

---

---

**Non-alloy steel wire rod for conversion to  
wire —**

Part 2:  
**Specific requirements for  
general-purpose wire rod**

**iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW**  
*Fil-machine en acier non allié destiné à la fabrication de fils —*  
*(standards.iteh.ai)* **Partie 2: Exigences spécifiques au fil-machine d'usage général**

ISO 16120-2:2011

<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/8c6a086d-f005-4e2b-8670-83a27b9d5be6/iso-16120-2-2011>



**iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW**  
**(standards.iteh.ai)**

ISO 16120-2:2011

<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/8c6a086d-f005-4e2b-8670-83a27b9d5be6/iso-16120-2-2011>



**COPYRIGHT PROTECTED DOCUMENT**

© ISO 2011

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying and microfilm, without permission in writing from either ISO at the address below or ISO's member body in the country of the requester.

ISO copyright office  
Case postale 56 • CH-1211 Geneva 20  
Tel. + 41 22 749 01 11  
Fax + 41 22 749 09 47  
E-mail [copyright@iso.org](mailto:copyright@iso.org)  
Web [www.iso.org](http://www.iso.org)

Published in Switzerland

## Contents

Page

Foreword .....	iv
<b>1</b> <b>Scope</b> .....	<b>1</b>
<b>2</b> <b>Normative references</b> .....	<b>1</b>
<b>3</b> <b>Designation</b> .....	<b>1</b>
<b>4</b> <b>Requirements</b> .....	<b>1</b>
<b>4.1</b> <b>General</b> .....	<b>1</b>
<b>4.2</b> <b>Chemical composition</b> .....	<b>2</b>
<b>4.3</b> <b>Internal soundness and surface quality</b> .....	<b>2</b>
<b>4.4</b> <b>Depth of surface discontinuities</b> .....	<b>3</b>
<b>4.5</b> <b>Core segregation</b> .....	<b>3</b>
<b>4.6</b> <b>Tensile strength</b> .....	<b>3</b>
<b>4.7</b> <b>Scale characteristics</b> .....	<b>4</b>
<b>4.8</b> <b>Mechanical damage</b> .....	<b>4</b>
<b>Annex A</b> (informative) <b>Steel designations in accordance with ISO 16120-2 and designation of comparable steel grades in national or regional standards</b> .....	<b>5</b>
<b>Bibliography</b> .....	<b>7</b>

**iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW**

**(standards.iteh.ai)**

ISO 16120-2:2011

<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/8c6a086d-f005-4e2b-8670-83a27b9d5be6/iso-16120-2-2011>

## Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO 16120-2 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 17, *Steel*, Subcommittee SC 17, *Steel wire rod and wire products*.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 16120-2:2001), which has been technically revised.

ISO 16120 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Non-alloy steel wire rod for conversion to wire*:

- iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW**  
**(standards.iteh.ai)**
- <https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/8c6a086d-f005-4e2b-8670-83a27b9d5be6/iso-16120-2-2011>
- *Part 1: General requirements*
  - *Part 2: Specific requirements for general-purpose wire rod*
  - *Part 3: Specific requirements for rimmed and rimmed substitute, low-carbon steel wire rod*
  - *Part 4: Specific requirements for wire rod for special applications*

# Non-alloy steel wire rod for conversion to wire —

## Part 2: Specific requirements for general-purpose wire rod

### 1 Scope

This part of ISO 16120 is applicable to general-purpose steel wire rod for drawing and/or cold rolling.

### 2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 4948-1, *Steels — Classification — Part 1: Classification of steels into unalloyed and alloy steels based on chemical composition*

ISO 4948-2, *Steels — Classification — Part 2: Classification of unalloyed and alloy steels according to main quality classes and main property or application characteristics*

ISO/TS 4949, *Steel names based on letter symbols*

ISO 16120-1:2011, *Non-alloy steel wire rod for conversion to wire — Part 1: General requirements*

### 3 Designation

In the designation C##D, “C” means non-alloy steel (see ISO/TS 4949); ## is the indicative average content of carbon; “D” signifies that it is for wire-drawing.

