



**HARMONISED EUROPEAN STANDARD**

**Short Range Devices (SRD);  
Radio equipment in the frequency range  
9 kHz to 25 MHz and inductive loop systems  
in the frequency range 9 kHz to 30 MHz;  
Harmonised Standard covering the essential requirements  
of article 3.2 of the Directive 2014/53/EU**

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## Foreword

This draft Harmonised European Standard (EN) has been produced by ETSI Technical Committee Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio spectrum Matters (ERM), and is now submitted for the combined Public Enquiry and Vote phase of the ETSI standards EN Approval Procedure.

The present document has been prepared under the Commission's standardisation request C(2015) 5376 final [i.11] to provide one voluntary means of conforming to the essential requirements of Directive 2014/53/EU on the harmonisation of the laws of the Member States relating to the making available on the market of radio equipment and repealing Directive 1999/5/EC [i.4].

Once the present document is cited in the Official Journal of the European Union under that Directive, compliance with the normative clauses of the present document given in table A.1 confers, within the limits of the scope of the present document, a presumption of conformity with the corresponding essential requirements of that Directive and associated EFTA regulations.

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## Modal verbs terminology

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## Introduction

The present document has been prepared to conform to the requirements of the new Radio Equipment Directive (RED) [i.4].



# 1 Scope

The present document applies to the following Short Range Device major equipment types:

- 1) Generic Short range Devices including transmitters operating in the range from 9 kHz to 25 MHz; and
- 2) inductive loop transmitters operating from 9 kHz to 30 MHz including Radio Frequency Identification (RFID) and EAS operating in LF and HF ranges; and
- 3) receivers of systems as defined by bullets 1 and 2.

These radio equipment types are capable of operating in the permitted frequency bands within the 9 kHz to 30 MHz range as specified in table 1:

- either with a Radio Frequency (RF) output connection and dedicated antenna or with an integral antenna;
- for all types of modulation.

When selecting parameters for new SRDs, which may have inherent safety of human life implications, manufacturers and users should pay particular attention to the potential for interference from other systems operating in the same or adjacent bands.

The present document covers fixed stations, mobile stations and portable stations. If a system includes transponders, these are measured together with the transmitter.

The radio equipment, covered by the present document is divided into several classes based on the maximum radiated magnetic field strength. The field strength designation and limits of the present document is based on the European Commission Decision for SRDs [i.10], CEPT/ERC/REC 70-03 [i.1] and National SRD-frequency designations.

Three types of measuring methods are defined in the present document due to the varied nature of the antenna types for equipment used in this band. One method measures the RF carrier current, another measures the radiated H-field and the third conducted power.

**Table 1: Short Range Devices within the 9 kHz to 30 MHz permitted frequency bands**

	Frequency Bands/frequencies	Applications
Transmit and Receive	9 kHz to 90 kHz	Inductive devices, Generic use
Transmit and Receive	90 kHz to 119 kHz	Inductive devices, Generic use
Transmit and Receive	119 kHz to 140 kHz	Inductive devices, Generic use
Transmit and Receive	140 kHz to 148,5 kHz	Inductive devices, Generic use
Transmit and Receive	148,5 kHz to 5 MHz	Inductive devices, Generic use
Transmit and Receive	400 kHz to 600 kHz	RFID only
Transmit and Receive	5 kHz to 30 MHz	Inductive devices, Generic use
Transmit and Receive	3 155 kHz to 3 400 kHz	Inductive devices, Generic use
Transmit and Receive	4 234 kHz	Inductive devices, Railway applications
Transmit and Receive	4 516 kHz	Inductive devices, Railway applications
Transmit and Receive	6 765 kHz to 6 795 kHz	Inductive devices, Generic use
Transmit and Receive	7 400 kHz to 8 800 kHz	Inductive devices, Generic use
Transmit and Receive	10 200 kHz to 11,000 MHz	Inductive devices, Generic use
Transmit and Receive	11,810 MHz to 15,310 MHz	RFID only
Transmit and Receive	12,5 MHz to 20 MHz	Inductive devices, Wireless healthcare
Transmit and Receive	13,553 MHz to 13,567 MHz	Inductive devices, Generic use
Transmit and Receive	26,957 MHz to 27,283 MHz	Inductive devices, Generic use
Transmit and Receive	27,090 - 27,100 kHz	Inductive devices, Railway applications

NOTE 1: It should be noted that table 1 represents the most widely implemented position within the European Union and the CEPT countries, but it should not be assumed that all designated bands are available in all countries.

NOTE 2: In addition, it should be noted that other frequency bands may be available in a country within the frequency range 9 kHz to 30 MHz covered by the present document.

