade* 15—Titanium alloy (0.5 % nickel, 0.05 % ruthenium),

1.1.14 *Grade 16*—Unalloyed titanium plus 0.04 to 0.08 % palladium,

1.1.15 *Grade 17*—Unalloyed titanium plus 0.04 to 0.08 % palladium,

1.1.16 *Grade 18*—Titanium alloy (3 % aluminum, 2.5 % vanadium) plus 0.04 to 0.08 % palladium.

1.1.17 *Grade 19*—Titanium alloy (3 % aluminum, 8 % vanadium, 6 % chromium, 4 % zirconium, 4 % molybdenum),

1.1.18 *Grade* 20—Titanium alloy (3 % aluminum, 8 % vanadium, 6 % chromium, 4 % zirconium, 4 % molybdenum) plus 0.04 % to 0.08 % palladium,

1.1.19 *Grade 21*—Titanium alloy (15 % molybdenum, 3 % aluminum, 2.7 % niobium, 0.25 % silicon),

1.1.20 *Grade* 23—Titanium alloy (6 % aluminum, 4 % vanadium with extra low interstitial elements, ELI),

1.1.21 *Grade* 24—Titanium alloy (6 % aluminum, 4 % vanadium) plus 0.04 % to 0.08 % palladium,

1.1.22 *Grade* 25—Titanium alloy (6 % aluminum, 4 % vanadium) plus 0.3 % to 0.8 % nickel and 0.04 % to 0.08 % palladium,

1.1.23 *Grade* 26—Unalloyed titanium plus 0.08 to 0.14 % ruthenium,

1.1.24 *Grade* 27—Unalloyed titanium plus 0.08 to 0.14 % ruthenium,

1.1.25 *Grade* 28—Titanium alloy (3 % aluminum, 2.5 % vanadium) plus 0.08 to 0.14 % ruthenium,

1.1.26 *Grade* 29—Titanium alloy (6 % aluminum, 4 % vanadium with extra low interstitial elements, ELI) plus 0.08 to 0.14 % ruthenium, 1564 140583 (astro-b265-056)

1.1.27 *Grade 30*—Titanium alloy (0.3 % cobalt, 0.05 % palladium),

1.1.28 *Grade 31*—Titanium alloy (0.3 % cobalt, 0.05 % palladium),

1.1.29 *Grade 32*—Titanium alloy (5 % aluminum, 1 % tin, 1 % zirconium, 1 % vanadium, 0.8 % molybdenum),

1.1.30 *Grade 33*—Titanium alloy (0.4 % nickel, 0.015 % palladium, 0.02 5 % ruthenium, 0.15 % chromium),

1.1.31 *Grade 34*—Titanium alloy (0.4 % nickel, 0.015 % palladium, 0.025 % ruthenium, 0.15 % chromium),

1.1.32 *Grade* 35—Titanium alloy (4.5 % aluminum, 2 % molybdenum, 1.6 % vanadium, 0.5 % iron, 0.3 % silicon),

1.1.33 *Grade 36*—Titanium alloy (45 % niobium), and

1.1.34 Grade 37—Titanium alloy (1.5 % aluminum).

1.2 The values stated in inch-pound units are to be regarded as standard. The values given in parentheses are mathematical conversions to SI units that are provided for information only and are not considered standard.

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² For ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code applications see related Specifications SB-265 in Section II of that Code.

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 TABLE 1 Tensile Requirements^A

