INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

Third edition 2010-11-15

Continuously hot-dipped coated steel sheet products — Dimensional and shape tolerances

Tôles en acier revêtues en continu par immersion à chaud — Tolérances sur dimensions et forme

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<u>ISO 16163:2010</u> https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/9b8e1815-b2e7-4b45-af90-8378f9f1292d/iso-16163-2010



Reference number ISO 16163:2010(E)

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Published in Switzerland

Foreword

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International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO 16163 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 17, *Steel*, Subcommittee SC 12, *Continuous mill flat rolled products*.

This third edition cancels and replaces the second edition (ISO 16163:2005), which has been technically revised. (standards.iteh.ai)

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Continuously hot-dipped coated steel sheet products — Dimensional and shape tolerances

1 Scope

This International Standard applies to dimensional and shape tolerances for all continuously hot-dipped coated steel sheet products.

2 Dimensional tolerances

Dimensional tolerances are given in Tables 1 to 11.

	(standards itch ai) Dimensions and tolerances in millimetres										
Specified		Thickness tolerances ^{ab} ISO 1 for specified thicknesses ^c									
width	≤ 0,4	htt ⊳s0/4tan ≼ 0,6		ai/cst 0;8 g/st 837\$\$ 19,0 29				45≫1 2)0 - ≼ 2,5	> 2,5 ≼ 3,0	> 3,0 ≼ 4,0	> 4,0 ≼ 5,0
600 ≼ 1 200	±0,05	±0,06	±0,08	±0,09	±0,10	±0,12	±0,18	±0,19	±0,21	±0,23	±0,25
> 1 200 ≼ 1 500	±0,06	±0,07	±0,09	±0,10	±0,11	±0,13	±0,20	±0,22	±0,23	±0,25	±0,27
> 1 500 ≼ 1 800	_	±0,09	±0,10	±0,11	±0,13	±0,15	±0,22	±0,24	±0,25	±0,27	±0,29
NOTE 1 Thicknesses up to 1,6 mm are generally produced with a cold-rolled substrate. NOTE 2 When International Standards that reference this standard permit slitting sheet to less than 600 mm in width to be considered as sheet, tolerances shall be subject to agreement.											
the tolerances	s shall be d	ouble those	given over	0	15 m in the	e vicinity of	the weld.				
b Given th	e difference	e in toleran	ces and ph	nysical prop	erties of ho	ot-rolled and	d cold-rolle	d sheet pro	ducts, the	user and th	e supplier

may negotiate a specific type of substrate. The relationship between the coating mass, in grams per square metre, and the thickness, in

Table 1 — Normal thickness tolerances for commercial, drawing, drawing aluminum-killed and extra-deep-drawing (stabilized interstitial-free) quality coils and cut lengths

micrometres, can be retrieved from the respective standards.

Thickness is measured at any point on the sheet not less than 25 mm from a side edge.

Table 2 — Normal thickness tolerances for structural-quality coils and cut lengths

Dimensions and tolerances in millimetres

Specified	Thickness tolerances ^{abc} for specified thicknesses ^{de}										
width	≼ 0,4	> 0,4 ≼ 0,6	> 0,6 ≼ 0,8	> 0,8 ≼ 1,0	> 1,0 ≼ 1,2	> 1,2 ≼ 1,6	> 1,6 ≼ 2,0	> 2,0 ≼ 2,5	> 2,5 ≼ 3,0	> 3,0 ≼ 4,0	> 4,0 ≤ 5,0
600 ≼ 1 200	±0,06	±0,07	±0,09	±0,10	±0,11	±0,13	±0,18	±0,19	±0,21	±0,23	±0,25
> 1 200 ≼ 1 500	±0,07	±0,08	±0,10	±0,11	±0,12	±0,14	±0,20	±0,22	±0,23	±0,25	±0,27
> 1 500 ≼ 1 800	_	±0,10	±0,11	±0,12	±0,14	±0,16	±0,22	±0,24	±0,25	±0,27	±0,29

NOTE 1 Thicknesses up to 1,6 mm are generally produced with a cold-rolled substrate.

NOTE 2 When International Standards that reference this standard permit slitting sheet to less than 600 mm in width to be considered as sheet, tolerances shall be subject to agreement.

^a Thickness tolerances for sheet in coil form are the same as for sheets supplied in cut lengths but, in cases where welds are present, the tolerances shall be double those given over a length of 15 m in the vicinity of the weld.

^b For specified strength levels of R_e = 360 MPa and greater, increase the thickness tolerances by 10 %, by applying normal rounding-off procedures.

