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Smart Cards; UICC Application Programming Interface (UICC API) for Java Card™ (Release 11)

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Foreword

This Technical Specification (TS) has been produced by ETSI Technical Committee Smart Card Platform (SCP).

The present document details the stage 1 aspects (overall service description) for the support of an "Application Programming Interface and Loader Requirements" [11].

The contents of the present document are subject to continuing work within TC SCP and may change following formal TC SCP approval. If TC SCP decides to modify the contents of the present document, it will be re-released by TC SCP with an identifying change of release date and an increase in version number as follows:

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Modal verbs terminology

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1 Scope

The present document defines the stage two description of the "Application Programming Interface and Loader Requirements" [11] internal to the UICC.

This stage two describes the functional capabilities and the information flow for the UICC API implemented on the Java Card™ Platform, 3.0.1 Classic Edition [2], [3] and [4].

The present document includes information applicable to network operators, service providers and UICC, server and database manufacturers.

2 References

2.1 Normative references

References are either specific (identified by date of publication and/or edition number or version number) or non-specific. For specific references, only the cited version applies. For non-specific references, the latest version of the reference document (including any amendments) applies.

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The following referenced documents are necessary for the application of the present document.

- [1] Void.
- [2] ORACLE: "Application Programming Interface, Java Card™ Platform, 3.0.1 Classic Edition".
- [3] ORACLE: "Runtime Environment Specification, Java Card™ Platform, 3.0.1 Classic Edition".
- [4] ORACLE: "Virtual Machine Specification Java Card™ Platform, 3.0.1 Classic Edition".
- NOTE: ORACLE Java Card™ Specifications can be downloaded at <http://docs.oracle.com/javame/javacard/javacard.html>.
- [5] ETSI TS 101 220: "Smart Cards; ETSI numbering system for telecommunication application providers".
- [6] ETSI TS 102 221: "Smart Cards; UICC-Terminal interface; Physical and logical characteristics".
- [7] ETSI TS 102 223: "Smart Cards; Card Application Toolkit (CAT)".
- [8] ETSI TS 102 222: "Integrated Circuit Cards (ICC); Administrative commands for telecommunications applications".
- [9] ETSI TS 102 225: "Smart Cards; Secured packet structure for UICC based applications".
- [10] ETSI TS 102 226: "Smart Cards; Remote APDU structure for UICC based applications".
- [11] ETSI TS 102 240: "Smart Cards; UICC Application Programming Interface and Loader Requirements; Service description".
- [12] ETSI TS 123 040 (V6.6.0): "Digital cellular telecommunications system (Phase 2+); Universal Mobile Telecommunications System (UMTS); Technical realization of Short Message Service (SMS) (3GPP TS 23.040 version 6.6.0 Release 6)".
- [13] ETSI TS 102 241: "Smart Cards; UICC Application Programming Interface (UICC API) for Java Card™".

- [14] ETSI TS 102 671: "Smart Cards; Machine to Machine UICC; Physical and logical characteristics".
- [15] GlobalPlatform: "GlobalPlatform Card Specification, Version 2.2.1".

NOTE: See <http://www.globalplatform.org/>.

- [16] GlobalPlatform: "Java Card API and Export File for Card Specification, v2.2.1", (org.globalplatform) v1.5.

NOTE: See <http://www.globalplatform.org/>.

2.2 Informative references

References are either specific (identified by date of publication and/or edition number or version number) or non-specific. For specific references, only the cited version applies. For non-specific references, the latest version of the reference document (including any amendments) applies.

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The following referenced documents are not necessary for the application of the present document but they assist the user with regard to a particular subject area.

Not applicable.

