ETSI GS ENI 002 V2.1.1 (2019-09)





Disclaimer

The present document has been produced and approved by the Experiential Networked Intelligence (ENI) ETSI Industry Specification Group (ISG) and represents the views of those members who participated in this ISG.

It does not necessarily represent the views of the entire ETSI membership.

Reference

RGS/ENI-007

Keywords

artificial intelligence, management, network, requirements

ETSI

650 Route des Lucioles F-06921 Sophia Antipolis Cedex - FRANCE

Tel.: +33 4 92 94 42 00 Fax: +33 4 93 65 47 16

Siret N° 348 623 562 00017 - NAF 742 C Association à but non lucratif enregistrée à la Sous-Préfecture de Grasse (06) N° 7803/88

Important notice

The present document can be downloaded from: http://www.etst.org/standards-search

The present document may be made available in electronic versions and/or in print. The content of any electronic and/or print versions of the present document shall not be modified without the prior written authorization of ETSI. In case of any existing or perceived difference in contents between such versions and/or in print, the prevailing version of an ETSI deliverable is the one made publicly available in PDF format at www.etsi.org/deliver.

Users of the present document should be aware that the document may be subject to revision or change of status.

Information on the current status of this and other ETSI documents is available at https://portal.etsi.org/TB/ETSIDeliverableStatus.aspx

If you find errors in the present document, please send your comment to one of the following services: https://portal.etsi.org/People/CommitteeSupportStaff.aspx

Copyright Notification

No part may be reproduced or utilized in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying and microfilm except as authorized by written permission of ETSI.

The content of the PDF version shall not be modified without the written authorization of ETSI.

The copyright and the foregoing restriction extend to reproduction in all media.

© ETSI 2019. All rights reserved.

DECT™, **PLUGTESTS™**, **UMTS™** and the ETSI logo are trademarks of ETSI registered for the benefit of its Members. **3GPP™** and **LTE™** are trademarks of ETSI registered for the benefit of its Members and of the 3GPP Organizational Partners.

oneM2M[™] logo is a trademark of ETSI registered for the benefit of its Members and of the oneM2M Partners.

GSM® and the GSM logo are trademarks registered and owned by the GSM Association.

Contents

Intell	lectual Property Rights	4	
Forev	word	4	
Moda	al verbs terminology	4	
1	Scope	5	
2.	References	5	
2.1	Normative references		
2.2	Informative references.		
3	Definition of terms, symbols and abbreviations	6	
3.1	Terms		
3.2	Symbols	6	
3.3	Abbreviations	6	
4	Introduction	7	
4.1	Categorization of the requirements	7	
5	Service and network requirements	7	
5.1	Overview	7	
5.2	General requirements	8	
5.3	Service orchestration and management	8	
5.4	Network planning and deployment	8	
5.5	Network optimization	9	
5.6	Resilience and reliability	9	
5.7	Security and privacy	10	
6	General requirements Service orchestration and management Network planning and deployment Network optimization Resilience and reliability Security and privacy Functional requirements Overview Data collection and analysis Policy management General policy management requirements	10	
6.1	Overview	10	
6.2	Data collection and analysis	10	
6.3	Policy management	11	
6.3.1	General policy management requirements.	11	
6.3.2	Context aware related policy requirements	12	
6.4	Data learning	13	
6.5	Interworking with other systems	13	
6.6	Mode of operations		
6.7	Model training and iterative optimization	13	
7	Non-functional requirements	14	
7.1	Overview		
7.2	Performance requirements		
7.3	Operational requirements		
7.4	Regulatory requirements		
7.5	Non-Functional Policy requirements	14	
Anno	ex A (informative): Authors & contributors	15	
Anno	ex B (informative): Change History	16	
Hiete		17	

Intellectual Property Rights

Essential patents

IPRs essential or potentially essential to normative deliverables may have been declared to ETSI. The information pertaining to these essential IPRs, if any, is publicly available for **ETSI members and non-members**, and can be found in ETSI SR 000 314: "Intellectual Property Rights (IPRs); Essential, or potentially Essential, IPRs notified to ETSI in respect of ETSI standards", which is available from the ETSI Secretariat. Latest updates are available on the ETSI Web server (https://ipr.etsi.org/).

