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Satellite Earth Stations and Systems (SES);
Land Mobile Earth Stations (LMES) and
Maritime Mobile Earth Stations (MMES)
providing voice and/or data communications,
operating in the 1,5 GHz and 1,6 GHz frequency bands;
Harmonised Standard for access to radio spectrum

Reference REN/SES-00416

Keywords
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Foreword

This draft Harmonised European Standard (EN) has been produced by ETSI Technical Committee Satellite Earth Stations and Systems (SES), and is now submitted for the combined Public Enquiry and Vote phase of the ETSI standards EN Approval Procedure.

The present document has been prepared under the Commission's standardisation request C(2015) 5376 final [i.3] to provide one voluntary means of conforming to the essential requirements of Directive 2014/53/EU on the harmonisation of the laws of the Member States relating to the making available on the market of radio equipment and repealing Directive 1999/5/EC [i.6].

Once the present document is cited in the Official Journal of the European Union under that Directive, compliance with the normative clauses of the present document given in table A.1 confers, within the limits of the scope of the present document, a presumption of conformity with the corresponding essential requirements of that Directive and associated EFTA regulations.

Proposed national transposition dates			
Date of latest announcement of this EN (doa):	3 months after ETSI publication		
Date of latest publication of new National Standard or endorsement of this EN (dop/e):	6 months after doa		
Date of withdrawal of any conflicting National Standard (dow):	18 months after doa		

Modal verbs terminology

In the present document "shall", "shall not", "should", "should not", "may", "need not", "will", "will not", "can" and "cannot" are to be interpreted as described in clause 3.2 of the <u>ETSI Drafting Rules</u> (Verbal forms for the expression of provisions).

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Introduction

Following the WRC-03 decision [i.4] to allocate to MSS the bands 1 518 MHz to 1 525 MHz (space to Earth) and 1 668 MHz to 1 675 MHz (Earth to space) and the conclusions of WRC-07 [i.5], a new set of emission requirements for LMESs and MMESs that are capable of transmitting in the frequency band from 1 668,0 MHz to 1 675,0 MHz is specified.

The two parts of the L-band frequency allocations are treated as two sub-bands which may be used separately or in any combination. The standard L-band allocation is referenced in the present document as "sub-band 1" and the extended L-band is referenced as "sub-band 2".

Table 2c is applicable for LMESs and MMESs that are capable of transmitting in any combination of either or both of these sub-bands. Table 2c is recommended for all new LMESs and MMESs including LMES and MMES that can only operate in sub-band 1.

The manufacturer may choose between tables 2b and 2c for new LMESs and MMES that are capable of transmitting in only the sub-band 1. The manufacturer has to declare which alternative is used.

The present document specifies a new set of receiver performance requirements for LMESs and MMESs under the new Radio Equipment Directive 2014/53/EU [i.6].

Figure 1: Void

The present document is intended to cover the provisions of Directive 2014/53/EU [16] (RE Directive) article 3.2 which states that "....radio equipment shall be so constructed that it both effectively uses and supports the efficient use of radio spectrum in order to avoid harmful interference".

Recital 10 of Directive 2014/53/EU [i.6] states that "in order to ensure that radio equipment uses the radio spectrum effectively and supports the efficient use of radio spectrum, radio equipment should be constructed so that: in the case of a transmitter, when the transmitter is properly installed, maintained and used for its intended purpose it generates radio waves emissions that do not create harmful interference, while unwanted radio waves emissions generated by the transmitter (e.g. in adjacent channels) with a potential negative impact on the goals of radio spectrum policy should be limited to such a level that, according to the state of the art, harmful interference is avoided; and, in the case of a receiver, it has a level of performance that allows it to operate as intended and protects it against the risk of harmful interference, in particular from shared or adjacent channels, and, in so doing, supports improvements in the efficient use of shared or adjacent channels".