If steels are ordered according to chemical composition, ## indicates the values to be inserted by the purchaser according to the steel names designated in Table 1, first column.

Steels can also be ordered according to tensile strength. The mid-point of the required ultimate tensile strength (UTS) range shall be indicated as a suffix to the grade designation, e.g. C##D – 1020, where the required mid-point of the UTS is 1 020 MPa. “##” means “to be left blank” since the carbon content is at the discretion of the supplying mill, and the supplying mill indicates the exact number of ## based on the grade designation until shipment. See Table 1 for the grade designation.

### 4 Requirements

#### 4.1 General

For the general requirements, see ISO 16120-1.

4.2 Chemical composition

For the heat analysis, the values shown in Table 1 shall apply. If a product analysis is required, the permissible deviations of the product analysis relative to the specified value of the heat analysis are given in Table 2.

4.3 Internal soundness and surface quality

The wire rod shall have no internal and/or surface discontinuities, such as shrink holes, cracks, folds, incrustations, notches, scabs or rolling burrs, that may be detrimental to its correct use.

Table 1 — Chemical analysis (heat analysis)<sup>a</sup>

Steel grade <sup>b</sup>	Heat analysis									
	C <sup>c</sup> %	Si <sup>d</sup> %	Mn <sup>e</sup> %	P %	S %	Cr %	Ni %	Mo %	Cu <sup>f</sup> %	Al <sup>g</sup> %
				max.	max.	max.	max.	max.	max.	max.
C4D	≤0,06	≤0,30	0,30-0,60	0,035	0,035	0,20	0,25	0,05	0,30	0,01
C7D	0,05-0,09	≤0,30	0,30-0,60	0,035	0,035	0,20	0,25	0,05	0,30	0,01
C9D	≤0,10	≤0,30	0,30-0,60	0,035	0,035	0,20	0,25	0,05	0,30	0,01
C10D	0,08-0,13	≤0,30	0,30-0,60	0,035	0,035	0,20	0,25	0,05	0,30	0,01
C12D	0,10-0,15	≤0,30	0,30-0,60	0,035	0,035	0,20	0,25	0,05	0,30	0,01
C15D	0,12-0,17	≤0,30	0,30-0,60	0,035	0,035	0,20	0,25	0,05	0,30	0,01
C18D	0,15-0,20	≤0,30	0,30-0,60	0,035	0,035	0,20	0,25	0,05	0,30	0,01
C20D	0,18-0,23	≤0,30	0,30-0,60	0,035	0,035	0,20	0,25	0,05	0,30	0,01
C26D	0,24-0,29	0,10-0,30	0,50-0,80	0,030	0,030	0,20	0,25	0,05	0,30	0,01
C32D	0,30-0,35	0,10-0,30	0,50-0,80	0,030	0,030	0,20	0,25	0,05	0,30	0,01
C38D	0,35-0,40	0,10-0,30	0,50-0,80	0,030	0,030	0,20	0,25	0,05	0,30	0,01
C42D	0,40-0,45	0,10-0,30	0,50-0,80	0,030	0,030	0,20	0,25	0,05	0,30	0,01
C48D	0,45-0,50	0,10-0,30	0,50-0,80	0,030	0,030	0,15	0,20	0,05	0,25	0,01
C50D	0,48-0,53	0,10-0,30	0,50-0,80	0,030	0,030	0,15	0,20	0,05	0,25	0,01
C52D	0,50-0,55	0,10-0,30	0,50-0,80	0,030	0,030	0,15	0,20	0,05	0,25	0,01
C56D	0,53-0,58	0,10-0,30	0,50-0,80	0,030	0,030	0,15	0,20	0,05	0,25	0,01
C58D	0,55-0,60	0,10-0,30	0,50-0,80	0,030	0,030	0,15	0,20	0,05	0,25	0,01
C60D	0,58-0,63	0,10-0,30	0,50-0,80	0,030	0,030	0,15	0,20	0,05	0,25	0,01
C62D	0,60-0,65	0,10-0,30	0,50-0,80	0,030	0,030	0,15	0,20	0,05	0,25	0,01
C66D	0,63-0,68	0,10-0,30	0,50-0,80	0,030	0,030	0,15	0,20	0,05	0,25	0,01
C68D	0,65-0,70	0,10-0,30	0,50-0,80	0,030	0,030	0,15	0,20	0,05	0,25	0,01
C70D	0,68-0,73	0,10-0,30	0,50-0,80	0,030	0,030	0,15	0,20	0,05	0,25	0,01
C72D	0,70-0,75	0,10-0,30	0,50-0,80	0,030	0,030	0,15	0,20	0,05	0,25	0,01
C76D	0,73-0,78	0,10-0,30	0,50-0,80	0,030	0,030	0,15	0,20	0,05	0,25	0,01
C78D	0,75-0,80	0,10-0,30	0,50-0,80	0,030	0,030	0,15	0,20	0,05	0,25	0,01
C80D	0,78-0,83	0,10-0,30	0,50-0,80	0,030	0,030	0,15	0,20	0,05	0,25	0,01
C82D	0,80-0,85	0,10-0,30	0,50-0,80	0,030	0,030	0,15	0,20	0,05	0,25	0,01
C86D	0,83-0,88	0,10-0,30	0,50-0,80	0,030	0,030	0,15	0,20	0,05	0,25	0,01
C88D	0,85-0,90	0,10-0,30	0,50-0,80	0,030	0,030	0,15	0,20	0,05	0,25	0,01
C92D	0,90-0,95	0,10-0,30	0,50-0,80	0,030	0,030	0,15	0,20	0,05	0,25	0,01

