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Colorimetry —

Part 5: CIE 1976 L*u*v* Colour space and u', v' uniform chromaticity scale diagram

Colorimétrie —

iTeh STPartie 5: Espace chromatique L*u*v* et diagramme de chromaticité uniforme u', v' CIE 1976 (standards.iteh.ai)

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

ISO 11664-5 was prepared as Standard CIE S 014-5/E by the International Commission on Illumination, which has been recognized by the ISO Council as an international standardizing body. It was adopted by ISO under a special procedure which requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote, and is published as a joint ISO/CIE edition.

The International Commission on Illumination (abbreviated as CIE from its French title) is an organization devoted to international cooperation and exchange of information among its member countries on all matters relating to the science and art of lighting.

ISO 11664-5 was prepared by CIE Technical Committee 1-57 of division 1, Vision and colour.

- ISO 11664 consists of the following parts, under general title Colorimetry:
- Part 1: CIE standard colorimetric observers rds.iteh.ai)
- Part 2: CIE standard illuminants
- ISO 11664-5:2009
- Part 4: CIE 1976 Les to Colour space talog/standards/sist/0ff4dfb0-b7ea-4325-929c-
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- Part 5: CIE 1976 L*u*v* Colour space and u', v' uniform chromaticity scale diagram

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Colorimetry -Part 5: CIE 1976 L*u*v* Colour Space and u', v' Uniform Chromaticity Scale Diagram^{iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW}

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Colorimétrie - Partie 5: Espace chromatique L*u*v* et diagramme de chromaticité uniforme u', v' CIE 1976 ISO 11664-5:2009

Farbmessung - Tell 5: CIE 1976 Lau V* Farbenraum und u. V empfindungsgemäß gleichabständige Farbtafel

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CIE Central Bureau, Vienna Kegelgasse 27, A-1030 Vienna, Austria CIE S 014-5/E:2009

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FOREWORD

Standards produced by the Commission Internationale de l'Eclairage (CIE) are a concise documentation of data defining aspects of light and lighting, for which international harmony requires such unique definition. CIE Standards are therefore a primary source of internationally accepted and agreed data, which can be taken, essentially unaltered, into universal standard systems.

This CIE Standard has been prepared by the Technical Committee TC 1-57* of Division 1 "Vision and Colour" and was approved by the National Committees of the CIE.

The following ISO and IEC committees and working groups co-operated in the preparation of this standard:

IEC TC100/TA2 (Audio, Video and Multimedia Systems)

ISO TC6 (Paper, Board and Pulps)

ISO TC35/SC9/WG22 (Paint and Varnishes)

ISO TC38/SC1/WG7 (Textiles)

ISO TC42 (Photography)

ISO TC130 (Graphic Technology)

ISO/IEC/JTC1/SC28 (Office Systems)

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COLORIMETRY - PART 5: CIE 1976 L*u*v* COLOUR SPACE AND u', v' UNIFORM CHROMATICITY SCALE DIAGRAM

INTRODUCTION

The three-dimensional colour space produced by plotting CIE tristimulus values (X, Y, Z) in rectangular coordinates is not visually uniform, nor is the (x,y,Y) space nor the twodimensional CIE (x,y) chromaticity diagram. Equal distances in these spaces and diagrams do not represent equally perceptible differences between colour stimuli. For this reason, in 1976, the CIE introduced and recommended two new spaces (known as CIELAB and CIELUV) whose coordinates are non-linear functions of X. Y and Z. The recommendation was put forward in an attempt to unify the then very diverse practice in uniform colour spaces and associated colour difference formulae (Robertson, 1990; CIE, 2004). Both these more-nearly uniform colour spaces have become well accepted and widely used. Numerical values representing approximately the relative magnitude of colour differences can be described by simple Euclidean distances in the spaces or by more sophisticated formulae that improve the correlation with the relative perceived size of differences. The purpose of this CIE Standard is to define procedures for calculating the coordinates of the CIE 1976 $L^*u^*v^*$ (CIELUV) colour space and the Euclidean colour difference values based on these coordinates. The standard also defines a related chromaticity diagram that is a projection of the CIE x y diagram maintaining straight lines of dominant and complementary wavelengths. The standard does not cover the alternative uniform colour space, CIELAB (CIE, 2007), nor does it cover more sophisticated colour difference formulae based on CIELAB, such as the CMC formula (Clarke et al., 1984), the CIE94 formula (CIE, 1995), the DIN99 formula (DIN, 2001), and the CIEDE2000 formula (CIE, 2001).

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1. SCOPE

This CIE Standard specifies the method of calculating the coordinates of the CIE 1976 $L^*u^*v^*$ colour space including correlates of lightness, chroma, saturation and hue. It includes two methods for calculating Euclidean distances in this space to represent the relative perceived magnitude of colour differences. It also specifies the method of calculating the coordinates of the u', v' uniform chromaticity scale diagram_{sc/iso-11664-5-2009}

The Standard is applicable to tristimulus values calculated using the colour-matching functions of the CIE 1931 standard colorimetric system or the CIE 1964 standard colorimetric system. The Standard may be used for the specification of colour stimuli perceived as belonging to a reflecting or transmitting object, where a three-dimensional space more uniform than tristimulus space is required. This includes self-luminous displays, like cathode ray tubes, if they are being used to simulate reflecting or transmitting objects and if the stimuli are appropriately normalized. The Standard, as a whole, does not apply to colour stimuli perceived as belonging to an area that appears to be emitting light as a primary light source, or that appears to be specularly reflecting such light. Only the u',v' chromaticity diagram defined in Section 4.1 and the correlates of hue and saturation defined in Section 4.3 apply to such colour stimuli.

2. NORMATIVE REFERENCES

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

CIE 17.4-1987. International Lighting Vocabulary (Joint publication IEC/CIE).

ISO 11664-1/CIE S 014-1/E. Colorimetry – Part 1: CIE Standard Colorimetric Observers (Joint Standard ISO/CIE).

ISO 11664-2/CIE S 014-2/E. Colorimetry – Part 2: CIE Standard Illuminants for Colorimetry (Joint Standard ISO/CIE).