INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 8709

Second edition 2010-04-15

Mopeds — Brakes and brake systems — Tests and measurement methods

Cyclomoteurs — Freins et systèmes de freinage — Méthodes d'essai et de mesure

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Published in Switzerland

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO 8709 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 22, Road vehicles, Subcommittee SC 23, Mopeds.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 8709:1995), which has been technically revised. It also incorporates the Technical Corrigendum ISO 8709:1995/Cor.1:1998.

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Mopeds — Brakes and brake systems — Tests and measurement methods

Scope

This International Standard specifies tests and measurement methods for service brake systems and, where applicable, associated parking brake systems of two-wheeled mopeds (3-1) and three-wheeled mopeds (3-2) which are intended for use on public roads, in order to establish uniform worldwide test procedures for braking systems.

This International Standard does not cover mopeds which:

- have a maximum speed of less than 25 km/h;
- are equipped for disabled riders.

This International Standard sets out the following types of tests: RVVIII

- dynamic tests:
- (standards.iteh.ai)
- dry stop test (single brake control actuated); 2010
- https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/6301d4ed-0bdf-4259-a49e-wet brake test;
- 1774c7315e6d/iso-8709-2010
- parking brake system test;
- power-assisted brake system failure test.

NOTE The test methods (application, condition of the moped, test procedure and parameters, measurement of performances) for all the tests defined in this International Standard are equivalent to the corresponding test methods prescribed by UNECE Global Technical Regulation No. 3.

Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 3779, Road vehicles — Vehicle identification number (VIN) — Content and structure

ISO 7116, Mopeds — Measurement method for determining maximum speed

Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

3.1 Vehicle categories

NOTE Vehicle categories as defined in this clause correspond to those given in UNECE Special Resolution No. 1.

3.1.1

category 3 vehicle

power driven vehicle with 2 or 3 wheels designed and constructed for the carriage of persons, of goods, or of persons and goods

3.1.1.1

category 3-1 vehicle

two-wheeled moped

two-wheeled vehicle with an engine cylinder capacity not exceeding 50 cm³ in the case of a thermic engine and a maximum design speed not exceeding 50 km/h, whatever the means of propulsion

3.1.1.2

category 3-2 vehicle

three-wheeled moped

three-wheeled vehicle of any wheel arrangement with an engine cylinder capacity not exceeding 50 cm³ in the case of a thermic engine and a maximum design speed not exceeding 50 km/h, whatever the means of propulsion

3.2 Brake system and components

3.2.1

brake system

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combination of parts (other than the engine), consisting of the control, the transmission(s) and the brake(s), the function of which is progressively to reduce the speed of a moving moped, bring it to a halt and keep it stationary if it is already halted

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3.2.2

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control 1774c7315e6d/iso-8709-2010

part actuated directly by the rider to supply to the transmission or control the energy required for braking the moped

3.2.3

transmission

combination of components which provide the functional link between the control and the brake

3.2.4

brake

parts of the brake system in which the forces opposing the movement of the moped are developed

3.3 Types of brake systems

3.3.1

service brake system

brake system which is used for slowing the moped when in motion

3311

single brake system

service brake system which acts on only one axle

3.3.1.2

combined brake system

CBS

3.3.1.3

combined brake system

CBS

(three-wheeled mopeds) service brake system whereby the brakes on all the wheels are actuated by the operation of a single control

3.3.1.4

secondary brake system

second service brake system on a vehicle equipped with a combined brake system

3.3.2

power-assisted brake system

brake system in which the energy necessary to produce the braking force is supplied by the physical effort of the rider assisted by one or more energy supplying devices

EXAMPLE Vacuum assisted (with vacuum booster).

3.4 Moped loading

NOTE Vehicle masses as defined in this clause correspond to those given in UNECE Special Resolution No. 1.

