# ETSI EN 303 345-2 V1.1.1 (2020-02)



Broadcast Sound Receivers;
Part 2: AM broadcast sound service;
Harmonised Standard for access to radio spectrum

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### Reference

#### DEN/ERM-TG17-152

#### Keywords

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# **Foreword**

This Harmonised European Standard (EN) has been produced by ETSI Technical Committee Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio spectrum Matters (ERM).

The present document has been prepared under the Commission's standardisation request C(2015) 5376 final [i.2] to provide one voluntary means of conforming to the essential requirements of Directive 2014/53/EU on the harmonisation of the laws of the Member States relating to the making available on the market of radio equipment and repealing Directive 1999/5/EC [i.1].

Once the present document is cited in the Official Journal of the European Union under that Directive, compliance with the normative clauses of the present document given in table A.1 confers, within the limits of the scope of the present document, a presumption of conformity with the corresponding essential requirements of that Directive, and associated EFTA regulations.

The present document is part 2 of a multi-part deliverable. Full details of the entire series can be found in part 1 [1].

The present document has a number of test data files that are contained in archive en\_30334501v010101p0.zip which accompanies ETSI EN 303 345-1 [1].

National transposition dates	
Date of adoption of this EN:	3 February 2020
Date of latest announcement of this EN (doa):	31 May 2020
Date of latest publication of new National Standard or endorsement of this EN (dop/e):	30 November 2020
Date of withdrawal of any conflicting National Standard (dow):	30 November 2021

# Modal verbs terminology

In the present document "shall", "shall not", "should", "should not", "may", "need not", "will", "will not", "can" and "cannot" are to be interpreted as described in clause 3.2 of the <u>ETSI Drafting Rules</u> (Verbal forms for the expression of provisions).

"must" and "must not" are NOT allowed in ETSI deliverables except when used in direct citation.

## Introduction

The present document provides the necessary limits and conformance requirements for radio receivers to meet the essential requirements of article 3.2 of Directive 2014/53/EU [i.1] for the AM sound broadcast service and is used with reference to ETSI EN 303 345-1 [1], which describes the generic requirements and test methods.

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# 1 Scope

The present document specifies the test signal configuration and the limits for sensitivity, selectivity and blocking for devices that receive AM broadcast sound services.

NOTE: The relationship between the present document and essential requirements of article 3.2 of Directive 2014/53/EU [i.1] is given in annex A.

### 2 References

### 2.1 Normative references

References are specific, identified by date of publication and/or edition number or version number. Only the cited version applies.

Referenced documents which are not found to be publicly available in the expected location might be found at <a href="https://docbox.etsi.org/Reference/">https://docbox.etsi.org/Reference/</a>.

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The following referenced documents are necessary for the application of the present document.

- [1] ETSI EN 303 345-1 (V1.1.1) (06-2019): "Broadcast Sound Receivers; Part 1: Generic requirements and measuring methods".
- [2] Recommendation ITU-R BS 468-4 (07/1986): "Measurement of audio-frequency noise voltage level in sound broadcasting".
- [3] Recommendation ITU-R BS.559-2 (06/1990): "Objective measurement of radio-frequency protection ratios in LF, MF and HF broadcasting".

# 2.2 Informative references

References are either specific (identified by date of publication and/or edition number or version number) or non-specific. For specific references, only the cited version applies. For non-specific references, the latest version of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

NOTE: While any hyperlinks included in this clause were valid at the time of publication, ETSI cannot guarantee their long term validity.

The following referenced documents are not necessary for the application of the present document but they assist the user with regard to a particular subject area.

- [i.1] Directive 2014/53/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 April 2014 on the harmonisation of the laws of the Member States relating to the making available on the market of radio equipment and repealing Directive 1999/5/EC.
- [i.2] Commission Implementing Decision C(2015) 5376 final of 4.8.2015 on a standardisation request to the European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardisation and to the European Telecommunications Standards Institute as regards radio equipment in support of Directive 2014/53/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council.
- [i.3] ETSI TR 100 028 (all parts) (V1.4.1): "Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio spectrum Matters (ERM); Uncertainties in the measurement of mobile radio equipment characteristics".
- [i.4] ETSI TR 100 028-2 (V1.4.1): "Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio spectrum Matters (ERM); Uncertainties in the measurement of mobile radio equipment characteristics; Part 2".

[i.5]	Recommendation ITU-R BS.1615-1: "Planning parameters for digital sound broadcasting at frequencies below 30 MHz".
[i.6]	AES17: "AES standard method for digital audio engineering - Measurement of digital audio equipment".
[i.7]	ETSI EG 203 336 (V1.1.1) (08-2015): "Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio spectrum Matters (ERM); Guide for the selection of technical parameters for the production of Harmonised Standards covering article 3.1(b) and article 3.2 of Directive 2014/53/EU".
[i.8]	ITU GE75: "Final Acts of the Regional Administrative LF/MF Broadcasting Conference (Regions 1 and 3)".
[i.9]	Recommendation ITU-R BS.560-4 (10/1997): "Radio-frequency protection ratios in LF, MF and HF broadcasting".
[i.10]	Recommendation ITU-R SM.332-4 (07/1978): "Selectivity of Receivers".
[i.11]	CENELEC EN 55032:2015: "Electromagnetic compatibility of multimedia equipment - Emission Requirements".

