



Designation: B 367 – 06

Standard Specification for Titanium and Titanium Alloy Castings¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation B 367; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last approval. A superscript epsilon (ϵ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

This standard has been approved for use by agencies of the Department of Defense.

1. Scope

1.1 This specification covers titanium and titanium alloy castings intended for general corrosion resistant and industrial applications.

1.2 This specification is intended for use of purchasers and/or producers of reactive metal castings for defining the requirements and assuring the properties of castings for unique corrosion-resistant applications, that is, not for commodity items which must meet all potential purchasers' requirements.

1.2.1 Users are advised to use the specification as a basis for obtaining castings which will meet minimum acceptance requirements established and revised by consensus of the members of the committee.

1.2.2 User requirements considered more stringent may be met by the addition to the purchase order of one or more supplementary requirements, which may include, but are not limited to, those listed in Sections S1 through S8.

1.3 The values stated in inch-pound units are to be regarded as the standard. The values given in parentheses are for information only.

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 *ASTM Standards*:²

A 802/A 802M Practice for Steel Castings, Surface Acceptance Standards, Visual Examination

E 8 Test Methods for Tension Testing of Metallic Materials

E 10 Test Method for Brinell Hardness of Metallic Materials

E 18 Test Methods for Rockwell Hardness and Rockwell Superficial Hardness of Metallic Materials

E 29 Practice for Using Significant Digits in Test Data to Determine Conformance with Specifications

E 94 Guide for Radiographic Examination

E 120 Test Methods for Chemical Analysis of Titanium and Titanium Alloys³

E 142 Test Method for Controlling Quality of Radiographic Testing³

E 165 Test Method for Liquid Penetrant Examination

E 446 Reference Radiographs for Steel Castings Up to 2 in. [51 mm] in Thickness

3. Terminology

3.1 *Definitions of Terms Specific to This Standard:*

3.1.1 *lot, n*—shall consist of all castings of the same design produced from the same pour.

3.1.2 *pour, n*—shall consist of all material melted and cast at one time.

4. Ordering Information

4.1 Orders for castings to this specification shall include the following as required, to describe the requirements adequately:

4.1.1 Description of the castings by pattern number or drawing. Dimensional tolerances shall be included on the casting drawing,

4.1.2 Quantity,

4.1.3 Grade designation (see **Table 1**),

4.1.4 Options in the specification, and

4.1.5 Supplementary requirements desired, including the standards of acceptance.

5. Materials and Manufacture

5.1 Materials for this specification shall be melted by conventional processes used for reactive metals. Typical methods include the consumable electrode and induction-slag, plasma arc, induction-skull, and electron beam melting processes.

6. Chemical Composition

6.1 *Pour Analysis*—An analysis of each pour shall be made by the producer from a sample such as a casting or test bar that is representative of the pour. The chemical composition determined shall conform to the requirements specified for the relevant grade in **Table 1**.

³ Withdrawn.

¹ This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee B10 on Reactive and Refractory Metals and Alloys and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee B10.01 on Titanium.

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² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

TABLE 1 Chemical Requirements

Element	Composition, Weight %										
	Grade C-2	Grade C-3	Grade C-5	Grade C-6	Grade C-12	Grade Ti-Pd7B	Grade Ti-Pd8A	Grade Ti-Pd16	Grade Ti-Pd17	Grade Ti-Pd18	Grade C-38
Nitrogen, max	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.03	0.03	0.05	0.03
Carbon, max	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.08
Hydrogen, max	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.0150	0.0150	0.0150	0.015
Iron, max or range	0.20	0.25	0.40	0.50	0.30	0.20	0.25	0.30	0.20	0.25	1.2–1.8
Oxygen, max or range	0.40	0.40	0.25	0.20	0.25	0.40	0.40	0.18	0.25	0.15	0.20–0.30
Aluminum	...	...	5.5–6.75	4.00–6.00	...	...	...	...	...	2.5–3.5	3.5–4.5
Vanadium	...	...	3.5–4.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	2.0–3.0	2.0–3.0
Tin	...	...	...	2.0–3.0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ruthenium	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Palladium	...	...	...	...	...	0.12 min	0.12 min	0.04–0.08 ^A	0.04–0.08 ^A	0.04–0.08 ^B	...
Cobalt	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Molybdenum	...	...	...	...	0.2–0.4	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chromium	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Nickel	...	...	...	...	0.6–0.9	...	...	...	...	...	...
Niobium	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Zirconium	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Silicon	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Residuals, ^{C,D,E}	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.1
max each	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Residuals, ^{C,D,E} max total	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.4
Titanium ^F	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	balance
Other elements (each), max ^G	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.1	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	...
Other elements (total), max ^G	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.4	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.40	...

