

Designation: B373 - 00(Reapproved 2006)

Standard Specification for Aluminum Foil for Capacitors¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation B373; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ε) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

This standard has been approved for use by agencies of the U.S. Department of Defense.

1. Scope

- 1.1 This specification covers nine thicknesses (0.00017 to 0.00050 in. (0.0043 to 0.0127 mm)) of annealed aluminum foil used in the manufacture of capacitors.
- 1.2 Foil to be used as anodes in electrolytic capacitors is beyond the scope of this specification.
- 1.3 Alloy designations are in accordance with ANSI H35.1. The equivalent Unified Numbering System alloy designations are those of Table 1 preceded by A9, for example, A91145 for Aluminum 1145 in accordance with Practice E527.
- 1.4 For acceptance criteria for inclusion of new aluminum and aluminum alloys in this specification, see Annex A1.
- 1.5 The values stated in inch-pound units are to be regarded as the standard. The values given in parentheses are for information only.

2. Referenced Documents

- 2.1 The following documents of the issue in effect on the date of material purchase form a part of this specification to the extent referenced herein.
 - 2.2 ASTM Standards:²
 - B193 Test Method for Resistivity of Electrical Conductor Materials
 - E29 Practice for Using Significant Digits in Test Data to Determine Conformance with Specifications
 - E34 Test Methods for Chemical Analysis of Aluminum and Aluminum-Base Alloys
 - E55 Practice for Sampling Wrought Nonferrous Metals and Alloys for Determination of Chemical Composition
 - E227 Test Method for Optical Emission Spectrometric Analysis of Aluminum and Aluminum Alloys by the

Point-to-Plane Technique (Withdrawn 2002)³

E252 Test Method for Thickness of Foil, Thin Sheet, and Film by Mass Measurement

E345 Test Methods of Tension Testing of Metallic Foil

E527 Practice for Numbering Metals and Alloys in the Unified Numbering System (UNS)

E607 Test Method for Atomic Emission Spectrometric Analysis Aluminum Alloys by the Point to Plane Technique Nitrogen Atmosphere (Withdrawn 2011)³

E716 Practices for Sampling and Sample Preparation of Aluminum and Aluminum Alloys for Determination of Chemical Composition by Spectrochemical Analysis

E1251 Test Method for Analysis of Aluminum and Aluminum Alloys by Spark Atomic Emission Spectrometry

2.3 ANSI Standard:

H35.1 Alloy and Temper Designation Systems for Aluminum⁴

3. Terminology

- 3.1 Definitions:
- 3.1.1 *foil*—a rolled product rectangular in cross section of thickness less than 0.006 in. (0.15 mm).
- 3.1.2 matte one-side foil (M1S)—foil with a diffuse reflecting finish (matte) on one side and bright specular finish on the other (10.1).
- 3.1.3 *dry annealed A*—having a test dryness of 100/0, free from residual rolling oil, as determined by the water test (10.2.1).
- 3.1.4 dry annealed B—having a test dryness of 90/10, a slight film of residual rolling oil, as determined by the water-alcohol test (10.2.2).
- 3.1.5 *dry annealed C*—having a test dryness of 80/20, a slight film of residual rolling oil, as determined by the water-alcohol test (10.2.3).
- 3.1.6 *slick annealed*—having a uniform film of residual rolling oil or applied oil as determined by the water test (10.2.4).

¹ This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee B07 on Light Metals and Alloys and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee B07.03 on Aluminum Alloy Wrought Products.

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² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

³ The last approved version of this historical standard is referenced on www.astm.org.

 $^{^4}$ Available from American National Standards Institute (ANSI), 25 W. 43rd St., 4th Floor, New York, NY 10036, http://www.ansi.org.

TABLE 1 Chemical Requirements^{A,B,C}

| Aluminum | Silicon | Copper | Managanaga | Magnesium | Zinc | Vanadium | Titanium | Other Elements ^D | | Aluminum |
|-------------|-----------|--------|------------|-----------|-------|-----------|----------|-----------------------------|-------|------------------------|
| Designation | plus Iron | Copper | Manganese | Magnesium | ZITIC | variaulum | Hanium | Each | Total | Aluminum |
| 1145 | 0.55 | 0.05 | 0.05 | 0.05 | 0.05 | 0.05 | 0.03 | 0.03 | | 99.45 min ^E |
| 1235 | 0.65 | 0.05 | 0.05 | 0.05 | 0.10 | 0.05 | 0.06 | 0.03 | | 99.35 min ^E |

^A Limits are in percent maximum unless stated otherwise.

- 3.1.7 *producer*—the primary manufacturer of the material.
- 3.1.8 *supplier*—includes only the category of jobbers and distributors as distinct from producers.
 - 3.2 Definitions of Terms Specific to This Standard:
- 3.2.1 *capable of*—The term *capable of* as used in this specification means that the test need not be performed by the producer of the material. However, should subsequent testing by the purchaser establish that the material does not meet these requirements, the material shall be subject to rejection.

