

8 [[ ]HJbc`ca fYy`n]bhY[ f]fUb]a ]gfcf]hj Ua ]fG8 BLË`Dfcfc\_c`X[[ ]HJbY`bUfc b]y\_Y  
g[[ bU]nUWY`yH`%fB GG%LË`?fa ]`Yb`Y`cgbcj bY[ U\_`]WUË`nVc`yUb`Y`j`j gfcdb]`tc \_]  
`V`gfcf]hj Y`nU`Ud`\_ UWY`bUj ]XYnbY[ U`nUgYVbY[ U`ca fYy`UfU DBLË`\* "XY.  
5 Vg]fU`Hb]`dfYg\_i`yUb]`b]n`fB HGL`]b`XY`bUXcXU`bU]`bZ`fa UWY`U`nUdfYg\_i`yUb`Y`  
]nj YXVY`dfcfc\_c`U`fD`L`H`LË`DfcZ`fa UgdYWZ`\_UWY`U`nU`ca fYy`Y`

Integrated Services Digital Network (ISDN); Digital Subscriber Signalling System No. one (DSS1) protocol; Basic call control; Enhancement at the b service entry point for Virtual Private Network (VPN) applications; Part 6: Abstract Test Suite (ATS) and partial Protocol Implementation eXtra Information for Testing (PIXIT) proforma specification for the network

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**Ta slovenski standard je istoveten z: EN 301 060-6 Version 1.1.4**

**ICS:**

33.080	Digitalno omrežje z integriranimi storitvami (ISDN)	Integrated Services Digital Network (ISDN)
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**SIST EN 301 060-6 V1.1.4:2005 en**

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# ETSI EN 301 060-6 V1.1.4 (1999-11)

*European Standard (Telecommunications series)*

**Integrated Services Digital Network (ISDN);  
Digital Subscriber Signalling System No. one (DSS1) protocol;  
Basic call control; Enhancement at the "b" service entry point  
for Virtual Private Network (VPN) applications;  
Part 6: Abstract Test Suite (ATS) and partial Protocol  
Implementation eXtra Information for Testing (PIXIT) proforma  
specification for the network**

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---

**Reference**

DEN/SPS-05109-6 (9tdi0ieo.PDF)

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**Keywords**

ATS, ISDN, DSS1, basic, PIXIT, network, VPN

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## Foreword

This European Standard (Telecommunications series) has been produced by ETSI Technical Committee Signalling Protocol and Switching (SPS).

The present document is part 6 of a multi-part standard covering the Digital Subscriber Signalling System No. one (DSS1) protocol specification for the Integrated Services Digital Network (ISDN) Basic call control extensions at the "b" service entry point for VPN applications, as described below:

- Part 1: "Protocol specification";
- Part 2: "Protocol Implementation Conformance Statement (PICS) proforma specification";
- Part 3: "Test Suite Structure and Test Purposes (TSS&TP) specification for the user";
- Part 4: "Abstract Test Suite (ATS) and partial Protocol Implementation eXtra Information for Testing (PIXIT) proforma specification for the user";
- Part 5: "Test Suite Structure and Test Purposes (TSS&TP) specification for the network";
- Part 6: "Abstract Test Suite (ATS) and partial Protocol Implementation eXtra Information for Testing (PIXIT) proforma specification for the network".**

### National transposition dates

Date of adoption of this EN:	12 November 1999
Date of latest announcement of this EN (doa):	29 February 2000
Date of latest publication of new National Standard or endorsement of this EN (dop/e):	31 August 2000
Date of withdrawal of any conflicting National Standard (dow):	31 August 2000

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## 1 Scope

This sixth part of EN 301 060 is applicable to the Basic call control extensions at the "b" service entry point for VPN applications for the pan-European Integrated Services Digital Network (ISDN) as provided by European public telecommunications operators at the T reference point (as defined in ITU-T Recommendation I.411 [8]) by means of the Digital Subscriber Signalling System No. one (DSS1) protocol. Stage three identifies the protocol procedures and switching functions needed to support a telecommunications service (see CCITT Recommendation I.130 [7]).

The present document specifies the Abstract Test Suite (ATS), and partial Protocol Implementation eXtra Information for Testing (PIXIT) proforma for the user side of the T reference point or coincident S and T reference point of implementation conforming to EN 301 060-1 [2] in compliance with the relevant requirements and in accordance with the relevant guidance given in ISO/IEC 9646 [3] to [6].

