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Laminate floor coverings — Specification

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO 14486 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 219, Floor coverings.

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Laminate floor coverings — Specification

1 Scope

This International Standard specifies the characteristics of laminate floor coverings, supplied in either tile or plank form. To encourage the consumer to make an informed choice, the standard includes a classification system (see ISO 10874) based on intensity of use, which shows where these floor coverings should give satisfactory service. It also specifies requirements for marking.

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 105-A02, Textiles — Tests for colour fastness — Part A02: Grey scale for assessing change in colour

ISO 16981, Wood-based panels — Determination of surface soundness

ISO 10874:2009, Resilient, textile and laminate floor coverings — Classification

ISO 4892-2:2009, *Plastics* — *Methods* of exposure to laboratory light sources — Part 2: Xenon-arc lamps (as amended by ISO 4892-2:2006/Amd 1:2009) rds.iteh.ai)

ISO 4918, Resilient, textile and laminate floor coverings — Castor chair test

<u>ISO 14486:2012</u>

ISO 24334, Laminate floor coverings - Determination of locking strength for mechanically assembled panels

ISO 24335, Laminate floor coverings — Determination of impact resistance

ISO 24336, Laminate floor coverings — Determination of thickness swelling after partial immersion in water

ISO 24337, Laminate floor coverings — Determination of geometrical characteristics

ISO 24338, Laminate floor coverings — Determination of abrasion resistance

ISO 24339, Laminate and textile floor coverings — Determination of dimensional variations after exposure to humid and dry climate conditions

ISO 24343-1, Resilient and laminate floor coverings — Determination of indentation and residual indentation — Part 1: Residual indentation

ANSI LF-01, Laminate flooring — Specifications and test methods

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

3.1

laminate floor covering

rigid floor covering, typically in a plank or tile format, having a multiple layer product structure, e.g. backer, substrate, décor and overlay

NOTE 1 The planks/tiles have worked edges that allow the product to be joined together to form a larger integral unit. The product may vary in surface texture and gloss level.

NOTE 2 Laminate floor covering does not include products having a resilient, stone, textile, wood, leather or metal top surfacing material(s).

3.2

overlay

top layer of a laminate floor covering, which provides wear resistance and protection

NOTE The overlay consists of aminoplastic, thermosetting resins (usually melamine) or other resins (usually acrylic) that provide wear resistance.

3.3

décor

layer of a laminate floor covering that provides the visual aesthetic properties

3.4

substrate

core layer of a laminate floor covering, which provides thickness, stability and other properties needed

NOTE The substrate generally consists of HDF/MDF (high density fibreboard / medium density fibreboard) material.

3.5

backer

layer of a laminate floor covering that provides balance

3.6

underlayment

material used between the laminate floor covering and the subfloor (e.g. foam padding)

NOTE Some laminate floor covering products have the underlayment integrated into or attached directly to the product.

4 Requirements - general and classification

4.1 General requirements

Floor coverings described in this International Standard shall conform to the appropriate general requirements specified in Table 1 when tested in accordance with the methods given therein.

Test method	Property or characteristic	Requirement				
ISO 24337	Geometrical characteristics					
	Thickness, t	$\Delta t_{avg} \le 0,50$ mm, relative to nominal value				
		$t_{\text{max}} - t_{\text{min}} \leq 0,50 \text{ mm}$				
	Length, <i>l</i>	For the nominal values given, no measured value shall exceed:				
		$l \le 1$ 500 mm: $\Delta l \le 0,5$ mm; $l > 1$ 500 mm: $\Delta l \le 0,3$ mm/m				
	Width, w	$\Delta w_{avg} \leq 0,10 \text{ mm}, \text{ relative to nominal value}$				
		$w_{\text{max}} - w_{\text{min}} \le 0,20 \text{ mm}$				
	Length and width of STA squared elements, l = w (sta	$\Delta l_{avg} \le 0.10 \text{ mm}$ relative to nominal value $\Delta w_{avg} \le 0.10 \text{ mm}$, relative to nominal value $l_{max} - l_{min} \le 0.20 \text{ mm}$				
	$w_{max} - w_{min} \le 0,20 \text{ mm}$ Squareness, q $g_{max} \le 0,20 \text{ mm}$ $g_{max} \le 0,20 \text{ mm}$					
	Straightness, s	Catalogstandards/sts/8990666c-allu-491e-b90c- 12max/29139.pm/4986-2012				
	Flatness, <i>f</i>	Maximum single values:				
		$f_{w,\text{concave}} \leq 0,15 \ \% f_{w,\text{convex}} \leq 0,20 \ \%$				
		$f_{l,\text{concave}} \leq 0,50 \% f_{l,\text{convex}} \leq 1,00 \%$				
	Openings ^a , <i>o</i>	Openings measured from the surface between vertical contacting edges:				
		$o_{avg} \leq 0,15 \text{ mm}$				
		<i>o</i> _{max} ≤ 0,20 mm				
	Height difference, h	$h_{\text{avg}} \le 0,10 \text{ mm}$				
		$h_{\text{max}} \leq 0,15 \text{ mm}$				
ISO 24343-1	Residual indentation	After 150 min, residual indentation must be \leq 0,05 mm.				
ISO 4892-2: 2009 ^b	Light resistance	No more than slight change according to ANSI LF-01, or \geq Grade 4 per grey scale according to ISO 105-A02 NOTE Allow sample (24 ± 1) h recovery time without light exposure at 23 °C and				
Method B Cycle 5 or	(100 \pm 0,5) h exposure					
	Total radiance level					
Cycle 5 01 Cycle 6	$(396 \pm 2) \text{ kJ/m}^2$	50 % relative humidity before taking final measurement.				
^a Openings between vertical contacting edges of laminate floor coverings measured from the surface.						