Pursuant to the ETSI IPR Policy, no investigation, including IPR searches, has been carried out by ETSI. No guarantee can be given as to the existence of other IPRs not referenced in ETSI SR 000 314 (or the updates on the ETSI Web server) which are, or may be, or may become, essential to the present document.

Trademarks

The present document may include trademarks and/or tradenames which are asserted and/or registered by their owners. ETSI claims no ownership of these except for any which are indicated as being the property of ETSI, and conveys no right to use or reproduce any trademark and/or tradename. Mention of those trademarks in the present document does not constitute an endorsement by ETSI of products, services or organizations associated with those trademarks.

Foreword

This Group Specification (GS) has been produced by ETSI Industry Specification Group (ISG) Experiential Networked Intelligence (ENI).

Modal verbs terminology

In the present document "shall", "shall not", "should", "should not", "may", "need not", "will", "will not", "can" and "cannot" are to be interpreted as described in clause 3.2 of the <u>ETSI Drafting Rules</u> (Verbal forms for the expression of provisions).

"must" and "must not" are NOT allowed in FTSI deliverables except when used in direct citation.

1 Scope

The present document captures the requirements of how intelligence is applied to the network in different scenarios to improve operators' experience of service provision and network operation as well as how intelligence enables dynamic autonomous behaviour and adaptive policy driven operation in a changing context. The requirements documented in the present document are intended to be used during the architecture design work.

2 References

2.1 Normative references

References are either specific (identified by date of publication and/or edition number or version number) or non-specific. For specific references, only the cited version applies. For non-specific references, the latest version of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

Referenced documents which are not found to be publicly available in the expected location might be found at https://docbox.etsi.org/Reference.

While any hyperlinks included in this clause were valid at the time of publication, ETSI cannot guarantee NOTE: their long term validity.

The following referenced documents are necessary for the application of the present document.

Not applicable.

2.2

Informative references and italian e either specific (identification) References are either specific (identified by date of publication and/or edition number or version number) or non-specific. For specific references, only the cited version applies. For non-specific references, the latest version of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

NOTE: While any hyperlinks included in this clause were valid at the time of publication, ETSI cannot guarantee their long term validity.

The following referenced documents are not necessary for the application of the present document but they assist the user with regard to a particular subject area.

ser with regard to a particular subject area.			
	[i.1]	ETSI GR ENI 001: "Experiential Networked Intelligence (ENI); ENI use cases".	
	[i.2]	ETSI TS 102 165-1 (V5.2.3): "CYBER; Methods and protocols; Part 1: Method and pro forma for Threat, Vulnerability, Risk Analysis (TVRA)".	
	[i.3]	ETSI GR ENI 004: "Experiential Networked Intelligence (ENI); Terminology for Main Concepts in ENI".	
	[i.4]	ETSI GS NFV-MAN 001 (V1.1.1): "Network Functions Virtualisation (NFV); Management and Orchestration".	
	[i.5]	Service Operations Specification MEF 55: "Lifecycle Service Orchestration (LSO): Reference Architecture and Framework".	
	[i.6]	Regulation (EU) 2016/679 of the European Parliament and of the Council on the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data and on the free movement of such data, and repealing Directive 95/46/EC (General Data Protection Regulation).	
	[i.7]	ETSI GR ENI 003: "Experiential Networked Intelligence (ENI); Context-Aware Policy Management Gap Analysis".	
	[i.8]	ETSI TS 101 158: "Telecommunications security; Lawful Interception (LI); Requirements for network functions".	

3 Definition of terms, symbols and abbreviations

3.1 **Terms**

For the purposes of the present document, the terms given in ETSI GR ENI 004 [i.3] apply.

Symbols 3.2

Void.

