INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

IEC 60730-1

Edition 3.2 2007-03

Edition 3:1999 consolidated with amendments 1:2003 and 2:2007

Automatic electrical controls for household and similar use

Part 1: General requirements

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INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

AUTOMATIC ELECTRICAL CONTROLS FOR HOUSEHOLD AND SIMILAR USE –

Part 1: General requirements

FOREWORD

- 1) The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is a worldwide organization for standardization comprising all national electrotechnical committees (IEC National Committees). The object of IEC is to promote international co-operation on all questions concerning standardization in the electrical and electronic fields. To this end and in addition to other activities, IEC publishes International Standards, Technical Specifications, Technical Reports, and Guides (hereafter referred to as "IEC Publication(s)"). Their preparation is entrusted to technical committees; any IEC National Committee interested in the subject dealt with may participate in this preparatory work. International, governmental and non-governmental organizations liaising with the IEC also participate in this preparation. IEC collaborates closely with the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) in accordance with conditions determined by agreement between the two organizations.
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 - 9) Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this IEC Publication may be the subject of patent rights. IEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

International Standard IEC 60730-1 has been prepared by IEC technical committee 72: Automatic controls for household use.

This consolidated version of IEC 60730-1 consists of the third edition (1999) [documents 72/416/FDIS and 72/417/RVD], its amendment 1 (2003) [documents 72/577/FDIS and 72/580/RVD] and its amendment 2 (2007) [documents 72/721/FDIS and 72/732/RVD].

The technical content is therefore identical to the base edition and its amendments and has been prepared for user convenience.

It bears the edition number 3.2.

A vertical line in the margin shows where the base publication has been modified by amendments 1 and 2.

In the development of a fully international standard to cover automatic controls for household and similar use, it has been necessary to take into consideration the differing requirements resulting from practical experience in various parts of the world and to recognize the variation in national electrical systems and wiring rules.

Annexes A, B, C, E, G, H, J, L, N, P, Q, T and U form an integral part of this standard.

Annexes D, F, K, M, R and S are for information only.

An alphabetical key-word index is added for information only.

The "in some countries" notes regarding differing national practices are contained in the following subclauses: 2.1.5 12.1.6 18.1.6.2 2.7.2 12.3 18.1.6 2.7.3 Table 13.2, note 14 18.4 19.2.4.1 2.14.2 13.3.4 4.2.1 14.1.1 19.2.5.1 20 6.6.1 Table 14.1 notes 1, 7 Table 7.2, note 9 21.1 14 4 7.4.3 15.1 21.4 27.2.3. 7.4.3.2 16.2.1 Annex C 8.1.1 17.1.3.1 Annex D 8.4 Table 17.2. 9.3.2 17.2.2 H.11.12.6 Table 17.2.2 9.3.4 H.26.10 Table H26.10.4 9.5.2 17.23 17.2.3.1 Table 10.1.4, note 1 H27.1.3 10.1.4.2 Table 17.2.3 H27.1.3 a) 17.5.1 Table H.27.1, note 7 10.1.4.3 10.1.14 17.6.2 Table K.1 https://dianal.iteh 17.7.7 Table K.25e61df10/iec-60730-1-1999 10.1.16.1 17.8.4.1 R.1 Table 10.2.1, note 1 17.10 T.3.2 11.5 17.10.4 11.8.2 17.12.5 11.11.1.2 17.14 11.11.1.3 18.1.6 11.11.1.4 18.1.6.1

It is envisaged that in the next edition of this standard it will be found possible to remove those differences that are covered by new IEC standards now being prepared by other technical committees.

This standard is in two parts:

Part 1: General requirements, comprising clauses of a general character for automatic electrical controls for use in, on, or with household and similar electrical appliances.

This part 1 is to be used in conjunction with the appropriate part 2 for a particular type of control, or for controls for particular applications. This part 1 may also be applied, so far as reasonable, to controls not mentioned in a part 2, and to controls designed on new principles, in which cases additional requirements may be considered to be necessary.

See also 4.3.5.2 and 4.3.5.3.

Part 2: Particular requirements, dealing with particular types of controls. The clauses of these particular requirements supplement or modify the corresponding clauses of part 1.

Where, for a particular clause or subclause, the text of part 2 indicates:

Addition – the part 1 text applies with the additional requirement indicated in a part 2;

Modification – the part 1 text applies with a minor change as indicated in a part 2;

Replacement - the part 2 text contains a change which replaces the part 1 text in its

entirety.

Where no change is necessary, the part 2 indicates that the relevant clause or subclause applies.

