

SLOVENSKI STANDARD oSIST prEN 302 186 V2.2.0:2021

01-april-2021

Satelitske zemeljske postaje in sistemi (SES) - Satelitske mobilne letalske zemeljske postaje (AES), delujoče v frekvenčnih pasovih 11/12/14 GHz - Harmonizirani standard za dostop do radijskega spektra

Satellite Earth Stations and Systems (SES) - Satellite mobile Aircraft Earth Stations (AESs) operating in the 11/12/14 GHz frequency bands - Harmonised Standard for access to radio spectrum

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Satellite Earth Stations and Systems (SES); Satellite mobile Aircraft Earth Stations (AESs) operating in the 11/12/14 GHz frequency bands; Harmonised Standard for access to radio spectrum

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2

Reference

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Foreword

This draft Harmonised European Standard (EN) has been produced by ETSI Technical Committee Satellite Earth Stations and Systems (SES), and is now submitted for the combined Public Enquiry and Vote phase of the ETSI standards EN Approval Procedure.

(standards itch ai)

The present document has been prepared under the Commission's standardisation request C(2015) 5376 final [i.2] to provide one voluntary means of conforming to the essential requirements of Directive 2014/53/EU on the harmonisation of the laws of the Member States relating to the making available on the market of radio equipment and repealing Directive 1999/5/EC [i.7]. 88799787ef47/osist-pren-302-186-v2-2-0-2021

Once the present document is cited in the Official Journal of the European Union under that Directive, compliance with the normative clauses of the present document given in table A.1 confers, within the limits of the scope of the present document, a presumption of conformity with the corresponding essential requirements of that Directive, and associated EFTA regulations.

Proposed national transposition	n dates
Date of latest announcement of this EN (doa):	3 months after ETSI publication
Date of latest publication of new National Standard or endorsement of this EN (dop/e):	6 months after doa
Date of withdrawal of any conflicting National Standard (dow):	18 months after doa

Modal verbs terminology

In the present document "shall", "shall not", "should", "should not", "may", "need not", "will", "will not", "can" and "cannot" are to be interpreted as described in clause 3.2 of the <u>ETSI Drafting Rules</u> (Verbal forms for the expression of provisions).

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8

Introduction

The present document is part of a set of standards developed by ETSI and is designed to fit in a modular structure to cover all radio equipment within the scope of the Directive 2014/53/EU [i.7]. Each standard is a module in the structure. The modular structure is shown in ETSI EG 201 399 [i.1].

The requirements have been selected to ensure an adequate level of compatibility with other radio services.

The present document may not cover those cases where a potential source of interference which is producing individually repeated transient phenomena or a continuous phenomenon is present, e.g. a radar or broadcast site in the near vicinity. In such a case it may be necessary to use special protection applied to either the source of interference, or the interfered part or both.

The present document does not contain any requirement, recommendation or information about the installation of the AES on aircraft.

The determination of the parameters of the AES using a given Geostationary Satellite Orbit (GSO) satellite for the protection of the spectrum allocated to that satellite, is considered to be under the responsibility of the satellite operator or the satellite network operators.

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1 Scope

The present document specifies certain minimum technical performance requirements of Aircraft Earth Station (AES) equipment with both transmit and receive capabilities for provision of aeronautical mobile satellite service, in the frequency bands given in table 1.

Table 1: Frequency bands for the AES equipment specified in the present document

Mode of Operation	Frequency Band
AES transmit	14,00 GHz to 14,50 GHz
AES transmit	12,75 GHz to 13,25 GHz
AES receive	10,70 GHz to 12,75 GHz

The AES has the following characteristics:

- These AESs are equipment for installation on aircraft.
- The AESs transmit in the 14,00 GHz to 14,50 GHz band receive within the range from 10,70 GHz to 12,75 GHz ("14 GHz"), referred to as "14 GHz AES" in the present document, are operating in one or more frequency ranges of the Fixed-Satellite Service and Mobile-Satellite Service.
- The AESs transmit in the 12,75 GHz to 13,25 GHz band receive within the range from 10,70 GHz to 12,75 GHz ("13 GHz"), referred to as "13 GHz AES" in the present document, are operating in one or more frequency ranges of the Fixed-Satellite Service.