<sup>a</sup> Elements not included in this table may not be added intentionally to the steel without the agreement of the purchaser, except those intended for finishing the heat. By agreement at the time of ordering, the grades can contain additions (commonly termed microalloying additions) of Cr and V. The content of Cr is up to 0,30 % and the content of V is 0,05 % to 0,10 %.

<sup>b</sup> Non-alloy quality steel for general purposes shall comply with unalloyed quality steel in ISO 4948-2.

<sup>c</sup> For steel grades C26D to C92D, the carbon range may be enlarged by lowering the minimum by 0,01 % and by increasing the maximum by 0,01%, by agreement between the supplier and purchaser.

<sup>d</sup> For wire rod intended for galvanization, the required lower limit of silicon content should be specified at the time of ordering. By agreement at the time of ordering, the maximum silicon level for grades C4D to C20D may be further restricted.

<sup>e</sup> For grades from C15D to C92D, a different range from the one indicated in this table, but of the same amplitude, can be agreed at the time of ordering, with a maximum not exceeding 1,20 % and a minimum not lower than 0,30 %.

<sup>f</sup> A maximum copper content of 0,20 % may be agreed at the time of ordering. For steel grades C48D to C92D, Cu + Sn shall be ≤0,25 %.

<sup>g</sup> By agreement at the time of ordering, the value for aluminium can be fixed at 0,01 % to 0,06 %. In such cases, the value of silicon can be fixed at ≤0,10 % on request.

**Table 2 — Permissible deviation in the product analysis in relation to the specified heat analysis<sup>a</sup>**

Elements	Steel grade	Permissible deviation in product analysis %
C	C4D to C20D	±0,02
	C26D to C82D	±0,03
	C86D to C92D	±0,04
Si	All grades	±0,04
Mn	All grades	±0,06
P and S	All grades	+0,005

<sup>a</sup> If agreed at the time of ordering, the permissible deviation between product analysis and heat analysis for carbon shall be in relation to the actual heat analysis instead of the specified range.

#### 4.4 Depth of surface discontinuities

The wire rod shall not have any surface discontinuities with depths greater than those shown in Table 3. These limit values apply for the test chosen in accordance with 9.4.3 and 9.5.3 of ISO 16120-1:2011.

Table 3 applies to round wire rod only; maximum discontinuity levels for other shapes may be agreed upon.

