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Radijski sistemi z možnostjo preoblikovanja (RRS) - Informacijski modeli in protokoli za mobilne naprave (MD) - 1. del: Večradijski vmesnik (MURI)

Reconfigurable Radio Systems (RRS) - Mobile Device (MD) information models and protocols - Part 1: Multiradio Interface (MURI)

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Reconfigurable Radio Systems (RRS);
Mobile Device (MD) information models and protocols;
Part 1: Multiradio Interface (MURI)

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Foreword

This European Standard (EN) has been produced by ETSI Technical Committee Reconfigurable Radio Systems (RRS).

The present document is part 1 of a multi-part deliverable covering the Mobile Device Information Models and Protocols, as identified below:

"Multiradio Interface (MURI)": EN 303 146-1 V1.3.1.2018 Part 1:

"Reconfigurable Radio Frequency Interface (RRFI); Of422eec-b64b-4635-9314-Part 2:

Part 3: "Unified Radio Application Interface (URAI)";

"Radio Programming Interface (RPI)". Part 4:

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1 Scope

The present document defines an information model and protocol for multiradio interface for reconfigurable mobile devices. The work is based on the Use Cases defined in ETSI TR 102 944 [i.1], on the system requirements defined in ETSI EN 302 969 [i.7] and on the radio reconfiguration related architecture for mobile devices defined in ETSI EN 303 095 [i.2].

2 References

2.1 Normative references

References are either specific (identified by date of publication and/or edition number or version number) or non-specific. For specific references, only the cited version applies. For non-specific references, the latest version of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

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The following referenced documents are not necessary for the application of the present document but they assist the user with regard to a particular subject area.

| • | ser with regard to a particular subject area. | | | |
|---|---|--|--|--|
| | [i.1] | ETSI TR 102 944: "Reconfigurable Radio Systems (RRS); Use Cases for Baseband Interfaces for Unified Radio Applications of Mobile Device". | | |
| | [i.2] | ETSI EN 303 095: "Reconfigurable Radio Systems (RRS); Radio Reconfiguration related Architecture for Mobile Devices". | | |
| | [i.3] | ETSI EN 303 146-2: "Reconfigurable Radio Systems (RRS); Mobile Device Information Models and Protocols; Part 2: Reconfigurable Radio Frequency Interface (RRFI)". | | |
| | [i.4] | ETSI TR 102 839: "Reconfigurable Radio Systems (RRS); Multiradio Interface for Software Defined Radio (SDR) Mobile Device Architecture and Services". | | |
| | [i.5] | IEEE 1900.4 TM -2009: "IEEE Standard for Architectural Building Blocks Enabling Network-Device Distributed Decision Making for Optimized Radio Resource Usage in Heterogeneous Wireless Access Networks". | | |
| | [i.6] | Recommendation ITU-T X.680: "Information technology - Abstract Syntax Notation One (ASN.1): Specification of basic notation". | | |
| | [i.7] | ETSI EN 302 969: "Reconfigurable Radio Systems (RRS); Radio Reconfiguration related Requirements for Mobile Devices". | | |

3 Definitions and abbreviations

3.1 Definitions

For the purposes of the present document, the following terms and definitions apply:

association: logical communication link to a Radio Access Network or a peer equipment

- NOTE 1: Typically, some control signalling is necessary to maintain the association. No user data transfer may occur with only an association present, but a data flow may be established into an association for this purpose.
- NOTE 2: Peer equipment is any communication counterpart of a reconfigurable mobile device. It can be reached by establishing a logical communication link (i.e. an association) between the reconfigurable mobile device and peer equipment.

channel: designated part of the information transfer capability having specified characteristics, provided at the user network interface

NOTE: It is the over-the-air wireless propagation channel which is used to convey an information signal from transmitter to receiver. This definition is specified in ETSI EN 303 095 [i.2].

communication services layer: layer related to communication services supporting generic applications

NOTE: A communication services layer supports generic applications like Internet access. In the present document, it consists of Administrator, Mobility Policy Manager (MPM), Networking stack and Monitor.

link: connecting one location to another through a given Radio Access Technology for the purpose of transmitting and receiving digital information (**standards.iteh.ai**)

NOTE: Each link is conveyed over a given Channel.