3.3 **Abbreviations**

For the purposes of the present document, the following abbreviations apply:

ΑI Artificial Intelligence API **Application Programming Interface** ...ection and Analysis
...main-Specific Language
Element Management System
Experiential Networked Intelligence
General Data Protection Regulation
General Policy Management
Internet of Things
nternet Protocol
nformation
T
ev P BP and Analysis

Specific Language

Sement Management System

Experiential Networked Intelligence

General Data Protection Regulation

General Policy Management

Internet of Things

Internet Protocol

Information Technology

Internet Protocol

Information Technology

Internet Protocol

Information Technology

Internet Protocol

Internet Protocol

Information Technology

Internet Protocol

Inte **CAP CAPEX** DC NOTE: Used in the context of servers. DCA

DSL EMS ENI

GDPR GPM

IoT IΡ IT **KPI** LI Lawful Interception

LSO RA Lifecycle Service Orchestration - Reference Architecture

LSO Lifecycle Service Orchestration **MANO** Management And Orchestration **MEC** Multi-access Edge Computing

Metro Ethernet Forum **MEF** MOP Mode Of Operations

NFV Network Functions Virtualisation NPD Network Planning & Deployment

OPEX OPerational EXpenditure OR **Operational Requirements** PR Performance Requirements RA Reference Architecture RR Resilience and Reliability SDN Software Defined Networking **SLA** Service Level Agreement

Service Orchestration and Management SOM

SP Security and Privacy Security and Privacy 2A SP.2A SP.2B Security and Privacy 2B **SVM** Support Vector Machine TCO Total Cost of Ownership TVRA Threat, Vulnerability and Risk Analysis
VNF Virtualised Network Function
WAN Wide-Area Network

4 Introduction

4.1 Categorization of the requirements

The present document structure addresses the requirements in the following areas:

- 1) Service and network requirements:
 - General requirements
 - Service orchestration and management
 - Network planning and deployment
 - Network optimization
 - Resilience and reliability
 - Security and privacy
- 2) Functional requirements:
 - Data collection and analysis
 - Policy management
 - Data learning
 - Interworking with other systems
 - Mode of operations
 - Model training and iterative optimization
- 3) Non-functional requirements:
 - Performance requirements
 - Operational requirements
 - Regulatory requirements
 - Non-functional policy requirements

5 Service and network requirements

5.1 Overview

The requirements in this clause are addressed from service and network point of view and are derived directly from the related use cases.

Kill state et siegeet

5.2 General requirements

This clause captures the requirements that are general and independent from other requirements categorized in other specific clauses.

[GR.1] The ENI framework shall use history data, context, and decisions taken to learn, process and provide responses to events, whether generated from devices or from management systems.

[GR.2] The ENI framework shall use context information as part of the computations that result in recommendations, advisement, predictions, and decisions that are used to assist other network systems, e.g. orchestration and management systems.

NOTE: As an example, MANO (from ETSI GS NFV-MAN 001 [i.4]) or the LSO RA (from MEF [i.5]) are different types of orchestration and management systems.

[GR.3] The ENI architecture shall be flexible enough to support extensibility.

5.3 Service orchestration and management

This clause captures requirements related to the ENI framework service provisioning, e.g. how to compile the service intent and orchestrate the service atoms and work flows, as well as automatic service on boarding.

[SOM.1] The ENI framework shall invoke policies based on models that describe and/or define traffic behaviour, such as SLAs (e.g. past or current telemetry).

[SOM.2] The ENI framework shall support the closed loop control model when different orchestration and management systems are used.

NOTE 1: As an example, MANO (from ETSI GS NFV-MAN 001 [i.4]) and LSO RA (from MEF [i.5]) are different types of orchestration and management systems.

[SOM.3] The ENI framework should not directly manage, control or orchestrate physical or virtual entities, either at the infrastructure level or service level.

NOTE 2: ENI framework may interact with the Orchestration system, EMS or OSS/BSS to influence the state of the resources or services.

5.4 Network planning and deployment

This clause captures requirements related to network planning and deployment, e.g. how to allocate network resources to VNFs, or automatic VNF on boarding.