4. Ordering Information

- 4.1 Orders for material to this specification shall include the following information:
- 4.1.1 This specification designation (which includes the number, the year, and the revision letter, if applicable),
 - 4.1.2 Quantity in pounds,
 - 4.1.3 Aluminum designation (Section 7),
 - 4.1.4 Nominal thickness and width (Section 11),
 - 4.1.5 Surface condition (Section 10),
 - 4.1.6 Outside diameter of rolls (Section 13),
 - 4.1.7 Inside diameter of cores (Section 13);
- 4.2 Additionally, orders for material to this specification shall include the following information when required by the purchaser:
- 4.2.1 Whether inspection or witness of inspection and tests by the purchaser's representative is required prior to material shipment (Section 16), and
 - 4.2.2 Whether certification is required (Section 18).

5. Manufacturing Process Changes

5.1 No process changes shall be made in the manufacture of this material after initially approved by the purchaser, except by prior agreement between the purchaser and the producer.

6. Responsibility for Quality Assurance

6.1 Responsibility for Inspection and Tests—Unless otherwise specified in the contract or purchase order, the producer is responsible for the performance of all inspection and test requirements specified herein. Except as otherwise specified in the contract or order, the producer may use his own or any other suitable facilities for the performance of the inspection and test requirements specified herein, unless disapproved by the purchaser. The purchaser shall have the right to perform any of the inspections and tests set forth in this specification

where such inspections are deemed necessary to assure that the material conforms to prescribed requirements.

6.2 Lot Definition—An inspection lot shall consist of an identifiable quantity of material of the same alloy, temper, and nominal dimensions subjected to inspection at one time.

7. Chemical Composition

- 7.1 Limits—The foil shall conform to the chemical composition limits prescribed in Table 1. Conformance shall be determined by the producer by analyzing samples taken at the time the ingots are poured, or samples taken from the finished or semi-finished product. If the producer of the foil or the producer of the material from which the foil is produced has determined the chemical composition of the material during the course of manufacture, sampling and analysis of the finished product shall not be required.
- Note 1—It is standard practice in the United States aluminum industry to determine conformance to the chemical composition limits prior to further processing of ingots into wrought products. Due to the continuous nature of the process, it is not practical to keep a specific ingot analysis identified with a specific quantity of finished material.
- 7.2 *Number of Samples*—The number of samples taken to determine chemical composition shall be as follows:
- 7.2.1 When samples are taken at the time the ingots are poured, at least one sample shall be taken for each group of ingots poured simultaneously from the same source of molten metal.
- 7.2.2 When samples are taken from the finished or semi-finished product, a sample shall be taken to represent each 1000 lb (454 kg), or fraction thereof, of material in the lot, except that not more than one sample shall be required per piece.
- 7.3 *Methods of Sampling*—Samples for determination of chemical composition shall be taken in accordance with one of the following methods:
- 7.3.1 Samples for chemical analysis shall be taken from the material by drilling, sawing, milling, turning, clipping, etc., a representative piece or pieces to obtain a weight of prepared sample not less than 75 g. Sampling shall be in accordance with Practice E55.
- 7.3.2 Sampling for spectrochemical analysis shall be in accordance with Practices E716. Samples for other methods of analysis shall be taken by methods suitable for the form of material being analyzed and the type of analytical method used.

 $^{^{\}it B}$ Analysis shall be made for the elements for which limits are shown in this table.

^C For purposes of determining the conformance to these limits, an observed value or a calculated value attained from analysis shall be rounded to the nearest unit in the last right-hand place of figures used in expressing the specified limit, in accordance with the rounding method of Practice E29.

^D Others includes all unlisted metallic elements. The producer may analyze samples for trace elements not specified in the specification. However, such analysis is not required and may not cover all metallic Others elements. Should any analysis by the producer or the purchaser establish that an Others element exceeds the limit of Each or that the aggregate of several Others elements exceeds the limit of Total, the material shall be considered nonconforming.

^E The minimum content shall be calculated by subtracting from 100.00 %, the sum of all metallic elements present in amounts of 0.010 % or more, each rounded to the second decimal before determining the sum.

7.4 Methods of Analysis—The determination of chemical composition shall be made in accordance with suitable chemical (Test Methods E34), or spectrochemical (Test Methods E227, E607, and E1251), methods. Other methods may be used only when no published ASTM method is available. In case of dispute, the methods of analysis shall be agreed upon between the producer and the purchaser.

