

SLOVENSKI STANDARD SIST EN 50216-7:2002

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Power transformer and reactor fittings - Part 7: Electric pumps for transformer oil

Power transformer and reactor fittings -- Part 7: Electric pumps for transformer oil

Zubehör für Transformatoren und Drosselspulen -- Teil 7: Elektrische Pumpen für Transformatorenöl

Accessoires pour transformateurs de puissance et bobines d'inductance -- Partie 7: Pompes électriques pour transformateur immergeteh.ai)

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Power transformer and reactor fittings Part 7: Electric pumps for transformer oil

Accessoires pour transformateurs de puissance et bobines d'inductance Partie 7: Pompes électriques pour transformateur immergé

Zubehör für Transformatoren und Drosselspulen Teil 7: Elektrische Pumpen für Transformatorenöl

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CENELEC

European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization Comité Européen de Normalisation Electrotechnique Europäisches Komitee für Elektrotechnische Normung

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Foreword

This European Standard was prepared by the Technical Committee CENELEC TC 14, Power transformers.

The text of the draft was submitted to the formal vote and was approved by CENELEC as EN 50216-7 on 2001-07-01.

The following dates were fixed:

-	latest date by which the EN has to be implemented at national level by publication of an identical national standard or by endorsement	(dop)	2002-08-01
-	latest date by which the national standards conflicting with the EN have to be withdrawn	(dow)	2004-08-01

EN 50216-7 is to be read in conjunction with EN 50216-1.

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1 Scope

EN 50216-7 covers requirements for electric pumps which generate the circulation of insulating oil in transformers and reactors conforming to the EN 60076 series and their associated cooling systems.

The pumps covered in this standard are rotodynamic pumps driven by a squirrel cage induction motor which is immersed in the insulating oil.

Pump sets conforming to this standard may be of in-line or end suction design.

This standard includes requirements for the electrical and hydraulic performance, mechanical design, routine testing and type testing. Additionally, performance and dimensions of preferred sizes of pump sets are specified (see normative annexes A and B).

The insulating oils considered comply with subclause 2.5 of IEC 60296-1. If other insulating liquids are to be used, the performance and design of the pump shall be agreed between purchaser and manufacturer.

2 Normative references

Addition to EN 50216-1:

EN 809	1998	STANDARD PREVIEW Pumps and pump units for liquids - Common safety requirements
EN 60034-1	1998	(standards.iteh.ai) Rotating electrical machines - Part 1: Rating and performance (IEC 60034_1:1996, mod)2
EN 60034-9	https://standa 1997	rds.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/90a01912-ea79-4a20-80d0- Rotatingselectrical machines of Part 9: Noise limits (IEC 60034-9:1997)
EN 60076	Series	Power transformers (IEC 60076 series, mod)
EN 60076-1	1997	Power transformers - Part 1: General (IEC 60076-1:1993, mod)
HD 53.8 S5	1998	Rotating electrical machines - Part 8: Terminal markings and direction of rotation of rotating machines (IEC 60034-8:1972 + A1:1990 + A2:1996)
HD 566 S1	1990	Thermal evaluation and classification of electrical insulation (IEC 60085:1984)
IEC 60279	1969	Measurement of the winding resistance of an a.c. machine during operation at alternating voltage
ISO 179	1993	Determination of Charpy impact strength
ISO 185	1988	Grey cast iron - Classification
ISO 281	1990	Rolling bearings - Dynamic load ratings and rating life
ISO 3522	1984	Cast aluminium alloys - Chemical composition and mechanical properties

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ISO 4406	1989	Hydraulic fluid power - Fluids - Methods for coding level of contamination by solid particles
ISO 7005-2	1988	Metallic flanges - Part 2: Cast iron flanges
ISO 9906	1999	Rotodynamic pumps - Hydraulic performance acceptance tests - Grades 1 and 2

3 Definitions

For the purpose of this standard, the following definitions apply:

3.1

in-line pump

a pump having the suction and delivery flanges on the same axis. It can be of the centrifugal or helicoidal type. For transformer oil pumps, the axis of the flanges generally corresponds to the axis of rotation of the pump rotor

3.2

end suction pump

a pump having the suction and delivery flanges on perpendicular axes. It can be of the centrifugal type only. The axis of the suction flange corresponds to the axis of rotation of the pump rotor.