---

## 2 References

The following documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of the present document.

- References are either specific (identified by date of publication, edition number, version number, etc.) or non-specific.
- For a specific reference, subsequent revisions do not apply.
- For a non-specific reference, the latest version applies.
- A non-specific reference to an ETS shall also be taken to refer to later versions published as an EN with the same number.

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- [1] EN 300 403-1 (V1.3): "Integrated Services Digital Network (ISDN); Digital Subscriber Signalling System No. one (DSS1) protocol; Signalling network layer for circuit-mode basic call control; Part 1: Protocol specification [ITU-T Recommendation Q.931 (1993), modified]".
- [2] EN 301 060-1: "Integrated Services Digital Network (ISDN); Digital Subscriber Signalling System No. one (DSS1) protocol; Basic call control; Enhancement at the "b" service entry point for Virtual Private Network (VPN) applications; Part 1: Protocol specification".
- [3] ISO/IEC 9646-1: "Information technology - Open Systems Interconnection - Conformance testing methodology and framework - Part 1: General concepts".
- [4] ISO/IEC 9646-3: "Information technology - Open Systems Interconnection - Conformance testing methodology and framework - Part 3: The Tree and Tabular Combined Notation (TTCN)".
- [5] ISO/IEC 9646-4: "Information technology - Open Systems Interconnection - Conformance testing methodology and framework - Part 4: Test realization".
- [6] ISO/IEC 9646-5: "Information technology - Open Systems Interconnection - Conformance testing methodology and framework - Part 5: Requirements on test laboratories and clients for the conformance assessment process".
- [7] CCITT Recommendation I.130 (1988): "Method for the characterization of telecommunication services supported by an ISDN and network capabilities of an ISDN".
- [8] ITU-T Recommendation I.411 (1993): "ISDN user-network interfaces - Reference configurations".
- [9] EN 301 060-2 (V1.1): "Integrated Services Digital Network (ISDN); Digital Subscriber Signalling System No. one (DSS1) protocol; Basic call control; Enhancement at the "b" service entry point for Virtual Private Network (VPN) applications; Part 2: Protocol Implementation Conformance Statement (PICS) proforma specification".



- [10] EN 301 060-3 (V1.1): "Integrated Services Digital Network (ISDN); Digital Subscriber Signalling System No. one (DSS1) protocol; Basic call control; Enhancement at the "b" service entry point for Virtual Private Network (VPN) applications; Part 3: Test Suite Structure and Test Purposes (TSS&TP) specification for the user".
- [11] ITU-T Recommendation I.112 (1993): "Vocabulary of terms for ISDNs".
- [12] ITU-T Recommendation I.210 (1993): "Principles of telecommunication services supported by an ISDN and the means to describe them".
- [13] ITU-T Recommendation E.164 (1997): "The international public telecommunication numbering plan".
- [14] ISO/IEC 9646-2: "Information technology - Open Systems Interconnection - Conformance testing methodology and framework - Part 2: Abstract test suite specification".
- [15] EN 301 060-4 (V1.1): "Integrated Services Digital Network (ISDN); Digital Subscriber Signalling System No. one (DSS1) protocol; Basic call control; Enhancement at the "b" service entry point for Virtual Private Network (VPN) applications; Part 4: Abstract Test Suite (ATS) and partial Protocol Implementation eXtra Information for Testing (PIXIT) proforma specification for the user".
- [16] EN 301 060-5 (V1.1): "Integrated Services Digital Network (ISDN); Digital Subscriber Signalling System No. one (DSS1) protocol; Basic call control; Enhancement at the "b" service entry point for Virtual Private Network (VPN) applications; Part 5: Test Suite Structure and Test Purposes (TSS&TP) specification for the network".

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## 3 Definitions and abbreviations

### 3.1 Definitions

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For the purposes of the present document, the following terms and definitions apply.

