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Ophthalmic instruments — Trial case lenses

Instruments ophtalmiques — Verres de boîte d'essai

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO 9801 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 172, *Optics and photonics*, Subcommittee SC 7, *Ophthalmic optics and instruments*.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 9801:1997), which has undergone a minor revision to update normative references and to include a second standard diameter (see 4.3.2).

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Ophthalmic instruments — Trial case lenses

1 Scope

This International Standard specifies requirements for mounted ophthalmic full and/or reduced aperture trial case lenses for the determination of the refractive error of the eye.

This International Standard takes priority over ISO 15004-1, if differences exist.

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 7944, Optics and optical instruments — Reference wavelengths

ISO 13666, Ophthalmic optics — Spectacle lenses — Vocabulary

ISO 15004-1:2006, Ophthalmic instruments — Fundamental requirements and test methods — Part 1: General requirements applicable to all ophthalmic instruments

3 Terms and definitions

ISO 9801:2009

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO 13666 and the following apply.

3.1

trial case lens

lens, in a mount, used to assess the refractive error of the human eye

3.2

full-aperture trial case lens

trial case lens with a protective mount of maximal practical wall thickness of approximately 1 mm, allowing the maximum available free lens aperture

3.3

reduced-aperture trial case lens

trial case lens with the designated free lens aperture significantly less than the mount outer diameter, allowing for considerable reductions in lens thicknesses to be made

3.4

additive power trial case lens set

train of spherical, cylindrical or spherocylindrical combination of trial case lenses, in which the measured backvertex power at the last surface equals the meridional sums of the labelled values of the train lenses when each element is placed in its specified frame cell

NOTE See ISO 12867.

3.5

lens power

 $\langle spherical \ lens \rangle \ back-vertex \ power, \ expressed \ in \ dioptres \ (D)$

3.6

lens power

(cylindrical lens) back-vertex power in the principal meridian not equal to zero, expressed in dioptres (D)

NOTE Cylindrical trial case lenses have one principal meridian with zero power.

3.7

prismatic power

 $\langle prismatic lens, prism \rangle$ prismatic effect, measured as the displacement, in centimetres, of the light ray in a plane perpendicular to its line of incidence on the lens at a distance of 1 m

NOTE 1 Prismatic power is expressed in prism dioptres (Δ).

NOTE 2 The prism base is marked by a line or triangle on the mount (see Clause 6). The position of the prism base is indicated according to ISO 8429.

4 Requirements

4.1 General

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The trial case lenses shall conform to the requirements specified in ISO 15004-1. Conformity to the requirements specified in 4.2, 4.3 and 4.4 shall be verified as described in Clause 5.

4.2 Optical requirements

The trial case lenses shall conform to the requirements specified in Tables 1 to 6. Conformity to these requirements shall be verified as described in 5.2.

The dioptric powers indicated in Tables 1 to 4 shall be referenced to the wavelength $\lambda = 546,07$ nm or alternatively $\lambda = 587,56$ nm, in accordance with ISO 7944.

If the requirements are not met for both wavelengths, the reference wavelength used shall be indicated.

The requirements for lenses with nominal zero power (plano) are given in Table 1.

	Tolerance on				
Nominal lens power	mean power	residual astigmatism	prismatic power		
	$\frac{S_1 + S_2}{2}$	$\left S_{1}-S_{2}\right $			
D	D	D	Δ		
0	±0,03	0,03	0,06		
NOTE S_1 and S_2 refer to the vertex powers in the principal meridians.					

Table 1 — Tolerances on lenses with zero power