

Designation: A 626/A 626M - 98

Standard Specification for Tin Mill Products, Electrolytic Tin Plate, Double Reduced¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation A 626/A 626M; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ϵ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

This standard has been approved for use by agencies of the Department of Defense.

1. Scope

1.1 This specification covers double-reduced electrolytic tin plate produced from low-carbon cold-reduced steel furnished in coils and cut sizes for use predominately in the manufacture of cans. It is furnished in commercially available tin coating weights [masses] and is normally supplied with a trimmed edge.

1.2 This specification is applicable to orders in either inch-pound units (as A 626) which is supplied in thicknesses from 0.0050 to 0.0118 in. or SI units [as A 626M] which is supplied in thicknesses from 0.13 to 0.30 mm.

1.3 The values stated in either inch-pound or SI units are to be regarded as standard. Within the text, the SI units are shown in brackets. The values stated in each system are not exact equivalents. Therefore, each system must be used independently of the other. Combining values from the two systems may result in nonconformance with this specification.

1.4 This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:

A 623 Specification for Tin Mill Products, General Requirements²

- A 623M Specification for Tin Mill Products, General Requirements [Metric]²
- A 630 Test Methods for Determination of Tin Coating Weights for Hot-Dip and Electrolytic Tin Plate²
- A 754 Test Method for Coating Thickness by X-Ray Fluorescence²
- B 339 Specification for Pig Tin³

3. Ordering Information

3.1 Orders for product under this specification shall include the following information, as required and applicable, to describe adequately the desired product:

3.1.1 Name of product (double-reduced electrolytic tin plate) (Section 1),

3.1.2 Tin coating weight [mass] designation, and marking, if any (Section 5, Table 1, and Fig. 1 and Fig. 2),

3.1.3 Surface appearance and finish (Section 6),

3.1.4 Chemical treatment (Section 7),

3.1.5 Oiling (Section 8),

3.1.6 Thickness (Specification A 623 [A 623M]) (consistent with the intended application),

3.1.7 Coil width or cut size in increments of 1/16 in.,

3.1.8 Due to the very distinct directional properties, rolling direction must be specified on cut sizes by underlining the slit (rolling width) dimension (4) (consistent with the intended application),

3.1.9 Steel type (Specification A 623 [A 623M]),

ro- 3.1.10 Mechanical requirement designation (Specification *ca*-26/A 623 [A 623M]) (consistent with the intended application),

3.1.11 Intended application, 3.1.12 Ouantity in base boxes SITAS (see Note 3),

.1.12 Quantity in base boxes SITAS (see Note 3),

3.1.13 On coils, specify minimum or range of acceptable inside diameters. The standard inside diameter is approximately 16 in. if ordered to Specification A 626 [410 mm if ordered to Specification A 626M]. Coils should be specified to a maximum coil weight if ordered to Specification A 626 [mass if ordered to Specification A 626M] or maximum outside diameter, or both,

3.1.14 Packaging,

3.1.15 Special requirements, where applicable (J = plate or K = plate), and

3.1.16 ASTM specification number and year of issue.

NOTE 1—A typical ordering description is as follows: 1000 base boxes, double-reduced electrolytic tin plate, D 50/25, melted, CDC, DOS, 0.0066-in. thickness, 30 by 34 $\frac{1}{16}$ in., MR, DR-8, for 307 \times 401 welded can bodies in accordance with Specification A 626. [250 SITAS, double-reduced electrolytic tin plate, D 5.6/2.8, melted, CDC, DOS, 0.17-mm thickness, 760 by 865 mm, MR, DR-8, for 99 \times 105 mm welded can bodies to Specification A 626M].

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¹ This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee A-1 on Steel, Stainless Steel and Related Alloys and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee A01.20 on Tin Mill Products.

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² Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 01.06.

³ Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 02.04.

NOTICE: This standard has either been superceded and replaced by a new version or discontinued. Contact ASTM International (www.astm.org) for the latest information.

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TABLE 1 Electrolytic Tin Plate Coating Weight [Mass]

NOTE 1—Listed as follows are commonly produced coating weights [masses]. By agreement between the producer and the purchaser, other combinations of the coatings may be specified and the appropriate minimum average test values will apply.

Designation No.	Nominal Tin Coating Weight [Mass] each Sur- face, lb/base box [g/m ²]	Minimum Average Coating Weight [Mass] each Sur- face Test Value, Ib/base box ⁴ [g/m ²]
5 [0.6/0.6] ^B	0.025/0.025 [0.6/0.6]	0.02/0.02 [0.5/0.5]
10 [1.1/1.1]	0.05/0.05 [1.1/1.1]	0.04/0.04 [0.9/0.9]
15 [1.7/1.7]	0.075/0.075 [1.7/1.7]	0.06/0.06 [1.4/1.4]
20 [2.2/2.2]	0.10/0.10 [2.2/2.2]	0.08/0.08 [1.8/1.8]
25 [2.8/2.8]	0.125/0.125 [2.8/2.8]	0.11/0.11 [2.5/2.5]
35 [3.9/3.9]	0.175/0.175 [3.9/3.9]	0.16/0.16 [3.6/3.6]
50 [5.6/5.6]	0.25/0.25 [5.6/5.6]	0.23/0.23 [5.2/5.2]
75 [8.4/8.4]	0.375/0.375 [8.4/8.4]	0.35/0.35 [7.8/7.8]
100 [11.2/11.2]	0.50/0.50 [11.2/11.2]	0.45/0.45 [10.1/10.1]
D 50/25 [D 5.6/2.8] ^C	0.25/0.125 [5.6/2.8]	0.23/0.11 [5.2/2.5]
D 75/25 [D 8.4/2.8]	0.375/0.125 [8.4/2.8]	0.35/0.11 [7.8/2.5]
D 100/25 [D 11.2/2.8]	0.50/0.125 [11.2/2.8]	0.45/0.11 [10.1/2.5]
D 100/50 [D 11.2/5.6]	0.50/0.25 [11.2/5.6]	0.45/0.23 [10.1/5.2]
D 135/25 [D 15.2/2.8]	0.675/0.125 [15.2/2.8]	0.62/0.11 [14.0/2.5]

