



**SLOVENSKI STANDARD**  
**oSIST ISO 2469:2016**  
**01-maj-2016**

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**Papir, karton, lepenka in vlaknine - Merjenje faktorja razpršene odsevnosti**

Paper, board and pulps -- Measurement of diffuse radiance factor (diffuse reflectance factor)

Papier, carton et pâtes -- Mesurage du facteur de luminance énergétique diffuse (facteur de réflectance diffuse)

**Ta slovenski standard je istoveten z: ISO 2469:2014**

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**ICS:**

85.040	Vlaknine	Pulps
85.060	Papir, karton in lepenka	Paper and board

**oSIST ISO 2469:2016**

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**Paper, board and pulps —  
Measurement of diffuse radiance  
factor (diffuse reflectance factor)**

*Papier, carton et pâtes — Mesurage du facteur de luminance  
énergétique diffuse (facteur de réflectance diffuse)*

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**ISO 2469:2014(E)****Foreword**

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2. [www.iso.org/directives](http://www.iso.org/directives)

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received. [www.iso.org/patents](http://www.iso.org/patents)

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation on the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the WTO principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: Foreword - Supplementary information

The committee responsible for this document is ISO/TC 6, *Paper, board and pulps*.

This fifth edition cancels and replaces the fourth edition (ISO 2469:2007), which has been technically revised.

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## Introduction

The radiance factor depends on the conditions of measurement, particularly the spectral and geometric characteristics of the instrument used. The diffuse radiance factor as defined by this International Standard is determined using instruments having the characteristics given in [Annex A](#) and calibrated according to the procedure specified in [Annex B](#).

The diffuse radiance factor is the sum of the reflected radiance factor and the luminescent radiance factor, and the luminescent radiance factor of a luminescent (fluorescent) object is dependent on the spectral power distribution of the illumination. If adequately accurate measurements are to be carried out on fluorescent objects, the UV-content of the instrument illumination must therefore be adjusted to produce the same amount of fluorescence for a fluorescent reference standard as the selected CIE illuminant. The preparation of fluorescent reference standards to enable this adjustment to be made is described in [Annex C](#). The use of these fluorescent reference standards is described in detail in the International Standards describing the measurement of the properties of the materials containing fluorescent whitening agents.

The spectral diffuse radiance factor or the weighted diffuse radiance factor applicable to one or several specified wavelength bands is often used to characterize the properties of pulp, paper and board. Examples of diffuse radiance factors associated with specified wavelength bands are the ISO brightness (diffuse blue radiance factor) and the luminance factor.

The diffuse radiance factor or diffuse reflectance factor is also used as the basis for calculating optical properties, such as opacity, colour, whiteness and the Kubelka-Munk scattering and absorption coefficients. These various properties are described in detail in specific International Standards, and for all of these, ISO 2469 is the primary normative reference.

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# Paper, board and pulps — Measurement of diffuse radiance factor (diffuse reflectance factor)

## 1 Scope

This International Standard describes the general procedure for measuring the diffuse radiance factor of all types of pulp, paper and board. More particularly, it specifies in detail in [Annex A](#) the characteristics of the equipment to be used for such measurements, and in [Annex B](#) the procedures to be used for calibrating that equipment.

This International Standard may be used to measure the diffuse radiance factors and related properties of materials containing fluorescent whitening agents, provided that the UV-content of the instrument illumination has been adjusted to give the same level of fluorescence as a fluorescent reference standard for a selected CIE illuminant, in accordance with the specific International Standard describing the measurement of the property in question.

This International Standard describes in [Annex C](#) the preparation of fluorescent reference standards, although the procedures for using these standards are not included, since their use is described in detail in the specific International Standards describing the measurement of the properties of materials containing fluorescent whitening agents.

## 2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 4094, *Paper, board and pulps — International calibration of testing apparatus — Nomination and acceptance of standardizing and authorized laboratories*

ASTM E308-06, *Standard Practice for Computing the Colors of Objects by Using the CIE System*

## 3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

**NOTE** It is intended that these terms and definitions and their symbols be included in ISO/TR 10688, in order to have a single and common reference document for International Standards for measurement of optical properties of paper, board and pulps.

### 3.1 radiance factor

$\beta$

ratio of the radiance of a surface element of a body in the direction delimited by a given cone with its apex at the surface element to that of the perfect reflecting diffuser under the same conditions of illumination

Note 1 to entry: For luminescent (fluorescent) materials, the total radiance factor,  $\beta$ , is the sum of two portions, the reflected radiance factor,  $\beta_S$ , and the luminescent radiance factor,  $\beta_L$ , so that

$$\beta = \beta_S + \beta_L$$

For non-fluorescent materials, the reflected radiance factor,  $\beta_S$ , is numerically equal to the reflectance factor,  $R$ .

**ISO 2469:2014(E)****3.2  
diffuse radiance factor***R*

ratio of the radiation reflected and emitted from a body to that reflected from the perfect reflecting diffuser under the same conditions of diffuse illumination and normal detection

Note 1 to entry: The ratio is often expressed as a percentage.

Note 2 to entry: This International Standard prescribes diffuse illumination and normal detection in an instrument constructed and calibrated in accordance with the provisions of this standard. The term “diffuse radiance factor” is used here both for bidirectional and sphere geometries.

**3.3  
intrinsic diffuse radiance factor** $R_{\infty}$ 

diffuse radiance factor of a layer or pad of material thick enough to be opaque, i.e. such that increasing the thickness of the pad by doubling the number of sheets results in no change in the measured radiance factor

Note 1 to entry: The radiance factor of a single non-opaque sheet is dependent on the background and is not a material property.

**3.4  
reflectance factor**

ratio of the radiation reflected by a surface element of a body in the direction delimited by a given cone with its apex at the surface element to that reflected by the perfect reflecting diffuser under the same conditions of illumination

Note 1 to entry: The ratio is often expressed as a percentage.

Note 2 to entry: This term may be used only when it is known that the test material exhibits no luminescence (fluorescence).

**3.5  
diffuse reflectance factor***R*

ratio of the reflection from a body to that from the perfect reflecting diffuser under the same conditions of diffuse illumination and normal detection

Note 1 to entry: The ratio is often expressed as a percentage.

Note 2 to entry: This International Standard specifies diffuse illumination and normal detection in an instrument constructed and calibrated in accordance with the provisions of this standard.

**3.6  
intrinsic diffuse reflectance factor** $R_{\infty}$ 

diffuse reflectance factor of a layer or pad of material thick enough to be opaque, i.e. such that increasing the thickness of the pad by doubling the number of sheets results in no change in the measured reflectance factor

Note 1 to entry: The reflectance factor of a single non-opaque sheet is dependent on the background and is not a material property.

**3.7  
international reference standard of level 1****IR1**

perfect reflecting diffuser (see CIE publication 17.4, No 845.04.54), ideal spectrally uniform isotropic Lambertian diffuser with a reflectance equal to 1 at all wavelengths

Note 1 to entry: Reflectance is defined as the ratio of the reflected to the incident radiation, see [Annex E](#).