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4 Design

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4.1 General

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The requirements of EN 50216+1;4including maximum oil temperature [115 °C], shall apply to equipment covered by this standard. Minimum oil temperature shall be in accordance with EN 60076-1 [-25 °C].

All pumps shall conform to the essential health and safety requirements in accordance with EN 809.

Motor cooling and bearing lubrication shall be by circulation of the oil being pumped. Where rolling element bearings are used, they shall be of standard design with life in accordance with ISO 281 exceeding 200 000 hours at rated conditions. The expected life of the pump without bearing change shall not restrict the expected life of the transformer under normal service conditions.

Pumps shall be suitable for mounting with the axis of the rotating unit either horizontal or vertical. If other positions are to be used, this shall be made known to the manufacturer.

A mechanical or electrical device shall be fitted, unless otherwise agreed by the purchaser, to allow the direction of rotation to be determined. Reverse rotation shall not cause damage to the pump.

All enclosures for electric pumps shall be manufactured to give, as a minimum, protection in accordance with IP 54 of EN 60529.

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To ensure that there is no contamination of transformer oil, pump sets shall be clean and free of foreign bodies.

4.2 Casing/enclosure

Casings/enclosures shall be capable of withstanding a maximum working pressure of 300 kPa under operating conditions without leakage.

Suction and delivery flanges shall conform to PN10 of ISO 7005-2 for end suction pumps and PN6 or PN10 for in-line pumps. These flanges shall generally be suitable to support the pump in normal operation. Where the pump design is such that additional supports are required, e.g. for high power end suction pumps, this shall be made known by the manufacturer.

NOTE It is the responsibility of the transformer/cooling circuit designer to ensure that the pump is correctly supported.

Drain and vent connections shall be provided suitable for the installation positions allowed.

If required by the purchaser, internal surfaces of cast iron shall be finished with an oil resisting protective system. **iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW**

4.3 Terminal box (standards.iteh.ai)

Metallic terminal boxes shall have an evacuation hole for condensation.

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The manufacturer shall specify²the⁸ allowable⁶ terminal box and cable entry positions. It is preferred that the cable entry may be repositioned without draining oil from the pump.

The mounting support of the gland shall allow entry of cables in an upward direction for any mounting position of the pump. The size of the gland shall be defined by agreement between purchaser and manufacturer.

An earth terminal is to be provided.

A permanent label in accordance with HD 53.8 shall be provided inside the terminal housing cover to show the connections required for correct rotation of the pump.

Stud type terminals shall have a diameter adequate to carry the required current and not less than 6 mm for brass and not less than 4 mm for phosphor bronze or stainless steel.

4.4 Hydraulic performance

Performance curves and nominal ratings for hydraulic performance shall be given for an oil temperature of 60 °C and with the motor being supplied at rated voltage. Performance curves shall define the allowable operating range as specified by the pump manufacturer.

Pumps shall perform free of cavitation under operating conditions.

4.4.1 Hydraulic interchangeability

When replacing one pump with another, it is important that flow velocities in the cooling circuit are not greatly changed. This may be achieved by ensuring that the pump characteristic curves are sufficiently similar.

For the purposes of this standard, hydraulic interchangeability is achieved when, for each point across the allowable operating range, one pump characteristic curve shows flow values within \pm 10 % or pressure values within \pm 8 % of another curve chosen as a datum (see Figure 1).