#### 3.1.1 Definitions related to conformance testing

**abstract test case:** refer to ISO/IEC 9646-1 [3]

**Abstract Test Suite (ATS):** refer to ISO/IEC 9646-1 [3]

**active test:** test case where the IUT is required to send a particular message, but not in reaction to a received message. This would usually involve the use of PIXIT information to see how this message can be generated and quite often is specified in an ATS using an implicit send event

**Implementation Under Test (IUT):** refer to ISO/IEC 9646-1 [3]

**implicit send event:** refer to ISO/IEC 9646-3 [4]

**lower tester:** refer to ISO/IEC 9646-1 [3]

**passive test:** test case where the IUT is required to respond to a protocol event (e.g. received message) with another protocol event (e.g. send message) which normally does not require any special operator intervention as associated with the implicit send event

**point of control and observation:** refer to ISO/IEC 9646-1 [3]

**Protocol Implementation Conformance Statement (PICS):** refer to ISO/IEC 9646-1 [3]

**PICS proforma:** refer to ISO/IEC 9646-1 [3]

**Protocol Implementation eXtra Information for Testing (PIXIT):** refer to ISO/IEC 9646-1 [3]

**PIXIT proforma:** refer to ISO/IEC 9646-1 [3]

**system under test:** refer to ISO/IEC 9646-1 [3]

**Test Purpose (TP):** refer to ISO/IEC 9646-1 [3]

### 3.1.2 Definitions related to EN 301 060-1

**Dummy call reference:** see EN 300 403-1 [1], subclause 4.3

**Integrated Services Digital Network (ISDN):** see ITU-T Recommendation I.112 [11], definition 308

**ISDN number:** number conforming to the numbering and structure specified in ITU-T Recommendation E.164 [13]

**service; telecommunication service:** see ITU-T Recommendation I.112 [11], definition 201

**supplementary service:** see ITU-T Recommendation I.210 [12], subclause 2.4

**T:** DSS1 protocol entity at the User side of the user-network interface where a T reference point applies (User is a Private ISDN)

## 3.2 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the following abbreviations apply:

ASP	Abstract Service Primitive
ATM	Abstract Test Method
ATS	Abstract Test Suite
BA	Basic Access
CES	Connection Endpoint Suffix
CM	Co-ordination Message
DSS1	Digital Subscriber Signalling System No. one
ExTS	Executable Test Suite
ISDN	Integrated Services Digital Network
IUT	Implementation Under Test
LT	Lower Tester
MOT	Means Of Testing
MTC	Main Test Component
PCO	Point of Control and Observation
PCTR	Protocol Conformance Test Report
PDU	Protocol Data Unit
PICS	Protocol Implementation Conformance Statement
PIXIT	Protocol Implementation eXtra Information for Testing
PRA	Primary Rate Access
PTC	Parallel Test Components
SUT	System Under Test
TP	Test Purpose
TSS	Test Suite Structure
TTCN	Tree and Tabular Combined Notation
UT	Upper Tester
VPN	Virtual Private Network