NOTE – In this standard the following print types are used:

- Requirements proper: in roman type.
- Test specifications: in italic type.
- Explanatory matter: in smaller roman type.

The committee has decided that the contents of the base publication and its amendments will remain unchanged until the maintenance result date indicated on the IEC web site under "http://webstore.iec.ch" in the data related to the specific publication. At this date, the publication will be

- reconfirmed.
- withdrawn,
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- · amended.

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AUTOMATIC ELECTRICAL CONTROLS FOR HOUSEHOLD AND SIMILAR USE –

Part 1: General requirements

1 Scope and normative references

- **1.1** In general, this standard applies to automatic electrical controls for use in, on, or in association with equipment for household and similar use, including controls for heating, air-conditioning and similar applications. The equipment may use electricity, gas, oil, solid fuel, solar thermal energy, etc., or a combination thereof.
- 1.1.1 This standard applies to the inherent safety; to the operating values, operating times, and operating sequences where such are associated with equipment safety; and to the testing of automatic electrical control devices used in, or in association with, household or similar equipment.

This standard is also applicable to controls for appliances within the scope of IEC 60335-1.

Throughout this standard the word "equipment" means "appliance and equipment."

This standard does not apply to automatic electrical controls intended exclusively for industrial applications unless explicitly mentioned in the relevant part 2.

This standard is also applicable to individual controls utilized as part of a control system or controls which are mechanically integral with multifunctional controls having non-electrical outputs.

Automatic electrical controls for equipment not intended for normal household use, but which nevertheless may be used by the public, such as equipment intended to be used by laymen in shops, in light industry and on farms, are within the scope of this standard.

See also annex 1.

This standard is also applicable to relays when used as controls for IEC 60335 appliances. Additional requirements for the safety and operating values of relays when used as controls for IEC 60335 appliances are contained in Annex U.

NOTE 1 These requirements are referred to by IEC 61810-1, Scope. 1)

NOTE 2 This standard is intended to be used for the testing of any stand-alone relay which is intended to be used as a control of an appliance according to IEC 60335-1. It is not intended to be used for any other stand-alone relay, or to replace the IEC 61810 series of standards.

1.1.2 This standard applies to automatic electrical controls, mechanically or electrically operated, responsive to or controlling such characteristics as temperature, pressure, passage of time, humidity, light, electrostatic effects, flow, or liquid level, current, voltage, acceleration, or combinations thereof.

¹⁾ IEC 61810-1, Electromechanical elementary relays - Part 1: General and safety requirements.

- **1.1.3** This standard applies to starting relays, which are a specific type of automatic electrical control, intended to switch the starting winding of a motor. Such controls may be built into, or be separate from, the motor.
- **1.1.4** This standard applies to manual controls when such are electrically and/or mechanically integral with automatic controls.

Requirements for manual switches not forming part of an automatic control are contained in IEC 61058-1.

- 1.2 This standard applies to controls with a rated voltage not exceeding 690 V and with a rated current not exceeding 63 A.
- 1.3 This standard does not take into account the response value of an automatic action of a control, if such a response value is dependent upon the method of mounting the control in the equipment. Where a response value is of significant purpose for the protection of the user, or surroundings, the value defined in the appropriate household equipment standard or as determined by the manufacturer shall apply.
- **1.4** This standard applies also to controls incorporating electronic devices, requirements for which are contained in annex H.

This standard applies also to controls using NTC of PTC thermistors, requirements for which are contained in annex J.

1.5 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 60038:1983, IEC standard voltages2

Amendment 1 (1,994)

Amendment 2 (1997)

IEC 60050(604):1987, International Electrotechnical Vocabulary (IEV) – Chapter 604: Generation, transmission and distribution of electricity – Operation

IEC 60065:2001, Audio, video and similar electronic apparatus - Safety requirements

IEC 60068-2-75 1997, Environmental testing – Part 2-75: Tests – Test Eh: Hammer tests

IEC 60085:1984, Thermal evaluation and classification of electrical insulation

IEC 60099-1:1991, Surge arresters – Part 1: Non-linear resistor type gapped arresters for a.c. systems³⁾

Amendment 1 (1999)

IEC 60112:2003, Method for determination of the proof and the comparative tracking indices of solid insulating materials

²⁾ There exists a consolidated edition 6.2 including IEC 60038:1983 and its Amendments 1 (1994) and 2 (1997).

³⁾ There exists a consolidated edition 3.1 including IEC 60099-1:1991 and its Amendment 1 (1999).

