INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

Fourth edition 2011-05-15

Oil of sweet orange [*Citrus sinensis* (L.) Osbeck], obtained by physical extraction of the peel

*Huile essentielle d'orange douce [*Citrus sinensis (*L.*) Osbeck] obtenue par extraction physique du péricarpe

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<u>ISO 3140:2011</u> https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/08196fbc-3812-4678-a942dfeb0e756ca1/iso-3140-2011



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Foreword

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International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO 3140 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 54, Essential oils.

This fourth edition cancels and replaces the third edition (ISO 3140:2005), which has been technically revised.

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Oil of sweet orange [*Citrus sinensis* (L.) Osbeck], obtained by physical extraction of the peel

1 Scope

This International Standard specifies certain characteristics of the oil of sweet orange [*Citrus sinensis* (L.) Osbeck] obtained by physical extraction of the peel, with a view to facilitating the assessment of its quality.

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO/TR 210, Essential oils — General rules for packaging, conditioning and storage

ISO/TR 211, Essential oils — General rules for labelling and marking of containers

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ISO 212, Essential oils — Sampling

ISO 279, Essential oils ____ Determination of relative density at 20 °C ____ Reference method

dfeb0e756ca1/iso-3140-2011 ISO 280, Essential oils — Determination of refractive index

ISO 592, Essential oils - Determination of optical rotation

ISO 4715, Essential oils - Quantitative evaluation of residue on evaporation

ISO 11024-1, Essential oils — General guidance on chromatographic profiles — Part 1: Preparation of chromatographic profiles for presentation in standards

ISO 11024-2, Essential oils — General guidance on chromatographic profiles — Part 2: Utilization of chromatographic profiles of samples of essential oils

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

3.1

oil of sweet orange

essential oil obtained without heating, by physical extraction of the peel, from the pericarp of the fruit of *Citrus sinensis* (L.) Osbeck, of the Rutaceae family

NOTE For information on the CAS number, see ISO/TR 21092^[2].

4 Requirements

4.1 Appearance

Clear, mobile liquid.

4.2 Colour

Yellow to reddish yellow.

4.3 Odour

Characteristic, orange peel odour.

4.4 Relative density at 20 °C, d_{20}^{20}

Minimum: 0,842.

Maximum: 0,850.

4.5 Refractive index at 20 °C

Minimum: 1,470.

Maximum: 1,476.

4.6 Optical rotation at 20 °C

Between +94° and +99°.

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4.7 Residue on evaporation

Minimum: 1,0 %.

Maximum: 4,0 %.

4.8 Chromatographic profile

Carry out the analysis of the essential oil by gas chromatography. Identify in the chromatogram obtained, the representative and characteristic components listed in Table 1. The proportions of these components, indicated by the integrator, shall be as shown in Table 1. This constitutes the chromatographic profile of the essential oil.

4.9 Flashpoint

Information on the flashpoint is given in Annex B.

5 Sampling

See ISO 212.

Minimum volume of test sample: 25 ml.

NOTE This volume allows each of the tests specified in this International Standard to be carried out at least once.

| Component | Minimum | Maximum |
|--|---------|---------|
| | % | % |
| α -Pinene | 0,4 | 0,8 |
| β-Pinene | 0,02 | 0,15 |
| Sabinene | 0,2 | 0,8 |
| Myrcene | 1,5 | 3,5 |
| Limonene | 93,0 | 96,0 |
| <i>n</i> -Octanal | 0,1 | 0,4 |
| <i>n</i> -Nonanal | 0,01 | 0,06 |
| <i>n</i> -Decanal | 0,1 | 0,7 |
| Linalool | 0,15 | 0,7 |
| Neral | 0,03 | 0,1 |
| Valencene | 0,01 | 0,4 |
| Geranial | 0,05 | 0,2 |
| β-Sinensal | 0,01 | 0,06 |
| NOTE S The chromatographic profile is normative, contrary to the typical chromatograms given for information in Annex A. | | |
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Table 1 — Chromatographic profile

6 Test methods

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6.1 Relative den sity at 20rd Ctch 20 atalog/standards/sist/08196fbc-3812-4678-a942-dfeb0e756ca1/iso-3140-2011

See ISO 279.

6.2 Refractive index at 20 °C

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See ISO 280.

6.3 Optical rotation at 20 °C

See ISO 592.

6.4 Residue on evaporation

See ISO 4715.

Test portion: 5 g.

Evaporation time: 5 h.

6.5 Chromatographic profile

See ISO 11024-1 and ISO 11024-2.

7 Packaging, labelling, marking and storage

See ISO/TR 210 and ISO/TR 211.

Annex A

(informative)

Typical chromatograms of the analysis by gas chromatography of the essential oil of sweet orange [*Citrus sinensis* (L.) Osbeck], obtained by physical extraction of the peel

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- 2 Sabinene Stationary phase: poly(dimethylsiloxane) [SPS¹]
- 3 β-Pinene Film thickness: 0,20 µm
- 4 Myrcene Oven temperature: isothermal at 80 °C for 4 min, then programming temperature from 80 °C to
- 250 °C at a rate of 5 °C/min, then isothermal at 250 °C for 10 min 5 n-Octanal
- Injector temperature: 275 °C 6 Limonene
- Detector temperature: 300 °C 7 n-Nonanal
- Detector: flame ionization type Linalool 8
- Carrier gas: helium n-Decanal 9
- Volume injected: 0,1 µl 10 Neral
- Carrier gas flow rate: 1 ml/min Geranial 11
- Valencene Split ratio: 1:100 12
- time 13 β-Sinensal t
- 14 α-Sinensal

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Figure A.1 — Typical chromatogram taken on an apolar column

¹⁾ SPS is an example of a suitable product available commercially. This information is given for the convenience of users of this International Standard and does not constitute an endorsement by ISO of this product.