# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD 

## Ophthalmic optics - Spectacle frames Measuring system and terminology

Optique ophtalmique - Montures de lunettes - Système de mesure et terminologie

# iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai) 

Reference number ISO 8624:2011(E)

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## Foreword

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ISO 8624 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 172, Optics and photonics, Subcommittee SC 7, Ophthalmic optics and instruments.

This third edition cancels and replaces the second edition (ISO 8624:2002), which has been technically revised.

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## Ophthalmic optics - Spectacle frames - Measuring system and terminology

## 1 Scope

This International Standard specifies a measuring system for spectacle frames and related terminology. It is applicable to fronts which are intended to be symmetrical.

## 2 Terms, definitions and symbols

For the purposes of this document, the following terms, definitions and symbols apply. For complementary terms and definitions, see Annex A.

## 2.1 <br> boxed centre ${ }_{c}^{\text {doxed contre }}$ iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW

 intersection of the horizontal centreline (A.1) and vertical centreline (A.2) of the rectangular box which circumscribes the lens shape (A.10standalds.iten.ai)See Figure 1.
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## 2.2

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horizontal boxed lens size
horizontal lens size
a
distance between the vertical sides of the rectangular box which circumscribes the lens shape (A.10)
See Figure 1.
NOTE For spectacle frames having a significant face form angle (A.13), the horizontal boxed lens size shall be measured in the "plane" of the individual lens shape.

## 2.3 <br> vertical boxed lens size <br> vertical lens size <br> $b$

distance between the horizontal sides of the rectangular box which circumscribes the lens shape (A.10)
See Figure 1.

```
2.4
boxed centre distance
distance between centres
c
distance between the boxed centres (2.1)
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See Figure 1.

NOTE For spectacle frames having a significant face form angle (A.13), the boxed centre distance shall be measured between the boxed centres (2.1) marked on the back surfaces of lenses of appropriate base curve fitted to the frame. See Figure 4.

## 2.5 <br> distance between lenses <br> d

horizontal distance between the nasal vertical sides of the rectangular boxes which circumscribe the right and left lens shapes (A.10)

See Figure 1.
NOTE Former users of the obsolete datum system should note that this is the datum measurement "minimum between lenses".

## 2.6 overall length of side l

length from the intersection of the dowel screw's axis with the median plane of the joint to the end of the side and parallel to the centreline of it, the drop having been straightened

## See Figure 2.

NOTE For sides without a joint, the side should be held open at $\left(90_{-5}^{0}\right)^{\circ}$ to the front or to that part of the side that is intended to be attached to the front, and the length measurement is from the end of the side to the front less 10 mm . See Figure 3.

## 3 Measuring system

The measuring system for spectacle frames shall be in accordance with Figures 1 to 4, as defined in Clause 2.
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If codes are used in spectacle frame documentation, the symbols given for the terms defined in Clause 2 shall be employed.

The measuring system comprises several horizontal and vertical dimensions and reference points. The knowledge of these is necessary for the manufacturing, ordering and adjustment of spectacle frames as well as for the exact mounting of spectacle lenses into spectacle frames.

The measuring system is based on the boxed lens (boxing) system, which uses a rectangle tangential to the lens shape as the basis for the determination of the dimensions of the spectacle front. The upper tangent is common to both lens shapes and shall be regarded as horizontal, except in the case of spectacle frames having a significant face form angle, for which the line touching the uppermost edges of the right and left lens shapes shall be regarded as horizontal.


## Key

C boxed centre
a horizontal lens size
$b$ vertical lens size
$c$ boxed centre distance
d distance between lenses
Figure 1 TTheasurements related to spectacle frames-Spectacle fronts


## Key

1 axis of hinge or dowel screw axis
median plane of joint
centreline of side
length to bend (see Annex A)
5 length of drop (see Annex A)
$l$ overall length of side


Figure 2 - Measurements related to spectacle frames - Spectacle sides


Key
$l$ overall length of side
Figure 3-Meåsurement of overall length of side for sides without a joint (standac ${ }_{c}$ ds.iteln.ai)


Key
C boxed centre
c boxed centre distance

Figure 4 - Measurement of boxed centre distance in frame having significant face form angle

## Annex A

(informative)

## Complementary terms and definitions

Although the terms defined in this annex are not an integral part of the boxed lens system, they are frequently used in relation to lens shape or spectacle frames.

## A. 1

## horizontal centreline

line located at an equal distance from the two horizontal tangents of the boxed lens (boxing) system
See Figures A. 1 and A. 2 .

## A. 2 <br> vertical centreline

line located at an equal distance from the vertical sides of the rectangular box which circumscribes the lens shape (A.10)

See Figure A.1.

## A. 3 vertical symmetry axis iTReh STANDARD PRNVIEW <br> line located at equal distance from the nasal vertical sides of the rectangular boxes which circumscribe the right and left spectacle lens shapes (A.10)

See Figure A.1.
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A. 4

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bridge width line
reference line for bridge measurements positioned 5 mm below the horizontal centreline (A.1)
See Figures A. 1 and A.2.

## A. 5

## bridge width

minimum distance between the rims measured along the bridge width line (A.4)
See Figures A. 1 and A. 2 .
NOTE For spectacle frames with adjustable pads, bridge width applies to the rims, not the pads; for rimless spectacles, it applies to the minimum distance between the nasal edges of the spectacle lenses measured along the bridge width line.

## A. 6

## bridge height

distance from the bridge width line (A.4) to the lower edge of the bridge, measured along the vertical symmetry axis (A.3)

See Figure A. 1.

## A. 7 <br> length to bend

length from the intersection of the dowel axis with the median plane of the joint to the intersection point of the axis of the tip and side, measured along the axis of the side