Table 1 — ISO specifications for laminate floor coverings - general requirements

^b As amended by ISO 4892-2:2006/Amd.1:2009.

Classification requirements 4.2

Floor coverings described in this International Standard shall conform to the appropriate classification requirements specified in Table 2 when tested in accordance with the methods given therein.

Table 2 — ISO specifications for laminate floor coverings - classification requirements

Property or characteristic test method	Requirement				
Classification ISO 10874	Moderate/ Light,General/ Medium Domestic	Heavy Domestic, Moderate Commercial	General Commercial	Heavy Commercial	Very Heavy Commercial
	Class 21/22	Class 23/31	Class 32	Class 33	Class 34
Symbol ISO 10874					
Wear resistance ISO 24338	IP ≥ 1 000 cycles	$\begin{array}{l} IP \geq 2 \; 000 \\ cycles \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} \text{IP} \geq 4 \ \text{000} \\ \text{cycles} \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{l} \text{IP} \geq 6 \; 000 \\ \text{cycles} \end{array}$	$IP \geq 8 \ 500 \ cycles$
Castor chair resistance ¹ ISO 4918	ľ	Teh STA 10 000 cycles, No damageal	25 000 cycles, No damage C	25 000 cycles, No damage	25 000 cycles, No damage, with type H wheels
Impact resistance ISO 24335	https://	Large ball	$\frac{\text{ISE}^{\text{arge ball}}_{\text{2}}}{800 \text{ mm}}$	Large ball	Large ball ≥ 1600 mm
		Small bal <mark>l_{ic520} ≥ 8N</mark>	8eb Small sball4486 ≥ 12N	_ <u>201</u> §mall ball ≥ 15N	Small ball ≥ 24N
Thickness swelling ISO 24336	≤ 20 %	≤ 18 %	≤ 18 %	≤ 15 %	≤ 8 %
Surface soundness ISO 16981	≥ 1,0 N/mm ²	≥ 1,0 N/mm ²	\geq 1,25 N/mm ²	\geq 1,25 N/mm ²	≥ 1,5 N/mm ²
Dimensional stability ISO 24339	_	_	_	_	$\Delta w_{avg}, \Delta l_{avg} \le 0,10 \%$ -0,30mm $\le C_{max} \le 0,40$ mm $J_{L,max}, J_{S,max} \le 0,10$ mm $h_{L,max}, h_{S,max} \le 0,15$ mm
Locking strength ² ISO 24334	_		$F_{L0,2} \ge 1 \text{ kN/m}$ $F_{S0,2} \ge 2 \text{ kN/m}$ T class 34 wheels H F	$F_{L0,2} \ge 1 \text{ kN/m}$ $F_{S0,2} \ge 2 \text{ kN/m}$	$F_{L0,2} \ge 3,5 \text{ kN/m}$ $F_{S0,2} \ge 3,5 \text{ kN/m}$

² For push-down flooring systems on the short side, needing long-side locking, neither the test method nor the requirements are applicable. If panel width is < 100 mm or if a push-down flooring system needing no long-side locking is being evaluated, carry out test using the whole panel width as the sample width, then convert the result into kN/m.

5 Marking, labelling and packing

Floor coverings covered by this International Standard and/or their packaging/literature shall bear the following marking:

- a) number and date of this International Standard, i.e. ISO 14486;
- b) manufacturer's or supplier's identification;
- c) product name;
- d) colour/pattern, batch/lot number and, if applicable, carton number;
- e) classes/symbols appropriate for the product;
- f) dimensions, including nominal thickness, length and width of the product, and the area in square metres contained in the package.

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