3 Definitions and abbreviations

3.1 Definitions

For the purposes of the present document, the following terms and definitions apply:

applet: application built up using a number of classes which will run under the control of the Java Card™ virtual machine

bytecode: machine independent code generated by a Java™ compiler and executed by the Java interpreter

class: type that defines the implementation of a particular kind of object

NOTE: A Class definition defines instance and class variables and methods.

framework: defines a set of Application Programming Interface (API) classes for developing applications and for providing system services to those applications

java: object oriented programming language developed by Sun Microsystems designed to be platform independent

method: piece of executable code that can be invoked, possibly passing it certain values as arguments

NOTE: Every Method definition belongs to some class.

object: principal building block of object oriented programs

NOTE: Each object is a programming unit consisting of data (variables) and functionality (methods).

package: group of classes

NOTE: Packages are declared when writing a Java Card™ program.

toolkit application: application on the UICC card which can be triggered by toolkit events issued by the Terminal and which can send proactive commands to the terminal

NOTE: These applications can be downloaded via any type of network.

virtual machine: part of the Run-time environment responsible for interpreting the bytecode

3.2 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the abbreviations given in ETSI TS 102 221 [6] and the following apply:

ADF	Application Dedicated File
AID	Application IDentifier
APDU	Application Protocol Data Unit
API	Application Programming Interface
DF	Dedicated File (abbreviation formerly used for Data Field)
EF	Elementary File
FFS	For Further Study
JCRE	Java Card™ Runtime Environment
MF	Master File
NAA	Network Access Application (e.g. SIM, USIM)
RFM	Remote File Management
TLV	Tag Length Value

4 Description

4.0 Purpose

The present document describes an API and a Runtime Environment for the UICC platform. This API and the Runtime Environment allows application programmers to get access to the functions and data described in ETSI TS 102 221 [6] and ETSI TS 102 223 [7] such that UICC based services can be developed and loaded onto a UICC, quickly and, if necessarily, remotely, after the card has been issued.

This API is an extension to the "Application Programming Interface, Java Card™ Platform, 3.0.1 Classic Edition" [2], the Runtime Environment is an extension of the "Runtime Environment Specification, Java Card™ Platform, 3.0.1 Classic Edition" [3].

4.1 UICC Java Card™ architecture

The overall architecture of the UICC API is based on Java Card™ Platform, 3.0.1 Classic Edition [2], [3] and [4].