^A Grade TiPd16 and TiPd17—Unalloyed titanium with reduced palladium content to enhance corrosion properties are similar to Grade TiPd, 7B and 8A.

^B Grade 18—Palladium added to titanium alloy 3Al-2.5V to enhance corrosion properties.

^C Need not be reported.

^D A residual is an element present in a metal or an alloy in small quantities and is inherent to the manufacturing process but not added intentionally. In titanium these elements include aluminum, vanadium, tin, chromium, molybdenum, niobium, zirconium, hafnium, bismuth, ruthenium, palladium, yttrium, copper, silicon, cobalt, tantalum, nickel, boron, manganese, and tungsten.

^E The purchaser may, in his written purchase order, request analysis for specific residual elements not listed in this specification.

^F The percentage of titanium is determined by difference.

^G Need not be reported. By agreement between producer and purchaser, analysis may be required and limits established for elements or compounds not specified in this table.

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TABLE 2 Check Analysis Tolerances

Element	Maximum or Range, Weight%	Permissible Variation in Check Analysis
Nitrogen	0.05	+0.02
Carbon	0.10	+0.02
Hydrogen	0.015	+0.003
Iron	1.2–1.8	±0.20
Iron	0.50	+0.15
	0.40	+0.08
	0.25	+0.05
	0.20	+0.04
Oxygen	0.25	+ 0.05
	0.20	+ 0.04
Aluminum	2.5–6.75	±0.40
Vanadium	2.0–4.5	±0.15
Tin	2.0–3.0	±0.15
Palladium	0.04–0.25	±0.02
Molybdenum	0.2–0.4	±0.04
Nickel	0.3–0.9	±0.05
Other (each)	0.10	+0.02

6.1.1 The elements listed in **Table 1** are intentional alloy additions or elements which are inherent to the manufacture of titanium sponge, ingot or mill product.

6.1.1.1 Elements other than those listed in **Table 1** are deemed to be capable of occurring in the grades listed in **Table 1** by and only by way of unregulated or unanalyzed scrap additions to the ingot melt. Therefore product analysis for elements not listed in **Table 1** shall not be required unless specified and shall be considered to be in excess of the intent of this specification.

6.1.2 Elements intentionally added to the melt must be identified, analyzed, and reported in the chemical analysis.

6.2 When agreed upon by the producer and the purchaser and requested by the purchaser in his written purchase order, chemical analysis shall be completed for specific residual elements not listed in this specification.

6.3 *Product Analysis*—Product analysis tolerances do not broaden the specified heat analysis requirements, but cover variations between laboratories in the measurement of chemical content. The producer shall not ship material which is outside the limits specified in **Table 1** for the applicable grade. Product analysis limits shall be as specified in **Table 2**.

6.4 *Sampling*—Samples for chemical analysis may be made by the purchaser on a representative casting from any lot. Due

to the possibility of oxygen or other interstitial contamination, samples for oxygen, carbon, hydrogen, and nitrogen analysis shall be taken no closer than ¼ in. (6.3 mm) to a cast surface except that castings too thin for this shall be analyzed on representative material. The chemical composition determined shall conform to the analysis in **Table 1** within the check