

SLOVENSKI STANDARD SIST EN 300 198 V1.2.1:2005

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Transmission and Multiplexing (TM); Digital Radio Relay Systems (DRRS); Parameters for DRRS for the transmission of digital signals and analogue video signals operating at 23 GHz

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komunikacijski sistemi communications systems

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EN 300 198 V1.2.1 (1998-02)

European Standard (Telecommunications series)

Transmission and Multiplexing (TM);
Digital Radio Relay Systems (DRRS);
Parameters for DRRS for the transmission of digital signals
and analogue video signals operating at 23 GHz

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European Telecommunications Standards Institute

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Foreword

This European Standard (Telecommunication series) has been produced by ETSI Technical Committee Transmission and Multiplexing (TM).

The present document, together with ETS 300 385 is intended to become a Harmonized Standard, the reference of which is intended to be published in the Official Journal of the European Communities, referencing Council Directive 89/336/EEC (EMC Directive).

The present document specifies the minimum performance parameters for radio equipment operating in the frequency ranges as detailed in clause 4.1.1.

In addition to a complete revision in certain areas, this present document (equivalent to edition 2 of ETS 300 198) incorporates, where necessary, changes made in Amendment 1 (1997).

Amendment 1 was produced by the Radio Equipment and Systems (RES) Technical Committee and consists of:

- annex B; the technical specifications relevant to the EMC Directive;
- annex C; the ERC Decision ERC/DEC/(97)7/swhich references the technical specifications in the present document for inclusion in national approval regulations.

NOTE: The draft ERC Decision on the adoption of approval regulations for equipment to be used for radio relay systems operating in the fixed service for the transmission of digital signals and analogue video signals operating between 21,2 GHz and 23,6 GHz, based on the present document, was provisionally adopted by the European Radiocommunications Committee (ERC) of the CEPT in December 1997 and is now subject to public consultation with a view to final approval of the Decision in March 1998.

National transposition dates	
Date of adoption of this EN:	5 December 1997
Date of latest announcement of this EN (doa):	31 May 1998
Date of latest publication of new National Standard or endorsement of this EN (dop/e):	30 November 1998
Date of withdrawal of any conflicting National Standard (dow):	30 November 1998

1 Scope

The present document specifies the minimum performance parameters for terrestrial digital and analogue fixed service radio communications equipments operating in the 23 GHz frequency band and contains a complete revision in the areas of:

- Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC) standardization (i.e. ETS 300 385 [11] and ETS 300 339 [10] where applicable);
- emissions and immunity at antenna port standardization activity (under study in TM4), new revised ITU-R Recommendation SM.329-7 [20] and the forthcoming CEPT Recommendation on spurious emissions;
- conformance test standardization activity of test methods and test reports (i.e. EN 301 126-1 [2]).

The present document does not cover aspects related to test procedures and test conditions which are in the scope of EN 301 126-1 [2].

Digital systems are intended to be used for point-to-point connections in local and regional networks at data rates between 2 Mbit/s and Synchronous Transport Module, level 1 (STM-1). Typical applications include:

- a) customer connections;
- b) Integrated Services Digital Network (ISDN) extension;
- c) mobile base station connections.

Digital systems considered in the present document will be able to meet the performance objectives of the ITU-R national portion of the reference path, i.e. ITU-R Recommendation F.1189 [17] and the performance objectives detailed in ITU-T Recommendation G.826 [29].

Analogue systems are intended to be used in local television (TV) point-to-point contribution and point-to-multipoint distribution.

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The parameters to be specified fall into two bategories/standards/sist/2589e125-e440-4e08-9ffb-d7e9fd6a6f57/sist-en-300-198-v1-2-1-2005

- a) those that are required to provide compatibility between channels from different sources of equipment on the same route, connected either:
 - to separate antennas; or
 - to separate polarizations of the same antenna;
- b) parameters defining the transmission quality of the proposed system.

The present document deals with Radio Frequency (RF) and baseband characteristics relevant to low, medium and high capacity Plesiochronous Digital Hierarchy (PDH) transmission systems, sub-STM-1 and STM-1 Synchronous Digital Hierarchy (SDH) transmission systems. Antenna/feeder system requirements are covered in ETS 300 833 [3].

As the maximum transmission rate in a given bandwidth depends on system spectral efficiency, different equipment classes are defined:

Class 1: equipment performance based on typically 2-states modulation scheme (e.g. 2-FSK (Frequency-

Shift Keying), Gaussian Minimum Shift Keying (GMSK) with discriminator detection, or

equivalent);

Class 2: equipment performances based on typically 4-states modulation scheme (e.g. 4-FSK, 4 - QAM

(Quadrature Amplitude Modulation), or equivalent);

Class 3: equipment performances based on typically 16-states modulation scheme (e.g. 16-QAM, or

equivalent).

Some equipment types may benefit from some performance improvement due to the technology gap; for this reason two grades of system performance, grade A and grade B are provided.

Safety aspects are outside the mandate of ETSI and they will not be considered in the present document.

