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Assembly tools for screws and nuts — Driving parts for hand-operated square drive socket wrenches — Dimensions and tests

Outils de manœuvre pour vis et écrous — Pièces de commande pour douilles à main à carré conducteur — Dimensions et essais **iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW**

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

ISO 3315 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 29, *Small tools*, Subcommittee SC 10, *Assembly tools for screws and nuts, pliers and nippers*.

This fourth edition cancels and replaces the third edition (ISO 3315:1996), which has been technically revised.

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Assembly tools for screws and nuts — Driving parts for handoperated square drive socket wrenches — Dimensions and tests

1 Scope

This International Standard is applicable to the driving parts of hand-operated square drive socket wrenches identified in ISO 1703 under designations 6100040, 6100060, 6100061, 6100090, 6100100, 6100101, 6100011, 6100011, 6100030, 6100050 and 6100051.

NOTE These designations correspond to the former (old) designation numbers 253, 255, 256, 257, 251, 252 and 254.

It specifies

- a) the overall dimensions,
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- b) the minimum Rockwell hardness value for their squares, (standards.iteh.ai)
- c) the method of torque testing,
- d) the minimum torsional strength values log/standards/sist/749bccbb-2a5a-4f47-a1d0-
- b2bf8c233b92/iso-3315-2011
- e) the method endurance of testing for ratchet handles,
- f) designation, and
- g) marking.

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 1174-1, Assembly tools for screws and nuts — Driving squares — Part 1: Driving squares for hand socket tools

3 Dimensions

The overall dimensions are given in Table 1.

Tool	Description and designation according to	Nominal dimension of square drive		Dimer	suoist		Torque ^b M _{min}
	ISO 1703 ^a	mm		E	Ē		N·M
			d_{max}	l1,min	<i>l</i> 1,max	l _{2,max}	
	:	6,3	14	100	160	24	55
	T-handle (square drive)	10	23	150	250	35	180
	6 1 00 04 0	ttps:	27	220	320	50	455
		02 //stan	о ⁴ 0	430	510	62	1 255
		22 dard	1 52	500	760	80	2 236
		(Sta s.iteh.ai b	ST.	l1,max	l ² ,min	l _{2,max}	
27	Speeder (brace type)	and <u><u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u> (catalo 2bf8c2</u></u>	30	420	60	115	24
	6 1 00 06 0 6 1 00 06 1	S(2 33) g/standa 233b92,	DA 94	470	20	125	62
4		15.11 15 2 01 ards/sist /iso-33	^{os} RD	510	85	145	199
		(eh /749b 5-20	dmax	l1,min	<i>l</i> 1,max	l _{2,max}	
	Datchot handlo	.ai ccbb	32 5	110	150	27	62
		.) _2 -2a5a	35	140	220	36	202
		\$ 7 1-4	50	230	300	45	512
		0 7 7-a1	20	430	630	62	1 412

Table 1 — Overall dimensions

		-	,				
Tool	Description and designation according to	Nominal dimension of square drive		Dimen	sions		Torque ^b M ^{min}
	ISO 1703 ^a	mm		m	n		N·m
		ł	d_{\max}	$l_{1,min}$	l1,max	l _{2,max}	
		က္ ဖ်ာ nttps:	25	110	150	27	62
	Ratchet handle	0 P//star	32 Te	140	220	36	202
	(ievelsiue) 6 1 00 10 0	ی ک dard	20 h	230	300	45	512
	6 1 00 10 1	(S OZ Is.itel	04 S]	430	630	62	1 412
4		sta sc n.ai/c b2	06 Г А	500	006	80	2515
		nc E atalo bf8c2	N	Ĩ	۶		N·m
	Screwdriver	SO 33 g/standa 33b92/		.5	l _{1,n}	lax	
	(external square) 6 1 00 01 0	15.201 ards/sis ⁻ iso-33	RD	0	16	5	10
	6 1 00 01 1	teh. <u>1</u>	b b b b b b b b b c b c c c c c c c c c c	0	19	0	34
		ai) cbb-2	E	l _{1,m}	lax		
		e 9 2a5a	VI	16	5		62
	Nut spinner (flex head)	0 -4f47	E	27	0		202
~	6 1 00 03 0	ي ۲۵ ۲۵-а1	W	49	0		512
		50 -0 <u>1</u>		60	0		1 412
		25		85	0		2515

	Torque ^b M ^{min}	N·M		62	202	512	1 412		
	ions		l _{2,max}	35	45	60	120		
Table 1 (continued)	Dimens	mm	l1,max	110	210	250	200 9 1	the following coefficients:	
	Nominal dimension of square drive	mm		6,3	10 10	ttps:/	02 //stan	is is hai/catalog/stardards/sist/749bccbb-2a5a-4f47-a1d	10-
	Description and designation according to	130 1/ 03-		Offset handle	6 1 00 05 0	6 1 00 05 1		iving part is shown in l values from series E o	
	Tool			J Zy			v.	 The abbreviated description for use in the designation of a dr Torque values, <i>M</i>, have been calculated using the maximum T-handle: 0,8; speeder: 0,35; ratchet handle, nut spinner, offset handle: 0,9; screwdriver: 0,15. 	

4 Driving squares

Driving squares shall be in accordance with ISO 1174-1, and shall have a minimum hardness of 39 HRC.

5 Torque testing

5.1 Method

Place the tool in a female test square and apply the corresponding torque.

Do not jerk or strike the tool when testing and apply the load gradually until the minimum testing torque (see Table 1) is reached.

The across-flats dimension of the female test square shall be equal to the minimum dimension of the corresponding female square (see ISO 1174-1) with a tolerance of H8; the female test square shall be hardened to not less than 55 HRC.

A device in which the female test square can be rotated at a certain torque, determined to an accuracy of $\pm 2,5$ %, may also be used for this test.

Following the application of the minimum test torsion torque, any possible damage or deformation shall not affect the usability of the tool.

5.2 Special requirements STANDARD PREVIEW

5.2.1 Test of T-handle, square drive

Draw out the handle completely at one end and apply the load to the end furthest from the test square.

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5.2.2 Test of speeder, brace type b2bf8c233b92/iso-3315-2011

Apply the load in the middle of the part on which the operator's hand normally rests.

5.2.3 Test of ratchet handle and ratchet handle, reversible

Apply the load as close as possible to the end of the handle.

For tools having a reversible ratchet, the test shall be carried out in both directions.

5.2.4 Test of screwdriver, external square

An appropriate appliance shall allow the load to be applied to the screwdriver without clamping the screwdriver on the rod, which can alter the test result.

5.2.5 Test of nut spinner, flex head

Apply the load as close as possible to the end of the handle, which is placed at right angles to the axis of the square.

5.2.6 Test of offset handle, square drive

Apply the load as close as possible to the end of the handle.