## 4 Abstract Test Method

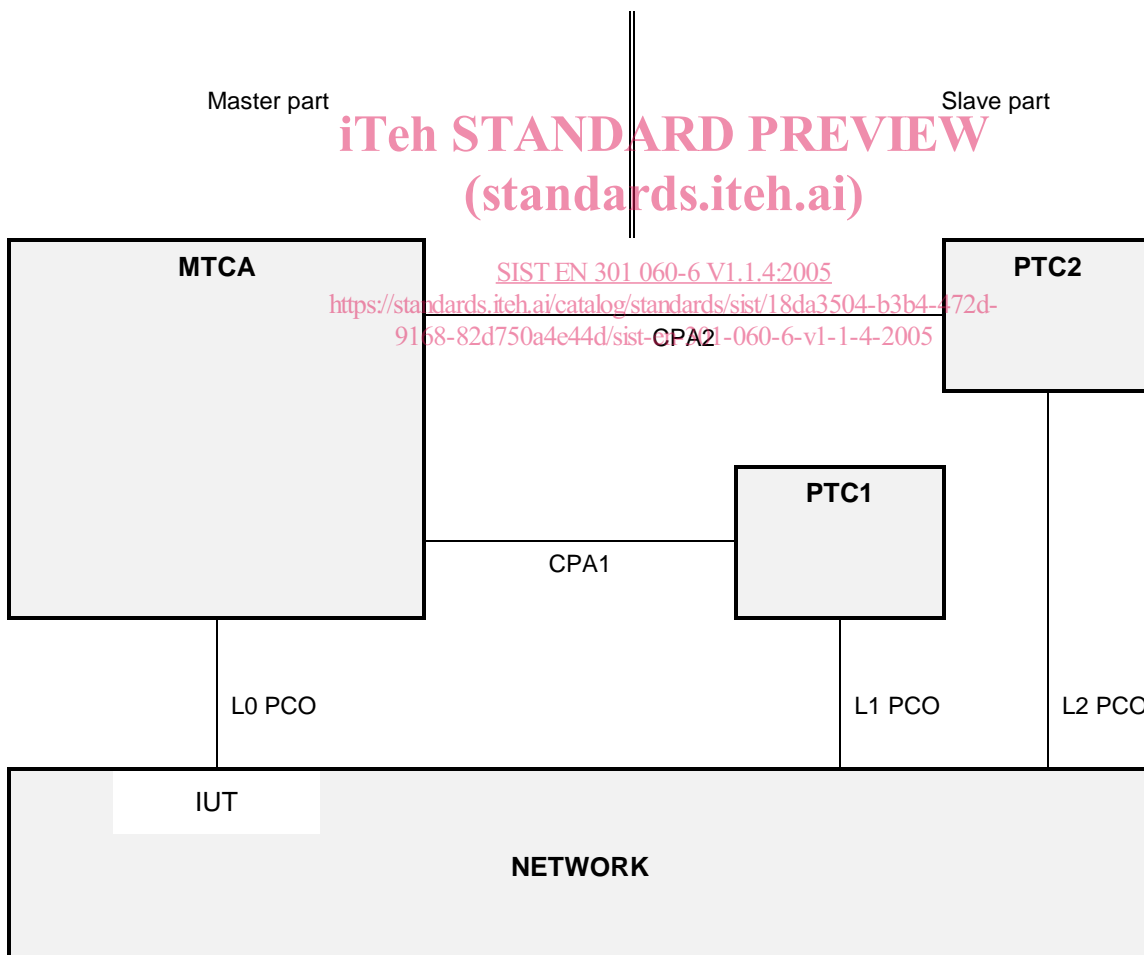
### 4.1 Description of ATM used

The requirement for testing the network IUT is to focus on the behaviour of the network IUT at the user-network interface where a T reference point or coincident S and T reference point applies. Thus the IUT is the network DSS1 protocol entity at a particular user-network interface and is not the whole network.

It is possible to specify an ATS based on a Single party (remote) test method for such an IUT. However, it is considered that an ATS based on such an approach is of limited use as the only way to specify IUT generated PDUs is to use the "implicit send" statement. Many users of such an ATS would replace the "implicit send" statements with descriptions of the behaviour at other interfaces.

An ATS based on a multi-party test method is considered to be more useful in that it is closer to how a real test suite would be constructed. Such a test method specifies behaviour at multiple network interfaces. One very important limitation here is that tests are focussed on one particular interface. Thus the test system is made up one Main Test Component (MTC) and one or more Parallel Test Components (PTC), see figure 1.

### 4.2 Conventions for test components and PCOs



**Figure 1: Multi-party test method**

In a master/slave arrangement, the MTC is considered to be the master while the PTCs are the slaves. The "slave" testers are only an explicit description of how to deal with the "other" interfaces during the testing process, i.e. "how to make the IUT send the required message".

This means, in particular, that the verdict will only be assigned from the protocol aspects observed on *the* interface under test (i.e. by the "master" tester), as it would be observed by a terminal connected to this interface. A failure in the correlation between the protocol at the different interfaces to which the different testers are connected, i.e. in the mechanism of the functional service itself, will not cause a FAIL verdict. For instance, if the IUT fails to send a message on the tested interface after another interface has received the proper stimulus, the verdict will be INCONCLUSIVE.

The MTC MTCA has two functions in this configuration. Firstly, it has the MTC function of controlling the one or more PTCs. Thus it is responsible for starting the PTCs and afterwards coordinates activities by exchanging Co-ordination Messages (CM) with the PTCs. Secondly it is responsible for the behaviour of the Lower Tester (LT) at PCO L0.

A combination of the remote and multi-party test methods is applied. As can be seen from figure 1, several PCOs are used. All PCOs reside at the service access points between layers 2 and 3.