IEC 60127, Miniature fuses

IEC 60216-1:2001, Electrical insulating materials – Properties of thermal endurance – Part 1: Ageing procedures and evaluation of test results

IEC 60227, Polyvinyl chloride insulated cables of rated voltages up to and including 450/750 V

IEC 60245-1:2003, Rubber insulated cables – Rated voltages up to and including 450/750V – Part 1: General requirements

IEC 60249, Base materials for printed circuits

IEC 60269, Low-voltage fuses

IEC 60326, Printed boards

IEC 60326-3:1991, Printed boards - Part 3: Design and use of printed boards

IEC 60335-1:2001, Household and similar electrical appliances – Safety – Part 1: General requirements⁴⁾

Amendment 1 (2004)

Amendment 2 (2006)

IEC 60364 (all parts), Low-voltage electrical installations

IEC 60384-14, 2005, Fixed capacitors for use in electronic equipment – Part 14: Sectional specification: Fixed capacitors for electromagnetic suppression and connection to the supply mains

IEC 60384-16:1992, Fixed capacitors for use in electronic equipment – Part 16: Sectional specification – Fixed metal/fixed polypropylene film dielectric d.c. capacitors

IEC 60384-17:2005, Fixed capacitors for use in electronic equipment – Part 17: Sectional specification: Fixed metallized polypropylene film dielectric a.c. and pulse capacitors

IEC 60417, Graphical symbols for use on equipment IEC 60417, Graphical symbols for use on equipment

IEC 60423:1993, Conduits for electrical purposes – Outside diameters of conduits for electrical installations and threads for conduits and fittings

IEC 60529:1989, Degrees of protection provided by enclosures (IP code)⁵⁾
Amendment 1 (1999)

IEC 60539:1976, Directly heated negative temperature coefficient thermistors

IEC 60664-1:1992, Insulation coordination for equipment within low-voltage systems – Part 1: Principles, requirements and tests⁶⁾

Amendment 1 (2000)

Amendment 2 (2002)

IEC 60664-3:2003, Insulation coordination for equipment within low-voltage systems – Part 3: Use of coating, potting or moulding for protection against pollution

⁴⁾ There exists a consolidated edition 4.2 including IEC 60335-1:2001 and its Amendments 1 (2004) and 2 (2006).

⁵⁾ There exists a consolidated edition 2.1 including IEC 60529:1989 and its Amendment 1 (1999).

⁶⁾ There exists a consolidated edition 1.2 including IEC 60664-1:1992 and its Amendments 1 (2000) and 2 (2002).

IEC 60695-2-11:2000, Fire hazard testing - Part 2-11: Glowing/hot-wire based test methods -Glow-wire flammability test method for end-products

IEC 60695-11-10:1999, Fire hazard testing - Part 11-10: Test flames - 50 W horizontal and vertical flame test methods⁷) Amendment 1 (2003)

IEC 60738-1:1998, Thermistors – Directly heated positive step-function temperature coefficient – Part 1: Generic specification

IEC 60738-1-1:1998, Thermistors - Directly heated positive step-function temperature coefficient – Part 1-1: Blank detail specification – Current limiting application – Assessment level EZ

IEC 60998-2-2:2002, Connecting devices for low-voltage circuits for household and similar purposes - Part 2-2: Particular requirements for connecting devices as separate entities with screwless-type clamping units

IEC 61000 (all parts), Electromagnetic compatibility (ÉMC)

IEC 61000-3-2:2005, Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) / Part 3-2: Limits - Limits for harmonic current emissions (equipment input current ≤ 16 A per phase)

IEC 61000-3-3:1994, Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) - Part 3: Limits - Section 3: Limitation of voltage fluctuations and flicker in low-voltage supply systems for equipment with rated current ≤ 16 A

IEC 61000-4-2:1995, Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) - Part 4: Testing and measurement techniques - Section 2 Electrostatic discharge immunity test.8) Amendment 1 (1998)

Amendment 2 (2000)

IEC 61000-4-3:2006, Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) - Part 4-3: Testing measurement techniques - Radiated, radio-frequency, electromagnetic field immunity test

IEC 61000-4-4:2004 Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) - Part 4-4: Testing and measurement techniques - Electrical fast transient/burst immunity test.

IEC 61000-4-5:2005 Elegtromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part Testing and measurement techniques - Surge immunity test

IEC 61000-4-6:2003, Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) - Part 4-6, Testing measurement techniques - Immunity to conducted disturbances, induced by radio-frequency fields

IEC 61000-4-8:1993, Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) - Part 4: Testing and measurement techniques – Section 8 – Power frequency magnetic field immunity test. 9) Amendment 1 (2000)

IEC 61000-4-11:2004, Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) - Part 4-11: Testing and measuring techniques - Voltage dips, short interruptions and voltage variations immunity tests

⁷⁾ There exists a consolidated edition 1.1 including IEC 60695-11-10:1999 and its Amendment 1 (2003).