2 References

References may be made to:

- a) specific versions of publications (identified by date of publication, edition number, version number, etc.), in which case, subsequent revisions to the referenced document do not apply; or
- b) all versions up to and including the identified version (identified by "up to and including" before the version identity); or
- c) all versions subsequent to and including the identified version (identified by "onwards" following the version identity); or
- d) publications without mention of a specific version, in which case the latest version applies.

A non-specific reference to an ETS shall also be taken to refer to later versions published as an EN with the same number.

In the case of undated references, the time frame of application and new certification procedures for new releases of these normative references next to the date of the first public enquiry of the present document or to the first certification of the equipment shall be agreed between the supplier and the regulatory authority. These new certification procedures will cover in any case only the parameters subject to changes from the on going release during the previous certification.

•	
[1]	CEPT Recommendation T/R 13-02: "Preferred channel arrangements for fixed services in the range $22,0~\mathrm{GHz}$ - $29,5~\mathrm{GHz}$ ".
[2]	EN 301 126-1: "Transmission and Multiplexing (TM); Conformance testing for Digital Radio Relay Systems (DRRS); Part 1: Point-to-point equipment parameters".
[3]	ETS 300 833: "Transmission and Multiplexing (TM): Digital Radio Relay Systems (DRRS); Antennas used in point-to-point DRRS operating in the frequency band 3 to 60 GHz".
[4]	ITU-R Recommendation F.637: "Radio-frequency channel arrangements for analogue and digital radio relay systems in the 21,2 to 23,6 GHz frequency band" 408-9 fb-dreftd6a6t57/sist-en-300-198-v1-2-1-2005
[5]	ETS 300 645: "Transmission and Multiplexing (TM); Synchronous Digital Hierarchy (SDH) radio relay equipment; Information model for use on Q-interfaces".
[6]	ETS 300 019: "Equipment Engineering (EE); Environmental conditions and environmental tests for telecommunications equipment".
[7]	ETS 300 132-1: "Equipment Engineering (EE); Power supply interface at the input to telecommunications equipment; Part 1: Operated by alternating current (ac)".
[8]	ETS 300 132-2: "Equipment Engineering (EE); Power supply interface at the input to telecommunications equipment; Part 2: Operated by direct current (dc)".
[9]	ETS 300 233: "Integrated Services Digital Network (ISDN); Access digital section for ISDN primary rate".
[10]	ETS 300 339: "Radio Equipment and Systems (RES); General Electro-Magnetic Compatibility (EMC) for radio equipment".
[11]	ETS 300 385: "Radio Equipment and Systems (RES); ElectroMagnetic Compatibility (EMC) standard for digital fixed radio links and ancillary equipment with data rates at around 2 Mbit/s and above".
[12]	ETS 300 635: "Transmission and Multiplexing (TM); Synchronous Digital Hierarchy (SDH); Radio specific functional blocks for transmission of Mx STM-N".
[13]	ETS 300 785: "Transmission and Multiplexing (TM); Synchronous Digital Hierarchy (SDH); SDH

radio specific functional blocks for transmission of Mx sub-STM-1".

ITU-R Recommendation F.750: "Architectures and functional aspects of radio-relay systems for [14] SDH-based networks". ITU-R Recommendation F.751: "Transmission characteristics and performance requirements of [15] radio-relay systems for SDH-based networks". [16] ITU-R Recommendation F.1102: "Characteristics of radio-relay systems operating in frequency bands above about 17 GHz". ITU-R Recommendation F.1189: "Error-performance objectives for constant bit rate digital paths [17] at or above the primary rate carried by digital radio-relay systems which may form part or all of the national portion of a 27 500 km hypothetical reference path". [18] ITU-R Recommendation F.1191: "Bandwidths and unwanted emissions of digital radio-relay systems". [19] ITU-R Recommendation P.530-6: "Propagation data and prediction methods required for the design of terrestrial line-of-sight systems". [20] ITU-R Recommendation SM.329-7: "Spurious emissions". ITU-T Recommendation G.703 (1991): "Physical/electrical characteristics of hierarchical digital [21] interfaces". [22] ITU-T Recommendation G.704 (1995): "Synchronous frame structures used at 1 544, 6 312, 2 048, 8 488 and 44 736 kbit/s hierarchical levels". ITU-T Recommendation G.707 (1996): "Network node interface for the synchronous digital hierarchy (SDH)". STANDARD PREVIEW [23] ITU-T Recommendation G.773 (1993): "Protocol suites for Q-interfaces for management of [24] transmission systems". ITU-T Recommendation 6.781 (1994). Structure of Recommendations on equipment for the [25] synchronous digital inerarchy (SDH) dards/sist/2589e125-e440-4e08-9ffbd7e9fd6a6f57/sist-en-300-198-v1-2-1-2005 ITU-T Recommendation G.782 (1994): "Types and general characteristics of synchronous digital [26] hierarchy (SDH) equipment". ITU-T Recommendation G.783 (1994): "Characteristics of synchronous digital hierarchy (SDH) [27] equipment functional blocks". [28] ITU-T Recommendation G.784 (1994): "Synchronous digital hierarchy (SDH) management". ITU-T Recommendation G.826 (1993): "Error performance parameters and objectives for [29] international, constant bit rate digital paths at or above the primary rate". ITU-T Recommendation G.861 (1996): "Principles and guidelines for the integration of satellite [30] and radio systems in SDH transport networks". ITU-T Recommendation G.957 (1995): "Optical interfaces for equipments and systems relating to [31] the synchronous digital hierarchy". ITU-T Recommendation I.412 (1988): "ISDN user-network interfaces - Interface structures and [32] access capabilities". [33] ITU-T Recommendation O.151 (1992): "Error performance measuring equipment operating at the primary rate and above". [34] ITU-T Recommendation O.181 (1996): "Equipment to assess error performance on STM-N interfaces". [35] TR 101 036-01 V1.1.2: "Transmission and Multiplexing (TM); Generic wordings for standards on Digital Radio Relay System (DRRS) characteristics; Part 1: General aspects and point-to-point equipment parameters".