3.4.1

laden moped

moped laden so as to reach its gross vehicle mass

3.4.2 iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW

lightly loaded moped

moped in the condition of mass in running order to which 15 kg are added, in order to account for the test equipment as described in 5.4

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3.4.3 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/6301d4ed-0bdf-4259-a49e-gross vehicle mass

gross vehicle mass 1774c7315e6d/iso-8709-2010 maximum mass of the fully laden solo vehicle, based on its construction and design performances, as declared by the manufacturer

3.4.4

mass in running order

sum of unladen vehicle mass and 75 kg, in order to account for the driver's mass

3.4.5

unladen vehicle mass

mass of the vehicle with bodywork and all factory fitted equipment, electrical and auxiliary equipment for normal operation of vehicle, including liquids (fuel tank filled to at least 90 % of the rated capacity and the other liquid containing systems to 100 % of the capacity specified by the manufacturer), tools, fire extinguisher, standard spare parts, chocks and spare wheel, if fitted

3.5 Test parameters

3.5.1

test speed

V

moped speed measured at the moment the rider begins to actuate the brake control(s)

NOTE For tests where simultaneous actuation of two controls is specified, the moped speed is taken from the moment the first control is actuated.

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3.5.2

mean fully developed deceleration MFDD

 d_{m}

average deceleration calculated from the moment the moped reaches 80 % of the test speed until the moment the moped reaches 10 % of the test speed

3.5.3

stopping distance

2

distance travelled by the moped, measured from the moment the rider begins to actuate the braking system control until the moment the moped comes to a stop

NOTE For tests where simultaneous actuation of two controls is specified, the distance travelled is taken from the moment the first control is actuated.

3.6

baseline test

stop or series of stops carried out in order to confirm the performance of the brake prior to subjecting it to a further test, such as the heating procedure or wet brake stop

3.7

engine disconnected

condition when the engine is no longer connected to the driving wheel(s)

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initial brake temperature

temperature of the hottest brake before any brake application item. ai

3.9

maximum speed

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speed which the moped can attain when tested in accordance with ISO 7116

3 10

peak braking coefficient

PBC

measure of tyre to road surface friction based on the maximum deceleration of a rolling tyre

3.11

wheel lock

condition that occurs when there is a slip ratio of 1,00

4 Test site conditions

4.1 Test surface

The test surface for dynamic tests shall be clean, dry and substantially level (i.e. it shall not have a gradient in excess of 1 %). The surface shall afford good adhesion, i.e. it shall have a nominal peak braking coefficient (PBC) of 0,9, unless otherwise specified.

The parking brake system test is conducted on a specified gradient. The specified test slope shall have a clean and dry surface that does not deform under the weight of the moped.

4.2 Wind speed

The average wind speed shall not exceed 5 m/s.

4.3 Ambient temperature

The ambient temperature shall be between 4 °C and 45 °C.

4.4 Test lane for dynamic tests

The test area immediately after the point at which the test is to commence shall be marked with a lane of sufficient length for the moped to be brought to a stop.

In the case of two-wheeled mopeds (3-1), this lane shall be 2,5 m wide. In the case of three-wheeled mopeds (3-2), this lane shall have a width of 2,5 m plus the moped width.

5 Moped preparation

5.1 Tyres

The tyres shall be inflated to the moped manufacturer's recommended pressure levels as appropriate to the vehicle loading condition for the test.

5.2 Engine idle speed

The engine idle speed shall be set to the moped manufacturer's specification.

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5.3 Mass distribution

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The mass distribution on the axles for laden moped tests shall be in accordance with the moped manufacturer's specifications and shall be noted in the test report.

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5.4 Instrumentation

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The moped shall be prepared for the tests specified in Table 1 by the provision, the calibration, or the provision and calibration of existing instruments, as required.

Optional instruments may be added to provide data, but care shall be taken to ensure that no equipment significantly affects the brake system performance or the dynamic characteristics of the moped.

