

# ETSI TS 103 383 V13.3.0 (2018-07)



## **Smart Cards; Embedded UICC; Requirements Specification (Release 13)**

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**ETSI**

650 Route des Lucioles  
F-06921 Sophia Antipolis Cedex - FRANCE

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Tel.: +33 4 92 94 42 00 Fax: +33 4 93 65 47 16

Siret N° 348 623 562 00017 - NAF 742 C  
Association à but non lucratif enregistrée à la  
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## Foreword

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## Introduction

Work on Machine-to-Machine (M2M) applications has given rise to the possibility of having a UICC that is embedded in a communication device in such a way that the UICC is not easily accessible or replaceable. The ability to change network subscriptions on such devices becomes problematic, thus necessitating new methods for securely and remotely provisioning access credentials on these embedded UICCs (eUICC) and managing subscription changes from one MNO to another.

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# 1 Scope

The present document defines the use cases and requirements for an embedded UICC.

## 2 References

### 2.1 Normative references

References are either specific (identified by date of publication and/or edition number or version number) or non-specific. For specific references, only the cited version applies. For non-specific references, the latest version of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

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The following referenced documents are necessary for the application of the present document.

- [1] ETSI TS 102 221: "Smart Cards; UICC-Terminal interface; Physical and logical characteristics".
- [2] ETSI TS 102 671: "Smart Cards; Machine to Machine UICC; Physical and logical characteristics".
- [3] Void.
- [4] ETSI TS 102 241: "Smart Cards; UICC Application Programming Interface (UICC API) for Java Card (TM)".

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The following referenced documents are not necessary for the application of the present document but they assist the user with regard to a particular subject area.

- [i.1] Recommendation ITU-T E.212: "The international identification plan for public networks and subscriptions".
- [i.2] ETSI TR 102 216: "Smart cards; Vocabulary for Smart Card Platform specifications".
- [i.3] ETSI TS 123 682: "Digital cellular telecommunications system (Phase 2+) (GSM); Universal Mobile Telecommunications System (UMTS); LTE; Architecture enhancements to facilitate communications with packet data networks and applications (3GPP TS 23.682)".

## 3 Definitions and abbreviations

### 3.1 Definitions

For the purposes of the present document, the terms and definitions given in ETSI TR 102 216 [i.2] and the following apply:

**attribute (of a Profile):** indication that a Profile delivers some specific functions; the knowledge of attributes offered by Profiles could be used by any authorized entity accessing the eUICC (terminal, server, etc.) to determine a particular behaviour

**embedded UICC:** UICC which is not easily accessible or replaceable, is not intended to be removed or replaced in the terminal, and enables the secure changing of subscriptions

**enabled Profile:** Profile, the files and/or applications (e.g. NAA) of which are selectable over the UICC-Terminal interface

**eUICC management credentials:** credentials used to verify the authorization for the establishment of Profile Management Credentials and Profile Provisioning Credentials

**eUICC supplier:** supplier of the eUICC modules and resident software (such as firmware and operating system)

**Local Profile Management Credentials (LPMC):** data required to exist within an eUICC so that a secured communication can be set up between a terminal and the eUICC in order for the user to perform Local Profile management operations on the Profiles on the eUICC

**local Profile management operation:** local Profile enabling, local Profile disabling or local Profile deletion

**Mobile Network Operator (MNO):** entity providing communication services to its customers through mobile networks

**Network Access Credentials (NAC):** data required to authenticate to a Recommendation ITU E.212 [i.1] Network

NOTE: Network Access Credentials may include data such as Ki/K, and IMSI stored within a NAA.

**operational attribute:** indication that a Profile, containing network access applications and associated network access credentials, is associated to an Operational Subscription

**operational subscription:** subscription that enables a device to access a Recommendation ITU E.212 [i.1] network for the purpose of accessing telecommunication and related services

**Profile:** combination of a file structure, data and applications to be provisioned onto, or present on, an eUICC

**Profile access credentials:** data required to exist within a Profile so that secured communication can be set up between an external entity and the eUICC in order to manage that Profile's structure and its data (e.g. operator OTA keys)

**Profile container:** logical container for a Profile on an eUICC providing security services, enabling separation of Profiles and providing secure communication

**Profile container initialization:** process of preparing a Profile Container so that it is ready for Profile Loading and Installation

**Profile loading:** transfer of a Profile from a Profile Provisioning Credentials holder into the eUICC so that it is ready for installation

**Profile transport:** transfer of a cryptographically protected Profile from a Profile Management Credential holder to the eUICC

**Profile installation:** process of allocating resources and registering parameters for a Profile to bring it to a state where it can be enabled

