
Oil of lavandin Grosso (*Lavandula angustifolia* Mill. × *Lavandula latifolia* Medik.), French type

Huile essentielle de lavandin Grosso (Lavandula angustifolia Mill. × Lavandula latifolia Medik.), type France

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO 8902 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 54, *Essential oils*.

This third edition cancels and replaces the second edition (ISO 8902:1999), which has been technically revised.

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Oil of lavandin Grosso (*Lavandula angustifolia* Mill. × *Lavandula latifolia* Medik.), French type

1 Scope

This International Standard specifies certain characteristics of the essential oil of lavandin Grosso [*Lavandula angustifolia* Mill. × *Lavandula latifolia* Medik.], French type, intended for facilitating the assessment of its quality.

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO/TR 210, *Essential oils — General rules for packaging, conditioning and storage*

ISO/TR 211, *Essential oils — General rules for labelling and marking of containers*

ISO 212, *Essential oils — Sampling* [ISO 8902:2009](https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/06cc16b4-ea1e-4d41-ba86-cd7926a1466a/iso-8902-2009)

ISO 279, *Essential oils — Determination of relative density at 20 °C — Reference method*

ISO 280, *Essential oils — Determination of refractive index*

ISO 592, *Essential oils — Determination of optical rotation*

ISO 875, *Essential oils — Evaluation of miscibility in ethanol*

ISO 1242, *Essential oils — Determination of acid value*

ISO 11024-1, *Essential oils — General guidance on chromatographic profiles — Part 1: Preparation of chromatographic profiles for presentation in standards*

ISO 11024-2, *Essential oils — General guidance on chromatographic profiles — Part 2: Utilization of chromatographic profiles of samples of essential oils*

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

3.1

essential oil of lavandin Grosso

essential oil obtained by steam distillation of the recently cut flowering tops of a specific clone known as the “Grosso” type of lavandin [*Lavandula angustifolia* Mill. × *Lavandula latifolia* Medik.], of the Lamiaceae family, cultivated mainly in the south of France

NOTE For information on the CAS number, see ISO/TR 21092 [2].

4 Requirements

4.1 Appearance

Clear mobile liquid.

4.2 Colour

Light yellow.

4.3 Odour

Characteristic, slightly camphoraceous, lavender-like.

4.4 Relative density at 20 °C, d_{20}^{20}

Minimum: 0,891

Maximum: 0,899

4.5 Refractive index at 20 °C

Minimum: 1,458

Maximum: 1,462

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4.6 Optical rotation at 20 °C

Between -7° and -3° . <https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/06cc16b4-ea1e-4d41-ba86-ed7520a14cbd/iso-8902-2009>

4.7 Miscibility in 70 % (volume fraction) ethanol at 20 °C

It shall not be necessary to use more than 3 volumes of 70 % (volume fraction) ethanol in order to obtain a clear solution with 1 volume of essential oil.

4.8 Acid value

Maximum 1.

4.9 Chromatographic profile

Carry out the analysis of the essential oil by gas chromatography. Identify in the chromatogram obtained the representative and characteristic components listed in Table 1. The percentage of each of these components, indicated by the integrator, shall lie within the limits given in Table 1. This constitutes the chromatographic profile of the essential oil.

Table 1 — Chromatographic profile

Component	Minimum %	Maximum %
Myrcene	0,3	1,0
Limonene	0,5	1,5
1,8-Cineole	4,0	8,0
<i>cis</i> - β -Ocimene	0,5	1,5
<i>trans</i> - β -Ocimene	not detectable	1,0
Linalool	24	37
Camphor	6,0	8,5
Borneol	1,5	3,5
Lavandulol	0,2	1,0
Terpinen-4-ol	1,5	5,0
α -Terpineol	0,3	1,3
Hexyl butyrate	0,3	0,5
Linalyl acetate	25	38
Lavandulyl acetate	1,5	3,5

NOTE The chromatographic profile is normative, contrary to the typical chromatograms given for information in Annex A.

4.10 Flashpoint <https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/06cc16b4-ea1e-4d41-ba86-ed7520a14cbd/iso-8902-2009>
 Information concerning the flashpoint is given in Annex B.

5 Sampling

See ISO 212.

Minimum volume of test sample: 25 ml.

NOTE This volume allows each of the tests specified in this International Standard to be carried out at least once.

6 Test methods

6.1 Relative density at 20 °C, d_{20}^{20}

See ISO 279.

6.2 Refractive index at 20 °C

See ISO 280.

6.3 Optical rotation at 20 °C

See ISO 592.

6.4 Miscibility in 70 % (volume fraction) ethanol at 20 °C

See ISO 875.

6.5 Acid value

See ISO 1242.

6.6 Chromatographic profile

See ISO 11024-1 and ISO 11024-2.

7 Packaging, labelling, marking and storage

See ISO/TR 210 and ISO/TR 211.