^AThe minimum spot value shall be not less than 80 % of the minimum average coating weight [mass] (see 5.3 and 5.4).

^BSome No. 5 melted applications may require revised minimum and maximum levels for fully alloyed end uses.

^CThe letter D on differentially coated tin plate indicates the coated surface to be marked. For example, the examples indicate that the heavy-coated side is marked (see 5.1.2 and 5.1.3).

NOTE 2—The production of coils does not afford the same opportunity for inspection, grading, and sorting as does the production of cut sizes. Accordingly, appropriate processing and quality control procedures are required by the purchaser to obtain optimum utilization of the material. Cut sizes are line inspected visually and mechanically during production. Sheets having surface imperfections that will not interfere with their utilization are included.

Note 3—In inch-pound units, double-reduced electrolytic tin plate is supplied on an area basis expressed in base boxes. In coils, the number of base boxes is computed from the measured length and the specified width. In cut sizes, the number of base boxes is computed from the specified length and width dimensions and sheet count. [In SI units, double-reduced electrolytic tin plate is supplied on an area basis expressed in SITAS. In coils, the number of SITAS is computed from the measured length and the specified width. In cut sizes, the number of SITAS is computed from the measured length and the specified width. In cut sizes, the number of SITAS is computed from the measured length and the specified length and width dimensions and sheet count.] For calculating mass, the density of steel for tin mill products is 0.2836 lb/in.³ [7850 kg/m³].

4. Rolling Direction

4.1 Double-reduced plate is relatively brittle and has very distinct directional properties. The rolling direction must be specified on cut sizes and will be indicated by underlining the slit (rolling width) dimension. To minimize the flange-cracking hazard when the product is used for can bodies, the rolling direction must be around the circumference of the can.

5. Tin Coating Weight [Mass]

5.1 Class Designation and Marking:

5.1.1 Electrolytic tin plate is commonly produced to the class designations shown in Table 1. Other combinations of coatings may be specified by agreement between the producer and the purchaser.

5.1.2 Differentially coated tin plate is a product having one surface more heavily tin coated than the opposite. The class

designation is expressed by showing the two tin coating weights [masses] separated by a slash mark, for example, 50/25 [D 5.6/2.8]. The first number will represent the coating weight [mass] on the outside of the coil or the top surface of the cut sizes.

5.1.3 In order to distinguish material having differential coatings, the face with the heavier coating is normally marked. By arrangement, a special marking can be supplied on the light-coated face (see Fig. 1 and Fig. 2). The letter D is shown along with the coating number to indicate the side of the plate to be marked.

5.2 Sampling for Tin Coating Weights [Masses]:

5.2.1 When the purchaser wishes to make tests to ascertain compliance with the requirements of this specification for tin coating weight [mass] on a lot of any specific item of electrolytic tin plate, the following procedure shall be used:

5.2.1.1 *Coils*—One test strip shall be taken at random from a representative section of each coil across its width. A minimum of three test strips, each taken from different coils from any one item of a specific lot shall be selected.

5.2.1.2 From one or two coil lots, each coil should be sampled. A minimum of three randomly selected test strips shall represent the lot.

5.2.1.3 *Cut Sizes*—One sheet shall be taken at random from each 50 packages or part thereof, with a minimum of three different sample plates, each taken from different bundles from any one item of a specific shipment.

5.2.2 Each test sheet shall be spot tested at a minimum of three locations across the rolling direction of the sheet. Spot tests are customarily disks or squares 4 in.²[26 cm²] in area; other sizes may be used. In order to secure representative samples, the following procedure shall be used:

5.2.2.1 All test spots are taken on a center line at right angles to the rolling direction.

5.2.2.2 No test spots shall be closer than 1 in. [25 mm] from the mill-trimmed edge of the test sheets.

5.2.2.3 No test spots shall be closer than 2 in. [50 mm] from one another.

5.2.2.4 If the minimum of three test spots are taken, they shall be edge, center, and edge tests.

5.2.2.5 The average of all spot tests on all test strips or sheets represents the average coating weight [mass] test value.

5.3 Coating weight [mass] test values shall conform to the values shown in Table 1.

5.4 Determination of Tin Coating Weights [Masses]— Typical methods for determination of tin coating weights [masses] are described in Test Methods A 630. An acceptable method for determining tin coating weight [mass] is the X-ray fluorescence method, performed in accordance with Test Method A 754. In case of dispute, Method B, Referee Method, shall be used.

5.5 Pig tin used in the production of tin plate shall be Grade A as shown in the latest edition of Specification B 339.

6. Surface Appearance and Finish

6.1 *Surface Appearance*—Double-reduced electrolytic tin plate is customarily produced with a melted coating (bright). Unmelted coating (matte) is also available.