



**Methods for Testing and Specification (MTS);  
The Testing and Test Control Notation version 3;  
TTCN-3 Language Extensions: Advanced Parameterization**

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# Foreword

This final draft ETSI Standard (ES) has been produced by ETSI Technical Committee Methods for Testing and Specification (MTS), and is now submitted for the ETSI standards Membership Approval Procedure.

**The use of underline (additional text) and strike through (deleted text) highlights the differences between base document and extended documents.**

The present document relates to the multi-part standard ETSI ES 201 873 covering the Testing and Test Control Notation version 3, as identified in ETSI ES 201 873-1 [1].

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# Modal verbs terminology

In the present document "**shall**", "**shall not**", "**should**", "**should not**", "**may**", "**need not**", "**will**", "**will not**", "**can**" and "**cannot**" are to be interpreted as described in clause 3.2 of the [ETSI Drafting Rules](#) (Verbal forms for the expression of provisions).

"**must**" and "**must not**" are **NOT** allowed in ETSI deliverables except when used in direct citation.

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# 1 Scope

The present document defines the Advanced Parameterization package of TTCN-3. TTCN-3 can be used for the specification of all types of reactive system tests over a variety of communication ports. Typical areas of application are protocol testing (including mobile and Internet protocols), service testing (including supplementary services), module testing, testing of CORBA based platforms, APIs, etc. TTCN-3 is not restricted to conformance testing and can be used for many other kinds of testing including interoperability, robustness, regression, system and integration testing. The specification of test suites for physical layer protocols is outside the scope of the present document.

TTCN-3 packages are intended to define additional TTCN-3 concepts, which are not mandatory as concepts in the TTCN-3 core language, but which are optional as part of a package which is suited for dedicated applications and/or usages of TTCN-3.

This package defines:

- Value parameters of types.
- Type parameterization.

While the design of TTCN-3 package has taken into account the consistency of a combined usage of the core language with a number of packages, the concrete usages of and guidelines for this package in combination with other packages is outside the scope of the present document.

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## 2 References

### 2.1 Normative references

References are either specific (identified by date of publication and/or edition number or version number) or non-specific. For specific references, only the cited version applies. For non-specific references, the latest version of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

Referenced documents which are not found to be publicly available in the expected location might be found at <https://docbox.etsi.org/Reference>.

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The following referenced documents are necessary for the application of the present document.

- [1] ETSI ES 201 873-1: "Methods for Testing and Specification (MTS); The Testing and Test Control Notation version 3; Part 1: TTCN-3 Core Language".
- [2] ETSI ES 201 873-4: "Methods for Testing and Specification (MTS); The Testing and Test Control Notation version 3; Part 4: TTCN-3 Operational Semantics".
- [3] ETSI ES 201 873-5: "Methods for Testing and Specification (MTS); The Testing and Test Control Notation version 3; Part 5: TTCN-3 Runtime Interface (TRI)".
- [4] ETSI ES 201 873-6: "Methods for Testing and Specification (MTS); The Testing and Test Control Notation version 3; Part 6: TTCN-3 Control Interface (TCI)".
- [5] ETSI ES 201 873-7: "Methods for Testing and Specification (MTS); The Testing and Test Control Notation version 3; Part 7: Using ASN.1 with TTCN-3".
- [6] ETSI ES 201 873-10: "Methods for Testing and Specification (MTS); The Testing and Test Control Notation version 3; Part 10: TTCN-3 Documentation Comment Specification".
- [7] ISO/IEC 9646-1: "Information technology - Open Systems Interconnection - Conformance testing methodology and framework; Part 1: General concepts".

