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**Okoljski inženiring (EE) - Metrika in metoda merjenja energijske učinkovitosti opreme brezžičnega dostopovnega omrežja - 1. del: Poraba energije - Statična merilna metoda**

Environmental Engineering (EE) - Metrics and measurement method for energy efficiency of wireless access network equipment - Part 1: Power consumption - static measurement method

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# ETSI ES 202 706-1 V1.6.1 (2021-01)



**Environmental Engineering (EE);  
Metrics and measurement method for energy efficiency of  
wireless access network equipment;  
Part 1: Power consumption - static measurement method**

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# Foreword

This ETSI Standard (ES) has been produced by ETSI Technical Committee Environmental Engineering (EE).

The present document is part 1 of a multi-part deliverable covering the metrics and measurement method for energy efficiency of wireless access network equipment, as identified below:

**ETSI ES 202 706-1: "Power consumption - static measurement method";**

ETSI TS 102 706-2: "Energy Efficiency - dynamic measurement method"

# Modal verbs terminology

In the present document **"shall"**, **"shall not"**, **"should"**, **"should not"**, **"may"**, **"need not"**, **"will"**, **"will not"**, **"can"** and **"cannot"** are to be interpreted as described in clause 3.2 of the [ETSI Drafting Rules](#) (Verbal forms for the expression of provisions).

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# Introduction

Energy efficiency is one of the critical factors of the modern telecommunication systems. The energy consumption of the access network is the dominating part of the wireless telecom network energy consumption. Therefore the core network and the service network are not considered in the present document. In the radio access network, the energy consumption of the Base Station is dominating (depending on technology often also referred to as BTS, NodeB, eNodeB, gNodeB etc. and in the present document denoted as BS).

The present document, ETSI ES 202 706-1, defines the measurement method for the evaluation of base station power consumption and energy consumption with static load:

- Average power consumption of BS equipment under static test conditions: the BS average power consumption is based on measured BS power consumption data under static condition when the BS is loaded artificially in a lab for three different loads, low, medium and busy hour under given reference configuration.
- Daily average energy consumption.

ETSI TS 102 706-2 [i.8] defines energy efficiency measurement of the base station with dynamic load.

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# 1 Scope

The present document version covers base stations with the following radio access technologies:

- GSM.
- WCDMA.
- LTE.
- NR.

The methodology described in the present document is to measure base station static power consumption and RF output power. Within the present document it is referred to as static measurements.

The results based on "static" measurements provide power and energy consumption figures for BS under static load.

Energy consumption of terminal (end-user) equipment is outside the scope of the present document.

The scope of the present document is not to define target values for the BS power and energy consumption.

The results should only be used to assess and compare the power and energy consumption of complete base stations.

Wide Area Base Stations and Medium Range Base Stations (as defined in ETSI TS 125 104 [2], ETSI TS 136 104 [12], and ETSI TS 138 104 [15]) are covered in the present document.

## 2 References

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### 2.1 Normative references

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References are either specific (identified by date of publication and/or edition number or version number) or non-specific. For specific references, only the cited version applies. For non-specific references, the latest version of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

Referenced documents which are not found to be publicly available in the expected location might be found at <https://docbox.etsi.org/Reference/>.

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The following referenced documents are necessary for the application of the present document.

- |     |  |
|-----|--|
| [1] | Void.  |
| [2] | ETSI TS 125 104: "Universal Mobile Telecommunications System (UMTS); Base Station (BS) radio transmission and reception (FDD) (3GPP TS 25.104)".   |
| [3] | ETSI EN 300 132-1: "Environmental Engineering (EE); Power supply interface at the input to Information and Communication Technology (ICT) equipment; Part 1: Alternating Current (AC)".  |
| [4] | ETSI EN 300 132-2: "Environmental Engineering (EE); Power supply interface at the input of Information and Communication Technology (ICT) equipment; Part 2: -48 V Direct Current (DC)". |
| [5] | Void.  |
| [6] | Void.  |
| [7] | ETSI TS 125 141 (V8.3.0): "Universal Mobile Telecommunications System (UMTS); Base Station (BS) conformance testing (FDD) (3GPP TS 25.141 version 8.3.0 Release 8)".                     |
| [8] | Void.  |