NOTE 3: On non-harmonised parameters, national administrations may impose certain conditions such as the type of modulation, frequency, channel/frequency separations, maximum transmitter radiated power, duty cycle, and the inclusion of an automatic transmitter shut-off facility, as a condition for the issue of an Individual Rights for use of spectrum or General Authorization, or as a condition for use under "licence exemption" as it is in most cases for Short Range Devices.

The present document contains requirements to demonstrate that radio equipment both effectively uses and supports the efficient use of radio spectrum in order to avoid harmful interference.

## 2 References

### 2.1 Normative references

References are either specific (identified by date of publication and/or edition number or version number) or non-specific. For specific references, only the cited version applies. For non-specific references, the latest version of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

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NOTE: While any hyperlinks included in this clause were valid at the time of publication, ETSI cannot guarantee their long term validity.

The following referenced documents are necessary for the application of the present document.

- [1] ETSI TR 100 028 (all parts) (V1.4.1) (12-2001): "Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio spectrum Matters (ERM); Uncertainties in the measurement of mobile radio equipment characteristics".
- [2] CISPR 16-1-4:2010+AMD1:2012: "Specification for radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus and methods - Part 1-4: Radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus - Antennas and test sites for radiated disturbance measurements".

### 2.2 Informative references

References are either specific (identified by date of publication and/or edition number or version number) or non-specific. For specific references, only the cited version applies. For non-specific references, the latest version of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

NOTE: While any hyperlinks included in this clause were valid at the time of publication, ETSI cannot guarantee their long term validity.

The following referenced documents are not necessary for the application of the present document but they assist the user with regard to a particular subject area.

- [i.1] CEPT/ERC/REC 70-03: "Relating to the use of Short Range Devices (SRD)".
- [i.2] Recommendation ITU-T O.153: "Basic parameters for the measurement of error performance at bit rates below the primary rate".
- [i.3] ANSI C63.5: "American National Standard for Electromagnetic Compatibility-Radiated Emission Measurements in Electromagnetic Interference (EMI) Control-Calibration of Antennas (9 kHz to 40 GHz)".
- [i.4] Directive 2014/53/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 April 2014 on the harmonisation of the laws of the Member States relating to the making available on the market of radio equipment and repealing Directive 1999/5/EC Text with EEA relevance.
- [i.5] ETSI TR 102 273-2: "Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio spectrum Matters (ERM); Improvement on Radiated Methods of Measurement (using test site) and evaluation of the corresponding measurement uncertainties; Part 2: Anechoic chamber".

- [i.6] ETSI TR 102 273-3: "Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio spectrum Matters (ERM); Improvement on Radiated Methods of Measurement (using test site) and evaluation of the corresponding measurement uncertainties; Part 3: Anechoic chamber with a ground plane".
- [i.7] ETSI TR 102 273-4: "Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio spectrum Matters (ERM); Improvement on Radiated Methods of Measurement (using test site) and evaluation of the corresponding measurement uncertainties; Part 4: Open area test site".
- [i.8] ECC report 208: "Impact of RFID devices on radio services in the band 13.56 MHz".
- [i.9] ETSI TR 103 059 (V1.2.1): "Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio spectrum Matters (ERM); Short-Range Devices (SRD) for operation in the 13,56 MHz band; System Reference Document for Radio Frequency Identification (RFID) equipment".
- [i.10] Commission Decision 2013/752/EC on harmonisation of the radio spectrum for use by short-range devices as amended by subsequent Commission Decisions.
- [i.11] Commission Implementing Decision C(2015) 5376 final of 4.8.2015 on a standardisation request to the European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardisation and to the European Telecommunications Standards Institute as regards radio equipment in support of Directive 2014/53/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council.
- [i.12] Recommendation ITU-T O.41: "Psophometer for use on telephone-type circuits".
- [i.13] ITU Radio Regulations.

## 3 Definitions, symbols and abbreviations

### 3.1 Definitions

For the purposes of the present document, the following terms and definitions apply:

**artificial antenna:** tuned reduced-radiating dummy load equal to the nominal impedance specified by the provider

**assigned frequency band:** frequency band within which the device is authorized to operate

**co-location:** assembly where Transmitter and Receiver contained in one case or unit

NOTE: Co-location is usually defined as  $\leq 3$  m.

**conducted measurements:** measurements which are made using a direct connection to the equipment under test

**customized antenna:** antenna built according to manufacturers' antenna design rules inside tested limits

**dedicated antenna:** removable antenna supplied and type tested with the radio equipment, designed as an indispensable part of the equipment

NOTE: The antenna has been designed or developed for one or more specific types of equipment. It is the combination of dedicated antenna and radio equipment that is expected to be compliant with the regulations.

