International Standard

Hot-rolled steel bars — Part 4 : Tolerances

Barres en acier laminées à chaud - Partie 4 : Tolérances

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<u>ISO 1035-4:1982</u> https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/f97132ae-700f-4180-86efc72d622f9e1c/iso-1035-4-1982

INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION FOR STANDARDIZATION MEX CHAPODHAR OPPAHUSALUR DO CTAHDAPTUSALUMOORGANISATION INTERNATIONALE DE NORMALISATION

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Descriptors : iron- and steel products, hot rolled products, metal bars, dimensions, dimensional tolerances, metric system.

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards institutes (ISO member bodies). The work of developing International Standards is carried out through ISO technical committees. Every member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been set up has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work.

Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for approval before their acceptance as International Standards by the ISO Council.

International Standard ISO 1035/4 was developed by Technical Committee ISO/TC 17, VIEW Steel, and was circulated to the member bodies in April 1981. ards.iteh.ai)

It has been approved by the member bodies of the following countries : ISO 1035-4.1982

		100 1055-4.1702
Australia		log/standards/sist/f97132ae-700f-4180-86ef-
Austria	Italy c/2d62	²¹ South Africa, Rep. of
Brazil	Japan	Spain
Canada	Kenya	Sweden
China	Korea, Dem. P. Rep. of	Switzerland
Czechoslovakia	Korea, Rep. of	Tanzania
Egypt, Arab Rep. of	Netherlands	Turkey
France	New Zealand	United Kingdom
Germany, F.R.	Norway	USSR
Hungary	Poland	

The member bodies of the following countries expressed disapproval of the document on technical grounds :

Belgium USA

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (i.e. ISO 1035/4-1976).

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Hot-rolled steel bars — Part 4 : Tolerances

1 Scope and field of application

This International Standard specifies metric dimensional **RD PREVIEW** tolerances applicable to hot-rolled steel bars supplied in straight lengths in the following product forms : (standards.iteh.add)

a) round bars (for dimensions, see ISO 1035/1);

b) square bars (for dimensions, see ISO 1035/2), Solution (1035-4:1987), See 4.5). https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/197132ae-700f-4180-86ef-

- c) hexagonal bars; c72d622f9e1c/iso-1035_4-1982
- d) octagonal bars;
- e) flat bars (for dimensions, see ISO 1035/3).

The tolerances achievable by the manufacturer may vary with the steel types. The tolerances required by the purchaser may differ according to the application of the bars. Thus this International Standard specifies several tolerance classes (see table 1). The appropriate tolerance class should be specified in the International Standard relevant to the steel grades and, where appropriate, on the order.

2 References

ISO 1035/1, Hot-rolled steel bars — Part 1 : Dimensions of round bars.

ISO 1035/2, Hot-rolled steel bars — Part 2 : Dimensions of square bars.

ISO 1035/3, Hot-rolled steel bars — Part 3 : Dimensions of flat bars.

3 Survey on tolerance classes and their designations

Table 1 gives a survey on the different dimensional tolerance classes specified in this International Standard and on the designations applied for these.

4.1.2 The permissible **ovality** for all diameters of round bars, measured as the difference between the maximum and minimum diameters of the same cross-section, shall be 75 % of the total tolerance specified on the diameter according to table 2 (for example 1,2 mm for a nominal diameter of 40 mm ordered according to tolerance class N) (see 4.5).

4.1.1 The tolerances on size shall be as specified in table 2

4 Tolerances of hot-rolled steel round,

4.1.3 The permissible **out-of-square** for all sizes of square bars, measured as the difference of the distance between parallel faces of the same cross-section, shall be 75 % of the total tolerance specified on the normal width of side in table 2 (see 4.5).

4.1.4 The permissible **out-of-section** for all sizes of hexagonal and octagonal bars, measured as the maximum difference in the distances across opposite flats of the same cross-section (three measurements in the case of hexagonal bars, four measurements in the case of octagonal bars) shall be 75 % of the total tolerance for the nominal size according to table 2 (see 4.5).

4.2 Tolérances on length

The tolerances on length shall be as specified in table 3.

4.3 Straightness tolerances

The straightness tolerances shall be as specified in table 4 (see 4.5).

4.4 Twist tolerances

If for squares, hexagons and octagons twist tolerances are required by the purchaser, this shall be specified on the order and the method of measurement shall be agreed, together with the values to be achieved (see 4.5).

4.5 Applicability of the tolerances

In cases where length tolerance classes 0 or 1 (see table 3) are specified, the measurement of the tolerances given in 4.1 and 4.3 or agreed under 4.4 apply to a distance of not less than 100 mm from each end of the bar. In the case of the other length tolerance classes, the tolerances apply to the total length of the bar.

Tolerances of hot-rolled flat bars 5

51 **Tolerances on width**

The tolerances on width of hot-rolled flat bars shall be as DARD specified in table 5 (see, 5.6).

5.2 Tolerance on thickness

The tolerance on thickness of hot-rolled sflat bars is hall betals /standards/sist/f specified in table 6 (see 5.6). c72d622f9e1c/iso-1035-4

5.3 Tolerances on length

The tolerances on length for flat bars shall be as specified in table 3.

5.4 Straightness tolerances

The straightness tolerances (see the figure) shall be as specified in table 4 (see 5.6).

5.5 Twist tolerances

If twist tolerances are required by the purchaser, this shall be specified in the order and the method of measurement shall be agreed together with the values to be achieved (see 5.6).