- [9] Void.
- [10] ETSI TS 136 211: "LTE; Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA); Physical channels and modulation (3GPP TS 36.211)".
- [11] ETSI TS 136 141 (V8.6.0): "LTE; Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA); Base Station (BS) conformance testing (3GPP TS 36.141 version 8.6.0 Release 8)".
- [12] ETSI TS 136 104: "LTE; Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA); Base Station (BS) radio transmission and reception (3GPP TS 36.104)".
- [13] Void.
- [14] ETSI EN 300 132-3: "Environmental Engineering (EE); Power supply interface at the input of Information and Communication Technology (ICT) equipment; Part 3: Up to 400 V Direct Current (DC)".
- [15] ETSI TS 138 104: "5G; NR; Base Station (BS) radio transmission and reception (3GPP TS 38.104)".
- [16] ETSI TS 138 141-1: "5G; NR; Base Station (BS) conformance testing Part 1: Conducted conformance testing (3GPP TS 38.141-1)".
- [17] ETSI TS 138 141-2: "5G; NR; Base Station (BS) conformance testing Part 2: Radiated conformance testing (3GPP TS 38.141-2)".
- [18] ETSI TS 138 211: "5G; NR; Physical channels and modulation (3GPP TS 38.211)".

## 2.2 Informative references

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The following referenced documents are not necessary for the application of the present document but they assist the user with regard to a particular subject area.

- [i.1] Void.
  - [i.2] IEC/ISO Guide 98-3:2008: "Evaluation of measurement data - Guide to the expression of uncertainty in measurement" 2008 or equivalent GUM:2008/JCGM 100:2008.
- NOTE: Available at [http://www.bipm.org/utils/common/documents/jcgm/JCGM\\_100\\_2008\\_E.pdf](http://www.bipm.org/utils/common/documents/jcgm/JCGM_100_2008_E.pdf).
- [i.3] ETSI TS 145 005: "Digital cellular telecommunications system (Phase 2+); Radio transmission and reception (3GPP TS 45.005)".
  - [i.4] ISO/IEC 17025: "General requirements for the competence of testing and calibration laboratories".
  - [i.5] ETSI TS 151 021: "Digital cellular telecommunications system (Phase 2+); Base Station System (BSS) equipment specification; Radio aspects (3GPP TS 51.021)".
  - [i.6] IEC 62018: "Power consumption of information technology equipment - Measurement methods".
- NOTE: Equivalent to EN 62018 (produced by CENELEC).
- [i.7] ETSI TS 102 706 (V1.2.1): "Environmental Engineering (EE); Measurement Method for Energy Efficiency of Wireless Access Network Equipment".
  - [i.8] ETSI TS 102 706-2: "Environmental Engineering (EE); Metrics and Measurement Method for Energy Efficiency of Wireless Access Network Equipment; Part 2: Energy Efficiency - dynamic measurement method".

[i.9] ETSI TR 103 117: "Environmental Engineering (EE); Principles for Mobile Network level energy efficiency".

## 3 Definition of terms, symbols and abbreviations

### 3.1 Terms

For the purposes of the present document, the following terms apply:

**Base Station (BS):** radio access network component which serves one or more radio cells and interfaces the user terminal (through air interface) and a wireless network infrastructure

**BS test control unit:** unit which can be used to control and manage BS locally in a lab

**BS type 1-C:** NR BS operating at FR1, with a conducted interface (antenna connectors available)

**BS type 1-H:** NR BS operating at FR1, with both a conducted (TAB connectors) and a radiated interface

**BS type 1-O:** NR BS operating at FR1, with only a radiated interface (no antenna connectors available)

**BS type 2-O:** NR BS operating at FR2, with only a radiated interface (no antenna connectors available)

**busy hour:** period during which occurs the maximum total load in a given 24-hour period

**busy hour load:** the highest measurement level of radio resource configuration

**distributed BS:** BS architecture which contains remote radio heads (i.e. RRH) close to antenna element and a central element connecting BS to network infrastructure

**efficiency:** relation between the useful output (telecom service, etc.) and energy consumption

**energy consumption:** integral of power consumption over time

**full load:** operating mode including all radio resources and 100 % traffic conditions

**integrated BS:** BS architecture in which all BS elements are located close to each other; for example in one single cabinet

NOTE: The integrated BS architecture may include Tower Mount Amplifier (TMA) close to antenna.

**low load:** lowest measurement level of radio resource configuration

**medium load:** medium measurement level of radio resource configuration

**medium range BS:** Base Station that is characterized by a rated output power (PRAT) above 24 dBm and less than or equal to 38 dBm

NOTE 1: According to ETSI TS 136 104 [12], ETSI TS 125 104 [2], and ETSI TS 138 104 [15].

NOTE 2: For BS type 1-O and BS type 2-O specific definitions apply according to ETSI TS 138 104 [15].

**multi-band base station:** configuration which allows the simultaneous operation on at least two different frequency bands

**power saving feature:** software/hardware feature in a BS which contributes to decrease power consumption

**radiated interface boundary:** reference where the radiated requirements apply for BS type 1-O and 2-O

NOTE: For requirements based on EIRP, the *radiated interface boundary* is associated to the far-field region.