	Tensile St	rength, min		Yield Strength	n, 0.2 % Offset	— Elongation in	Ben	d Test ^B	
Grade	kai	MD-	n	nin	m	ax	2 in. or 50 mm,		0.070 to 0.187 in.
	ksi	MPa	ksi	MPa	ksi	MPa	— min, %	(1.8 mm) in Thickness	(1.8–4.75 mm) in Thickness
1	35	240	20	138	45	310	24	3 <i>T</i>	4 <i>T</i>
2	50	345	40	275	65	450	20	4 <i>T</i>	5 <i>T</i>
3	65	450	55	380	80	550	18	4 <i>T</i>	5 <i>T</i>
4	80	550	70	483	95	655	15	5 <i>T</i>	6 <i>T</i>
5	130	895	120	828			10 ^C	9 <i>T</i>	10 <i>T</i>
6	120	828	115	793			10 ^{<i>C</i>}	8 <i>T</i>	9 <i>T</i>
7	50	345	40	275	65	450	20	4 <i>T</i>	5 <i>T</i>
9	90	620	70	483			15 ^D	5 <i>T</i>	6 <i>T</i>
11	35	240	20	138	45	310	24	3 <i>T</i>	4 <i>T</i>
12	70	483	50	345			18	4 <i>T</i>	5 <i>T</i>
13	40	275	25	170			24	3 <i>T</i>	4 <i>T</i>
14	60	410	40	275			20	4 <i>T</i>	5 <i>T</i>
15	70	483	55	380			18	4 <i>T</i>	5 <i>T</i>
16	50	345	40	275	65	450	20	4 <i>T</i>	5 <i>T</i>
17	35	240	20	138	45	310	24	3 <i>T</i>	4 <i>T</i>
18	90	620	70	483			15 ^D	5 <i>T</i>	6 <i>T</i>
19 ^{E,F}	115	793	110	759			15	6 <i>T</i>	6 <i>T</i>
20 ^{E,F}	115	793	110	759			15	6 <i>T</i>	6 <i>T</i>
21 ^{<i>E</i>,<i>F</i>}	115	793	110	759			15	6 <i>T</i>	6 <i>T</i>
23 ^{E,F}	120	828	110	759			10	9 <i>T</i>	10 <i>T</i>
24	130	895	120	828			10		
25	130	895	120	828			10		
26	50	345	40	275	65	450	20	4 <i>T</i>	5 <i>T</i>
27	35	240	20	138	45	310	24	37	4 <i>T</i>
28	90	620	70	483			15	5 <i>T</i>	6 <i>T</i>
29	120	828	110	759			10	9 <i>T</i>	10 <i>T</i>
30	50	345	40	275	65	450	20	4 <i>T</i>	5 <i>T</i>
31	65	450	55	380	80	550	18	4 <i>T</i>	5 <i>T</i>
32	100	689	85	586			10 ^C	77	9 <i>T</i>
33	50	345	40	275	65	450	20	4 <i>T</i>	5 <i>T</i>
34	65	450	55	380	80	550	18	4 <i>T</i>	5 <i>T</i>
35	130	895	120	828			5	16 <i>T</i>	16 <i>T</i>
36	65	450	60	410	95	655	10	G	G
37	50	345	31	215	65	450	20	4 <i>T</i>	5 <i>T</i>
							20 Mechanical proper		_

^A Minimum and maximum limits apply to tests taken both longitudinal and transverse to the direction of rolling. Mechanical properties for conditions other than annealed or plate thickness over 1 in. (25 mm) may be established by agreement between the manufacturer and the purchaser.

^B T equals the thickness of the bend test specimen. Bend tests are not applicable to material over 0.187 in. (4.75 mm) in thickness.

^C For Grades 5, 6 and 32 the elongation on materials under 0.025 in. (0.635 mm) in thickness may be obtained only by negotiation.

^D Elongation for continuous rolled and annealed (strip product from coil) for Grade 9 and Grade 18 shall be 12 % minimum in the longitudinal direction and 8 % minimum in the transverse direction.

^E Properties for material in the solution treated condition.

^{*F*} Material is normally purchased in the solution treated condition. Therefore, properties for aged material shall be negotiated between manufacturer and purchaser. ^{*G*} As agreed upon between purchaser and supplier.

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards: ³

- E 8 Test Methods for Tension Testing of Metallic Materials
- E 29 Practice for Using Significant Digits in Test Data to
- Determine Conformance with Specifications
- E 120 Test Methods for Chemical Analysis of Titanium and Titanium Alloys⁴
- E 190 Test Method for Guided Bend Test for Ductility of Welds
- E 1409 Test Method for Determination of Oxygen and Nitrogen in Titanium and Titanium Alloys by the Inert Gas Fusion Technique
- E 1447 Test Method for Determination of Hydrogen in Titanium and Titanium Alloys by the Inert Gas Fusion

Thermal Conductivity/Infrared Detection Method

3. Terminology

3.1 Definitions of Terms Specific to This Standard:

3.1.1 Any product 0.187 in. (4.75 mm) and under in thickness and less than 24 in. (610 mm) in width is classified as strip; products 0.187 in. (4.75 mm) and under in thickness and 24 in. (610 mm) or more in width are classified as sheet; any product over 0.187 in. (4.75 mm) in thickness and over 10 in. (254 mm) in width is classified as plate.