Table 1 — Test sequence and related instrumentation

Test	Parameter (to measure/calculate)		Example of instrument
	Obligatory	Optional	
0. Burnishing	Speed		Calibrated speedometer, photoelectronic measuring systems
procedurea	Brake temperature		Rubbing thermocouple, embedded thermocouple
	Moped mass		Load cells, weighbridge
	Deceleration		Motometer, third wheel, recording deceleration meter

Table 1 (continued)

Test	Parameter (to measure/calculate)		Example of instrument
	Obligatory	Optional	
1. Dry stop	Speed		Calibrated speedometer, photoelectronic measuring systems
test (single brake	Brake temperature		Rubbing thermocouple, embedded thermocouple
control actuated)	Control force		Force meter
actuateu)	Stopping distance		Chalk-pellet gun, third wheel, ink jet marker
	or		
	MFDD (see 6.9.2)		Motometer, third wheel, recording deceleration meter
	Moped mass		Load cells, weighbridge
		Force in transmission	Hydraulic pressure transducer, cable tension transducer
		Control travel	Linear potentiometer
2. Wet brake	Speed		Calibrated speedometer, photoelectronic measuring systems
test ^a	Brake temperature		Rubbing thermocouple, embedded thermocouple
	Control force	eh STANDA	Force meter
	Moped mass		Load cells, weighbridge
	Deceleration throughout braking stop	(standar	Motometer, third wheel, recording deceleration meter
	Distance https://sta	ISO 8 ndards iteh ai/catalog/stan	709-2010 Third wheel Tards/sist/6301d4ed_0bdf_4259_349e_
	The post of the same of the sa	Force in transmission 6	Hydraulic pressure transducer, cable tension transducer
		Control travel	Linear potentiometer
3. Parking	Time		Stopwatch
brake	Control force		Force meter
system test	Moped mass		Load cells, weighbridge
	Brake temperature		Rubbing thermocouple, embedded thermocouple
		Control travel	Linear potentiometer
4. Power-	Speed		Calibrated speedometer, photoelectronic measuring systems
assisted brake	Brake temperature		Rubbing thermocouple, embedded thermocouple
system failure test	Control force		Force meter
iunui o toot	Stopping distance		Chalk-pellet gun, third wheel, ink jet marker
	or		
	MFDD (see 6.9.2)		Motometer, third wheel, recording deceleration meter
	Moped mass		Load cells, weighbridge
	•	Force in transmission	Hydraulic pressure transducer, cable tension transducer
		Control travel	Linear potentiometer
a Where th	is test result depends on the	analysis of a decoloration	n trace provided by a recording system, the system shall have

^a Where this test result depends on the analysis of a deceleration trace provided by a recording system, the system shall have damping and frequency-response characteristics, such that the behaviour of the moped under braking is faithfully reproduced.

5.5 Burnishing

5.5.1 General

Prior to submitting a moped for tests, the moped brakes shall be burnished. This procedure may be completed by the moped's manufacturer.

5.5.2 Moped condition

The moped condition shall be as follows:

- a) moped lightly loaded;
- b) engine disconnected.

NOTE If the mass of the lightly loaded moped exceeds the mass of the laden moped, the laden condition is used for the purposes of this subclause.

5.5.3 Procedure

The test procedure shall be as described below.

- a) Test speed:
 - initial speed: 50 km/h or 0,8 V_{max} , whichever is lower; \mathbf{F}
 - final speed: 5 km/h to 10 km/handards.iteh.ai)
- b) Brake application: each service brake system control actuated separately.

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- c) Moped deceleration:
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- single front brake system only: between 3,0 m/s² and 3,5 m/s²;
- single rear brake system only: between 1,5 m/s² and 2,0 m/s²;
- CBS: between 3,5 m/s² and 4,0 m/s².
- d) Number of decelerations: 100 per brake system.
- e) Initial brake temperature before each brake application: ≤ 100 °C.
- f) For the first stop, accelerate the moped to the initial speed and then actuate the brake control under the conditions specified until the final speed is reached. Then, reaccelerate to the initial speed and maintain that speed until the brake temperature falls to the specified initial value. When these conditions are met, reapply the brake as specified. Repeat this procedure for the number of specified decelerations. After burnishing, adjust the brakes in accordance with the moped manufacturer's recommendations.

6 Test requirements

6.1 Brakes

Brakes and brake systems shall not be adjusted at any time during the dynamic tests.

After the tests, the components of the brake system shall be examined for signs of damage, permanent distortion, friction material detachment and brake fluid leakage.

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