^c Tolerances for grade 550 shall be as agreed upon between the purchaser and the manufacturer.

^d Given the difference in tolerances and physical properties of hot-roled and cold-roled sheet products, the user and the supplier may negotiate a specific type of substrate. The relationship between the coating mass, in grams per square metre, and the thickness, in micrometres, can be retrieved from the respective standards.

e Thickness is measured at any point on the sheet not less than 25 mm from a side edge.

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Table 3 — Restricted thickness tolerances for commercial, drawing, drawing aluminum-killed, extra-deep-drawing (stabilized interstitial-free) and structural-quality coils and cut lengths — Hot-rolled substrate

Dimensions and tolerances in millimetres

Specified width	Thickness tolerances ^{abc} for specified thicknesses ^{de}							
	≤ 2,0	$>$ 2,0 \leqslant 2,5	$>2,5\leqslant3,0$	$>$ 3,0 \leqslant 4,0	$>$ 4,0 \leqslant 5,0			
600 ≼ 1 200	±0,14	±0,15	±0,16	±0,18	±0,20			
$> 1\ 200 \leqslant 1\ 500$	±0,15	±0,16	±0,18	±0,19	±0,22			
$> 1\ 500 \leqslant 1\ 800$	±0,15	±0,18	±0,20	±0,22	±0,23			

NOTE 1 Thicknesses up to 1,6 mm are generally produced with a cold-rolled substrate.

NOTE 2 When International Standards that reference this standard permit slitting sheet to less than 600 mm in width to be considered as sheet, tolerances shall be subject to agreement.

^a Thickness tolerances for sheet in coil form are the same as for sheets supplied in cut lengths but, in cases where welds are present, the tolerances shall be double those given over a length of 15 m in the vicinity of the weld.

^b For specified strength levels of R_e = 360 MPa and greater, tolerances are increased by 10 %, applying normal rounding-off procedures.

^c Tolerances for grade 550 shall be as agreed upon between the purchaser and the manufacturer.

^d Thickness is measured at any point on the sheet not less than 25 mm from a side edge

^e The relationship between the coating mass, in grams per square metre, and the thickness, in micrometres, can be retrieved from the respective standards.

Table 4 — Restricted thickness tolerances for commercial, drawing, drawing aluminum-killed, extra-deep-drawing (stabilized interstitial-free) and structural-quality coils and cut lengths — Cold-rolled substrate

Dimensions and tolerances in m	nillimetres
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Specified width		Thickness tolerances ^{abc} for specified thicknesses ^{de}								
mm	≤ 0,4	> 0,4 ≼ 0,6	> 0,6 ≼ 0,8	> 0,8 ≼ 1,0	> 1,0 ≼ 1,2	> 1,2 ≼ 1,6	> 1,6 ≼ 2,0	> 2,0 ≼2,5	> 2,5 ≼ 3,0	> 3,0 ≼ 4,0
600 ≼ 1 200	±0,035	±0,045	±0,05	±0,055	±0,065	±0,08	±0,09	±0,11	±0,12	±0,13
> 1 200 ≼ 1 500	±0,045	±0,055	±0,06	±0,07	±0,08	±0,09	±0,10	±0,12	±0,13	±0,14
> 1 500 ≼ 1 800	_	±0,06	±0,07	±0,07	±0,08	±0,09	±0,10	±0,12	±0,13	±0,14

NOTE 1 Thicknesses up to 1,6 mm are generally produced with a cold-rolled substrate.

NOTE 2 When International Standards that reference this standard permit slitting sheet to less than 600 mm in width to be considered as sheet, tolerances shall be subject to agreement.

^a Thickness tolerances for sheet in coil form are the same as for sheets supplied in cut lengths but, in cases where welds are present, the tolerances shall be double those given over a length of 15 m in the vicinity of the weld.

^b For specified strength levels of R_e = 360 MPa and greater, tolerances are increased by 10 %, applying normal rounding-off procedures.

^c Tolerances for grade 550 shall be as agreed upon between the purchaser and the manufacturer.

^d Thickness is measured at any point on the sheet not less than 25 mm from a side edge.

^e The relationship between the coating mass, in grans bet square metre, and the thickness, in micrometres, can be retrieved from the respective standards.<u>https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/9b8e1815-b2e7-4b45-af90-</u>

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Table 5 — Width tolerances for coils and cut lengths, not resquared

Dimensions and tolerances in millimetres

Specified width	Tolerance			
≤ 1 500	+ 7 0			
> 1 500 ≤ 1 800	+ 10 0			
NOTE For resquared material, more restrictive tolerances are subject to negotiation.				