- [8] ETSI ES 201 873-8: "Methods for Testing and Specification (MTS); The Testing and Test Control Notation version 3; Part 8: The IDL to TTCN-3 Mapping".
- [9] ETSI ES 201 873-9: "Methods for Testing and Specification (MTS); The Testing and Test Control Notation version 3; Part 9: Using XML schema with TTCN-3".
- [10] Recommendation ITU-T X.683: "Information technology - Abstract Syntax Notation One (ASN.1): Parameterization of ASN.1 specifications".
- [11] ETSI ES 202 789: "Methods for Testing and Specification (MTS); The Testing and Test Control Notation version 3; TTCN-3 Language Extensions: Extended TRI".
- [12] ETSI ES 203 790: "Methods for Testing and Specification (MTS); The Testing and Test Control Notation version 3; TTCN-3 Language Extensions: Object-Oriented Features".

## 2.2 Informative references

References are either specific (identified by date of publication and/or edition number or version number) or non-specific. For specific references, only the cited version applies. For non-specific references, the latest version of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

NOTE: While any hyperlinks included in this clause were valid at the time of publication, ETSI cannot guarantee their long term validity.

The following referenced documents are not necessary for the application of the present document but they assist the user with regard to a particular subject area.

Not applicable.

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## 3 Definition of terms, symbols and abbreviations

### 3.1 Terms

For the purposes of the present document, the terms given in ETSI ES 201 873-1 [1], ETSI ES 201 873-4 [2], ETSI ES 201 873-5 [3], ETSI ES 201 873-6 [4], ETSI ES 201 873-7 [5], ETSI ES 201 873-10 [6], ISO/IEC 9646-1 [7] and the following apply:

**subtype compatibility:** type "A" has a subtype compatibility to another type "B" if all of the values of type A are type compatible with type "B"

NOTE: All subtypes defined via subtype definition are subtype compatible with their supertype.

**type parameterization:** ability to pass a type as an actual parameter into a parameterized object via a type parameter

NOTE: This actual type parameter is added to the specification of that object and may complete it.

### 3.2 Symbols

Void.

### 3.3 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the abbreviations given in ETSI ES 201 873-1 [1], ETSI ES 201 873-4 [2], ETSI ES 201 873-5 [3], ETSI ES 201 873-6 [4], ETSI ES 201 873-7 [5], ETSI ES 201 873-10 [6] and ISO/IEC 9646-1 [7] apply.

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## 4 Package conformance and compatibility

The package presented in the present document is identified by the package tag:

- "TTCN-3:2014 Advanced Parameterization" - to be used with modules complying with the present document.

NOTE: This version of the package only extends the previous versions, identified with the package tag "TTCN-3:2009 Advanced Parameterization", with the option of parameterizing objects - in addition to types - also with signatures. For this reason, modules not containing a formal or actual parameter of the kind signature are compatible with both versions.

For an implementation claiming to conform to this package version, all features specified in the present document shall be implemented consistently with the requirements given in the present document, in ETSI ES 201 873-1 [1] and in ETSI ES 201 873-4 [2].

The package presented in the present document is compatible to:

ETSI ES 201 873-1 [1], version 4.5.1;

ETSI ES 201 873-4 [2], version 4.5.1;

ETSI ES 201 873-5 [3], version 4.5.1;

ETSI ES 201 873-6 [4], version 4.5.1;

ETSI ES 201 873-7 [5], version 4.5.1;

ETSI ES 201 873-8 [8], version 4.5.1;

ETSI ES 201 873-9 [9], version 4.5.1;

ETSI ES 201 873-10 [6], version 4.5.1.

If later versions of those parts are available and should be used instead, the compatibility to the package presented in the present document has to be checked individually.

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## 5 Package concepts for the core language

### 5.1 Extension to ETSI ES 201 873-1, clause 4 (Introduction)

The present package adds the following essential characteristic to TTCN-3:

- type parameterization.

### 5.2 Extension to ETSI ES 201 873-1, clause 5 (Basic language elements)

#### Clause 5.2.1 Scope of formal parameters

Add the following text:

Additionally, formal type parameters can be used as types of formal value parameters, return values, **runs on** and **system** clauses, where applicable.

#### Clause 5.4 Parameterization

Additionally, TTCN-3 supports type and signature parameterization.