4. Ordering Information

4.1 Orders for materials under this specification shall include the following information as applicable:

- 4.1.1 Grade number (Section 1),
- 4.1.2 Product limitations (Section 3),
- 4.1.3 Special mechanical properties (Table 1),
- 4.1.4 Marking (Section 16),
- 4.1.5 Finish (Section 8),
- 4.1.6 Packaging (Section 16),

³ For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

⁴ Withdrawn.

4.1.7 Required reports (Section 15), and

4.1.8 Disposition of rejected material (Section 14).

5. Chemical Composition

5.1 The grades of titanium and titanium alloy metal covered by this specification shall conform to the chemical composition requirements prescribed in Table 2.

Element	Composition, %												
Liement	Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 9	Grade 11	Grade 12	Grade 13		
Nitrogen, max	0.03	0.03	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03		
Carbon, max	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08		
Hydrogen, ^{B,C} max	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015		
Iron, max	0.20	0.30	0.30	0.50	0.40	0.50	0.30	0.25	0.20	0.30	0.20		
Oxygen, max	0.18	0.25	0.35	0.40	0.20	0.20	0.25	0.15	0.18	0.25	0.10		
Aluminum					5.5-6.75	4.0-6.0		2.5-3.5					
Vanadium					3.5-4.5			2.0-3.0					
Tin						2.0-3.0							
Ruthenium											0.04-0.06		
Palladium							0.12-0.25		0.12-0.25				
Cobalt													
Molybdenum										0.2-0.4			
Chromium													
Nickel										0.6-0.9	0.4-0.6		
Niobium													
Zirconium													
Silicon					4		~						
Residuals, ^{D,E,F}	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1 †		
max each													
Residuals, ^{D,E,F}	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4		
max total Titanium ^G	balance	balance	balance	balance	balance	balance	balance	balance	balance	balance	balance		

	Composition, %											
Element	Grade 14	Grade 15	Grade 16	Grade 17	Grade 18	Grade 19	Grade 20	Grade 21	Grade 23	Grade 24	Grade 25	
Nitrogen, max	0.03	0.05	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.05	0.05	
Carbon, max	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	-0.05	0.05	0.05	0.08	0.08	0.08	
Hydrogen, ^{B,C} max	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.02	0.02	0.015	0.0125	0.015	0.0125	
Iron, max	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.20 1 10	0.25	0.30	0.30 015	10.40	0.25	0.40	0.40	
Oxygen, max	0.15	0.25	0.25	0.18	0.15	0.12	0.12	0.17	0.13	0.20	0.20	
Aluminum					2.5-3.5	3.0-4.0	3.0-4.0	2.5-3.5	5.5-6.5	5.5-6.75	5.6-6.75	
Vanadium					2.0-3.0	7.5-8.5	7.5-8.5		3.5-4.5	3.5-4.5	3.5-4.5	
Tin												
Ruthenium	0.04-0.06	0.04-0.06										
Palladium			0.04-0.08	0.04-0.08	0.04-0.08		0.04-0.08			0.04-0.08	0.04-0.08	
Cobalt												
Molybdenum						3.5-4.5	3.5-4.5	14.0–16.0				
Chromium						5.5-6.5	5.5-6.5					
Nickel	0.4-0.6	0.4–0.6									0.3–0.8	
Niobium								2.2-3.2				
Zirconium						3.5–4.5	3.5–4.5					
Silicon								0.15-0.25				
Residuals, ^{D,E,F}	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.15	0.15	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1†	
max each												
Residuals, ^{D,E,F}	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	
max total												
Titanium ^G	balance	balance	balance	balance	balance	balance	balance	balance	balance	balance	balance	