Recital 11 of Directive 2014/53/EU [i.6] states that "although receivers do not themselves cause harmful interference, reception capabilities are an increasingly important factor in ensuring the efficient use of radio spectrum by way of an increased resilience of receivers against harmful interference and unwanted signals on the basis of the relevant essential requirements of Union harmonisation legislation".

As a consequence, the present document includes both transmitting and receiving parameters aiming to maximize the efficient use of radio spectrum.

1 Scope

The present document applies to Land Mobile Earth Stations (LMESs) and Maritime Mobile Earth Stations (MMESs) radio equipment with an EIRP of greater than or equal to 15 dBW and less than or equal to 33 dBW and which have the following characteristics:

- the LMES could be either vehicle mounted or portable equipment;
- these MMESs are installable equipment on ships;
- these LMESs and MMESs are controlled and monitored by a Network Control Facility (NCF). The NCF is outside the scope of the present document;
- the LMES and MMES operate through geostationary satellites as part of a network providing voice and/or data communications:
- these LMESs and MMESs operate with user bit-rates greater than 9,6 kbits/s;
- the LMES and MMESs are capable of operating in any combination of all or any part of the frequency ranges sub-band 1 and sub-band 2 defined in table 1a.

Table 1a: Land and Maritime Mobile Satellite Service frequency bands

Sub-Band	Direction of transmission	LMSS frequency bands
1	Transmit 1 (Earth to space)	1 626,5 MHz to 1 660,5 MHz
'	Receive 1 (space to Earth)	525,0 MHz to 1 559,0 MHz
2	Transmit 2 (Earth to space)	668,0 MHz to 1 675,0 MHz
	Receive 2 (space to Earth)	^{>} 1 518,0 MHz to 1 525,0 MHz

The present document is intended to cover the provisions of Directive 2014/53/EU [i.6] (RE Directive) article 3.2 which states that "....radio equipment shall be so constructed that it both effectively uses and supports the efficient use of radio spectrum in order to avoid harmful interference".

NOTE: The relationship between the present document and essential requirements of article 3.2 of Directive 2014/53/EU [i.6] is given in annex A.

2 References

2.1 Normative references

References are either specific (identified by date of publication and/or edition number or version number) or non-specific. For specific references, only the cited version applies. For non-specific references, the latest version of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

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- [1] Void.
- [2] CISPR 16-1-4 (2019): "Specification for radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus and methods Part 1-4: Radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus Antennas and test sites for radiated disturbance measurements".
- [3] Void.

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- [4] Void.
- [5] Void.
- [6] Void.

2.2 Informative references

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The following referenced documents are not necessary for the application of the present document but they assist the user with regard to a particular subject area.

	1.	IJ			`	Void.
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- [i.2] Void.
- [i.3] Commission Implementing Decision C(2015) 5376 final of 4.8.2015 on a standardisation request to the European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardisation and to the European Telecommunications Standards Institute as regards radio equipment in support of Directive 2014/53/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council.
- [i.4] World Radiocommunication Conference 2003 (WRC-03) Final Acts.
- [i.5] World Radiocommunication Conference 2007 (WRC-07) Finals Acts.
- [i.6] Directive 2014/53/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 April 2014 on the harmonisation of the laws of the Member States relating to the making available on the market of radio equipment and repealing Directive 1999/5/EC (RE Directive).
- [i.7] The latest version of the ITU Master International Frequency Register (MIFR), available from the ITU website.
- [i.8] ETSI EG 203 336 (V1.2.1): Guide for the selection of technical parameters for the production of Harmonised Standards covering article 3.1(b) and article 3.2 of Directive 2014/53/EU".