Replace table 2 "Overview of parameterizable TTCN-3 objects" with the following table.

**Table 2: Overview of parameterizable TTCN-3 objects**

Keyword	Allowed kind of Parameterization	Allowed form of non-type Parameterization	Allowed types in formal non-type parameter lists
<b>module</b>	Value parameterization	Static at start of run-time	all basic types, all user-defined types and <b>address</b> type.
<b>type</b> (notes 1 and 2)	Value parameterization, type parameterization, signature parameterization	Static at compile-time	all basic types, all user-defined types and <b>address</b> type.
<b>template</b>	Value and template parameterization, type parameterization	Dynamic at run-time	all basic types, all user-defined types, <b>address</b> type, <b>template</b> .
<b>function</b> (note 1)	Value, template, port and timer parameterization, type parameterization, signature parameterization	Dynamic at run-time	all basic types, all user-defined types, <b>address</b> type, <b>component</b> type, <b>port</b> type, <b>default</b> , <b>template</b> and <b>timer</b> .
<b>altstep</b> (note 1)	Value, template, port and timer parameterization, type parameterization, signature parameterization	Dynamic at run-time	all basic types, all user-defined types, <b>address</b> type, <b>component</b> type, <b>port</b> type, <b>default</b> , <b>template</b> and <b>timer</b> .
<b>testcase</b> (note 1)	Value, template, port and timer parameterization, type parameterization, signature parameterization	Dynamic at run-time	all basic types and of all user-defined types, <b>address</b> type, <b>template</b> .
<b>signature</b>	Value and template parameterization, type parameterization	Dynamic at run-time	all basic types, all user-defined types and <b>address</b> type, <b>component</b> type.

NOTE 1: Type and signature parameterization are always static at compile-time.  
NOTE 2: Only port and component types are parameterizable with signature formal parameters.

#### Clause 5.4.1 Formal parameters

All types in TTCN-3 may be parameterized.

##### Clause 5.4.1.1 Formal parameters of kind value

In addition to the existing rules, TTCN-3 supports value parameterizations as follows:

- the value parameters of user-defined types shall be in parameters;
- the language element **signature** does not support *static* value parameterization.

Modify the text as follows:

Restriction a) is relaxed to:

- a) Language elements which cannot be parameterized are: **const**, **var**, **timer**, **control**, ~~**record of**~~, ~~**set of**~~, ~~**enumerated**~~, ~~**port**~~, ~~**component**~~ and sub type definitions, **group** and **import**.

Restriction e) is changed to:

- e) The expression of formal parameter's default value has to be compatible with the type of the parameter. The expression may be any expression that is well-defined at the beginning of the scope of the parameterized entity, but shall not refer to other parameters of the same or any following parameter list.

##### Clause 5.4.1.2 Formal parameters of kind template

Restriction d) is changed to:

- d) The default template instance has to be compatible with the type of the parameter. The template instance may be any template expression that is well-defined at the beginning of the scope of the parameterized entity, but shall not refer to other parameters in the same or any following parameter list.



## Clause 5.4.1 Formal Parameters

Is extended by the following clause:

### Clause 5.4.1.5 Formal parameters of kind type and signature

Type, template and behaviour definitions in TTCN-3 can have parameters of kind type.

#### *Syntactical Structure*

```
[ in ] [ TypeIdentifier | type | signature ] TypeParIdentifier [ "!=" ( Type | Signature ) ]
```

#### *Semantic Description*

Types and signatures passed into a parameterized object can be used inside the definition of that object. This includes the usage as type of value, template, and port parameters, as type of return values and within **runs on** and **system** clauses of behaviour definitions.

Any type and signature parameterization shall be resolved statically.

Type and signature parameters shall be written in a separate parameter list, enclosed in angle brackets.

Parameters of type kind may have a default type, which is given by a type assigned to the parameter. Similarly, parameters of signature kind may own a default signature, which is identified by assigning a signature to the parameter.