Table 6 — Length tolerances for cut lengths, not resquared

Dimensions and tolerances in millimetres

Specified length	Tolerance			
≼ 3 000	+ 20 0			
> 3 000 < 6 000	+ 30 0			
> 6 000	+ 0,5 % × length 0			
NOTE For resquared material, more restrictive tolerances are subject to negotiation.				

Table 7 — Camber tolerances for coils and cut lengths, not resquared

Dimensions and tolerances in millimetres

Form	Camber tolerance				
Coils	20 in any 5 000 length				
Cut lengths	0,4 % \times length				
NOTE Camber is the greatest deviation of a side edge from a straight line, the measurement being taken on the concave side with a straight edge as shown in Figure 1. For resquared material, more restrictive tolerances are subject to negotiation.					

Table 8 — Out-of-square tolerance for cut lengths, not resquared

Dimensions	Out-of-square tolerance
All thicknesses and all sizes	1 % \times width
NOTE Out-of-square is the greatest deviation of an end edge fr the measurement being taken as shown in Figure 2. It can also be cut-length sheet.	om a straight line, at right angles to a side and touching one corner, measured as one-half of the difference between the diagonals of a

Table 9 — Out-of-square tolerances for resquared material

iT	eh STANDARD PRF	Dimensions and tolerances in millimetre
Specified length	Specified width teh ai	Out-of-square tolerance
≤ 3 000	≤ 1 200	+ 2 0
≤ 3 000	<u>ISP260163:2010</u>	+3
> 3 000	8378fAll 292thBo-16163-2010	+3

NOTE Out-of-square is the greatest deviation of an end edge from a straight line, at right angles to a side and touching one corner, the measurement being taken as shown in Figure 2. It can also be measured as one-half of the difference between the diagonals of the cut-length sheet. When measuring material ordered to resquared tolerances, consideration might have to be given to extreme variations in temperature.

Flatness tolerance Specified strength level of R_{e} **Specified thickness** Specified width ≥ 220 ≤ 340 MPa < 220 MPa > 340 MPa 17 ≤ 1 200 14 20 ≤ 0,7 $> 1\ 200 \leqslant 1\ 500$ 17 20 23 > 1 500 24 29 21 ≤ 1 200 12 15 18 > 0,7 < 1,2 $>1\ 200\leqslant 1\ 500$ 14 17 21 > 1 500 19 22 27 ≤ 1 200 12 12 18 $> 1,2 \le 2,0$ $>1\ 200\leqslant 1\ 500$ 14 15 21 > 1 500 19 21 27 ≤ 1 200 16 16 20 $> 2,0 \le 3,0$ $>1\ 200\leqslant 1\ 500$ 20 20 30 > 1 500 25 25 40

Table 10 — Standard flatness tolerances for cut lengths

Dimensions and tolerances in millimetres

NOTE 1 This table also applies to sheet cut to length from coils by the customer when agreed-upon flattening procedures are performed.

NOTE 2 Maximum deviation from a flat horizontal surface: with the sheet lying under its own weight on a flat surface, the maximum distance between the lower surface of the sheet and the flat horizontal surface is the maximum deviation from flatness as shown in Figure 3.

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Table 11 — Restricted flatness tolerances for cut lengths

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Specified thickness	8378f9 Specified width	Flatness tolerance Specified strength level of R _e				
		< 220 MPa	$\geqslant 220 \leqslant 340 \text{ MPa}$	> 340 MPa		
	≤ 1 200	7	10	—		
≤ 0,7	$>1\ 200\leqslant 1\ 500$	8	11	—		
	> 1 500	10	14	—		
	≤ 1 200	6	8	—		
$>0,7\leqslant1,2$	$>1\ 200\leqslant 1\ 500$	7	10	—		
	> 1 500	9	12	—		
	≤ 1 200	6	7	—		
$>$ 1,2 \leqslant 2,0	$>1\ 200\leqslant 1\ 500$	7	8	—		
	> 1 500	8	11	—		
	≤ 1 200	6	7	_		
$>$ 2,0 \leqslant 3,0	$>1\ 200\leqslant 1\ 500$	7	8	_		
	> 1 500	8	11	_		

NOTE 1 This table also applies to sheet cut to length from coils by the customer when agreed-upon flattening procedures are performed.

NOTE 2 Maximum deviation from a flat horizontal surface: with the sheet lying under its own weight on a flat surface, the maximum distance between the lower surface of the sheet and the flat horizontal surface is the maximum deviation from flatness as shown in Figure 3.

More restrictive tolerances may be negotiated.