⁸⁾ There exists a consolidated edition 1.2 including IEC 61000-4-2:1995 and its Amendments 1 (1998) and 2 (2000).

⁹⁾ There exists a consolidated edition 1.1 including IEC 61000-4-8:1993 and its Amendment 1 (2000).

IEC 61000-4-28:1999, Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 4-28: Testing and measurements techniques – Variation of power frequency, immunity $test^{10}$) Amendment 1 (2001)

IEC 61058-1:2000, Switches for appliances – Part 1: General requirements

IEC 61140:2001, Protection against electric shock – Common aspects for installation and equipment

IEC 61210:1993, Connecting devices – Flat quick-connect terminations for electrical copper conductors – Safety requirements

IEC 61558-2-6:1997, Safety of power transformers, power supply units and similar – Part 2: Particular requirements for safety isolating transformers for general use. Group safety publication

IEC 61558-2-17:1997, Safety of power transformers, power supply units and similar — Part 2: Particular requirements for transformers for switch mode power supplies

CISPR 14-1:2005, Electromagnetic compatibility – Requirements for household appliances, electric tools and similar apparatus – Part 1: Emission

CISPR 22:1997, Information technology equipment – Radio disturbance characteristics – Limits and methods of measurement

2 Definitions

For the purpose of this Standard the following definitions apply. Where the terms "voltage" and "current" are used, they imply the r.m.s. values, unless otherwise specified.

2.1 Definitions relating to ratings, voltages, currents, frequencies, and wattages

2.1.1

rated voltage, current, frequency or wattage

voltage, current, frequency or wattage assigned to a control by the manufacturer. For three phase supply, the rated voltage is the line voltage

2.1.2

rated voltage, current, frequency or wattage range

voltage, current, trequency or wattage ranges assigned to the control by the manufacturer and expressed by lower and upper values

2.1.3

working voltage

the highest r.m.s. value of the a.c. or d.c. voltage across any particular insulation which can occur when the equipment is supplied at rated voltage

NOTE 1 - Transient overvoltages are disregarded.

NOTE 2 - Open-circuit conditions and normal operating conditions are taken into account.

¹⁰⁾ There exists a consolidated edition 1.1 including IEC 61000-4-28:1999 and its Amendment 1 (2001).

2.1.4

extra-low voltage (ELV)

nominal voltage not exceeding 50 V between conductors and between conductors and earth, or for three-phase connection not exceeding 50 V between line conductors and 29 V between line conductors and neutral

NOTE 1 These values were derived from IEC 60335-1, definition 3.4.1.

NOTE 2 In this standard ELV-levels for use in a specific application as specified in the relevant application standard may be declared for controls used in or with such applications for environmental conditions as specified by the application standard.

2.1.5

safety extra-low voltage (SELV)

nominal voltage for use in a SELV-system or PELV-system between conductors and between conductors and earth, not exceeding 42 V between conductors, or in the case of three-phase circuits, not exceeding 24 V between conductors and neutral, the no-load voltage of the circuit not exceeding 50 V and 29 V, respectively, and which when obtained from higher voltage is provided by a safety isolating transformer or a converter with separate windings providing equivalent insulation as stated in IEC 61558-2-6 and IEC 61558-2-17

The voltage limits are based on the assumption that the safety isolating transformer is supplied at its rated voltage.

NOTE In Canada and the USA, the limit for safety extra-low voltage is 30 V

Also see 2.1.20 SELV system and 2.1.21 PELV system.

2.1.6

safety isolating transformer

transformer, the input winding of which is electrically separated from the output winding by an insulation at least equivalent to double or reinforced insulation, and which is intended to supply safety extra-low voltage circuits

2.1.7

same polarity

relationship between live parts such that an interconnection between them allows a flow of current through a load, and which current is thus limited by the load

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2.1.8

Void

2.1.9

isolated limited secondary circuit

circuit from an isolated secondary winding of a transformer having a maximum capacity of 100 VA and an open-circuit secondary voltage rating not exceeding 1 000 V

2.1.10

pilot duty

class of operation in which the ultimate electrical load is controlled by an auxiliary means such as a relay or contactor

2.1.11

transient overvoltage

a short duration overvoltage of a few milliseconds or less, oscillatory or non-oscillatory, usually highly damped [IEV 604-03-13]

2.1.12

rated impulse voltage

an impulse withstand voltage assigned by the manufacturer to the equipment or to a part of it, characterizing the specified withstand capability of its insulation against overvoltages