**Table 3 — Limit values for the depth of surface discontinuities of round wire rod**

ISO 16120-2:2011

Dimensions in millimetres

Nominal diameter $d_N$	Maximum permissible depth of surface discontinuities — radial depth <sup>a</sup>	Maximum permissible actual length of surface discontinuities <sup>b,c</sup>
$5 \leq d_N \leq 12$	0,20	0,25
$d_N > 12$	0,25	0,30

<sup>a</sup> The depth of surface discontinuities is measured from the actual surface of the product in a radial direction.

<sup>b</sup> The actual measured length of the discontinuities.

See Annex B of ISO 16120-1:2011 for an explanation of terms.

<sup>c</sup> The test for the maximum actual length of surface discontinuities may be skipped by agreement between the supplier and purchaser.

#### 4.5 Core segregation

Unless otherwise agreed at the time of ordering, not more than 20 % of test pieces inspected from steel grade C60D, or those with a higher carbon content, shall be Class 4, and none shall be of Class 5 (see Annex A of ISO 16120-1:2011). However, it is recommended that this evaluation be done as part of a quality system.

#### 4.6 Tensile strength

For grades specified by chemical composition, and if requested by the purchaser at the time of ordering, the supplier shall provide guidance values of tensile strength.

For grades specified by tensile strength, the purchaser shall use the designations described in Clause 3. The ultimate tensile strength of the wire rod shall fall within the limits of permissible variation given in Table 4 for the designated strength level.

Table 4 — Permissible variation for ultimate tensile strength of the wire rod

Steel grades	Permissible variation MPa
C4D to C20D	±80
C26D to C70D	±100
C72D to C92D	±120

#### 4.7 Scale characteristics

The scale characteristics may be agreed between the supplier and purchaser. These may be specified as quantity of scale and/or descalability.

#### 4.8 Mechanical damage

The wire rod shall have no abrasive damage (the consequence of frictional contact between wire rod and wire rod, wire rod and concrete, or wire rod and steel) that is detrimental to its subsequent processing and end use. Standards of acceptability relating to permissible levels of damage may be agreed between the supplier and purchaser. Illustrative examples of mechanical damage are shown in Annex C of ISO 16120-1:2011.

**iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW**  
**(standards.iteh.ai)**

[ISO 16120-2:2011](https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/8c6a086d-f005-4e2b-8670-83a27b9d5be6/iso-16120-2-2011)

<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/8c6a086d-f005-4e2b-8670-83a27b9d5be6/iso-16120-2-2011>



## Annex A (informative)

### Steel designations in accordance with ISO 16120-2 and designation of comparable steel grades in national or regional standards

This part of ISO 16120 will be adopted by CEN without changes. The equivalent European steel numbers are therefore listed in column 2 of Table A.1.

Table A.1

ISO 16120-2		JIS G 3505		GB/T 24242.2:2009	
Steel designation	European material No.	Steel designation	n/nr/y <sup>a</sup>	Steel designation	n/nr/y <sup>a</sup>
C4D	1.0300			C4D	y
C7D	1.0313	SWRM6	nr	C7D	y
C9D	1.0304	SWRM8	y	C9D	y
C10D	1.0310	SWRM10	y	C10D	y
C12D	1.0311	SWRM12	y	C12D	y
C15D	1.0413	SWRM15	y	C15D	y
C18D	1.0416	SWRM17	y	C18D	y
C20D	1.0414	SWRM20	y	C20D	y
		SWRM22	nr		
C26D	1.0415	SWRH27	nr	C26D	y
C32D	1.0530	SWRH32	nr	C32D	y
C38D	1.0516	SWRH37	nr	C38D	y
C42D	1.0541	SWRH42A	nr	C42D	y
		SWRH42B			
C48D	1.0517	SWRH47A	nr	C48D	y
		SWRH47B			
C50D	1.0586		nr	C50D	y
C52D	1.0588	SWRH52A	nr	C52D	y
		SWRH52B			
C56D	1.0518		nr	C56D	y
C58D	1.0609	SWRH57A	nr	C58D	y
		SWRH57B			
C60D	1.0610		nr	C60D	y
C62D	1.0611	SWRH62A	nr	C62D	y
		SWRH62B			
C66D	1.0612		nr	C66D	y