3 Definition of terms, symbols and abbreviations

3.1 Terms

For the purposes of the present document, the terms given in Directive 2014/53/EU [i.6] and the following apply:

antenna transmit gain: ratio, expressed in decibels, of the power that would have to be supplied to an isotropic radiator to the power supplied to the antenna being considered, so that they produce the same field strength at the same distance in the same direction

carrier-off state: state in which the LMES or MMES is not transmitting a carrier

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carrier-on state: state in which the LMES or MMES is transmitting a carrier

Control Channel (CC): channel or channels by which LMES and MMES receive control information from the NCF for their network

effective receive operating band: receive band within 1 518 MHz to 1 559 MHz where the tests associated with table 5 are met; the effective receive operating band shall be indicated by the manufacturer

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environmental profile: range of environmental conditions under which equipment within the scope of the present document is required to comply with the provisions of the present document

Externally Mounted Equipment (EME): equipment consisting of those of the modules of the Installable Equipment (IE) which are intended to be mounted externally to the vehicle as stated by the manufacturer

in-band signals: signals which are located in the operating band plus an offset of 10 MHz outside this operating band

Installable Equipment (IE): equipment which is intended to be fitted to a vehicle

NOTE: An IE may consist of one or several interconnected modules.

Internally Mounted Equipment (IME): modules of the IE which are not declared by the manufacturer as EME are defined as Internally Mounted Equipment (IME)

manufacturer: any natural or legal person who manufactures radio equipment or has radio equipment designed or manufactured, and markets that equipment under his name or trade mark

nominated bandwidth: bandwidth of the LMES or MMES radio frequency transmission nominated by the manufacturer

NOTE:

The nominated bandwidth is wide enough to encompass all spectral elements of the transmission which have a level greater than the specified unwanted emissions limits. The nominated bandwidth is wide enough to take account of the transmit carrier frequency stability. The nominated bandwidth is within the transmit frequency band within which the LMES and MMES operates.

operating band: frequency range over which the receiving equipment is able to operate as intended

Portable Equipment (PE): equipment generally intended to be self-contained, free standing and portable

NOTE: A PE would normally consist of a single module, but may consist of several interconnected modules.

sub-band: contiguous portion of the operating band

NOTE: Two sub-bands are defined (see table 1a).

transition frequency: frequency which separates adjacent frequency ranges in a table of limits

unwanted emissions: emissions falling outside the nominated bandwidth

3.2 Symbols

Void.

3.3 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the following abbreviations apply:

BW BandWidth CC Control Channel

CDMA Code-Division Multiple Access

CISPR International Special Committee on Radio Interference

CMF Control and Monitoring Functions

CW Continuous Wave

EFTA European Free Trade Association
EIRP Equivalent Isotropically Radiated Power

EMC ElectroMagnetic Compatibility EME Externally Mounted Equipment

ETS European Telecommunication Standard

EUT Equipment Under Test HS Harmonised Standard IE Installable Equipment

IME Internally Mounted Equipment

LMES Land Mobile Earth Station
LMSS Land Mobile Satellite Service

LO Local Oscillator
LTE Long Term Evolution
MES Mobile Earth Station

MMES Maritime Mobile Earth Station
MSS Mobile Satellite Service
NCF Network Control Facility
PE Portable Equipment

R&TTE Radio and Telecommunications Terminal Equipment

RA Radio Astronomy RE Radio Equipment

RED Radio Equipment Directive

RF Radio Frequency
SNR Signal to Noise Ratio
STE Special Test Equipment
TBR Technical Basis for Regulation

TC-SES Technical Committee-Satellite Earth Stations and Systems

WRC World Radiocommunication Conference

4 Technical requirement specifications

4.1 Environmental profile

The technical requirements of the present document apply under the environmental profile for operation of the equipment, which shall be in accordance with its intended use. The equipment shall comply with all the technical requirements of the present document at all times when operating within the boundary limits of the operational environmental profile defined by its intended use. The environmental profile for operation of the equipment shall include the ranges of humidity, temperature and supply voltage.

4.2 Conformance requirements

4.2.0 Maximum EIRP

4.2.0.1 Justification

Protection of other radio services from in band emissions.

4.2.0.2 Specification

The EIRP of the LMES and MMES shall not exceed 33 dBW.

4.2.0.3 Conformance test

Conformance test shall be carried out in accordance with clause 5.2.6.