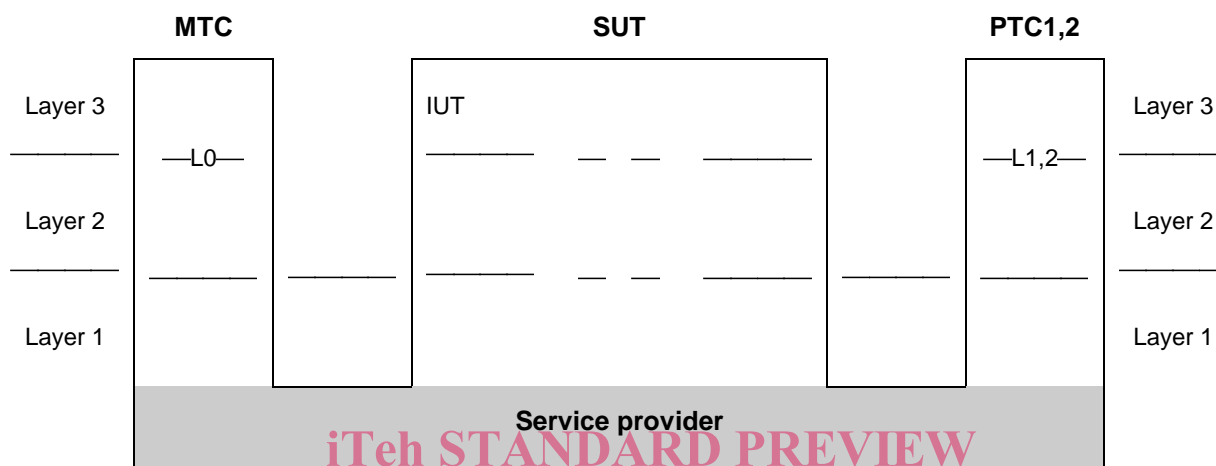


Figure 2: Combination of the remote and multi-party test methods

The MTC PCO is named "L0" ("L" for Lower). The L0 PCO is used to control and observe the behaviour of the IUT and test case verdicts are assigned depending on the behaviour observed at this PCO. The PTCs PTC1, PTC2 etc. use PCOs L1, L2 etc. These PCOs are used to control and, in a limited way, observe the behaviour of the network equipment at interfaces other than the one under test. No verdicts are assigned at these PCOs.

As stated in a previous paragraph, the non-receipt of network generated messages at L0, which are stimulated by events at the L1, L2 etc., will result in INCONCLUSIVE rather than FAIL verdicts being assigned.

PTC2 is only activated in a small set of test cases that test the handling of two calls at one time. In test cases which verify that the IUT rejects invalid or unacceptable SETUP messages, no PTC is activated at all, as these rejection procedures are considered local to the access between IUT and MTC.

The capability of the IUT to send INFORMATION and PROGRESS messages is tested in different call states. Implicit send events have to be used in this small set of test cases, as the sending of those messages cannot be triggered via a PTC. Separate PIXIT questions are asked for each call state, if and how it is possible for the test operator to cause the sending of the messages.

## 5 Untestable test purposes

There are no untestable test purposes in this ATS. See EN 301 060-5 [16].

## 6 ATS conventions

This clause is structured similarly to the structure of a TTCN ATS. However, the names of the subclauses are arranged in a way more suitable to the present document.

### 6.1 Declarations part

#### 6.1.1 Type definitions

##### 6.1.1.1 Simple type definitions

Where appropriate, simple types have a length, a value list or a range restriction attached.

Simple types defined as being of some string type (e.g. BIT STRING, OCTET STRING), have a length restriction or a value list attached.

Simple types, defined as being of INTEGER type, have a value list or a range restriction attached.

##### 6.1.1.2 Structured type definitions

###### 6.1.1.2.1 TTCN structured type definitions

All structured type definitions are provided with a full name.

All elements in every structured type definition, defined as being of some string type (e.g. BIT STRING, OCTET STRING), have a length restriction attached.

If an element in a structured type definition is defined as being of a referenced type, the (possible) restriction is defined in that referenced type.

For information elements the identifier, which is unique for each element, has its type defined as a simple type where the value list is restricted to the single value which is the identifier itself. This has the advantage that it allows a test system derived from this ATS to easily identify information elements embedded in messages. An ATS where information element identifiers are represented as unrestricted types can present difficulties for a derived test system in the case where it needs to find one information element embedded in a number of others and the constraints for the other elements have the any-or-omit value. In such a case the test system cannot easily find the beginning of each information element.

###### 6.1.1.2.2 ASN.1 structured type definitions

There are no ASN.1 structured type definitions in the ATS.

##### 6.1.1.3 ASP type definitions

###### 6.1.1.3.1 TTCN ASP type definitions

TTCN ASP type definitions only contain one PDU or no PDU at all.

All TTCN ASP type definitions are provided with a full identifier.

Some ASPs are not parameterized as shown in the example in table 1. Such ASPs are only used for requesting or receiving service from the lower layer.