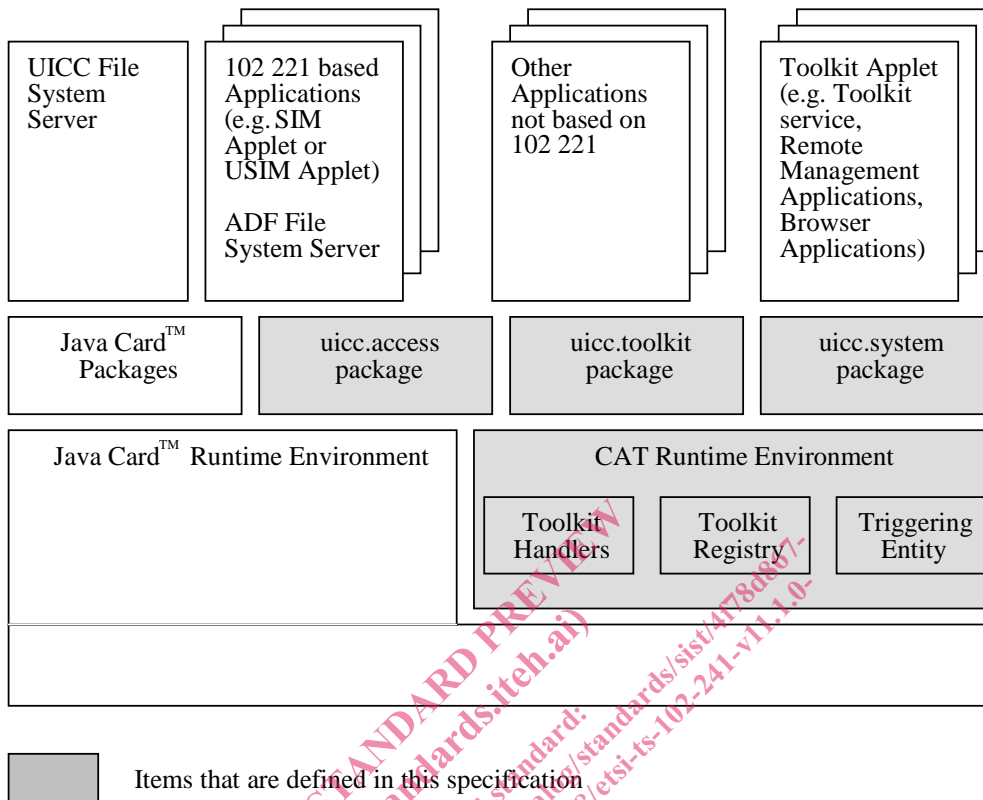


Figure 1: UICC Java Card™ architecture

Java Card™ Runtime Environment: this is specified in "Runtime Environment Specification, Java Card™ Platform, 3.0.1 Classic Edition" [3] and is able to select any specific applet and transmit to it the process of its APDU.

CAT Runtime Environment: this is the CAT Runtime Environment composed of, the Toolkit Registry, the Toolkit Handlers and the Triggering Entity. It is an addition to the JCRE.

Toolkit Registry: this is handling all the registration information of the Toolkit applets, and their link to the JCRE registry.

Toolkit Handlers: this is handling the availability of the system handler and the toolkit protocol (i.e. Toolkit applet suspension).

UICC File System Server: it contains the File System of the UICC specified in ETSI TS 102 221 [6] (i.e. the EF and DF under the MF).

ADF File System Server: it contains the files of an ADF as specified in ETSI TS 102 221 [6] (i.e. the EF and DF under the ADF).

Applets: these derive from *javacard.framework.applet* and provide the entry points: *process*, *select*, *deselect*, *install* as defined in the "Runtime Environment Specification, Java Card™ Platform, 3.0.1 Classic Edition" [3].

Toolkit Applets: are the Java Card™ based implementation of Toolkit Applications, these derive from *javacard.framework.applet*, to provide the same entry points, and provide one object implementing the *uicc.toolkit.ToolkitInterface* interface, so that these applets can be triggered by an invocation of the *processToolkit()* method. The Toolkit applet(s) AID are defined in ETSI TS 101 220 [5].

Remote Application Management Application: this is handling the loading, installation, management and removal of applets and packages as specified in ETSI TS 102 226 [10].

Shareable interface: this is defined in the "Runtime Environment Specification, Java Card™ Platform, 3.0.1 Classic Edition" specifications [2], [3] and [4].

CAT session: card session opened by a terminal supporting proactive UICC, starting with the download of the Terminal Profile and ending with a subsequent reset or deactivation of the card.

5 File access API

5.0 Introduction

The file access API consists of the *uicc.access* package, which allows applets to access the file systems of the UICC.

5.1 FileView objects

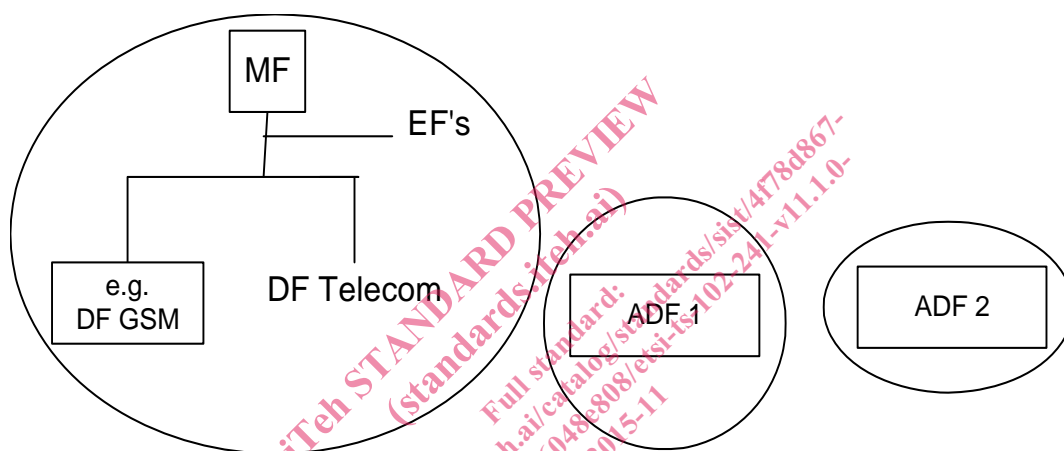


Figure 2: Logical structure of FileView

Any applet (not only Toolkit applets) is allowed to retrieve and use a *FileView*.