**rated output power:** mean power level per carrier that the manufacturer has declared to be available at the antenna connector

NOTE: For FDD BS, rated output power is the mean power level per carrier that the manufacturer has declared to be available at the antenna connector. For TDD BS rated output power is the mean power level per carrier over an active timeslot that the manufacturer has declared to be available at the antenna connector.

**site correction factor:** scaling factor to scale the BS equipment power consumption for reference site configuration taking into account different power supply solutions, different cooling solutions and power supply losses

**static measurement:** power consumption measurement performed with different radio resource configurations with pre-defined and fixed load levels

**transceiver array boundary:** conducted interface between the transceiver unit array and the composite antenna for BS type 1-H

**wide area BS:** Base Station that is characterized by a rated output power (PRAT) greater than 38 dBm

NOTE 1: According to ETSI TS 136 104 [12], ETSI TS 125 104 [2], and ETSI TS 138 104 [15].

NOTE 2: For BS type 1-O and BS type 2-O specific definitions apply according to ETSI TS 138 104 [15].

## 3.2 Symbols

Void.

## 3.3 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the following abbreviations apply:

AAS	Active Antenna System
AAU	Active Antenna Unit
AC	Alternating Current
BCCH	Broadcast Control Channel
BH	Busy Hour
BS	Base Station
BSC	Base Station Controller
BTS	Base Transceiver Station
CA	Carrier Aggregation
CATR	Compact Antenna Test Range
CCE	Control Channel Elements
CCH	Common CHannel
CCPCH	Common Control Physical CHannel
CP	Cyclic Prefix
CPICH	Common Pilot CHannel
CS	Circuit Switched
DBS	Distributed Base Station
DC	Direct Current
DL	DownLink
DPCH	Dedicated Physical CHannel
DUT	Device Under Test
EDGE	Enhanced Data rate GSM Evolution
EIRP	Equivalent Isotropically Radiated Power
EPRE	Emitted Power per Resource Element
FDD	Frequency Division Duplex
FL	Full Load
FR1	Frequency Range 1 (450 - 6 000 MHz), defined for NR
FR2	Frequency Range 2 (24 250 - 52 600 MHz), defined for NR
GERAN	GSM/EDGE Radio Access Network
GP	Guard Period
GSM	Global System for Mobile communication

GUM	Guide to the expression of Uncertainty in Measurement
HSPA	High Speed Packet Access
HW	HardWare
JCGM	Joint Committee for Guides in Metrology
KPI	Key Performance Indicator
LTE	Long Term Evolution
LTE-A	Long Term Evolution Advanced
MCPA	Multi Carrier Power Amplifier
MIMO	Multiple Input Multiple Output
MU-MIMO	Multi-User MIMO
NA	Not Applicable
NIST	National Institute of Standards and Technology
NR	New Radio
OFDM	Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplex
OTA	Over The Air
PBCH	Physical Broadcast control CHannel
PC	Power for Central Part
P <sub>cell</sub>	Primary cell
PCFICH	Physical Control Format Indicator CHannel
PCH	Paging CHannel
PCM	Pulse Code Modulation
PDCCH	Physical Downlink Control CHannel
PDF	Probability Density Function
PDSCH	Physical Downlink Shared CHannel
PHICH	Physical Hybrid ARQ Indicator CHannel
PICH	Paging Indicator CHannel
PRAT	Rated output power
PRB	Physical Resource Block
PRRH	Power for Remote Radio Head
PSS	Primary Synchronisation Signal
RE	Resource Element
REG	Resource Element Group
RF	Radio Frequency
RIB	Radiated Interface Boundary
RMSI	Remaining Minimum System Information
RNC	Radio Network Controller
RRH	Remote Radio Head
RS	Reference Signals
RX	Receiver
SA	Subframe Assignment
S <sub>cell</sub>	Secondary cell
SCH	Synchronization CHannel
SDH	Synchronous Digital Hierarchy
SF	Spreading Factor
SIB1	System Information Block 1
SIMO	Single Input Multiple Output
SS	Synchronization Signal
SSB	Synchronization Signal Block
SSS	Secondary Synchronization Signal
SW	SoftWare
TAB	Transceiver Array Boundary
TDD	Time Division Duplex
TMA	Tower Mount Amplifier
TRX	Transceiver
TS	Time Slot
TTI	Transmission Time Interval
TX	Transmitter
UE	User Equipment
UL	UpLink
UTRA	Universal Terrestrial Radio Access
WCDMA	Wideband Code Division Multiple Access