NOTE 1: When the term "AES" used in the present document without stating 13 GHz AES or 14 GHz AES, it is a reference to both 14 GHz AES and 13 GHz AES.

- The AES could consist of a number of modules from the antenna subsystem to the user interfaces.
- The AES uses linear polarization. oSIST prEN 302 186 V2.2.0:2021
- The AES system uses digital modulation.

 The AES system uses digital modulation.

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- The 14 GHz AES operates through a GSO satellite at least 3° away from any other geostationary satellite operating in the same frequency band and covering the same area.
- The 13 GHz AES operates with a GSO satellite network whose frequency assignments are from the List of Appendix 30B of the Radio Regulations.
- The antenna of the AES is directional, with means of tracking the satellites, which can be achieved by using either an active phase array or reflective type configuration.
- These AESs are operating as part of a satellite network used for the distribution and/or exchange of information between users.
- These AESs are controlled and monitored by a Network Control Facility (NCF). The NCF is outside the scope of the present document.
- When on the ground, the 14 GHz AES does not transmit at elevation angles below 7° with respect to the local horizontal plane, except at locations where transmissions below 7° are permitted by the local Administration; (the minimum elevation angle is also limited as per clause 4.2).

The technical requirements in the present document are in two major categories:

- **emission limits:** to protect other radio services and systems from harmful interference generated by the AES in normal use;
- **AES Control and Monitoring Functions (CMFs):** to protect other radio services and systems from unwanted transmissions from the AES. The CMF in each AES is capable of answering to commands from the Network Control Facility (NCF) for its supporting satellite network.

The present document applies to the AESs with their ancillary equipment and its various ports, and when operated within the boundary limits of the operational environmental profile specified by the manufacturer.

The technical requirements for the 14 GHz AES in regard to the Power Flux Density (PFD) limits to protect Fixed Service (FS) and Radio Astronomy Service (RAS) are based on annexes B and C of Recommendation ITU-R M.1643 [5] and ECC Report 26 [i.4]. Furthermore, in relation to the protection of the Fixed Satellite Service (FSS) the technical requirements of the AES take into account annex A of Recommendation ITU-R M.1643 [5].

The technical requirements for the 13 GHz AES in regards to the PFD limits on earth for the protection of FS are based on the ECC Decision (19)04 [6].

The present document is intended to cover the provisions of Directive 2014/53/EU [i.7] (RE Directive) article 3.2, which states that "... radio equipment shall be so constructed that it both effectively and supports the use of radio spectrum allocated in order to avoid harmful interference".

NOTE 2: The relationship between the present document and essential requirements of article 3.2 of Directive 2014/53/EU [i.7] is given in annex A.

In addition to the present document, other ENs that specify technical requirements in respect of essential requirements of other parts of article 3 of the RE Directive [i.7] may apply to equipment within the scope of the present document.

NOTE 3: A list of such ENs is included on the web site at: https://ec.europa.eu/growth/single-market/european-standards/harmonised-standards/red_en.

The present document does not cover equipment compliance with relevant civil aviation regulations. In this respect, an AES, for its installation and operation on board an aircraft is subject to additional national or international civil aviation airworthiness certification requirements, for example to EUROCAE ED-14 [4].

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2 References (standards.iteh.ai)

2.1 Normative references referenc

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Referenced documents which are not found to be publicly available in the expected location might be found at https://docbox.etsi.org/Reference.

NOTE: While any hyperlinks included in this clause were valid at the time of publication, ETSI cannot guarantee their long term validity.