Figure 1 - Hydraulic interchangeability across the allowable operating range

Where, in a specific application, sufficient knowledge of the actual flow range is available, pump characteristic curves may be defined as interchangeable if the above condition is met across the actual flow range (see Figure 2).



Figure 2 - Hydraulic interchangeability across an actual flow range

Annex D gives examples of the use of these hydraulic interchangeability tolerances.

It should be noted that hydraulic interchangeability does not ensure electrical or mechanical interchangeability and these will require a separate assessment.

4.5 Electrical performance

4.5.1 Electrical supply

Pumps shall be suitable for direct-on-line starting with a supply voltage between 85 % and 110 % of the nominal voltage and within 94 % - 102 % of nominal frequency . Additionally, the pump shall be able to start at 85 % voltage at oil temperatures down to - 20 °C and at 90 % down to - 25 °C without injurious heating.

Motors shall be capable of recovering normal operation in the event of a system disturbance causing temporary loss of supply voltage for a period of up to three seconds followed by a sudden restoration initially to 80 % of the rated voltage.

4.5.2 Insulation class and temperature rise

The stator winding insulation shall conform to HD 566 S1 Class B or F and shall be non-hygroscopic.

The temperature rise of the motor winding when operating in oil at 115 °C shall not exceed the oil temperature by more than 15 K for class B insulation and 40 K for class F.

4.5.3 Starting current

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https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/90a01912-ea79-4a20-80d0-The starting current at rated voltage shall not exceed seven times the rated full load current of the motor subject to the tolerances given in EN 60034-1, as appropriate.

4.6 Noise

Sound power levels shall not exceed the values given in EN 60034-9.

4.7 Labelling

4.7.1 Nameplate

The nameplate shall carry the information as required by EN 60034-1. Additionally, the following shall also be included:

- CE marking (if applicable);
- rated flow (l/s) at 60 °C;
- rated pressure, kPa.

Other data may be added to the nameplate if required by the purchaser.

4.7.2 Direction of oil flow and rotation

The direction of oil flow and the corresponding direction of rotation shall be indicated in distinctive places with a suitable arrow in a permanent form.

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5 Materials

The pump casing/enclosure may be manufactured of either cast iron to ISO 185 grade 200 minimum or aluminium alloy to ISO 3522 type Al-Si12. Other suitable materials agreed between the purchaser and manufacturer may also be used.

External bolting shall be corrosion resistant.

Rotating units shall be of all-metal construction to minimise the contribution to the electrostatic charging tendency of the overall system.

The terminal box may be made from a suitable metal or glass reinforced plastic (GRP) having a minimum impact resistance of Charpy: 10 joules/cm² in accordance with ISO 179.

6 Preferred sizes

The preferred sizes of pumps given in this standard represent the most usual requirements. Duties and dimensions for these pumps shall comply with the requirements of annex A for end suction pumps and annex B for in-line pumps.

Pumps with other rated duties and / or dimensions may be used by agreement between purchaser and manufacturer. Such pumps shall comply with all other requirements of this standard.

7 Tests

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It is essential that all test rigs are kept cleans and free of contamination and foreign bodies. Oil used for testing shally be filtered to Level 17+13 of ISO 4406-ea79-4a20-80d0-

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7.1 Routine tests

The following tests shall be carried out unless waived by the purchaser:

7.1.1 Winding resistance measurement (cold)

Values of resistance shall be measured and shall be referred to 20 °C.

7.1.2 Direction of rotation

It shall be demonstrated that the direction of rotation is correct when the pump is connected as shown by the label in the terminal box cover.

When fitted, the device indicating correct rotation shall be shown to be clearly operational with the pump running in the correct direction and in reverse.

7.1.3 Hydraulic performance

Each pump shall be tested in accordance with Grade 2 of ISO 9906 except that the test liquid shall be transformer oil at 60 °C as specified in this standard and speed measurements shall not be required. Measurements of flow, pressure, absorbed power and current are to be recorded.