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Radio Application (RA): software which enforces the generation of the transmit-RF3 signals or the decoding of the receive RF signals

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- NOTE 1: The Software is executed on a particular radio platform or an RVM as part of the radio platform.
- NOTE 2: RAs might have different forms of representation. They are represented as:
 - source codes including Radio Library calls of Radio Library native implementation and Radio HAL calls;
 - IRs including Radio Library calls of Radio Library native implementation and radio HAL calls;
 - executable codes for a particular radio platform.

radio computer: part of mobile device hardware working under ROS control and on which RAs are executed

NOTE: A radio computer typically includes programmable processors, hardware accelerators, peripherals, etc. RF part is considered to be part of peripherals.

Radio Control Framework (RCF): control framework which, as a part of the OS, extends OS capabilities in terms of radio resource management

NOTE: RCF is a control framework which consists of Configuration Manager (CM), Radio Connection Manager (RCM), Flow Controller (FC) and Multiradio Controller (MRC). The Resource Manager (RM) is typically part of OS.

reconfigurable mobile device: mobile device with radio communication capabilities providing support for radio reconfiguration

NOTE: Reconfigurable Mobile Devices include but are not limited to: Smartphones, Feature Phones, Tablets, and Laptops.

3.2 **Abbreviations**

For the purposes of the present document, the following abbreviations apply:

ASN.1 Abstract Syntax Notation One

BLER BLock Error Rate Configuration Manager CM

Communication Services Layer **CSL**

FC Flow Controller ID **IDentification**

IR Intermediate Representation

MD Mobile Device

MDRC Mobile Device Reconfiguration Class

MPM Mobility Policy Manager **MRC** MultiRadio Controller MUltiRadio Interface **MURI** Operating System OS Radio Application RA **RAN** Radio Access Network **RAP** Radio Application Package **RAT** Radio Access Technology Radio Control Framework **RCF RCM** Radio Connection Manager

RF Radio Frequency Resource Manager RM ROS Radio Operating System

Radio Programming Interface DARD PREVIEW
Reconfigurable Radio Frequency Interface **RPI**

RRFI

Signal to Interference plus Noise Ratiols.iteh.ai) **SINR**

SWSoftWare

TCP/IP Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol Unified Modeling Language EN 303 146-1 VI UML

Unified Radio Applications atalog/standards/sist/0f422eec-b64b-4635-9314-URA

Unified Radio Application Interface 303-146-1-v1-3-1-2018 **URAI**

Introduction 4

A reconfigurable MD is capable of running multiple radios simultaneously and of changing the set of radios by loading new Radio Application Package (RAP). All Radio Applications (RAs) are called Unified Radio Applications (URAs) when they exhibit a common behaviour from the reconfigurable MD's point of view in ETSI EN 303 095 [i.2]. In order to run multiple URAs, the reconfigurable MD will include Communication Services Layer (CSL), Radio Control Framework (RCF), Radio Platform and 4 sets of interfaces for their interconnection.

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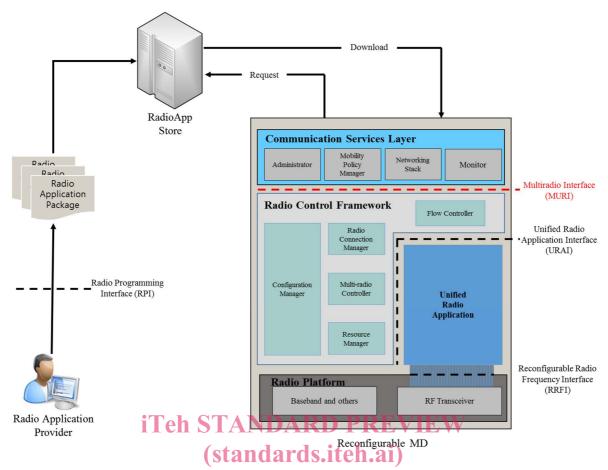


Figure 4.1: Four sets of interfaces for Reconfigurable MD

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ple MD architecture with the (4) sets of interfa
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Figure 4.1 illustrates the Reconfigurable MD architecture with the 4 sets of interfaces, i.e. 314

- MURI for interfacing CSL and RCF which is the scope of the present document;
- RRFI for interfacing URA and RF Transceiver in ETSI TS 103 146-2 [i.3];
- URAI for interfacing URA and RCF in ETSI TR 102 839 [i.4];
- RPI for allowing an independent and uniform production of RAs in ETSI TR 102 839 [i.4].