The following referenced documents are necessary for the application of the present document.

the following referenced documents are necessary for the application of the present document.		
[1]	Void.
[2]	CISPR 16-1-1:2019: "Specification for radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus and methods - Part 1-1: Radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus - Measuring apparatus".
[3]	IEEE STD 149 TM -1979: "IEEE Standard Test Procedures for Antennas".
[4]	EUROCAE ED-14 (2015) (Equivalent to RTCA DO-160D): "Environmental Conditions and Test Procedures for Airborne Equipment".
[5]	Recommendation ITU-R M.1643 (06-2003): "Technical and operational requirements for aircraft earth stations of aeronautical mobile-satellite service including those using fixed-satellite service network transponders in the band 14-14.5 GHz (Earth-to-space)".
[6]	CEPT ECC Decision (19)04 (03-2020): "The harmonised use of spectrum, free circulation and use of earth stations on-board aircraft operating with GSO FSS networks and NGSO FSS systems in the frequency bands 12.75-13.25 GHz (Earth-to-space) and 10.7-12.75 GHz (space-to-Earth)".

[7] ETSI ETS 300 457 (Edition 1) (11-1995): "Satellite Earth Stations and Systems (SES); Test methods for Television Receive Only (TVRO) operating in the 11/12 GHz frequency bands".

2.2 Informative references

References are either specific (identified by date of publication and/or edition number or version number) or non-specific. For specific references, only the cited version applies. For non-specific references, the latest version of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

NOTE: While any hyperlinks included in this clause were valid at the time of publication, ETSI cannot guarantee their long term validity.

The following referenced documents are not necessary for the application of the present document but they assist the user with regard to a particular subject area.

[i.1]	ETSI EG 201 399: "Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio spectrum Matters (ERM); A guide to the production of Harmonized Standards for application under the Radio & Telecommunication Terminal Equipment Directive 1999/5/EC (R&TTE) and a first guide on the impact of the Radio Equipment Directive 2014/53/EU (RED) on Harmonized Standards".
[i.2]	Commission Implementing Decision C(2015) 5376 final of 4.8.2015 on a standardisation request to the European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardisation and to the European Telecommunications Standards Institute as regards radio equipment in support of Directive 2014/53/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council.
[i.3]	Recommendation ITU-R S.524-9: "Maximum permissible levels of off-axis e.i.r.p. density from earth stations in geostationary-satellite orbit networks operating in the fixed-satellite service transmitting in the 6 GHz, 13 GHz, 14 GHz and 30 GHz frequency bands".
[i.4]	ECC Report 26 (02-2003): The compatibility & sharing of the aeronautical mobile satellite service with existing services in the band 14,00 to 14,50 GHz Molde".
[i.5]	ITU Radio Regulations 2020. https://standards.iteh.a/catalog/standards/sist/c613fdbf-55eb-41c3-ada4-
[i.6]	ISO 7137 (1995). Aircraft Environmental conditions and test procedures for airborne equipment".
[i.7]	Directive 2014/53/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 April 2014 on the harmonisation of the laws of the Member States relating to the making available on the market of radio equipment and repealing Directive 1999/5/EC (RE Directive).
[i.8]	Recommendation ITU-R S.728-1: "Maximum permissible level of off-axis e.i.r.p. density from very small aperture terminals (VSATs)".
[i.9]	ETSI EG 203 336 (V1.2.1): "Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio spectrum Matters (ERM); Guide for the selection of technical parameters for the production of Harmonised Standards covering article 3.1(b) and article 3.2 of Directive 2014/53/EU".

3 Definition of terms, symbols and abbreviations

3.1 Terms

For the purposes of the present document, the terms given in Directive 2014/53/EU [i.7] and the following apply:

Figure 1a: Void

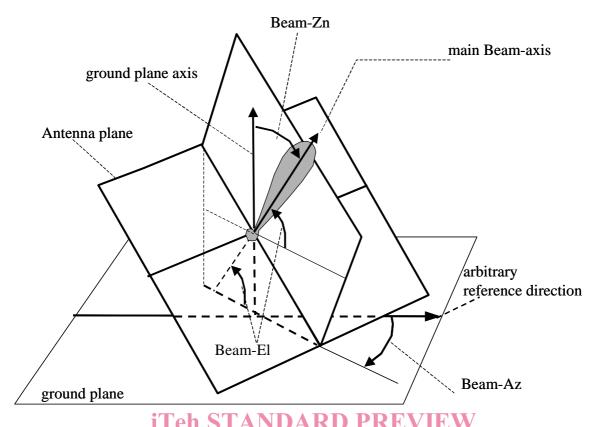


Figure 1b: Reference angles and planes for a passive (e.g. reflector) antenna (standards.iteh.ai)