NOTE 1: The network resources that can be managed are not limited to the requirements addressed in this clause.

[NPD.1] The ENI framework shall allocate and retrieve network resources, e.g. IPv4 addresses and IPv6 prefixes to end users or service flows, in an intelligent way to improve the efficiency of resource utilization. This ENI framework function may be implemented in a centralized and/or distributed manner, according to what is defined in ETSI GR ENI 004 [i.3] and according to ETSI GS ENI 005 [i.9].

[NPD.2] The ENI framework shall assist the network equipment to use the resource pools that are used for resource allocation (e.g. IP addresses), in an intelligent way in order to improve the efficiency of resource utilization.

[NPD.3] The ENI framework should dynamically and intelligently compute and manage the required network resources, including both IPv4 and IPv6 resources as well as other resources.

[NPD.4] The ENI framework shall compute the network resources required to dynamically and intelligently deploy a given network service efficiently.

[NPD.5] IT resources to enable network services shall be managed within the ENI framework.

NOTE 2: Similar capabilities within the data centre are outside the network scope of this phase of ENI.

[NPD.6] The ENI framework shall be capable of understanding the context that a set of devices is operating within.

[NPD.7] The ENI framework shall be capable of performing the proper planning and deployment of resources to ensure that applicable deployed policies are not violated.

[NPD.8] The ENI System shall identify different types of rollouts for different types of resources that lead to the upgrade of virtualized software-based resources.

[NPD.9] The ENI System shall, in an efficient and dynamic manner, combine network slices, slice/service prioritization and resource allocation concepts, e.g. in order to resolve resource allocation conflicts between competing network slices deployed on top of a shared infrastructure.

5.5 Network optimization

This clause captures requirements related to network optimization, e.g. how to adjust the network configurations to improve its efficiency and performance, as well as the user experience of the service.

[NO.1] The ENI framework shall collect and process the necessary data according to specific algorithms in order to achieve network optimization.

NOTE: Data collection and processing algorithms for systems will be specified in the functional architecture.

[NO.2] The ENI framework shall meet or exceed all performance requirements when improving the target performance.

[NO.3] The ENI framework shall support central optimization, local optimization and distributed joint optimization, according to what is defined in ETSI GR ENI 004 [i.3].

[NO.4] The ENI framework shall support an adaptive optimization process where changes in the environment are reflected in the results of the optimization.

[NO.5] The ENI framework shall use prioritization and other scheduling and traffic shaping techniques to prevent SLA violations related with priority services.

5.6 Resilience and reliability

This clause captures requirements related to resilience and reliability of the network, including fault diagnosis and prediction, high availability and back up, conflict detection, and rolling back to previous policies and status.

[RR.1] The ENI framework shall intelligently allocate and retrieve IP addresses without causing route oscillation.

[RR.2] The ENI framework shall intelligently allocate and retrieve IP addresses without causing any interruption in the offered services.

[RR.3] The ENI framework shall support root cause analysis to diagnose existent faults and potential faults caused by new cases, according to what is defined in ETSI GS ENI 005 [i.9].

[RR.4] The ENI framework shall support the use of one or more AI algorithms to perform network service fault prediction.

[RR.5] The ENI framework shall learn and predict the pattern of resource requirements of services.

[RR.6] When optimization of energy use is required, which implies a switch of servers, the ENI framework shall trigger the reallocation of services to appropriate resources in another server.

[RR.7] The ENI framework shall wake up an appropriate number of servers in time to meet the growing resource needs required by services, after learning and predicting the pattern of resource requirement of those services.

[RR.8] The ENI framework shall provide the operators with the ability to define services that are critical or prioritized.

[RR.9] The ENI framework shall allow the on-going services in a server to be moved from this server to another without interruption, e.g. during reallocation for energy saving purposes.

[RR.10] The ENI framework shall not interrupt the on-going services on the target servers, e.g. when reallocation of services from other servers takes place for energy saving purposes.

[RR.11] Energy saving need not be the only criterion for moving a service.