**fixed station:** equipment intended for use in a fixed location

**integral antenna:** antenna designed as a fixed part of the equipment, without the use of an external connector and as such which cannot be disconnected from the equipment by the user

**magnetic dipole moment:** product of (Number of coil turns)  $\times$  (coil area)  $\times$  (coil current)

NOTE: Air coils only.

**mobile station:** equipment normally installed in a vehicle

**portable station:** equipment intended to be carried, attached or implanted

**radiated measurements:** measurements which involve the absolute measurement of a radiated field

**spurious emissions:** emissions on a frequency or frequencies which are outside the occupied bandwidth and the level of which may be reduced without affecting the corresponding transmission of information

**tagging systems:** RF identification, anti-theft, access control, location systems and NFC

**transponder:** device that responds to an interrogation signal

**type designation:** providers' marking of the equipment

## 3.2 Symbols

For the purposes of the present document, the following symbols apply:

$\Omega$	ohm
A	loop antenna area
C	correction factor
E	electrical field strength
f	frequency
$f_C$	carrier frequency in Hz
H	magnetic field strength
$H_{ef}$	H field-strength generated by an e-field antenna
$H_f$	H-field-strength limit
$H_C$	carrier H-field strength
$H_S$	H-field-strength limit for radiated spurious emissions
$I_C$	transmitter carrier output current
$I_S$	transmitter spurious output current
$\lambda$	Wave length
m	magnetic dipole moment
N	number of turns for a loop antenna
NIA	Product of $N$ (the number of turns of the loop coil) $\times I$ (current in the loop coil) $\times A$ (the area of the loop coil antenna)
P	Power
t	time

## 3.3 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the following abbreviations apply:

ASK	Amplitude Shift Keying
BER	Bit Error Rate
CEPT	Conférence Européenne des Postes et Télécommunications
CISPR	Comité International Spécial des Perturbations Radioélectriques
e.r.p.	effective radiated power
EAS	Electronic Article Surveillance
EC	European Community
ECC	Electronic Communications Committee
EFTA	European Free Trade Association
EMC	ElectroMagnetic Compatibility
EMF/emf	ElectroMagnetic Field
ERC	European Radiocommunications Committee
EU	European Union
EUT	Equipment Under Test
HF	High Frequency (range)
ISM	Industrial, Scientific and Medical
ITU-T	ITU-Telecommunication sector
LF	Low Frequency
ND	Noise and Distortion
NFC	Near Field Communication
NRI	National Radio Interfaces
OATS	Open Area Test Site
R&TTE	Radio and Telecommunications Terminal Equipment

RF	Radio Frequency
RFID	Radio Frequency Identification
RX	Receiver
SND	Signal, Noise and Distortion
SND/ND	Signal, Noise and Distortion over Noise and Distortion
SRD	Short Range Device
TR	Technical Report
TX	Transmitter
VSWR	Voltage Standing Wave Ratio

## 4 Technical requirements

### 4.1 Environmental conditions

The technical requirements of the present document apply under the environmental profile for operation of the equipment, which shall be declared by the supplier. The equipment shall comply with all the technical requirements of the present document at all times when operating within the boundary limits of the declared operational environmental profile.

### 4.2 General

#### 4.2.1 General performance criteria

For the purpose of the receiver performance tests, the receiver will produce an appropriate output under normal conditions as indicated below:

- a SND/ND ratio of 20 dB, measured at the receiver output through a telephone psophometric weighting network as described in Recommendation ITU-T O.41 [1.12];
- after demodulation, a data signal with a bit error ratio of  $10^{-2}$ ; or
- after demodulation, a message acceptance ratio of 80 %.

Where the indicated performance cannot be achieved or if it is defined differently, the manufacturer shall declare and publish the performance criteria used to determine the performance of the receiver.

#### 4.2.2 Presentation of equipment for testing purposes

##### 4.2.2.0 General

Each equipment submitted for testing shall fulfil the requirements of the present document on all frequencies over which it is intended to operate.

The provider shall declare the frequency ranges, the range of operating conditions and power requirements as applicable, to establish the appropriate test conditions.

Additionally, technical documentation and operating manuals, sufficient to make the test, shall be supplied.

A test fixture for equipment with an integral antenna may be supplied by the provider (see clause 5.10). For equipment supplied without an antenna i.e. Product Class 3 as defined in clause B.2, the provider will supply either a tuned reduced radiating load (see clause 5.9.1 or an artificial antenna as defined by annex G).

If an equipment is designed to operate with different transmitter radiated field strengths or power level, measurement of each transmitter parameter shall be performed, according to the present document, on samples of equipment defined in clause 4.2.2.1.

To simplify and harmonise the testing procedures between different testing laboratories, measurements shall be performed, according to the present document, on samples defined in clauses 4.2.2.1 to 4.2.2.4.