The actual parameters of a type parameter can be required to be subtype compatible with a specific type. This is indicated by referring to a specific type in the formal parameter list instead of using the keyword **type**.

#### *Restrictions*

- a) Formal type and signature parameters shall be in parameters, which can optionally be indicated by the optional keyword **in**.
- b) When a TypeIdentifier is used to specify the kind of the formal parameter, the default types shall be subtype compatible with the type of the parameter. For type compatibility see ETSI ES 201 873-1 [1] TTCN-3 Core Language, clause 6.3. The default type shall not refer to other type parameters in the same parameter list.
- c) Void.
- d) Void.

#### *Examples*

```
// Definition of a list and a check function
type record of T MyList <in type T>;
function isElement <in type T>(in MyList<T> list, in T elem) return boolean { ... }

// Definition of a protocol message
type record Data<in type PayloadType> {
  Header      hdr,
  PayloadType payload
}

// restricting the actual type parameters
// the function can create a component of a type that is an extension of CT.
type component CT { timer t_guard };
function MyFunction <in CT Comp> (in integer p) runs on CT {
  var Comp c := Comp.create;
  :
};

function MyIntegerFunction<integer I := integer>(I p) return I {
  // actual parameter for I must be subtype compatible to integer
  :
}
```

#### Clause 5.4.1.1 Formal Parameters of kind value

Formal parameters with default values are additionally restricted by:

##### **Restrictions**

Replace the text as follows:

- e) ~~The expression of the default value has to be compatible with the type of the parameter. The expression shall not refer to elements of the component type of the optional runs-on clause. The expression shall not refer to other parameters of the same parameter list. The expression shall not contain the invocation of functions with a runs-on clause.~~
- e) The type of a value parameter with a default value shall not be a type parameter.

#### Clause 5.4.1.2 Formal Parameters of kind template

Formal parameters with default templates are additionally restricted by:

##### **Restrictions**

- a) ~~Only function, testcase, altstep and template definitions may have formal template parameters.~~
- a) The type of a template parameter with a default template shall not be a type parameter.

#### Clause 5.4.2 Actual Parameters

Is extended by a new clause:

##### Clause 5.4.2.1 Actual type parameters

Types can be passed into parameterized TTCN-3 objects as actual type parameters. Signatures can be passed into parameterized TTCN-3 objects as actual signature parameters. Actual type and signature parameters can be provided both as a list in the same order as the formal parameters as well as in an assignment notation, explicitly using the associated formal parameter names. They can also be provided in mixed form, starting with actual parameters in list notation followed by additional ones in assignment notation.

Actual types can also be given as anonymous nested constructed types.

##### **Syntactical Structure**

```
[ TypeParIdentifier ::= " ] ( Type | Signature | NestedTypeDef )
```

##### **Semantic Description**

Actual type parameters that are passed to formal type parameters shall be types or formal type parameters or nested type definitions. Actual signature parameters that are passed to formal signature parameters shall be signatures or formal signature parameters. Any compatible type/signature can be passed as actual parameter, i.e. actual parameters are not limited to those types/signatures only known in the module containing the parameterized definition itself. Formal type and signature parameters passed as parameters are those from the enclosing scope unit.

An empty type/signature parameter list can be omitted in both the declaration and usage of that object.

##### **Restrictions**

- a) When using list notation, the order of elements in the actual parameter list shall be the same as their order in the corresponding formal parameter list. For each formal parameter without a default type/signature there shall be an actual parameter. If a formal parameter with a default is followed by a formal parameter without a default, the actual parameter can be skipped by using dash "-" as actual parameter. If a formal parameter with a default is not followed by a parameter without a default, then the actual parameter can simply be omitted.
- b) When using assignment notation, each formal parameter shall be assigned an actual parameter at most once. For each formal parameter without default-type or signature, there shall be an actual parameter. To use the default-type or signature of a formal parameter, no assignment for this specific parameter shall be provided.