A *FileView* object can be retrieved by invoking one of the *getTheFileView()* methods defined in the *UICCSys*tem class.

The UICC *FileView* allows to access the MF and all DFs and EFs that are located under the MF, including DF Telecom and any access technology specific DF located under the MF, but not the files located under any ADF. This *FileView* can be retrieved by invoking the *getTheFileView()* method from the *UICCSys*tem. The only way to access the DF GSM is to request the UICC *FileView*.

An ADF *FileView* allows to access only the DFs and EFs located under the ADF. It is not possible to access the MF or any DF or EF located under the MF from an ADF *FileView*. An ADF *FileView* can be retrieved by invoking the *getTheFileView(...)* method with passing as parameter the full AID of the application owning the ADF.

Each *FileView* object shall be provided as a permanent JCRE entry point object.

A separate and independent file context shall be associated with each and every *FileView* object: the operation performed on files in a given *FileView* object shall not affect the file context associated with any other *FileView* object.

This context can be transient or persistent depending on what was required by the applet during the creation of the *FileView* object.

Each *FileView* shall be given the access control privileges associated with the UICC or the corresponding ADF for the applet. The access control privileges are defined by the UICC access application specific parameters specified in ETSI TS 102 226 [10]. UICC administrative access application specific parameters shall not apply to objects retrieved from the *uicc.access.UICCSys*tem class. The access control privileges are verified against the access rules defined in ETSI TS 102 221 [6] each time a method of the *FileView* object is invoked.

The root of the context of a *FileView* object is the MF for the UICC *FileView* or the ADF for an ADF *FileView*.

At the creation of a *FileView* object, the current DF of the *FileView*'s context is the root. When the transient context of a *FileView* is cleared, the current DF becomes the root of the *FileView*.

5.2 FileView operations

The following functions are provided by the methods defined in the *uicc.access.FileView* interface see annex A:

- ACTIVATE FILE as defined in ETSI TS 102 222 [8].
- DEACTIVATE FILE as defined in ETSI TS 102 222 [8].
- INCREASE as defined in ETSI TS 102 221 [6].
- READ BINARY as defined in ETSI TS 102 221 [6].
- READ RECORD as defined in ETSI TS 102 221 [6].
- SEARCH RECORD as defined in ETSI TS 102 221 [6].
- SELECT by File ID or by Path as defined in ETSI TS 102 221 [6].
- STATUS as defined in ETSI TS 102 221 [6].
- UPDATE BINARY as defined in ETSI TS 102 221 [6].
- UPDATE RECORD as defined in ETSI TS 102 221 [6].

5.3 BERTLVFileView operations

BER TLV files functions may be optionally supported by an implementation. If supported, an implementation shall provide the *uicc.access.bertlvfile* package and the 32-bit integer data type support defined optional in "Virtual Machine Specification Java Card™ Platform, 3.0.1 Classic Edition" [4] is mandatory.

The interface *uicc.access.bertlvfile.BERTLVFileView* extends the interface *uicc.access.FileView*, i.e. objects implementing the interface *BERTLVFileView* inherit *FileView* functionality.

If BER TLV files functions are supported by an implementation, the *getTheFileView()* and *getTheUICCView()* methods defined in the *UICCSysitem* class shall return the reference of an object implementing the *BERTLVFileView* interface.

The following functions are provided by the methods defined in the *uicc.access.bertlvfile.BERTLVFileView* interface see annex A:

- RETRIEVE DATA as defined in ETSI TS 102 221 [6].
- SET DATA as defined in ETSI TS 102 221 [6].

6 Toolkit API and CAT Runtime Environment

6.0 Introduction

The toolkit API consists of the *uicc.toolkit* package, which allows applets to access the toolkit features defined in ETSI TS 102 223 [7].

6.1 Applet triggering

6.1.0 Triggering mechanism

The application triggering portion of the CAT Runtime Environment is responsible for the activation of Toolkit applets, based on the APDU received by the UICC.