**Profile Provisioning Credentials (PPC):** data required to exist within an eUICC so that a Profile downloaded from an external entity can be decrypted and installed on the eUICC

**Profile Management Credentials (PMC):** data required to exist within an eUICC so that a secured communication can be set up between an external entity and the eUICC in order to manage the Profiles on the eUICC

**Profile management operations:** Profile Transport, Profile deletion, Profile enabling, and Profile disabling

**provisioning:** container creation and initialization, loading, and installation of a Profile into an eUICC

**provisioning attribute:** indication that a Profile, containing network access applications and associated network access credentials, is associated with the Provisioning Subscription

**provisioning subscription:** subscription, with its associated Profile, that enables a device to access a mobile network for the purpose of management of operational Profiles on the eUICC

**subscriber:** entity that has a subscription with a telecommunications Service Provider

**subscription:** commercial relationship for the supply of services between the Subscriber and Telecommunications Service Provider

**Subscription Manager (SM):** combination of the functions of the SM-SR and the SM-DP

**Subscription Manager - Data Preparation (SM-DP):** role that prepares Profiles to be securely provisioned on the eUICC e.g. encryption of Profile

NOTE: Also known as Profile Provisioning Credentials holder.

**Subscription Manager - Secure Routing (SM-SR):** role that securely performs functions which directly manage the Profiles on the eUICC

**telecommunications Service Provider:** MNO, or party trusted by the MNO acting on behalf of the MNO, which provides services to the subscriber

### 3.1a Void

### 3.2 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the following abbreviations apply:

ATR	Answer To Reset
CA	Certificate Authority
CAT	Card Application Toolkit
CS	Circuit Switched
CSIM	CDMA Subscriber Identity Module
EFDIR	Elementary File DIRectory
EID	eUICC Identifier
eUICC	embedded UICC
ICCID	Integrated Circuit Card ID
IMS	IP Multimedia Subsystem
IMSI	International Mobile Subscriber Identity
IP	Internet Protocol
ISIM	IM Services Identity Module
LPMC	Local Profile Management Credentials
M2M	Machine to Machine (communication)
MF	Master File
MNO	Mobile Network Operator
MSISDN	Mobile Subscriber Integrated Services Digital Network Number
MTC	Machine-Type Communication
NAA	Network Access Application
NAC	Network Access Credentials
NAS	Non Access Stratum
OEM	Original Equipment Manufacturer
OTA	Over-The-Air
PIN	Personal Identification Number

PKI	Public Key Infrastructure
PMC	Profile Management Credentials
PPC	Profile Provisioning Credentials
PS	Packet Switched
PUK	PIN Unblocking Key
RAM	Remote Application Management
RFM	Remote File Management
SD	Security Domain
SIM	Subscriber Identity Module
SM	Subscription Manager
SM-DP	Subscription Manager - Data Preparation
SMS	Short Message Service
SM-SR	Subscription Manager - Secure Routing
SP	Service Provider
TBD	To Be Defined
USIM	Universal Subscriber Identity Module

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## 4 Abstract (informative)

The present document enables remote management of an embedded UICC (eUICC) for purposes of changing an MNO subscription without requiring a physical removal and replacement of the UICC in the end device.

The present document develops use cases and requirements for the "enhanced, remote management" of a UICC, which is embedded in a communication device, i.e. where the UICC is not intended to be removed. This type of embedded UICC (eUICC) is compatible with Machine-to-Machine (M2M) applications. The eUICC may be embedded at the manufacturing site in advance, depending on the country and network operator, and is compatible for use in a variety of end-user equipment. In these scenarios there may be a requirement to remotely change a subscription easily, similar to what is currently achieved by physically changing the UICC.

The purpose for defining these requirements is to provide ease of use and deployment benefits for end users/consumers and thereby stimulate the M2M sector. A further intent is to enable the creation of common standards and processes for remote management of Profiles on an eUICC, such that interoperability is ensured.

It is noted that new business models and usage scenarios, primarily driven by M2M, struggle when supported by the traditional UICC/SIM card. For example:

- By installing a physical UICC, the user is connected to a specific network, as the card only provides access to one network. Should the user wish to (or need to) use another network, then they or the M2M Service Provider has to fit another card in the user's device.
- Changing a UICC may be problematic since that M2M equipment may be remotely located and/or hermetically sealed. It should be noted that where the UICC is not intended to be sealed and inaccessible, the portability of traditional form factor UICC cards is perceived to be a user benefit.
- Non-standard provisioning and re-provisioning methods are being defined and used. These present security implications and a risk of fragmentation within the industry.

New remote provisioning/re-provisioning mechanisms are required to support the new business models and usage scenarios.