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ITU-R Recommendation F.403: "Intermediate frequency characteristics for the interconnection of [36]

analogue radio-relay systems".

[37] ITU-R Recommendation F.746: "Radio-frequency channel arrangements for radio-relays systems".

3 Symbols and abbreviations

Symbols 3.1

For the purposes of the present document, the following symbols apply:

Ω Ohm dB decibel

dBi decibel relative to isotropic radiator

dBm decibel relative to 1 mW

decibel quasi-peak weighted relative to test tone reference level dBq0ps

dBu decibel relative to 1 microVolt decibel relative to 1 W dBW

GigaHertz GHz kHz kiloHertz

Mbit/s Mega-bits per second

MegaHertz MHz milliWatt mW

ns nanosecond parts per million STANDARD PREVIEW ppm

Abbreviations (standards.iteh.ai) 3.2

For the purposes of the present document, the following abbreviations apply:

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/2589e125-e440-4e08-9ffb-alternating current ac

Automatic Transmit Power Control

ATPC

Administrative Unit ΑU BBBase Band **BBER Background BER BER** Bit Error Ratio

BWe evaluation BandWidth (resolution bandwidth in which spectrum components are measured)

C/I Carrier to Interference ratio

CEPT Conférence des Administrations Européennes des Postes et Télécommunications

CMI Coded Mark Inversion Continuous Wave CW direct current dc

DRRS Digital Radio Relay Systems

EIRP Equivalent Isotropically Radiated Power

EMC ElectroMagnetic Compatibility

ERC European Radiocommunications Committee **FSK** Frequency-Shift Keying (modulation) **GMSK** Gaussian Minimum Shift Keying (modulation)

International Electrotechnical Committee **IEC**

IF Intermediate Frequency IPI Inter-Port Isolation

ISDN Integrated Services Digital Network

International Telecommunication Union-Radiocommunications standardization sector ITU-R International Telecommunication Union-Telecommunications standardization sector ITU-T

LO Local Oscillator **PAL** Phase Alternate Line

PDH Plesiochronous Digital Hierarchy Pseudo Random Binary Sequence **PRBS** Quadrature Amplitude Modulation QAM

11

RES Radio Equipment and Systems (ETSI Technical Committee)

RF Radio Frequency

RFC Remote Frequency Control

RL Return Loss

RSL Receive Signal Level

RTPC Remote Transmit Power Control SDH Synchronous Digital Hierarchy

SOH Section OverHead

STM-N Synchronous Transport Module, level N

sub-STM-1 medium capacity SDH radio transport module (51,840 Mbit/s AU-3 equivalent, also referred as

STM-0 by ITU-T Recommendation G.861 [30])

sub-sub-STM-1 low capacity SDH radio transport module (n times VC-12 or VC2 equivalent)

TM ETSI TC-Transmission and Multiplexing
TMN Telecommunications Management Network

TV TeleVision

VC-n Virtual Container n WG Working Group

XPD cross-Polar Discrimination

YS defined by ITU-R Recommendation F.746 as "the radio-frequency separation between the centre

frequencies of the go and return radio-frequency channels which are nearest to each other".

4 General characteristics

4.1 Frequency bands and channel arrangements

4.1.1 Channel arrangements (standards.iteh.ai)

The equipment shall operate on one or more of the channels as defined below:

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The frequency range shall be 22 GHz to 22,6 GHz paired with 23 GHz to 23,6 GHz. The channel arrangements shall be in accordance with CEPT Recommendation T/R 13-02 [1]. The channel plan is given in figure A.1.

NOTE: In a transition period for the adoption of CEPT Recommendation T/R 13-02 [1], different channel plans,

derived by ITU-R Recommendation F.637 [4], may be required on national basis.

The separation band shall be 400 MHz.

The innermost channels spacing (YS as defined by ITU-R Recommendation F.746 [37]) shall range from 423,5 MHz to 560 MHz for 3,5 MHz to 112 MHz channel spacing respectively.

The transmitter receiver duplex frequency separation shall be 1 008 MHz.

4.1.2 Co-polar channel spacing for systems operating, on different antennas, on the same route

System bit rates and their relevant co-polar channel spacing in the present document are reported in table 1 (for the precise payload bit rates, see subclause 5.1).