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TABLE 2Continued

Element												
Liomont	Grade 26	Grade 27	Grade 28	Grade 29	Grade 30	Grade 31	Grade 32	Grade 33	Grade 34	Grade 35	Grade 36	Grade 37
Nitrogen, max	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.05	0.03	0.03	0.05	0.05	0.03	0.03
Carbon, max	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.04	0.08
Hydrogen, ^{B,C} max	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.0035	0.015
Iron, max or range	0.30	0.20	0.25	0.25	0.30	0.30	0.25	0.30	0.30	0.20-0.80	0.03	0.30
Oxygen, max	0.25	0.18	0.15	0.13	0.25	0.35	0.11	0.25	0.35	0.25	0.16	0.25
Aluminum			2.5-3.5	5.5-6.5			4.5-5.5			4.0-5.0		1.0-2.0
Vanadium			2.0-3.0	3.5-4.5			0.6-1.4			1.1-2.1		
Tin							0.6-1.4					
Ruthenium	0.08-0.14	0.08-0.14	0.08-0.14	0.08-0.14				0.02-0.04	0.02-0.04			
Palladium					0.04-0.08	0.04-0.08		0.01-0.02	0.01-0.02			
Cobalt					0.20-0.80	0.20-0.80						
Molybdenum							0.6-1.2			1.5-2.5		
Chromium								0.1-0.2	0.1-0.2			
Nickel								0.35-0.55	0.35-0.55			
Niobium											42.0-47.0	
Zirconium							0.6-1.4					
Silicon							0.06-0.14			0.20-0.40		
Residuals, ^{D,E,F} max each	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Residuals, ^{D,E,F} max total	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4
Titanium ^G	balance	Remainder	Remainder	Remainde	r Remainde	r Remainde						

^A Analysis shall be completed for all elements listed in this table for each grade. The analysis results for the elements not quantified in the table need not be reported unless the concentration level is greater than 0.1 % each or 0.4 % total.

^B Lower hydrogen may be obtained by negotiation with the manufacturer.

^c Final product analysis.

^D Need not be reported.

^E A residual is an element present in a metal or an alloy in small quantities and is inherent to the manufacturing process but not added intentionally. In titanium these elements include aluminum, vanadium, tin, chromium, molybdenum, niobium, zirconium, hafnium, bismuth, ruthenium, palladium, yttrium, copper, silicon, cobalt, tantalum, nickel, boron, manganese, and tungsten.

^F The purchaser may, in his written purchase order, request analysis for specific residual elements not listed in this specification.

^G The percentage of titanium is determined by difference.

† Residual max value for silicon in Grade 25 was corrected editorially.

5.1.1 The elements listed in Table 2 are intentional alloy additions or elements which are inherent to the manufacture of titanium sponge, ingot or mill product.

5.1.1.1 Elements other than those listed in Table 2 are deemed to be capable of occurring in the grades listed in Table 2 by and only by way of unregulated or unanalyzed scrap additions to the ingot melt. Therefore, product analysis for elements not listed in Table 2 shall not be required unless specified and shall be considered to be in excess of the intent of this specification.

5.1.2 Elements intentionally added to the melt must be identified, analyzed, and reported in the chemical analysis.

5.2 When agreed upon by producer and purchaser and requested by the purchaser in his written purchase order, chemical analysis shall be completed for specific residual elements not listed in this specification.

5.3 *Product Analysis*— Product analysis tolerances do not broaden the specified heat analysis requirements but cover variations between laboratories in the measurement of chemical content. The manufacturer shall not ship material that is outside the limits specified in Table 2 for the applicable grade. Product analysis limits shall be as specified in Table 3.

5.4 At least two samples for chemical analysis shall be tested to determine chemical composition. Samples shall be taken from the ingot or the extremes of the product to be analyzed.

6. Mechanical Properties

6.1 Material supplied under this specification shall conform to the mechanical property requirements given in Table 1 for the grade specified.

6.2 Tension testing specimens are to be machined and tested in accordance with Test Methods E 8. Tensile properties shall be determined using a strain rate of 0.003 to 0.007 in./in./min through the specified yield strength, and then increasing the rate so as to produce failure in approximately one additional minute.

6.3 For sheet and strip, the bend test specimen shall stand being bent cold through an angle of 105° without fracture in the outside of the bent portion. The bend shall be made on a diameter equal to that shown in Table 1 for the applicable grade.

7. Permissible Variations in Dimensions

7.1 Dimensional tolerances on titanium and titanium alloy material covered by this specification shall be as specified in Tables 4-13, as applicable.

8. Finish

8.1 Titanium and titanium alloy sheet, strip, and plate shall be free of injurious external and internal imperfections of a nature that will interfere with the purpose for which it is intended. Annealed material may be furnished as descaled, as sandblasted, or as ground, or both sandblasted and ground. If