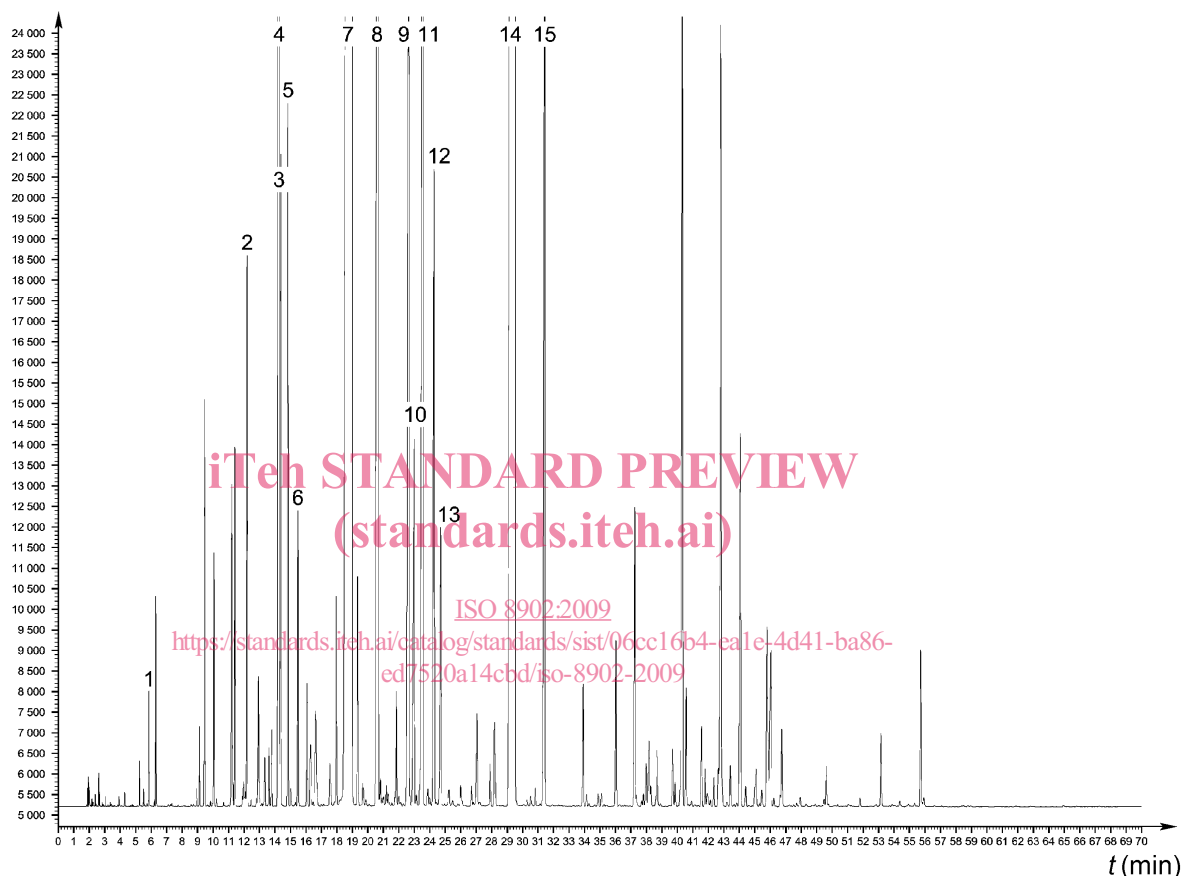
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Annex A (informative)

Typical chromatograms of the analysis by gas chromatography of the essential oil of lavandin Grosso (*Lavandula angustifolia* Mill. × *Lavandula latifolia* Medik.), French type



Peak identification

- | | |
|----|---------------------------------|
| 1 | <i>cis</i> -3-Hexenol |
| 2 | Myrcene |
| 3 | Limonene |
| 4 | 1,8-Cineole |
| 5 | <i>cis</i> - β -Ocimene |
| 6 | <i>trans</i> - β -Ocimene |
| 7 | Linalool |
| 8 | Camphor |
| 9 | Borneol |
| 10 | Lavandulol |
| 11 | Terpinen-4-ol |
| 12 | α -Terpineol |
| 13 | Hexyl butyrate |
| 14 | Linalyl acetate |
| 15 | Lavandulyl acetate |

Operating conditions

Column: silica capillary; length 50 m; internal diameter 0,20 mm
 Stationary phase: polydimethylsiloxane
 Film thickness: 0,25 μ m
 Oven temperature: programmed from 65 °C to 230 °C at a rate of 2 °C/min
 Injector temperature: 230 °C
 Detector temperature: 250 °C
 Detector: flame ionization type
 Carrier gas: hydrogen
 Volume injected: 0,2 μ l
 Split ratio: 1/100

Figure A.1 — Typical chromatogram taken on an apolar column