5.6 Applicability of the tolerances

In cases where length tolerance classes 0 or 1 (see table 3) are specified, the measurement of the tolerances given in 5.1, 5.2 and 5.4 or agreed under 5.5 apply to a distance of not less than 100 mm from each end of the bar. In the case of the other lengths tolerance classes, the tolerances apply to the total length of the bar.

olerances are on the order together with		Out-of-square or sections	1	Sub-clauses 4.1.3 and 4.1.4			
together with		Ovality of rounds	I	Sub-clause 4.1.2		-	
e table 3) are en in 4.1 and not less than of the other to the total		Twist	I	Sub-clause 4.4	I	Sub-clause 5.5	
designation		Straightness	B (= fine)	e.	B (= fine)	5.4	
S ^{shall} A ^{be} as DARD be (standards.ites)	Tolerance classes for	Straig	A normal)	Sub-clause 4.3 and table 4	(= normal)	Sub-clause 5.4 and table 4	
(standards.ite	olerano)	L4		L4		
s specified in	32ae 982	rengty	ย 4180-8 ป	Sub-clause 4.2 anotable 3	L2 L3	Sub-clause 5.3 and table 3	
liffere			-1	clause 4	5	clause 5	
s specified in			LO	Sub-	ГО	Sub-	
e as specified for the specifi			S ¹⁾ (= superfine)	9 2		id table 5 2 and table 6	
e as specified ge		Size	F (= fine)	Sub-clause 4.1.1 and table 2		Width : Sub-clause 5.1 and table 5 Thickness : Sub-clause 5.2 and table	
, this shall be ment shall be see 5.6).			N (= normal)	Sub-clause		Width : Sul Thickness :	
e table 3) are			Designation of tolerance class	For details see	Designation of tolerance class	For details see	ts.
en in 5.1, 5.2 not less than of the other to the total			Bars rounds, squares,	hexagons, octagons	Flat bars		1) Only for rounds.

Only for rounds

Table 2 - Tolerances on size for hot rolled round, square, hexagonal and octagonal steel bars

Nomin	nal sizes ¹⁾	Tolerance on size for classes					
Over	Up to and including	N	F	S ²⁾			
mm	mm	mm	mm	mm			
	15	± 0,4	± 0,3	± 0,2			
15	25	± 0,5	± 0,4	± 0,25			
25	35	± 0,6	± 0,5	± 0,3			
35	50	± 0,8	± 0,6	± 0,4			
50	80	± 1,0	± 0,8	± 0,5 ³⁾			
80	100	± 1,3	± 1,0	_			
100	120	± 1,6	± 1,3	_			
120	160	± 2	± 1,6				
160	200	± 2,5	± 2,0	Winds			
200	_	± 1,5 % of	± 1,2 % of	-			
1		size	size				

1) Diameter of round bars, distance across flats of square, hexagonal and octagonal bars.

2) Applicable to round bars only.

3) Applicable only to sizes up to and including 65 mm. For larger sizes, the tolerances should be agreed at the time of ordering.

Table 4 - Straightness tolerances

	Straightness tolerance			
Measuring	A normal	B fine		
In any one metre length	4,0 mm/m	2,5 mm/m		
Over the total length (<i>I</i>)	0,004 × /	0,002 5 × /		

Table 5 - Normal tolerances on the width of flat bars

Nominal widths		
Over	Up to and including	Tolerances on width
mm	mm	mm
-	50	± 0,8
50	75	± 1,2
75	100	± 1,5
100	125	± 2,0
125	150	± 2,5

ANDARD PREVIEW i'I'eh S'I Table 3 - Tolerances on length resiten Table 6 - Normal tolerances on the thickness

of flat bars Nominal Tolerances on length for class

liengths				-							
	LO	L1 1	L2	L3	L4	<u>ISO 103</u>	<u>5-4:198</u>	2 Nominal 1	thicknesses		ces on thicknesses for
mm	mm	mm ⁿ	upsy star	idards ite	n.avcata mm	logsiand	ards/sis	t/19/13/ae	-/001-4180-0	set- no	minal widths (<i>b</i>)
			0	0	0	219010/1	0-103.	0ver	Up to and including	<i>b</i> < 50 mm	50 mm < <i>b</i> < 150 mm
Ali	1)	± 200	+ 1002)	+ 50 ²⁾	+ 25 ²⁾	3)		mm	mm	mm	mm
1) The lengtl	h of the b	oar is left	to the ch	oice of th	ne manuf	facturer, i	t		20	+ 0.4	+ 0.5

shall be not less than 3 m and not more than 12 m.

2) When agreed at the time of ordering, the bars can be supplied with symmetrical " \pm " tolerances. In this case, the total tolerance range shall be the same as specified for the relevant "+" tolerances (for example \pm 25 mm instead of 0 mm). + 50

3) Tighter tolerances in cases where cold cutting is possible might be agreed at the time of enquiry and order.

<u>982</u> sist/19	ominal t	hicknesses	Tolerances on thicknesses for 66ef- nominal widths (b)				
35-4	-1982 Over	Up to and including	<i>b</i> < 50 mm	50 mm < <i>b</i> < 150 mm			
	mm	mm	mm	mm			
		20	± 0,4	± 0,5			
	20	40	± 0,8	± 1,0			
	40	_	—	± 1,5			



Deviation from straightness

Figure – Deviation from straightness

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