#### 3 Definition of terms, symbols and abbreviations

#### **Terms** 3.1

For the purposes of the present document, the terms given in Directive 2014/53/EU [i.1] and the following apply:

built-in antenna: antenna that cannot be detached from the equipment

crest factor: peak to rms voltage ratio

crest factor: peak to rms voltage ratio external antenna: antenna designed to be connected to the equipment with the use of a 50  $\Omega$  or 75  $\Omega$  external connector

integral antenna: antenna which is detachable from the equipment without the use of any tools, and not using a 50  $\Omega$ or 75  $\Omega$  external connector

A device that uses a supplied earphone as the antenna has an integral antenna.

#### 3.2 **Symbols**

For the purposes of the present document, the following symbols apply:

**dBFS:** decibels relative to Full Scale in accordance with AES17 [i.6]

dBm: decibels relative to 1 mW of power

dBQ: audio decibels after Recommendation ITU-R BS.468-4 [2] noise weighting and a quasi-peak detector have been applied

 $dB\mu V/m$ : decibels relative to 1  $\mu V/m$ 

### 3.3 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the following abbreviations apply:

ACS Adjacent Channel Selectivity
ADC Analogue to Digital Converter
AM Amplitude Modulation

BS Broadcast Sound BW BandWidth

DDC Direct Digital Conversion
EFTA European Free Trade Association
EMCD ElectroMagnetic Compatibility Directive

EU European Union
HF High Frequency
IQ In-phase and Quadrature

ITU-R International Telecommunications Union - Radiocommunications sector

LF Low Frequency
LO Local Oscillator
MF Medium Frequency

NZIF Near-Zero Intermediate Frequency

PC Personal Computer

RED Radio Equipment Directive

RF Radio Frequency
RMS Root Mean Square
SNR Signal to Noise Ratio
USB Universal Serial Bus

# 4 Technical requirements specifications

# 4.1 Test signal configurations

The generated AM signals (wanted, unwanted and blocking) shall be in accordance with table 1. The configuration is based on Recommendation ITU-R BS.1615-1 [i.5].

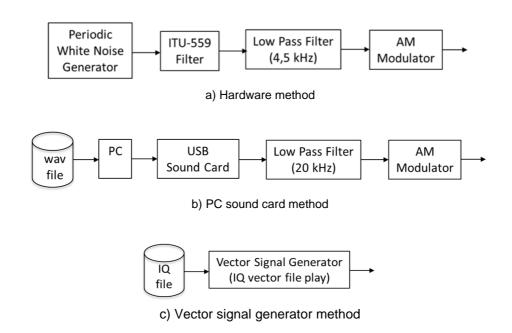
Table 1: AM configuration

Parameter	High W.	AM signals	
Parameter	Wanted	Unwanted	Blocking
Audio modulation	1 kHz tone	Weighted noise Recommendation ITU-R BS.559-2 [3], clause 1, band-limited to 4,5 kHz (see note 1)	1 kHz tone
Other modulation parameters	40 % depth	22,8 % RMS depth (see note 2)	80 % depth

NOTE 1: The filter shall have a cut-off frequency of 4,5 kHz and a minimum roll-off of 60 dB/octave.

NOTE 2: This is equivalent to a quasi-peak modulation depth of 50 %. The demodulated audio level will have the same quasi-peak value as that of a carrier with 50 % AM modulation depth modulated with a 1 kHz sinusoid.

The means of generating the noise modulation for the "unwanted" signal is shown in figure 1.



NOTE: In a), the low pass filter has a cut-off frequency of 4,5 kHz and a minimum roll-off of 60 dB/octave; in b), the low pass filter has a cut-off frequency of 20 kHz and a minimum roll-off of 40 dB/octave.

Figure 1: Example arrangements for generating the unwanted signal

Waveform files to produce the signals using either the PC sound card method or the vector signal generator method are contained in archive en\_30334501v010101p0.zip which accompanies ETSI EN 303 345-1 [1]. For further details see annex B.

## 4.2 Sensitivity

### 4.2.1 Definition

The receiver sensitivity is the minimum wanted signal level required to provide a given level of audio quality.

### 4.2.2 Limits

The limits for sensitivity specified in table 2 shall apply. Each figure quoted is the required level of wanted signal which provides a given level of audio quality. The audio impairment criterion relevant for these tests is that the audio  $SNR \ge 22 \ dBQ \ ref \ 40 \ \% \ AM$ .

Table 2: AM sensitivity requirements

De-modulation	Tuned frequency band	Wanted signal centre frequency (MHz) (see note)	Required s Conducted (dBm)	sensitivity limit Radiated (dBµV/m)
AM	LF	0,216	-65	74
	MF	0,999	-65	66
	HF	9.650	-65	60

NOTE: If the receiver cannot be tuned to 9,650 MHz, the wanted signal centre frequency shall be set to the closest alternate from the following list: 3,980 MHz, 6,050 MHz, 7,330 MHz, 11,850 MHz, 13,720 MHz, 15,450 MHz, 17,690 MHz, 18,960 MHz, 21,650 MHz, 25,890 MHz.