8. Mechanical Properties

- 8.1 Tensile Breaking Load—The foil shall be capable of conforming to the tensile breaking load requirements prescribed in Table 2. Splices shall be capable of developing 80 % of the breaking load specified for unspliced foil.
- 8.2 Number of Specimens—When tensile breaking load is determined, tests shall be made on samples from each 1000 lb (454 kg), or fraction thereof, of each thickness and width of coil in a lot. Not less than two samples shall be selected with each sample from a different roll of foil except that if the lot consists of only one roll of foil, one sample shall be selected. Each sample shall consist of either a single-thickness or multiple-thickness specimen from one roll of foil.
- 8.3 Test Method—For determination of tensile breaking load, tests shall be made in accordance with Test Methods E345. If breaking load tests of a sample are made by both single-thickness specimens (Type B) and by multiplethickness specimens (Type A) and the results do not agree with each other, the results of the tests of the single-thickness specimens shall be the basis for acceptance or rejection of the material.
- 8.4 Retests—If any test specimen for tensile breaking load fails to conform to the requirements prescribed in Table 2, two additional specimens shall be selected from other representative rolls in the inspection lot, or from the same roll if the lot consists of only one roll, and tested. If either of these specimens fails to conform to the applicable requirements, the material may be rejected. If, however, the failure of the foil to conform to the requirements is the result of an inadequate thermal treatment, the material may be reannealed and resampled in accordance with 7.2. Only one such reworking of material shall be permitted.

Note 2—Experience of testing of foil has demonstrated that failures are more likely due to faulty test specimens, or to misalignment of the specimen in the testing machine, than is the case with material having a greater section thickness. Care must be exercised to discard test results

TABLE 2 Tensile Breaking Load

Note 1—SI values in parentheses are for information only.

| THE T ST VALUES IN PAICHERIESES ARE TOT INFORMATION ONLY. | | | | | | |
|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Nominal Thickness in. (mm) | Breaking Load, min, lbf/in. of Width (N/m of Width) | | | | | |
| 0.00017 (0.0043) | 1.1 (192) | | | | | |
| 0.00020 (0.0051) | 1.3 (228) | | | | | |
| 0.00023 (0.0058) | 1.5 (262) | | | | | |
| 0.00025 (0.0064) | 1.6 (280) | | | | | |
| 0.00030 (0.0076) | 1.9 (332) | | | | | |
| 0.00035 (0.0089) | 2.3 (402) | | | | | |
| 0.00040 (0.0102) | 2.6 (455) | | | | | |
| 0.00045 (0.0114) | 2.9 (508) | | | | | |
| 0.00050 (0.0127) | 3.2 (560) | | | | | |

where the evidence indicates that the specimen failure may be related to testing conditions.

9. Electrical Properties

9.1 *Electrical Resistance*—The foil shall be capable of conforming to the direct current electrical resistance requirements prescribed in Table 3 when measured at a temperature between 60 and 80°F (15 and 25°C).

Note 3—Direct-current electrical resistance values listed in Table 3 are based on a minimum electrical conductivity of 58.5 % IACS and the minimum permissible foil thickness corresponding with each nominal thickness.

- 9.2 Number of Specimens—When electrical resistance is determined, tests shall be made on samples from each 1000 lb (454 kg), or fraction thereof, of each thickness and width of coil in a lot. Not less than two samples shall be selected with each sample from a different roll of foil except that if the lot consists of only one roll of foil, one sample shall be selected.
- 9.3 Method of Test—When electrical resistance is determined, this determination shall be made by any method having an accuracy of $\pm 0.001~\Omega$, provided that in the case of dispute, the results obtained by Test Method B193 shall be the basis for acceptance.

10. Surface Condition

10.1 The foil shall be supplied with the finish bright on one side and matte on the other.

10.2 The foil shall be supplied in the dry or slick condition, as specified on the purchase order. The foil shall be tested for surface condition by spraying, as from a squeeze bottle, a continuous line of distilled water or distilled water-alcohol mixture across the web of foil inclined 30° from horizontal. To ensure an acceptable water-alcohol mixture, the alcohol denaturant shall be methanol (Formula 30—ten parts ethyl alcohol and one part methanol by volume) or equivalent. Foil dryness is categorized by the water or water-alcohol test in which the foil will support a continuous unbroken line across the web for 2 s. (The unbroken line is the top of the band of water or mixture across the web.)

10.2.1 Dry Annealed A (test dryness 100/0)—Foil shall support a continuous unbroken line using 100 % distilled

TABLE 3 Direct Current Electrical Resistance

Note 1—SI values in parentheses are for information only.

| Nominal Thickness in. (mm) | Ohms per Foot of Length for 1-in. Width max | (Ohms per Metre of Length for 10–mm Width, max) | | |
|-------------------------------|---|---|--|--|
| 0.00017 (0.0043) | 0.090 | (0.75) | | |
| 0.00020 (0.0051) | 0.077 | (0.64) | | |
| 0.00023 (0.0058) | 0.066 | (0.55) | | |
| 0.00025 (0.0064) | 0.061 | (0.51) | | |
| 0.00030 (0.0076) | 0.051 | (0.43) | | |
| 0.00035 (0.0089) | 0.044 | (0.36) | | |
| 0.00040 (0.0102) | 0.038 | (0.32) | | |
| 0.00045 (0.0114) | 0.034 | (0.28) | | |
| 0.00050 (0.0127) | 0.031 | (0.25) | | |