The present document defines MURI.

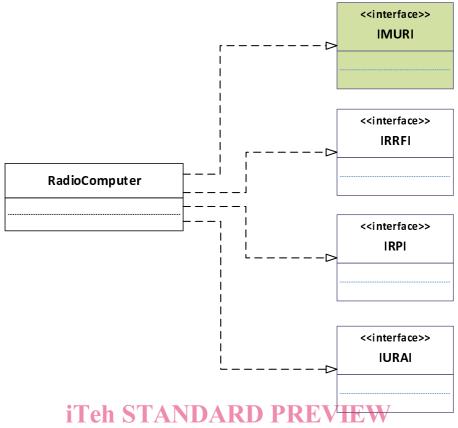


Figure 4.2: UML class diagram for Radio Computer interfaces (standards.iteh.al)

Figure 4.2 illustrates UML class diagram for Radio Computer interfaces. The reconfigurable MD may be seen as a Radio Computer where individual URAs are engineered as software entities in ETSI EN 303 095 [i.2].

The present document is organized as follows: 285/e29f91a7/sist-en-303-146-1-v1-3-1-2018

- clause 5 describes the system identification;
- clause 6 describes the notational tool for defining both information model classes and interface classes;
- clause 7 describes the information model for radio computer; and
- clause 8 describes the interface definition.

While UML is used for defining the information model and protocol related to MURI, other modeling languages could be used as well.

5 System Identification

5.1 Radio Computer Structure

Figure 5.1 illustrates how CSL and RCF interact with each other using MURI.

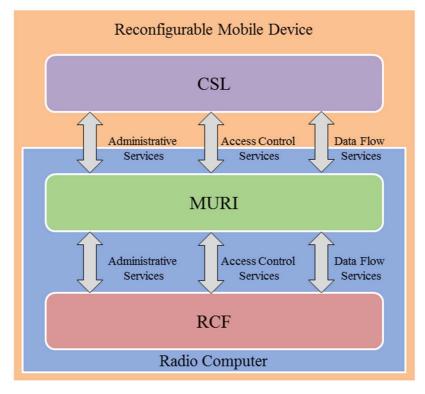


Figure 5.1: Interconnection between CSL and RCF using MURI for Reconfigurable MD

As shown in figure 5.1, MURI supports 3 kinds of services: standards.iteh.ai)

Administrative Services

These services are used by some device configuration application i.e. Administrator which is included in the CSL, to (un)install a new URA into the Reconfigurable MD and create/delete ar instance of the URA. Installation and loading may take place both at device start-up time to set up the network connection as well as during run-time, whenever reconfiguration of available URAs is needed. MURI does not make any assumption on how and when the mobile device will detect the need of the reconfiguration.

Access Control Services

These services are used by the MPM to maintain the user policies and preferences related to the usage of different RATs and to make a selection between them. Modelling of such preferences and selection algorithms is not in the scope of the present document; however, the MURI specification covers the information exchange of RAT selection decisions between CSL and RCF. The preferences themselves may originate either locally from applications or end user settings as well as in a distributed manner from network operator or from a cognitive radio management framework.

Data Flow Services

These services are used by the networking stack of the Reconfigurable MD, such as the TCP/IP stack. Therefore data flow services represent the set of (logical) link layer services, which are provided in a uniform manner regardless of which URAs are active.

The Communication Services Layer (CSL) and Radio Control Framework (RCF) are defined in ETSI EN 303 095 [i.2].

5.2 MURI System Requirement Mapping

The Radio Computer components above described shall support the MURI system requirements shown in table 5.1 and described in clauses 6.1 and 6.2 of ETSI EN 302 969 [i.7].