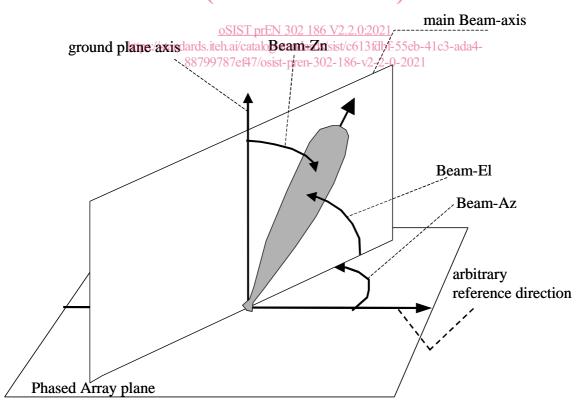


Figure 1c: Reference angles and planes for an active (e.g. phased array) antenna

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AMSS network: comprises the 14 GHz AESs, geostationary satellite, LES and NCF

ancillary equipment: equipment used in connection with an AES is considered as ancillary if the three following conditions are met:

- a) the equipment is intended for use in conjunction with the AES to provide additional operational and/or control features (e.g. to extend control to another position or location); and
- b) the equipment cannot be used on a stand alone basis, to provide user functions independently of the AES; and
- c) the absence of the equipment does not inhibit the operation of the AES.

antenna plane: for a passive antenna, plane orthogonal to the main beam axis direction. For a phased array antenna, the antenna plane is the phase array plane

NOTE: See figure 1b.

beam Az angle: angle between an arbitrary reference direction (specified by the manufacturer) within the ground plane and the orthogonal projection of the main beam axis within that plane

NOTE 1: See figures 1b and 1c.

NOTE 2: In case of a rectangular phased array antenna such reference direction may be taken, for example, as the direction parallel to the longer of the two sides.

NOTE 3: When the ground plane axis is vertical and the reference direction oriented towards the north or the south, then the beam Az angle is the main beam azimuth angle.

beam El angle: angle between the ground plane and the main beam axis

NOTE: See figures 1b and 1c.

beam Zn angle: angle between the ground plane axis and the antenna main beam axis

NOTE: See figures 1b and 1c. <u>oSIST prEN 302 186 V2.2.0:2021</u>

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/c613fdbf-55eb-41c3-ada4-

carrier-off state: state in which AES is when either it is authorized by the Network Control Facility (NCF) to transmit but when it does not transmit any signal, or when it is not authorized by the NCF to transmit

carrier-on state: state in which AES is when it is authorized by the NCF to transmit and when it transmits a signal

Control Channel (CC): channel or channels by which AES receive control information from the NCF of their network

NOTE: The CCs are not necessarily on separate RF channels from the RF channels carrying the user data streams.

EIRP_{max}: maximum EIRP capability of the AES operating to the GSO Satellite Network

environmental profile: range of environmental conditions

Externally Mounted Equipment (EME): those of the modules of the Installable Equipment (IE) which are intended to be mounted externally to the aircraft as stated by the manufacturer

FSS network: comprises the 13 GHz AESs, geostationary satellite, LES and NCF

ground plane: for a passive antenna, the plane over which the antenna is mounted

NOTE: This plane can be specified by the manufacturer. For a phased array antenna, the ground plane is the phase array plane (see figure 1b).

ground plane axis: direction orthogonal to the ground plane

NOTE: See figures 1b and 1c.

GSO Satellite Network: the GSO satellite network the AES is designed to operate with